

## Foreword

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Congratulations on choosing a SUBARU vehicle. This Owner's Manual has all the information necessary to keep your SUBARU in excellent condition and to properly maintain the emission control system for minimizing emission pollutants. We urge you to read this manual carefully so that you may understand your vehicle and its operation. For information not found in this Owner's Manual, such as details concerning repairs or adjustments, we recommend that you contact the SUBARU dealer from whom you purchased your SUBARU or the nearest SUBARU dealer.

The information, specifications and illustrations found in this manual are those in effect at the time of printing. FUJI HEAVY INDUSTRIES LTD. reserves the right to change specifications and designs at any time without prior notice and without incurring any obligation to make the same or similar changes on vehicles previously sold. This Owner's Manual applies to all models and covers all equipment, including factory installed options. Some explanations, therefore may be for equipment not installed in your vehicle.

Please leave this manual in the vehicle at the time of resale. The next owner will need the information found herein.

**NOTE:** "SUBARU dealer" means an authorized SUBARU dealer and/or repairer.

**FUJI HEAVY INDUSTRIES LTD., TOKYO, JAPAN**

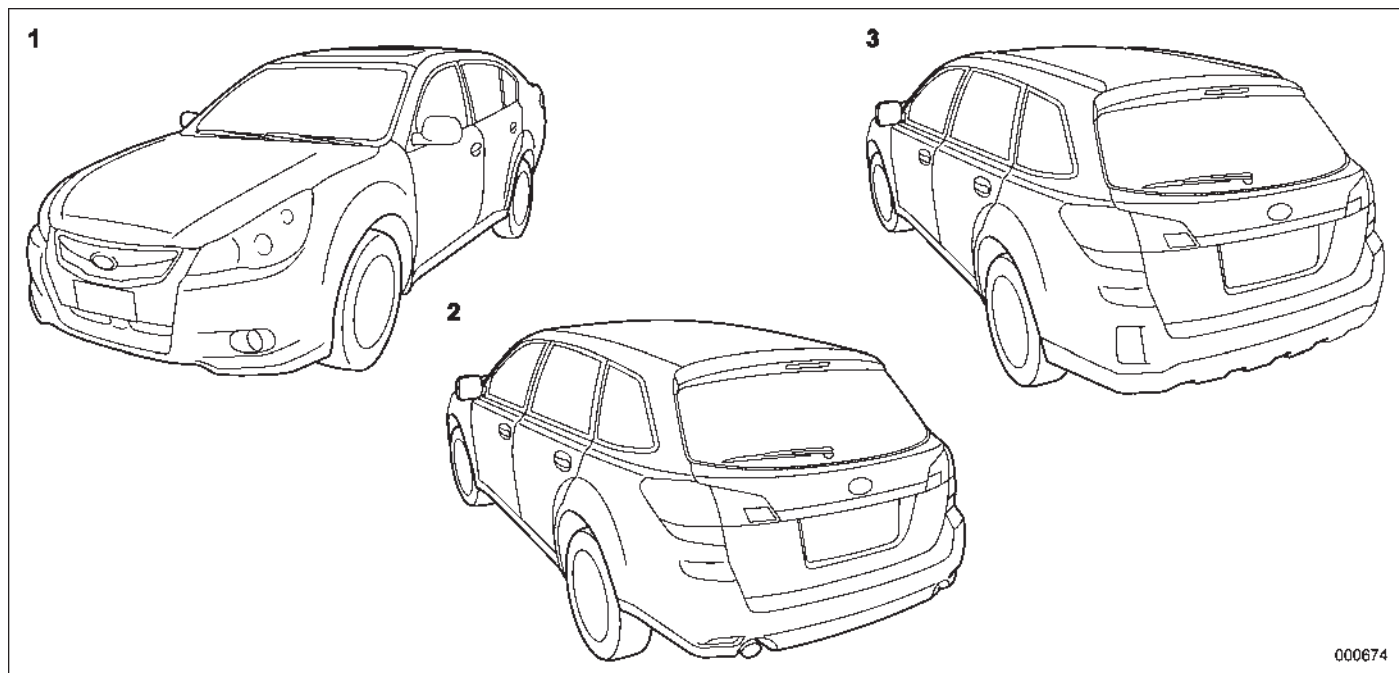


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This manual uses recycled paper.

This manual describes the following vehicle types.



- 1) Sedan
- 2) Wagon
- 3) Outback

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## Warranties

All warranty information, including details of coverage and exclusions, is in the "Warranty and Service Booklet". Please read these warranties carefully.

### ■ Models with HID headlights



#### CAUTION

**High Intensity Discharge (HID) headlights contain mercury. For that reason, it is necessary to remove HID headlights before vehicle disposal. Once removed, please reuse, recycle or dispose of the HID headlights as hazardous waste.**

## How to use this Owner's Manual

### ■ Using your Owner's Manual

Before you operate your vehicle, carefully read this manual. To protect yourself and extend the service life of your vehicle, follow the instructions in this manual. Failure to observe these instructions may result in serious injury and damage to your vehicle.

This manual is composed of fourteen chapters. Each chapter begins with a brief table of contents, so you can usually tell at a glance if that chapter contains the information you want.

#### **Chapter 1: Seat, seatbelt and SRS airbags**

This chapter informs you how to use the seat and seatbelt and contains precautions for the SRS airbags.

#### **Chapter 2: Keys and doors**

This chapter informs you how to operate the keys, locks and windows.

#### **Chapter 3: Instruments and controls**

This chapter informs you about the operation of instrument panel indicators and how to use the instruments and other switches.

#### **Chapter 4: Climate control**

This chapter informs you how to operate the climate control.

#### **Chapter 5: Audio**

This chapter informs you how to operate your audio system.

#### **Chapter 6: Interior equipment**

This chapter informs you how to operate interior equipment.

#### **Chapter 7: Starting and operating**

This chapter informs you how to start and operate your SUBARU.

#### **Chapter 8: Driving tips**

This chapter informs you how to drive your SUBARU in various conditions and explains some safety tips on driving.

#### **Chapter 9: In case of emergency**

This chapter informs you what to do if you have a problem while driving, such as a flat tire or engine overheating.

#### **Chapter 10: Appearance care**

This chapter informs you how to keep your SUBARU looking good.

#### **Chapter 11: Maintenance and service**

This chapter informs you when you need to take your SUBARU to the dealer for scheduled maintenance and informs you how to keep your SUBARU running properly.

## Chapter 12: Specifications

This chapter informs you about dimension and capacities of your SUBARU.

## Chapter 13: Supplement

This chapter informs you of supplementary information complied with some countries' requirements.

## Chapter 14: Index

This is an alphabetical listing of all that's in this manual. You can use it to quickly find something you want to read.

## ■ Safety warnings

You will find a number of WARNINGS, CAUTIONs and NOTES in this manual.

These safety warnings alert you to potential hazards that could result in injury to you or others.

Please read these safety warnings as well as all other portions of this manual carefully in order to gain a better understanding of how to use your SUBARU vehicle safely.



## WARNING

**A WARNING indicates a situation in which serious injury or death could result if the warning is ignored.**



## CAUTION

**A CAUTION indicates a situation in which injury or damage to your vehicle, or both, could result if the caution is ignored.**

## NOTE

**A NOTE gives information or suggestions how to make better use of your vehicle.**

## ■ Safety symbol



000013

You will find a circle with a slash through it in this manual. This symbol means "Do not", "Do not do this", or "Do not let this happen", depending upon the context.

## ■ Abbreviation list

You will find several abbreviations in this manual. The meanings of the abbreviations are shown in the following list.

| Abbreviation | Meaning                               |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| A/C          | Air conditioner                       |
| A/ELR        | Automatic/Emergency locking retractor |
| ABS          | Anti-lock brake system                |
| ALR          | Automatic locking retractor           |
| AT           | Automatic transmission                |
| ATF          | Automatic transmission fluid          |
| AWD          | All-wheel drive                       |
| CVT          | Continuously variable transmission    |
| EBD          | Electronic brake force distribution   |
| ELR          | Emergency locking retractor           |
| FWD          | Front-wheel drive                     |
| GPS          | Global positioning system             |
| HID          | High intensity discharge              |
| INT          | Intermittent                          |
| LED          | Light emitting diode                  |
| LHD          | Left-hand drive                       |
| LSD          | Limited slip differential             |
| MPW          | Maximum permissible weight            |



| Abbreviation | Meaning                              |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| MT           | Manual transmission                  |
| OBD          | On-board diagnostics                 |
| Rear MPAW    | Maximum permissible rear axle weight |
| RHD          | Right-hand drive                     |
| RON          | Research octane number               |
| SI-DRIVE     | SUBARU Intelligent Drive             |
| SRS          | Supplemental restraint system        |
| VDC          | Vehicle dynamics control             |

## Vehicle symbols

There are some of the symbols you may see on your vehicle.

| Mark                                                                              | Name                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|  | WARNING                              |
|  | CAUTION                              |
|  | Read these instructions carefully    |
|  | Wear eye protection                  |
|  | Battery fluid contains sulfuric acid |
|  | Keep children away                   |
|  | Keep flames away                     |
|  | Prevent explosions                   |
|  | Power door lock                      |

| Mark                                                                                | Name                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|  | Passengers' windows lock              |
|  | Fuel                                  |
|  | Front fog lights                      |
|  | Rear fog lights                       |
|  | Hazard warning flasher                |
|  | Seat heater                           |
|  | ISOFIX anchor bars                    |
|  | Child restraint top tether anchorages |
|  | Horn                                  |
|  | Windshield wiper                      |
|  | Windshield washer                     |

– CONTINUED –

| Mark                                                                                      | Name                                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <br>REAR | Rear window wiper                                                   |
|          | Rear window washer                                                  |
|          | Lights                                                              |
|          | Headlight beam leveler                                              |
|          | Tail lights, license plate lights and instrument panel illumination |
|          | Headlights                                                          |
|          | Turn signal                                                         |
|          | Illumination brightness                                             |
|          | Engine hood                                                         |
|          | Fan speed                                                           |
|          | Instrument panel outlets                                            |

| Mark                                                                              | Name                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | Instrument panel outlets and foot outlets                            |
|  | Foot outlets                                                         |
|  | Windshield defroster and foot outlets                                |
|  | Windshield defroster                                                 |
|  | Rear window defogger/Outside mirror defogger/Windshield wiper deicer |
|  | Air recirculation                                                    |
|  | Engine oil                                                           |
|  | Washer                                                               |
|  | Brake fluid                                                          |
|  | Door lock (transmitter)                                              |
|  | Door unlock (transmitter)                                            |

| Mark                                                                                | Name                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | Trunk lid open (Sedan)/Rear gate unlock (Station wagon) (transmitter) |

## Safety precautions when driving

### ■ Seatbelt and SRS airbag



#### WARNING

- All persons in the vehicle should fasten their seatbelts **BEFORE** the vehicle starts to move. Otherwise, the possibility of serious injury becomes greater in the event of a sudden stop or accident.
- To obtain maximum protection in the event of an accident, the driver and all passengers in the vehicle should always wear seatbelts when the vehicle is moving. The SRS (Supplemental Restraint System) airbag does not do away with the need to fasten seatbelts. In combination with the seatbelts, it offers the best combined protection in case of a serious accident.  
  
Not wearing a seatbelt increases the chance of severe injury or death in a crash even when the vehicle has the SRS airbag.
- The SRS airbags deploy with

considerable speed and force. Occupants who are out of proper position when the SRS airbag deploys could suffer very serious injuries. Because the SRS airbag needs enough space for deployment, the driver should always sit upright and well back in the seat as far from the steering wheel as practical while still maintaining full vehicle control and the front passenger should move the seat as far back as possible and sit upright and well back in the seat.

For instructions and precautions, carefully read the following sections.

- For the seatbelt system, refer to "Seatbelts" 1-15.
- For the SRS airbag system, refer to "SRS airbag (Supplemental Restraint System airbag)" 1-44.

### ■ Child safety



#### WARNING

- Never hold a child on your lap or in your arms while the vehicle is moving. The passenger cannot protect the child from injury in a collision, because the child will be caught between the passenger and objects inside the vehicle.
- While riding in the vehicle, infants and small children should always be placed in the **REAR** seat in an infant or a child restraint system which is appropriate for the child's age, height and weight. If a child is too big for a child restraint system, the child should sit in the **REAR** seat and be restrained using the seatbelts. According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seating positions than in the front seating positions. Never allow a child to stand up or kneel on the seat.
- Put children in the **REAR** seat properly restrained at all times in a child restraint device or in a seatbelt. The SRS airbag deploys

with considerable speed and force and can injure or even kill children, especially if they are not restrained or improperly restrained. Because children are lighter and weaker than adults, their risk of being injured from deployment is greater.

- **NEVER INSTALL A REARWARD FACING CHILD SEAT IN THE FRONT SEAT. DOING SO RISKS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO THE CHILD BY PLACING THE CHILD'S HEAD TOO CLOSE TO THE SRS AIRBAG.**
- Always turn the child safety locks to the "LOCK" position when children sit on the rear seat. Serious injury could result if a child accidentally opens the door and falls out. Refer to "Child safety locks" 2-27.
- Always lock the passengers' windows using the lock switch when children are riding in the vehicle. Failure to follow this procedure could result in injury to a child operating the power window. Refer to "Windows" 2-28.
- Never leave unattended children, adults or animals in the vehicle.

They could accidentally injure themselves or others through inadvertent operation of the vehicle. Also, on hot or sunny days, the temperature in a closed vehicle could quickly become high enough to cause severe or possibly fatal injuries to them.

- Help prevent children, adults or animals from locking themselves in the trunk. On hot or sunny days, the temperature in the trunk could quickly become high enough to cause death or serious heat-related injuries including brain damage to anyone locked inside, particularly for small children.
- When leaving the vehicle, close all windows and lock all doors. Also make certain that the trunk is closed.

For instructions and precautions, carefully read the following sections.

- For the seatbelt system, refer to "Seatbelts" 1-15.
- For the child restraint system, refer to "Child restraint systems" 1-29.
- For the SRS airbag system, refer to "\*\*SRS airbag (Supplemental Restraint

System airbag)" 1-44.

## ■ Engine exhaust gas (carbon monoxide)



### WARNING

- Never inhale engine exhaust gas. Engine exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which is dangerous, or even lethal, if inhaled.
- Always properly maintain the engine exhaust system to prevent engine exhaust gas from entering the vehicle.
- Never run the engine in a closed space, such as a garage, except for the brief time needed to drive the vehicle in or out of it.
- Avoid remaining in a parked vehicle for a long time while the engine is running. If that is unavoidable, then use the ventilation fan to force outside air into the vehicle.
- Always keep the front ventilator inlet grille free from snow, leaves or other obstructions to ensure that the ventilation system always works properly.

- If at any time you suspect that exhaust fumes are entering the vehicle, have the problem checked and corrected as soon as possible. If you must drive under these conditions, drive only with all windows fully open.
- Keep the trunk lid or rear gate closed while driving to prevent exhaust gas from entering the vehicle.

## ■ Drinking and driving



### WARNING

Drinking and then driving is very dangerous. Alcohol in the bloodstream delays your reaction and impairs your perception, judgment and attentiveness. If you drive after drinking – even if you drink just a little – it will increase the risk of being involved in a serious or fatal accident, injuring or killing yourself, your passengers and others. In addition, if you are injured in the accident, alcohol may increase the severity of that injury.

**Please don't drink and drive.**

Drunken driving is one of the most frequent causes of accidents. Since alcohol affects all people differently, you may have consumed too much alcohol to drive safely even if the level of alcohol in your blood is below the legal limit. The safest thing you can do is never drink and drive.

## ■ Drugs and driving



### WARNING

There are some drugs (over the counter and prescription) that can delay your reaction time and impair your perception, judgment and attentiveness. If you drive after taking them, it may increase your, your passengers' and other persons' risk of being involved in a serious or fatal accident.

If you are taking any drugs, check with your doctor or pharmacist or read the literature that accompanies the medication to determine if the drug you are taking can impair your driving ability. Do not drive after taking any medications that can make you drowsy or otherwise affect your ability to safely operate a motor vehicle. If you have a medical condition that requires you to take drugs, please consult with your doctor.

Never drive if you are under the influence of any illicit mind-altering drugs. For your own health and well-being, we urge you not to take illegal drugs in the first place and to seek treatment if you are addicted to those drugs.

## ■ Driving when tired or sleepy



### WARNING

When you are tired or sleepy, your reaction will be delayed and your perception, judgment and attentiveness will be impaired. If you drive when tired or sleepy, your, your passengers' and other persons' chances of being involved in a serious accident may increase.

Please do not continue to drive but instead find a safe place to rest if you are tired or sleepy. On long trips, you should make periodic rest stops to refresh yourself before continuing on your journey. When possible, you should share the driving with others.

## ■ Modification of your vehicle



### CAUTION

Your vehicle should not be modified. Modification could affect its performance, safety or durability, and may even violate governmental regulations. In addition, damage or performance problems resulting from modification may not be covered under warranties.

## ■ Car phone/cell phone and driving



### CAUTION

Do not use a car phone/cell phone while driving; it may distract your attention from driving and can lead to an accident. If you use a car phone/cell phone, pull off the road and park in a safe place before using your phone. In some countries, only hands-free phones may legally be used while driving.

## ■ Driving vehicles equipped with navigation system



### WARNING

Do not allow the monitor to distract your attention from driving. Also, do not operate the controls of the navigation system while driving. The loss of attention to driving could lead to an accident. If you wish to operate the controls of the navigation system, first take the vehicle off the road and stop it in a safe place.

## ■ Driving with pets

Unrestrained pets can interfere with your driving and distract your attention from driving. In a collision or sudden stop, unrestrained pets or cages can be thrown around inside the vehicle and hurt you or your passengers. Besides, the pets can be hurt under these situations. It is also for their own safety that pets should be properly restrained in your vehicle. Restraining a pet with a special traveling harness which can be secured to the rear seat with a seatbelt or use a pet carrier which can be secured to the rear seat by routing a seatbelt through the carrier's

handle. Never restrain pets or pet carriers in the front passenger's seat. For further information, consult your veterinarian, local animal protection society or pet shop.

### ■ Tire pressures

Check and, if necessary, adjust the pressure of each tire (including the spare) at least once a month and before any long journey.

Check the tire pressure when the tires are cold. Use a pressure gauge to adjust the tire pressures to the values shown on the tire placard.

For detailed information, refer to "Tires and wheels" 11-42.



### WARNING

**Driving at high speeds with excessively low tire pressures can cause the tires to deform severely and to rapidly become hot. A sharp increase in temperature could cause tread separation, and destruction of the tires. The resulting loss of vehicle control could lead to an accident.**

## EU Battery directive 2006/66/EC

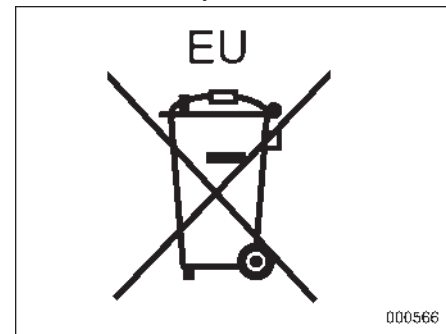
Followings are the symbol of EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC.

This directive applies to the collection of batteries, recycling of disposed batteries and accumulators, and batteries not disposed of in landfills because they could be hazardous to the environment.

In your vehicle, there are some batteries that do not have the 2006/66/EC EU Battery directive symbol.

Please check and obey all local laws and regulations for the disposal of batteries or accumulations.

The following devices utilize batteries that do not have the symbol:



- Keys (if equipped): CR1620
- Access keys (if equipped): CR1632
- Navigation system (if equipped)\*1: BR2330

\*1: This battery cannot be replaced or removed individually. It must be replaced or removed with the navigation system as a unit.

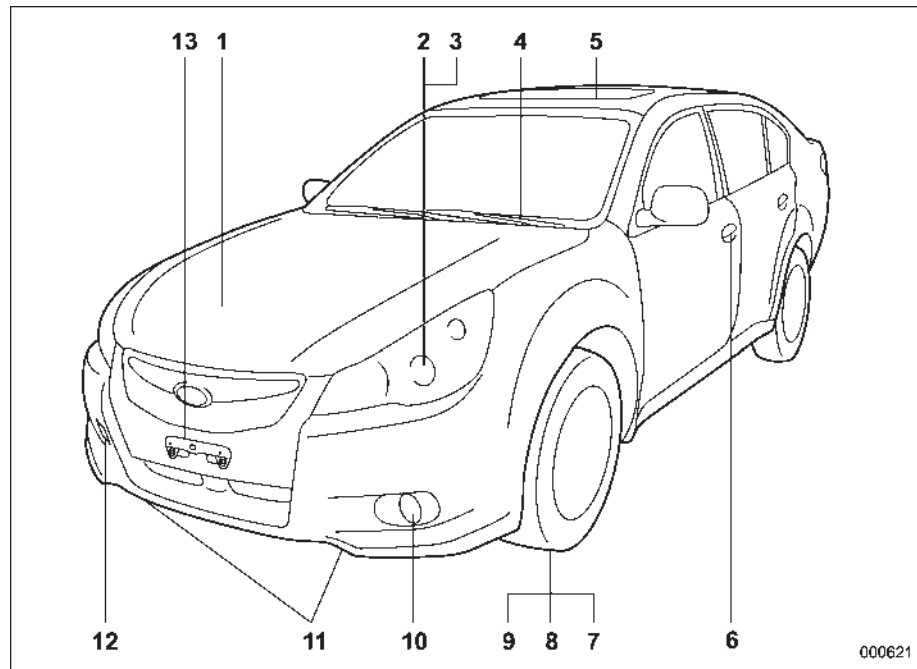
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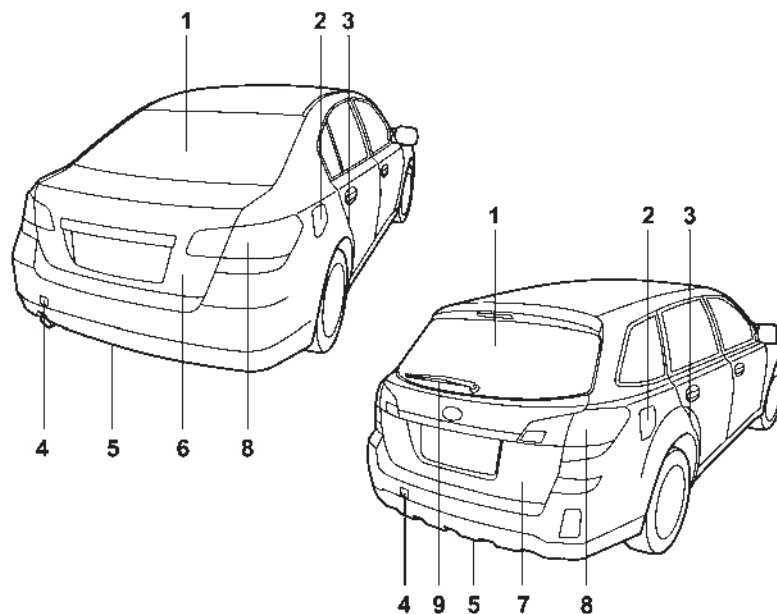
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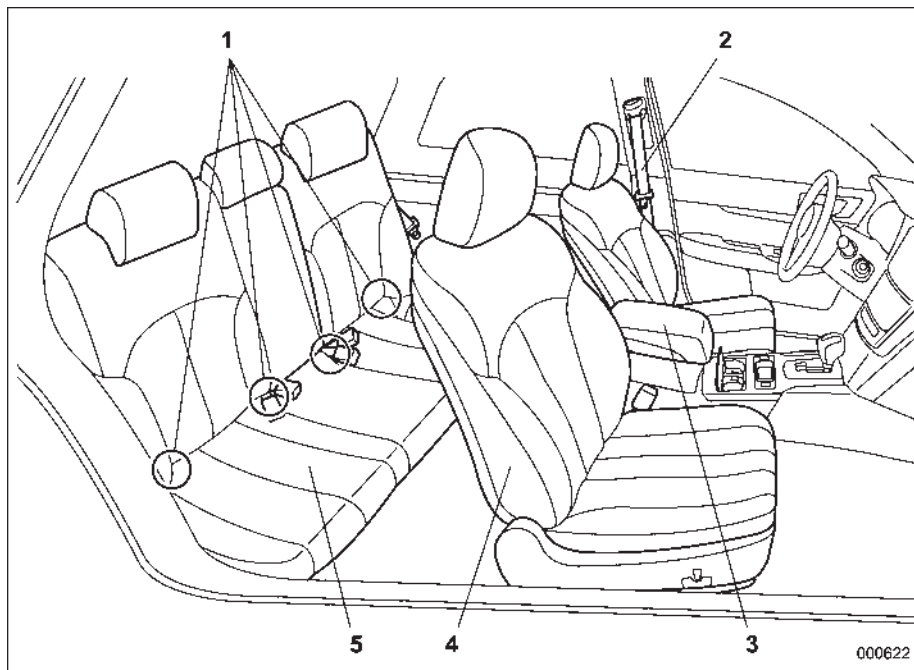


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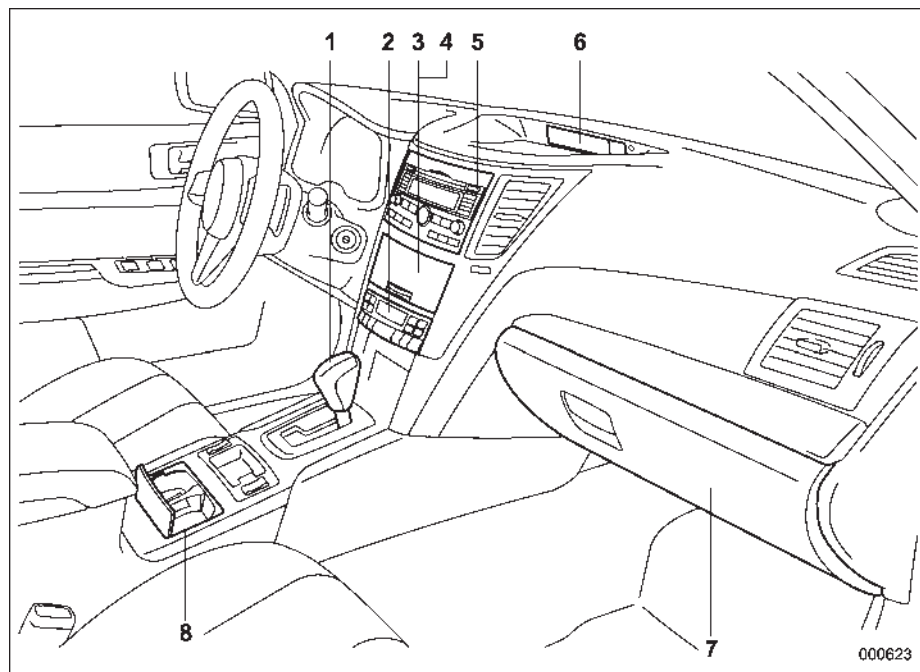
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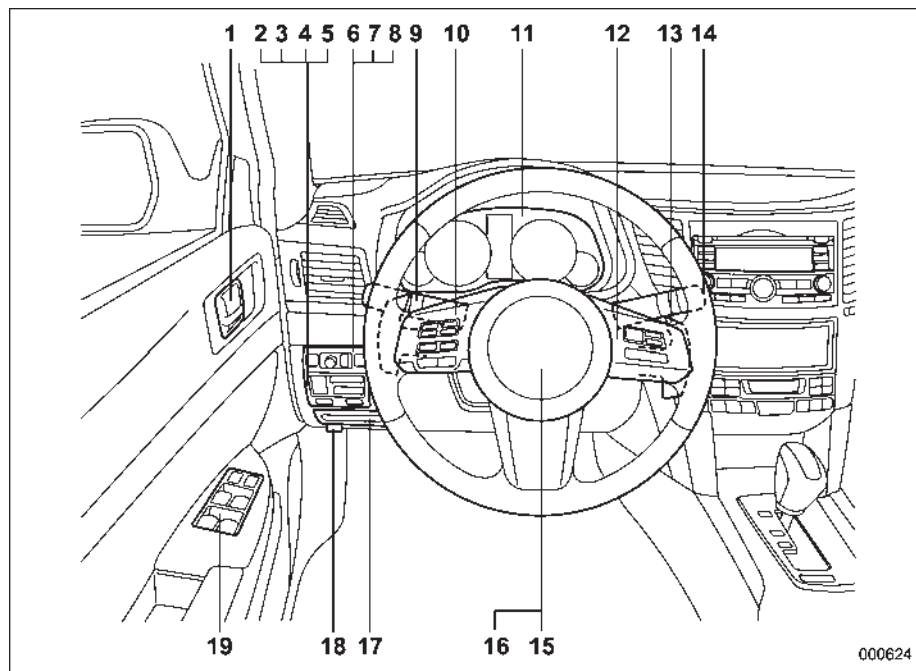


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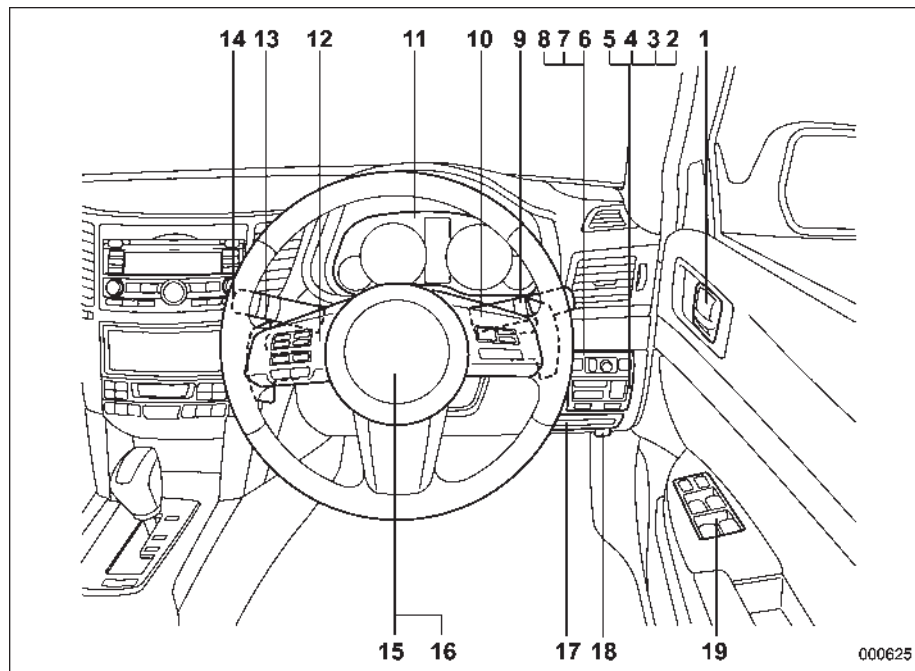
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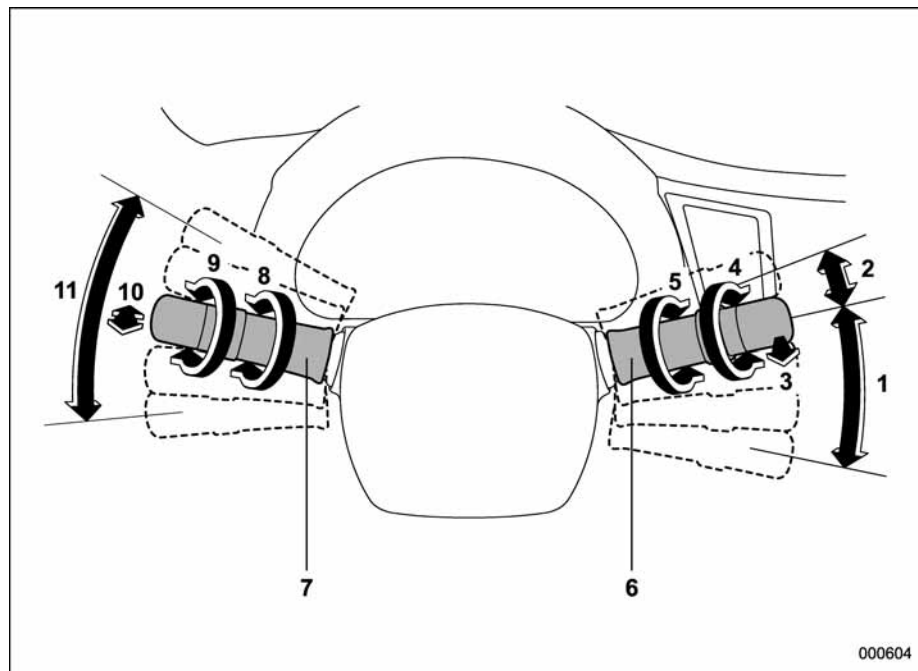


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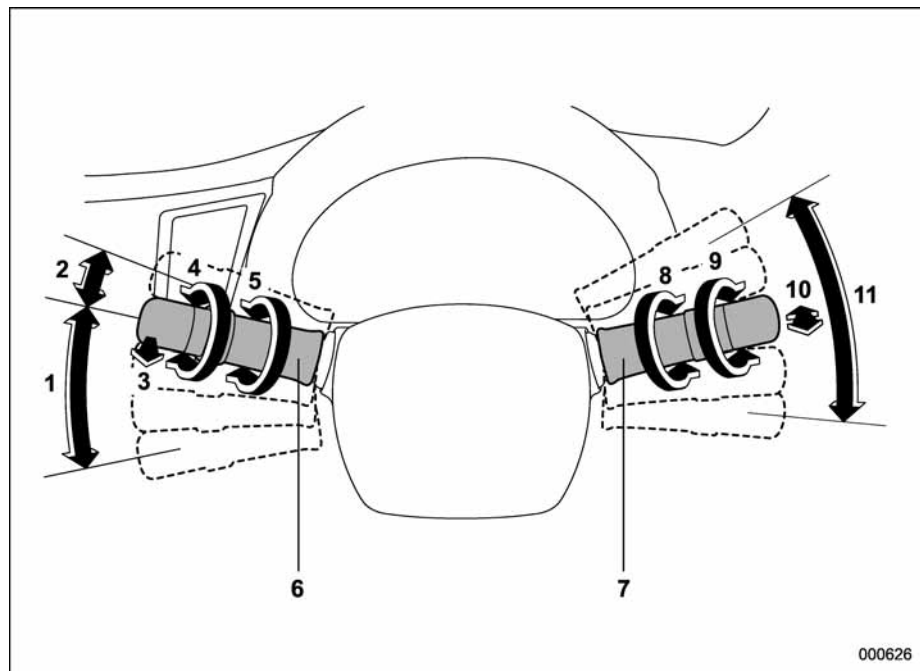
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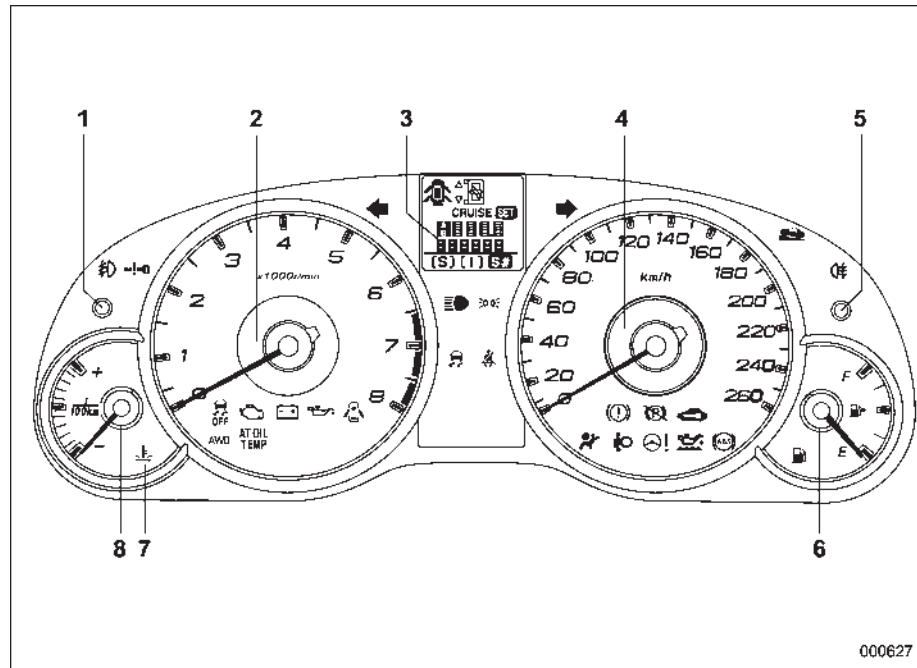
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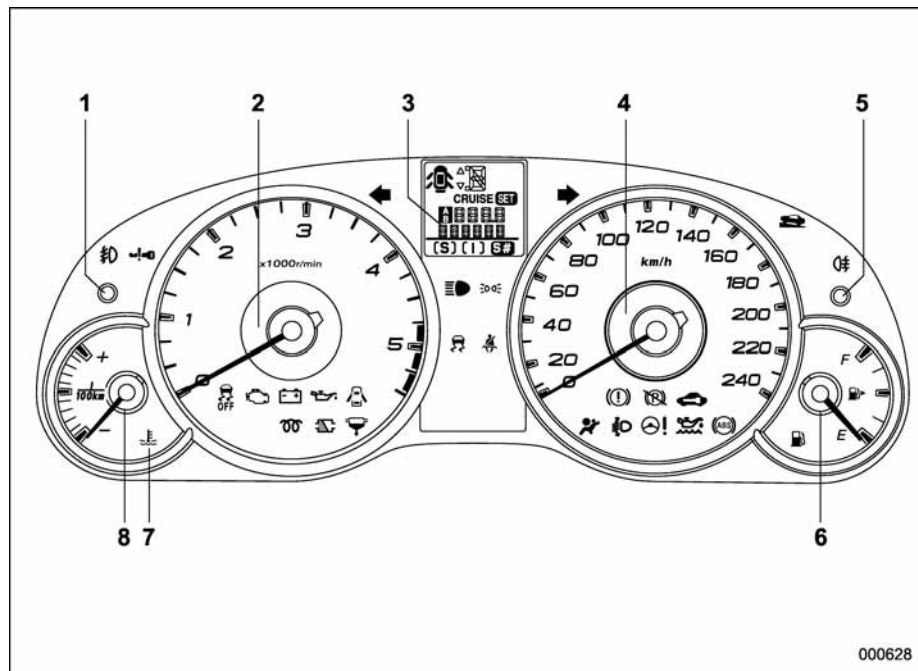
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## ■ Warning and indicator light

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|   | Charge warning light                                                           | 3-21 |
|   | Oil pressure warning light                                                     | 3-21 |
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|  | Electronic parking brake warning light                         | 3-26 |
|  | Hill Holder indicator light                                    | 3-27 |
|  | Door open warning light                                        | 3-28 |
|  | Door open indicator light                                      | 3-28 |
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| Mark                                                                                | Name                                                                                      | Page |
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|  | Low fuel warning light                                       | 3-27 |
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|  | Intelligent mode indicator light (models with SI-DRIVE)      | 3-36 |
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## Function settings

A SUBARU dealer can change the settings of the functions shown in the following table to meet your personal requirements. We recommend that you contact the nearest SUBARU dealer for details.

| Item                                      | Function                                                                  | Possible settings                                  | Default setting       | Page |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| Keyless access <sup>*1*2</sup>            | Automatic locking                                                         | Operation/Non-operation                            | Operation             | 2-15 |
|                                           | Automatic locking operation period                                        | Can be set in range from 20s to 60s                | 30s                   | 2-15 |
|                                           | Door unlock selection function                                            | Operation/Non-operation                            | Non-operation         | 2-15 |
| Remote keyless entry system <sup>*1</sup> | Automatic locking                                                         | Operation/Non-operation                            | Operation             | 2-22 |
|                                           | Automatic locking operation period                                        | Can be set in range from 20s to 60s.               | 30s                   | 2-22 |
|                                           | Door unlock selection function                                            | Operation/Non-operation                            | Non-operation         | 2-21 |
| Key lock-in prevention <sup>*1</sup>      | Key lock-in prevention                                                    | Operation/Non-operation                            | Operation             | 2-7  |
| Defogger and deicer system                | Rear window defogger, outside mirror defogger and windshield wiper deicer | Operation for 15 min./ Continuous operation        | Operation for 15 min. | 3-56 |
| Map light/Dome light/Cargo area light     | Operation of map light/dome light/cargo area light OFF delay timer        | OFF/Short/Normal/Long                              | Long                  | 6-2  |
| Battery drainage prevention function      | Battery drainage prevention function                                      | Operation/Non-operation                            | Operation             | 2-6  |
| Auto on/off headlights                    | Sensitivity of the operation of the auto on/off headlights                | Low/Normal/High/Very high                          | High                  | 3-44 |
| Windshield wiper                          | Automatic adjusting mode of wiper timing                                  | Rain-sensing mode/ vehicle speed interlocking mode | Rain-sensing mode     | 3-53 |

<sup>\*1</sup>: Not applicable to models equipped with double locking system

<sup>\*2</sup>: If equipped

|                                                                     |      |
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|                                                                                                                             |      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
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| SRS airbag system servicing .....                                                                                           | 1-65 |
| Precautions against vehicle modification.....                                                                               | 1-66 |

## Front seats



### WARNING

- Never adjust the seat while driving to avoid the possibility of loss of vehicle control and of personal injury.
- Before adjusting the seat, make sure the hands and feet of rear seat passengers or cargo are clear of the adjusting mechanism.
- After adjusting the seat, push it slightly to make sure it is securely locked. If the seat is not securely locked, it may move or the seatbelt may not operate properly.
- Do not put objects under the front seats. They may interfere with front seat locking and cause an accident.
- Seatbelts provide maximum restraint when the occupant sits well back and upright in the seat. To reduce the risk of sliding under the seatbelt in a collision, the front seatbacks should be always used in the upright position while the vehicle is running.

If the front seatbacks are not used in the upright position in a collision, the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen will increase, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.



### WARNING

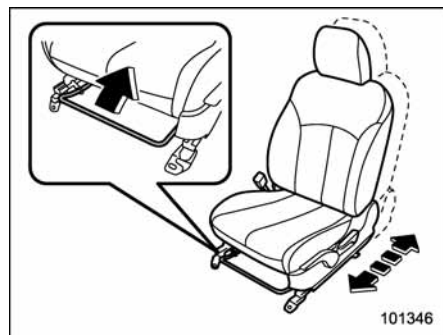
Put children in the REAR seat properly restrained at all times in a child restraint device or in a seatbelt, whichever is appropriate for the child's age, height and weight. The SRS airbag deploys with considerable speed and force and can injure or even kill children, especially if they are not restrained or

improperly restrained. Because children are lighter and weaker than adults, their risk of being injured from deployment is greater.

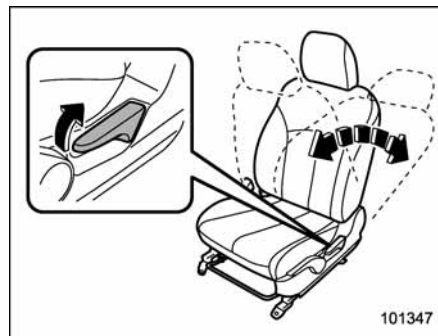
Secure ALL types of child restraint devices (including forward facing child seats) in the REAR seats at all times.

**NEVER INSTALL A REARWARD FACING CHILD SEAT IN THE FRONT SEAT. DOING SO RISKS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO THE CHILD BY PLACING THE CHILD'S HEAD TOO CLOSE TO THE SRS AIRBAG.**

According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seating positions than in the front seating positions. For instructions and precautions concerning child restraint systems, refer to "Child restraint systems" 1-29.

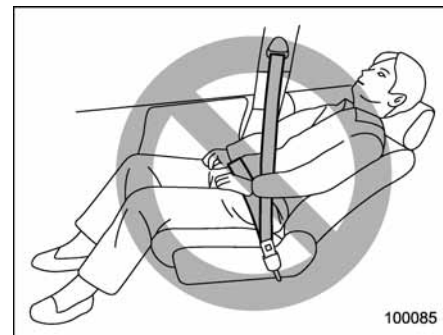
**Manual seat****Forward and backward adjustment**

Pull the lever upward and slide the seat to the desired position. Then release the lever and try to move the seat back and forth to make sure that it is securely locked into place.

**Reclining the seatback**

Pull the reclining lever up and adjust the seatback to the desired position. Then release the lever and make sure the seatback is securely locked into place.

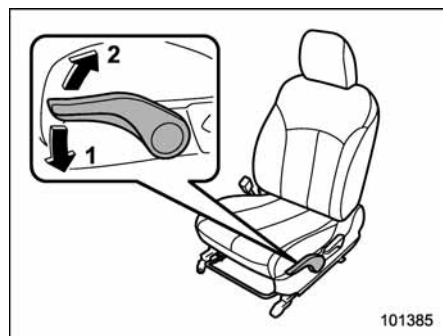
The seatback placed in a reclined position can spring back upward with force when the lever is pulled. While operating the lever to return the seatback, hold the seatback lightly so that it may be raised back gradually.

**WARNING**

To prevent the passenger from sliding under the seatbelt in the event of a collision, always put the seatback in the upright position while the vehicle is in motion. Also, do not place objects such as cushions between the passenger and the seatback. If you do so, the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen will increase, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.



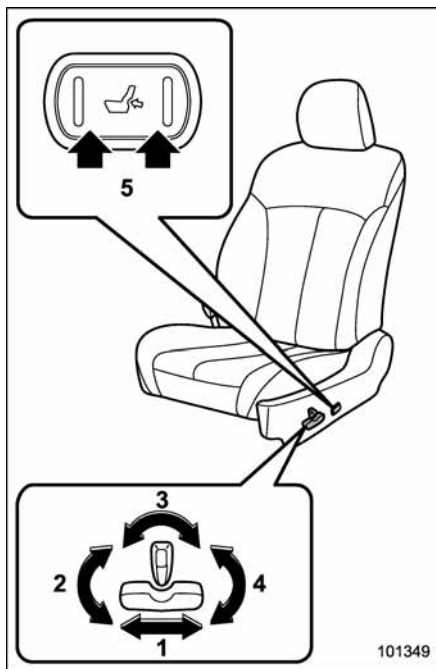
▼ **Seat cushion height adjustment (if equipped)**



- 1) When the lever is pushed down, the seat is lowered.
- 2) When the lever is pulled up, the seat rises.

The height of the seat can be adjusted by moving the seat cushion adjustment lever up or down.

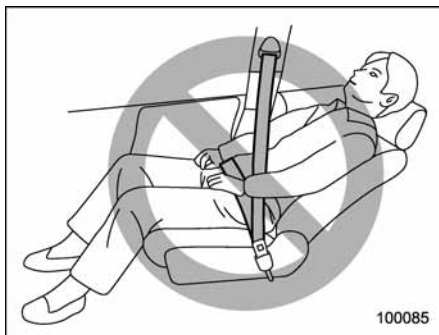
■ **Power seat (if equipped)**



- 1) **Seat position forward/backward control switch**  
To adjust the seat forward or backward, move the control switch forward or backward. During forward/backward adjustment of the seat, you cannot adjust

the seat cushion angle or seat cushion height.

- 2) **Seat cushion angle control switch**  
To adjust the seat cushion angle, pull up or push down the front end of the control switch.
- 3) **Seatback angle (reclining) control switch**  
To adjust the angle of the seatback, move the control switch.
- 4) **Seat height control switch**  
To adjust the seat height, pull up or push down the rear end of the control switch.
- 5) **Lumbar support control switch**  
To increase lower back support, push the front side of the switch. To decrease lower back support, push the rear side of the switch.



### **⚠ WARNING**

To prevent the passenger from sliding under the seatbelt in the event of a collision, always put the seatback in the upright position while the vehicle is in motion. Also, do not place objects such as cushions between the passenger and the seatback. If you do so, the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen will increase, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.

### ▼ Memory function (driver's seat — if equipped)

### **⚠ WARNING**

- Never adjust the seat while driving to avoid the possibility of loss of vehicle control and of personal injury.
- Before adjusting the seat, make sure the hands and feet of rear seat passengers or luggage are clear of the adjusting mechanism.
- Never retrieve the seat position while driving to avoid the possibility of loss of vehicle control and of personal injury.
- Perform the seat position retrieval before driving. Be sure to confirm that the select lever is in the “P” position (AT and CVT models), and the parking brake is applied, when adjusting the seat position. Do not drive until the retrieval of the seat position is complete.
- When retrieving a registered seat position, make sure the hands, feet and possessions of rear seat passengers are clear of the seat

adjusting mechanism.

- When any unusual conditions or malfunctions occur during the retrieval of the seat position, stop the retrieval of the seat position by performing any of the following procedures.
  - Operate any of the power seat switches
  - Press the “SET” button
  - Press button “1” or “2”

Some of your desired seat positions can be registered. Register the seat position with button “1” or “2” or each of the access keys and retrieve the seat position.

The following seat positions can be registered.

- Forward/backward position of the seat
- Angle of seatback
- Angle of seat cushion
- Height of seat

### ▽ Registration of seat position with button “1” or “2”

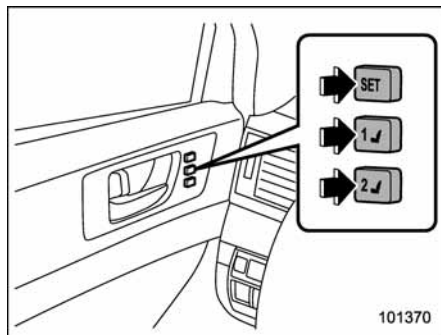
1. Adjust the seat position under the following conditions.

- The parking brake is applied.
- The ignition switch is in the “LOCK”/“OFF” position.

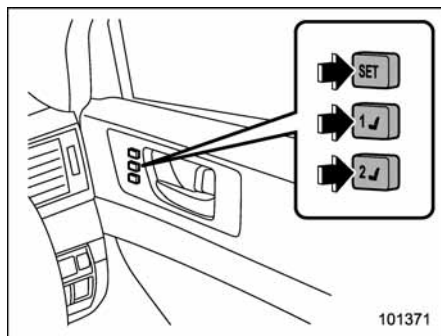
– CONTINUED –

## 1-6 Seat, seatbelt and SRS airbags

- The select lever is in the “P” position (AT and CVT models).



LHD models



RHD models

2. While pressing the “SET” button, press

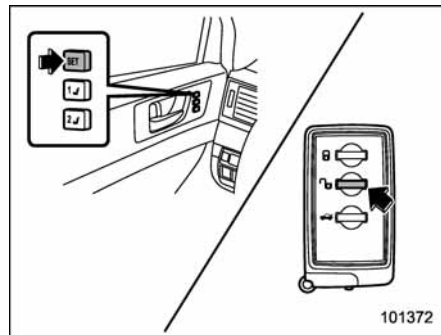
the desired button “1” or “2”.

3. The chirp sound sounds once, and the seat position is registered.

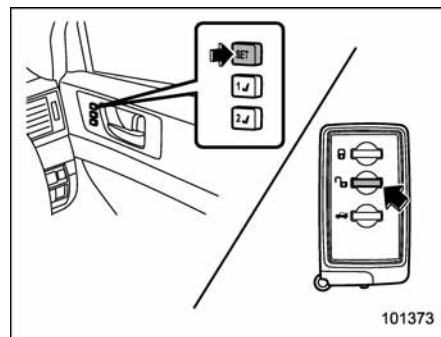
### ▽ Registration of seat position with each access key

1. Adjust the seat position under the following conditions.

- The parking brake is applied.
- The ignition switch is in the “LOCK”/“OFF” position.
- The select lever is in the “P” position (AT and CVT models).



LHD models



RHD models

2. While holding the access key and pressing the “SET” button, press the “1” button of the access key.
3. The chirp sound sounds once, and the seat position is registered.

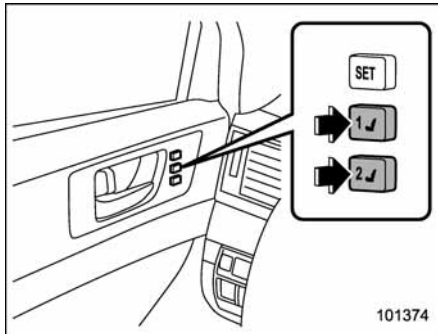
### ▽ Retrieval of seat position registered with button “1” or “2”



#### WARNING

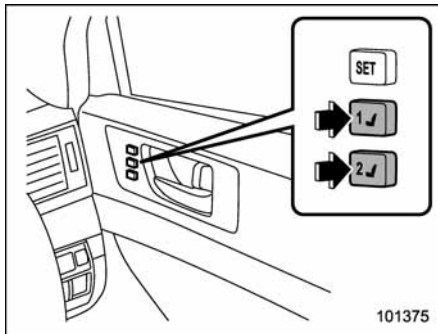
Be sure to press the correct button to retrieve your registered seat position. If the seat position is not optimum for you, it may adversely affect your driving and may reduce the effectiveness of the seatbelt. That could result in an accident

**involving serious injury or death.**



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**LHD models**



101375

**RHD models**

1. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position.

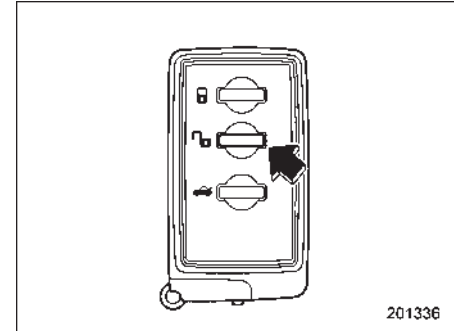
2. While the select lever is in the "P" position (AT and CVT models) and the parking brake is applied, press button "1" or "2".
3. The chirp sound sounds once and the seat moves to the registered position.
4. When the seat moves to the registered position, the chirp sound sounds.

### NOTE

- If a new position is registered for the same button, the previously registered seat position is deleted.
- If the battery is removed, the registered seat position is not deleted.
- When the button "1" or "2" is pressed within 45 seconds after the driver's door is opened, the registered seat position can be retrieved even if the ignition switch is in the "LOCK" or "OFF" position.

### ▽ Retrieval of the seat position registered with access key

1. Hold the registered access key.



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2. Unlock the driver's door by pressing the "Ⓚ" button or gripping the door handle.
3. Open the driver's door.
4. The chirp sound sounds once and the seat moves to the registered position.
5. When the seat moves to the registered position, the chirp sound sounds.

### NOTE

- If the registered seat position cannot be retrieved after performing the previous procedures, try the following procedures.

- (1) Press the "SET" button on the

– CONTINUED –

driver's door.

(2) Press the "☐" button on the access key or the door lock button to lock the doors.

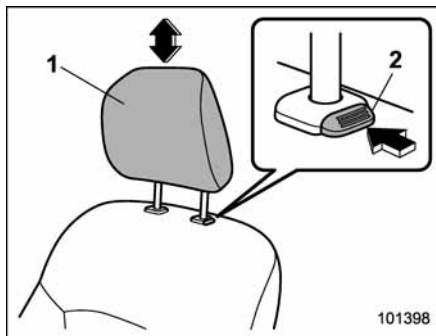
(3) Perform the prior procedures again.

- If the keyless access function is disabled, the seat position cannot be retrieved by gripping the driver's door handle. However, the seat position can still be retrieved by pressing the "☐" button on the access key. For information about how to enable/disable the keyless access function, refer to "Disabling keyless access function" 2-17.
- If a new position is registered for the same access key, the previously registered seat position is deleted.

#### ▽ Clearing the registered seat position with access key

1. Close the driver's door.
2. While holding the access key and pressing the "SET" button, press the "☐" button on the access key.
3. The chirp sound sounds once, and the registered seat position is cleared.

### ■ Head restraint adjustment



- 1) Head restraint
- 2) Release button

Both the driver's seat and the front passenger's seat are equipped with head restraints.

The head restraint should be adjusted so that the center of the head restraint is closest to the top of the occupant's ears.

#### To raise:

Pull the head restraint up.

#### To lower:

Push the head restraint down while pressing the release button on the top of the seatback.

#### To remove:

While pressing the release button, pull out the head restraint.

#### To install:

Install the head restraint into the holes that are located on the top of the seatback until the head restraint locks.



### WARNING

- Never drive the vehicle with the head restraints removed because they are designed to reduce the risk of serious neck injury in the event that the vehicle is struck from the rear. Therefore, when you remove the head restraints, you must reinstall all head restraints to protect vehicle occupants.
- All occupants, including the driver, should not operate a vehicle or sit in a vehicle's seat until the head restraints are placed in their proper positions in order to minimize the risk of neck injury in the event of a crash.

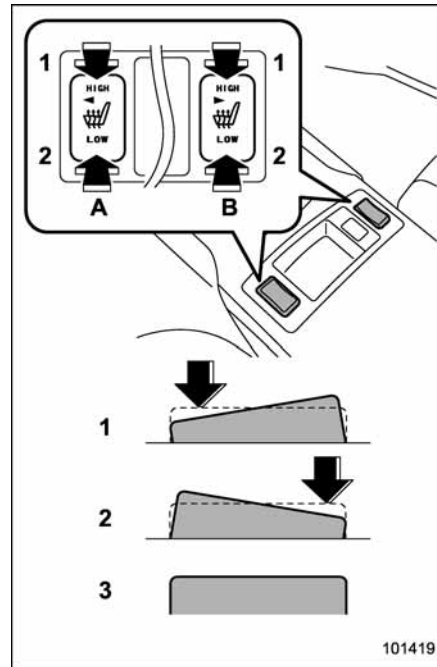
## Seat heater (if equipped)

### CAUTION

- There is a possibility that people with delicate skin may suffer slight burns even at low temperatures if they use the seat heater for a long period of time. When using the heater, always be sure to warn the persons concerned.
- Do not put anything on the seat which insulates against heat, such as a blanket, cushion, or similar items. This may cause the seat heater to overheat.

### NOTE

Use of the seat heater for a long period of time while the engine is not running can cause battery discharge.



- 1) **HIGH** – Rapid heating
- 2) **LOW** – Normal heating
- 3) **OFF** – Off
- A) Left-hand side
- B) Right-hand side

The seat heater is equipped in the front seats.

The seat heater operates when the ignition switch is either in the “Acc” or “ON” position.

To turn on the seat heater, press the “LOW” or “HIGH” position on the switch, as desired, depending on the temperature.

Selecting the “HIGH” position will cause the seat to heat up quicker.

To turn off the seat heater, slightly press the opposite side of the current position.

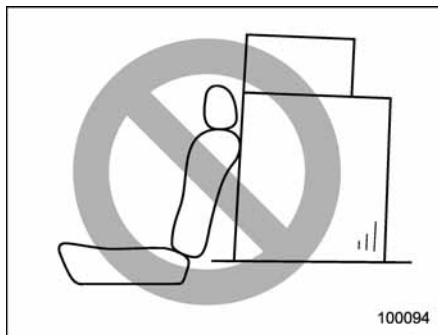
The indicator located on the switch illuminates when the seat heater is in operation. When the vehicle's interior is warmed enough or before you leave the vehicle, be sure to turn the switch off.

## Rear seats



### **WARNING**

Seatbelts provide maximum restraint when the occupant sits well back and upright in the seat. Do not put cushions or any other materials between occupants and seatbacks or seat cushions. If you do so, the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen will increase, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.



### **WARNING**

Never stack luggage or other cargo higher than the top of the seatback because it could tumble forward and injure passengers in the event of a sudden stop or accident.

## ■ Head restraint adjustment

Both the rear window side seats and the rear center seat are equipped with head restraints.

### **WARNING**

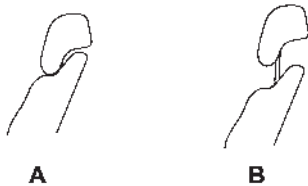
- Never drive the vehicle with the head restraints removed because they are designed to reduce the risk of serious neck injury in the event that the vehicle is struck from the rear. Therefore, when you remove the head restraints, you must reinstall all head restraints to protect vehicle occupants.
- All occupants, including the driver, should not operate a vehicle or sit in a vehicle's seat until the head restraints are placed in their proper positions in order to minimize the risk of neck injury in the event of a crash.

### ▼ Rear window side seating position

### **CAUTION**

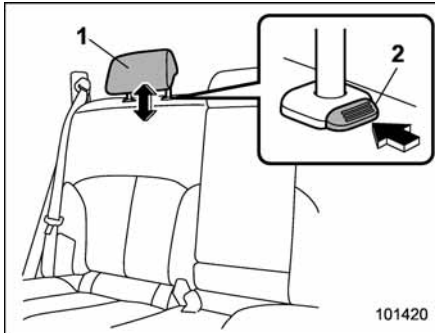
The head restraint is not intended to be used at the lowest position. Before sitting on the seat, raise the

**head restraint to the click position.**



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- A) When not used (lowest position)
- B) When used (click position)



101420

- 1) Head restraint
- 2) Release button

**To raise:**

Pull the head restraint up.

**To lower:**

Push the head restraint down while pressing the release button on the top of the seatback.

**To remove:**

While pressing the release button, pull out the head restraint.

**To install:**

Install the head restraint into the holes that are located on the top of the seatback until the head restraint locks.

When the seats are not occupied, lower the head restraints to improve rearward visibility.

**▼ Rear center seating position**

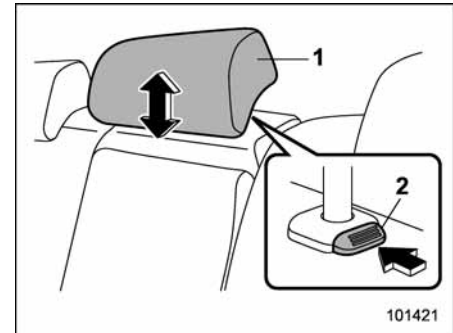
**CAUTION**

**The head restraint is not intended to be used at the lowest position. Before sitting on the seat, raise the head restraint to the click position.**



101408

- A) When not used (lowest position)
- B) When used (click position)



101421

- 1) Head restraint
- 2) Release button



### **To raise:**

Pull the head restraint up.

### **To lower:**

Push the head restraint down while pressing the release button on the top of the seatback.

### **To remove:**

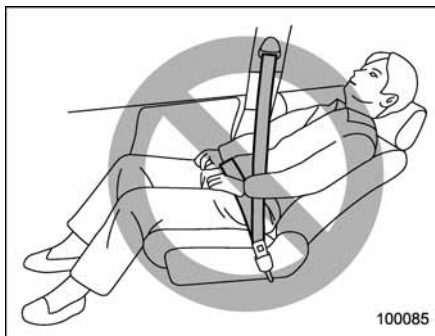
While pressing the release button, pull out the head restraint.

### **To install:**

Install the head restraint into the holes that are located on the top of the seatback until the head restraint locks.

When the rear center seating position is not occupied, lower the head restraint to improve rearward visibility.

### ■ **Reclining the seatback (Station wagon)**



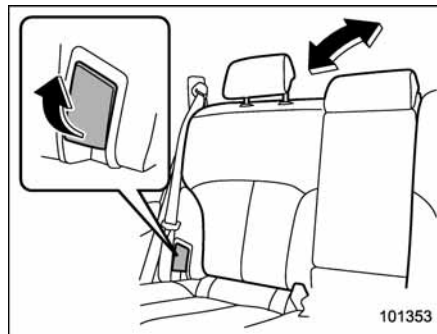
### **WARNING**

To prevent the passenger from sliding under the seatbelt in the event of a collision, always put the seatback in the upright position while the vehicle is in motion. Also, do not place objects such as cushions between the passenger and the seatback. If you do so, the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen will increase, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.

### **CAUTION**

When using the cargo area cover, observe the following precautions.

- Be careful not to pinch your hand between the headrest and the cargo area cover when you recline the rear seat.
- Move the front cover of the cargo area cover backward so that the cover is not damaged by the reclined seatback. Refer to “Cargo area cover (Station wagon)” 6-15.



Pull the lever and adjust the seatback to the desired position.

Then release the lever and make sure the seatback is securely locked into place.

## ■ Folding down the rear seat-back (Station wagon)

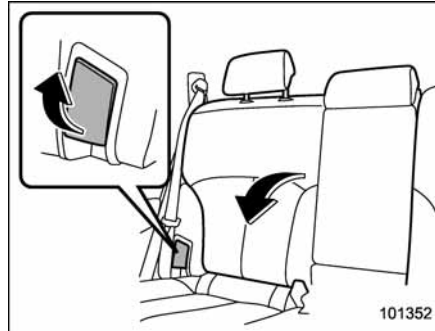
### WARNING

- When you fold down the seat-back, check that there are no passengers or objects on the rear seat. Not doing so creates a risk of injury or property damage if the seatback suddenly folds down.
- Never allow passengers to ride on the folded rear seatback or in the cargo area or trunk. Doing so may result in serious injury or death.
- Secure all objects and especially long items properly to prevent them from being thrown around inside the vehicle and causing serious injury during a sudden stop, a sudden steering maneuver or a rapid acceleration.
- When you return the seatback to its original position, shake the seatback slightly to confirm that it is securely fixed in place. If the seatback is not securely fixed in place, the seatback may suddenly fold down in the event of sudden braking, or objects may

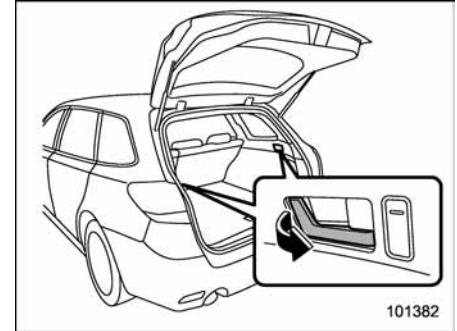
move out from the cargo area, which could cause serious injury or death.

- After returning the rear seatback to its original position, be certain to place all of the seatbelts and the tab attached to the seat cushion above the seat cushion. Also, make certain that the shoulder belts are fully visible.

1. Lower the head restraints.



Release latch located next to the rear seat

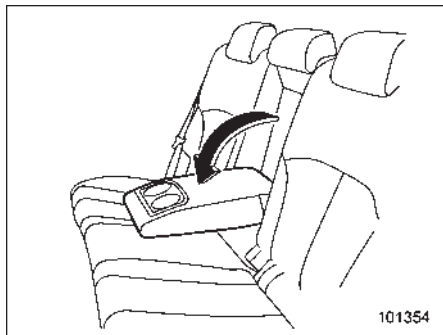


Release lever in the cargo area

2. Unlock the seatback by pulling the release latch or release lever and then fold the seatback down.

To return the seatback to its original position, raise the seatback until it locks into place and make sure that it is securely locked.

## Armrest



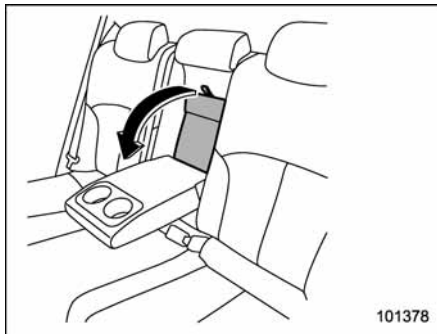
To lower the armrest, pull on the top edge of the armrest.



### WARNING

To avoid the possibility of serious injury, passengers must never be allowed to sit on the center armrest while the vehicle is in motion.

## ■ Loading long objects (Sedan)



Folding down the armrest and opening the seatback panel affords a loading space for long objects.

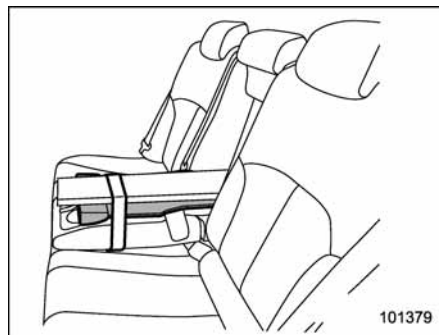
To open the seatback panel, pull the strap.



### WARNING

- Secure long objects properly to prevent them from shooting forward and causing serious injury during a sudden stop or sharp cornering. Tie long objects down with a rope or something equivalent.
- Avoid loading objects longer than 2 m (6.6 ft) and heavier than 25 kg (55 lbs). Such objects can interfere with the driver's proper

operation of the vehicle, possibly causing an accident and serious injury.



## Seatbelts

### ■ Seatbelt safety tips



#### WARNING

- All persons in the vehicle should fasten their seatbelts **BEFORE** the vehicle starts to move. Otherwise, the possibility of serious injury becomes greater in the event of a sudden stop or accident.
- All belts should fit snugly in order to provide full restraint. Loose fitting belts are not as effective in preventing or reducing injury.
- Each seatbelt is designed to support only one person. Never use a single belt for two or more persons – even children. Otherwise, in an accident, serious injury or death could result.
- Replace all seatbelt assemblies including retractors and attaching hardware worn by occupants of a vehicle that has been in a serious accident. The entire assembly should be replaced even if damage is not obvious.

- Put children in the **REAR** seat properly restrained at all times in a child restraint device or in a seatbelt, whichever is appropriate for the child's age, height and weight. The SRS airbag deploys with considerable speed and force and can injure or even kill children, especially if they are not restrained or improperly restrained. Because children are lighter and weaker than adults, their risk of being injured from deployment is greater.

Secure **ALL** types of child restraint devices (including forward facing child seats) in the **REAR** seats at all times.

**NEVER INSTALL A REARWARD FACING CHILD SEAT IN THE FRONT SEAT. DOING SO RISKS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO THE CHILD BY PLACING THE CHILD'S HEAD TOO CLOSE TO THE SRS AIRBAG.**

According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seating positions than in the front seating positions. For instructions and precautions concerning the child restraint system, refer to

### “Child restraint systems” 1-29.

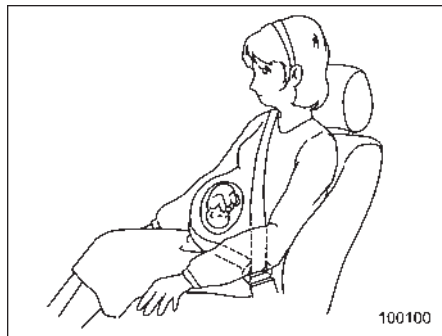
#### ▼ Infants or small children

Use a child restraint system that is suitable for your vehicle. Refer to “Child restraint systems” 1-29.

#### ▼ Children

If a child is too big for a child restraint system, the child should sit in the rear seat and be restrained using the seatbelts. According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seating positions than in the front seating positions. Never allow a child to stand up or kneel on the seat.

If the shoulder portion of the belt crosses the face or neck, move the child closer to the belt buckle to help provide a good shoulder belt fit. Care must be taken to securely place the lap belt as low as possible on the hips and not on the child's waist. If the shoulder portion of the belt cannot be properly positioned, a child restraint system should be used. Never place the shoulder belt under the child's arm or behind the child's back.

**▼ Expectant mothers**

Expectant mothers also need to use the seatbelts. They should consult their doctor for specific recommendations. The lap belt should be worn securely and as low as possible over the hips, not over the waist.

**■ Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR)**

All seatbelts in the vehicle have an Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR). The emergency locking retractor allows normal body movement but the retractor locks automatically during a sudden stop, impact or if you pull the belt very quickly out of the retractor.

**■ Automatic/Emergency Locking Retractor (A/ELR) (if equipped)**

For some models, each rear passenger's seatbelt has an Automatic/Emergency Locking Retractor (A/ELR). The Automatic/Emergency Locking Retractor normally functions as an Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR). The A/ELR has an additional locking mode, "Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR) mode", intended to secure a child restraint system.

First check if the ALR mode is equipped for the seatbelts of the vehicle. If the ALR mode is equipped, the seatbelts function as follows.

When the seatbelt is once drawn out completely and is then retracted even slightly, the retractor locks the seatbelt in that position and the seatbelt cannot be extended. As the belt is rewinding, clicks will be heard which indicate the retractor functions as an ALR. When the seatbelt is retracted fully, the ALR mode is canceled and the ELR mode is restored.

For models with A/ELR seatbelts, when securing a child restraint system on the rear seats by using a seatbelt in the forward-facing direction, the seatbelt must be changed over to the Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR) mode. For instructions on

how to install the child restraint system using a seatbelt, refer to "Installing child restraint systems with seatbelt" 1-34.

When the child restraint system is removed, make sure that the retractor is restored to the Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR) mode by allowing the seatbelt to retract fully.

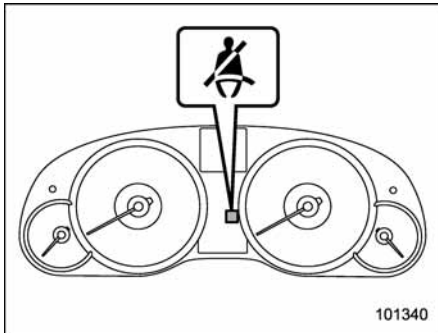
**■ Seatbelt warning light and chime****NOTE**

**If your seatbelt warning device does not operate as described in this manual, it may be out of order. We recommend that you have the device inspected and, if necessary, repaired by the nearest SUBARU dealer.**

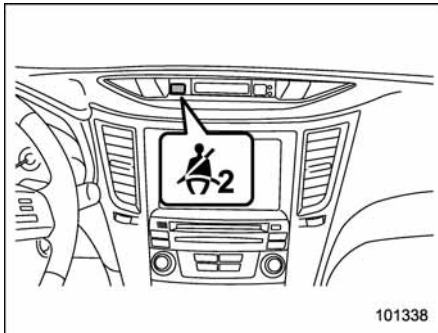
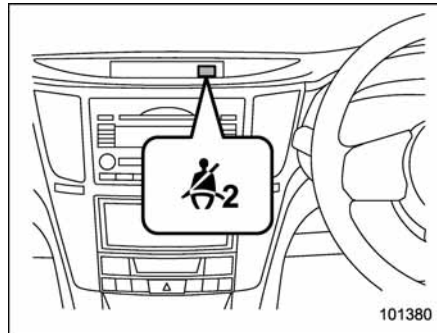
**▼ Europe and Australia models**

Your vehicle is equipped with a seatbelt warning device at the driver's and front passenger's seat.

With the ignition switch turned to the "ON" position, this device reminds the driver and front passenger to fasten their seatbelts by illuminating warning lights in the following locations.



Driver's warning light

Front passenger's warning light  
(Europe models)Front passenger's warning light  
(Australia models)

If the vehicle is driven at a speed no higher than approximately 20 km/h (12.5 mph) with the driver's seatbelt and/or passenger's seatbelt not fastened, the warning light(s) corresponding to the unfastened seatbelt(s) will illuminate continuously.

If the vehicle subsequently reaches a speed of approximately 20 km/h (12.5 mph) with the driver's seatbelt and/or passenger's seatbelt not fastened, the warning light(s) will start a repeated cycle consisting of 5 seconds of flashing followed by 1 second of steady illumination. At the same time, a buzzer will start a repeated cycle consisting of 5 seconds of sounding followed by a 1-second pause. If

either of the unfastened seatbelts is fastened at this time, the warning light corresponding to that seatbelt will immediately turn off but the buzzer will continue operating unless the remaining seatbelt is fastened. This condition (continued operation of the buzzer unless the remaining seatbelt is fastened) will continue for approximately 108 seconds.

## NOTE

- If the driver's and passenger's seatbelts are not fastened simultaneously (if one seatbelt is fastened significantly earlier or later than the other), the buzzer may sound longer (10 seconds maximum).
- The occupant detection system of the front passenger's seat detects the passenger by the weight on the seat. Therefore, if there is a heavy object on the seat, the warning system to fasten the seatbelt is activated.
- If you use a cushion on a passenger's seat, there is the possibility that the occupant detection system cannot detect the passenger.

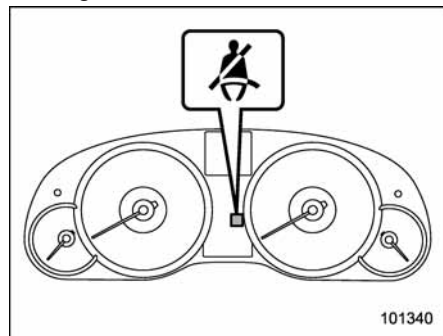
If the driver's seatbelt and/or the passenger's seatbelt is still not fastened when the 108-second period has elapsed, the warning light(s) will stop flashing and the buzzer will stop sounding. The warning

## 1-18 *Seat, seatbelt and SRS airbags*

light(s), however, will remain illuminated continuously unless the corresponding seatbelt(s) is fastened.

### ▼ Other models

Your vehicle is equipped with a seatbelt warning device at the driver's seat.



**Driver's warning light**

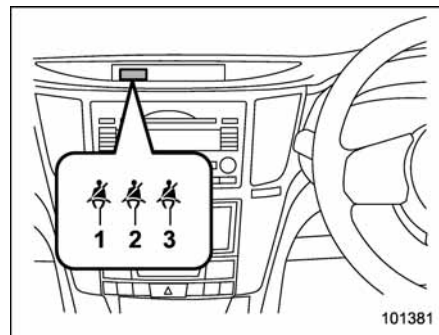
This device causes the seatbelt warning light on the combination meter to illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to "ON" to remind the driver to wear the seatbelt.

If the vehicle is driven at a speed no higher than approximately 20 km/h (12.5 mph) with the driver's seatbelt not fastened, the warning light will illuminate continuously.

If the vehicle subsequently reaches a speed of approximately 20 km/h (12.5 mph) with the driver's seatbelt not fastened, the warning light will start a repeated cycle consisting of 5 seconds of flashing followed by 1 second of steady illumination. At the same time, a buzzer will start a repeated cycle consisting of 5 seconds of sounding followed by a 1-second pause. If the seatbelt is fastened at this time, the warning light will turn off and the buzzer will stop sounding immediately.

If the driver's seatbelt is still not fastened when the 108-second period has elapsed, the warning light will stop flashing and the buzzer will stop sounding. The warning light, however, will remain illuminated continuously unless the seatbelt is fastened.

## ■ Rear seatbelt indicator light (Australia models)



- 1) Rear seat (left position)
- 2) Rear seat (center position)
- 3) Rear seat (right position)

This indicator light is located in the multi function display. It illuminates to show only the seating positions in which seatbelts have not been fastened.

## ■ Fastening the seatbelt

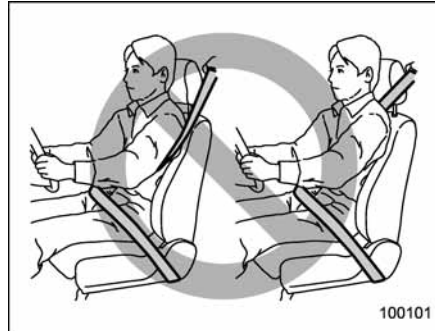


### **WARNING**

- **Never use a belt that is twisted or reversed. In an accident, this can increase the risk or severity of injury.**



- Keep the lap belt as low as possible on your hips. In a collision, this spreads the force of the lap belt over stronger hip bones instead of across the weaker abdomen.
- Seatbelts provide maximum restraint when the occupant sits well back and upright in the seat. To reduce the risk of sliding under the seatbelt in a collision, the front seatbacks should be always used in the upright position while the vehicle is running. If the front seatbacks are not used in the upright position in a collision, the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen will increase, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.
- Do not put cushions or any other materials between occupants and seatbacks or seat cushions. If you do so, the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen will increase, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.



**! WARNING**

Never place the shoulder belt under the arm or behind the back. If an accident occurs, this can increase the risk or severity of injury.

**! CAUTION**

Metallic parts of the seatbelt can become very hot in a vehicle that has been closed up in sunny weather; they could burn an occupant. Do not touch such hot parts until they cool.

▼ **Front seatbelts**

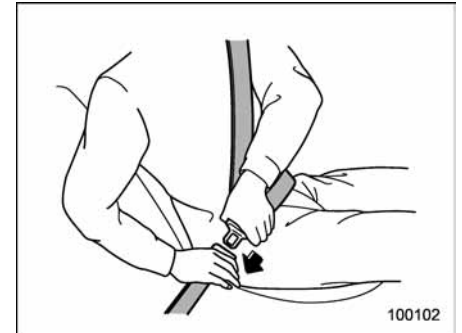
1. Adjust the seat position:

**Driver's seat:** Adjust the seatback to the upright position. Move the seatback as far from the steering wheel as practical while still maintaining full vehicle control.

**Front passenger's seat:** Adjust the seatback to the upright position. Move the seat as far back as possible.

2. Sit well back in the seat.

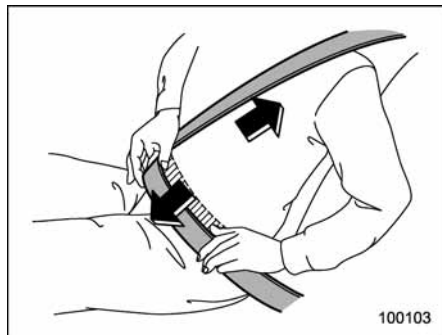
3. Pick up the tongue plate and pull the belt out slowly. Do not let it get twisted. If the belt stops before reaching the buckle, return the belt slightly and pull it out more slowly. If the belt still cannot be unlocked, let the belt retract slightly after giving it a strong pull, then pull it out slowly again.



4. Insert the tongue plate into the buckle

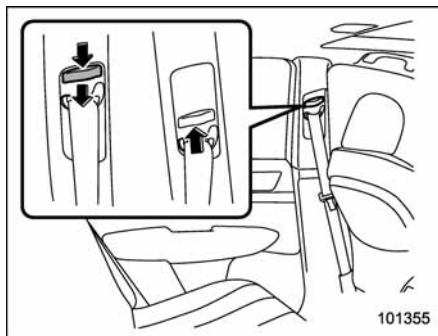


until you hear a click.



5. To make the lap part tight, pull up on the shoulder belt.
6. Place the lap belt as low as possible on your hips, not on your waist.

▽ **Adjusting the front seat shoulder belt anchor height**



The shoulder belt anchor height should be adjusted to the position best suited for the driver/front passenger. Always adjust the anchor height so that the shoulder belt passes over the middle of the shoulder without touching the neck.

**To raise:**

Slide the anchor up.

**To lower:**

Pull the release knob and slide the anchor down.

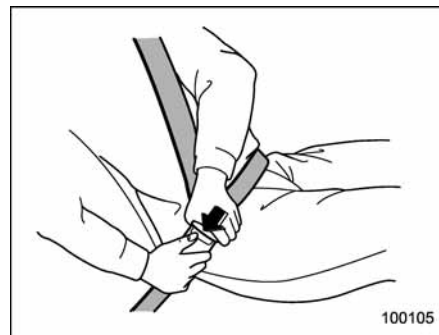
Pull down on the anchor to make sure that it is locked in place.



**WARNING**

When wearing the seatbelts, make sure the shoulder portion of the webbing does not pass over your neck. If it does, adjust the seatbelt anchor to a lower position. Placing the shoulder belt over the neck may result in neck injury during sudden braking or in a collision.

▽ **Unfastening the seatbelt**

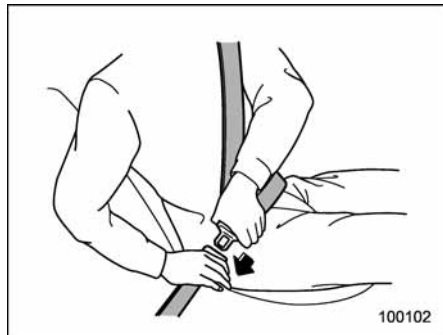


Push the button on the buckle.

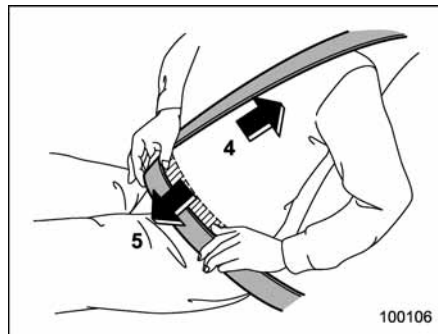
Before closing the door, make sure that the belts are retracted properly to avoid catching the belt webbing in the door.

▼ **Rear seatbelts (except rear center seatbelt on Station wagon)**

1. Sit well back in the seat.
2. Pick up the tongue plate and pull the belt out slowly. Do not let it get twisted. If the belt stops before reaching the buckle, return the belt slightly and pull it out more slowly. If the belt still cannot be unlocked, let the belt retract slightly after giving a strong pull on it, then pull it out slowly again.

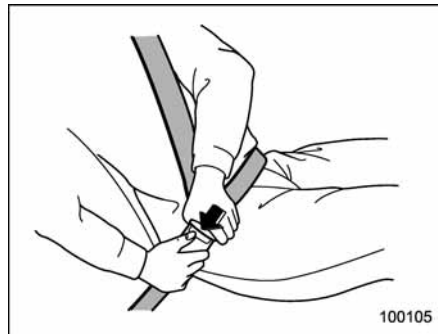


3. Insert the tongue plate into the buckle until you hear a click.



4. To make the lap part tight, pull up on the shoulder belt.
5. Place the lap belt as low as possible on your hips, not on your waist.

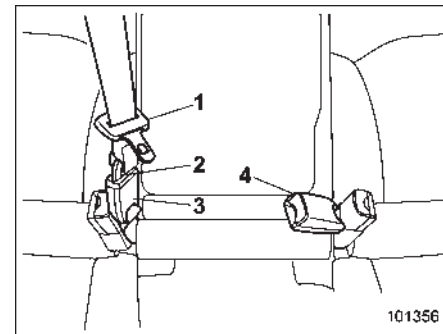
▼ **Unfastening the seatbelt**



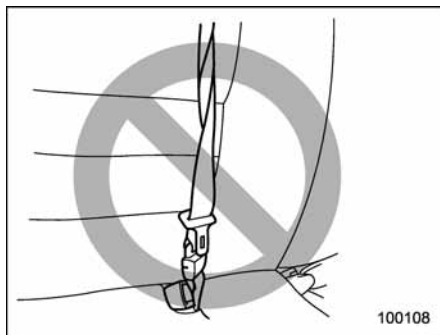
Push the button on the buckle.

Before closing the door, make sure that the belts are retracted properly to avoid catching the belt webbing in the door.

▼ **Rear center seatbelt on Station wagon**

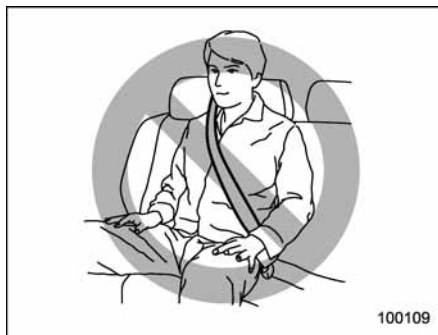


- 1) Center seatbelt tongue plate
- 2) Connector (tongue)
- 3) Connector (buckle)
- 4) Center seatbelt buckle



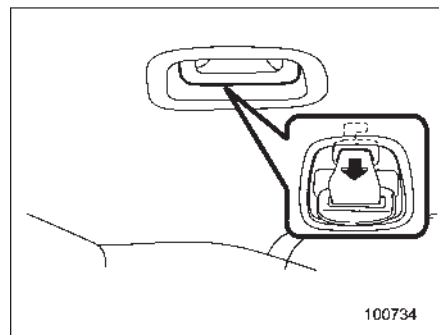
**⚠ WARNING**

Fastening the seatbelt with the webbing twisted can increase the risk or severity of injury in an accident. When fastening the belt after it is pulled out from the retractor, especially when inserting the connector's tongue plate into the mating buckle (on right-hand side), always check that the webbing is not twisted.



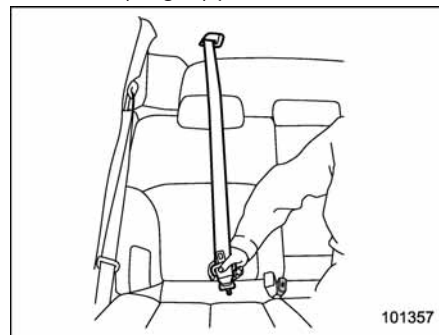
**⚠ WARNING**

Be sure to fasten both tongue plates to the respective buckles. If the seatbelt is used only as a shoulder belt (with the connector's tongue plate not fastened to the connector's buckle on the right-hand side), it cannot properly restrain the wearer in position in an accident, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.

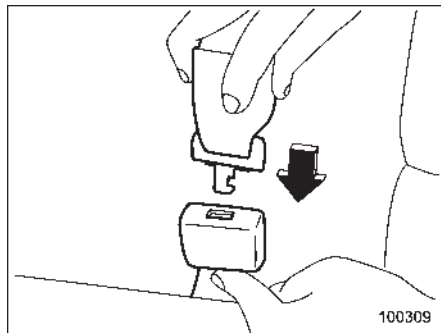


Rear center seatbelt is stowed in the recess of the ceiling.

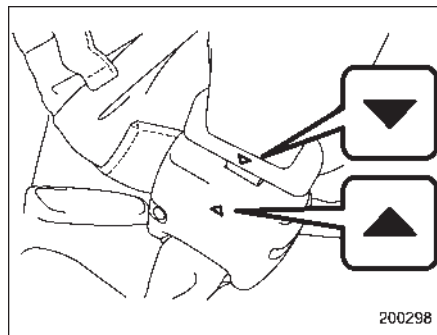
1. Retrieve the connector (tongue) plate from the slot in the recess by pulling the connector (tongue) plate.



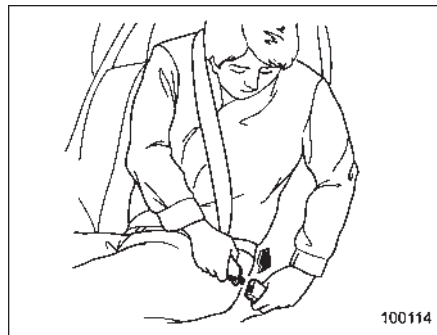
2. Pull out the seatbelt slowly from the retractor.



3. After confirming that the webbing is not twisted, insert the connector (tongue) attached at the webbing end into the buckle on the right-hand side until a click is heard. If the belt stops before reaching the buckle, return the belt slightly and pull it out more slowly. If the belt still cannot be unlocked, let the belt retract slightly after giving it a strong pull, then pull it out slowly again.

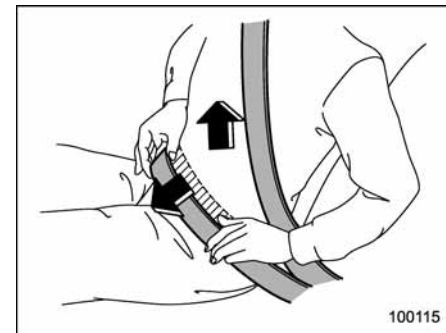


4. After fastening the seatbelt, make sure that the “▼” mark on the connector (tongue) and the “▲” mark on the buckle face outwards.



5. Insert the center seatbelt tongue plate into the center seatbelt buckle marked

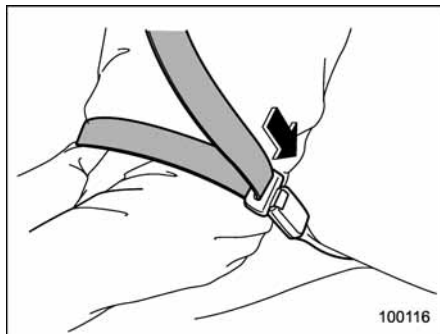
“CENTER” on the left-hand side until it clicks.



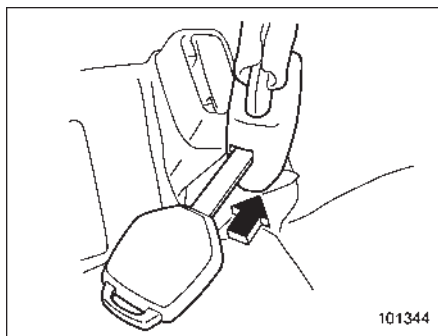
6. To make the lap part tight, pull up on the shoulder belt.

7. Place the lap belt as low as possible on your hips, not on your waist.

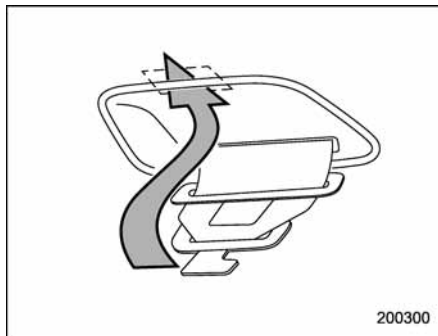
### ▽ Unfastening the seatbelt



Push the release button of the center seatbelt buckle (on the left-hand side) to unfasten the seatbelt.

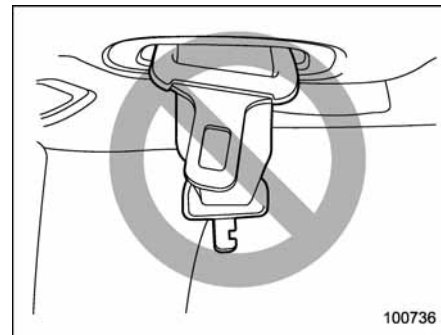


1. Insert a key or other hard pointed object into the slot in the connector (buckle) on the right-hand side and push it in, and the connector (tongue) plate will disconnect from the buckle.



2. Allow the retractor to roll up the belt.

You should hold the webbing end and guide it back into the retractor while it is rolling up. Neatly store the tongue plate in the recess and then insert the connector (tongue) plate into the slot.



### CAUTION

- Do not allow the retractor to roll up the seatbelt too quickly. Otherwise, the metal tongue plates may hit against the trim, resulting in damaged trim.

- Have the seatbelt fully rolled up so that the tongue plates are neatly stored. A hanging tongue plate can swing and hit against the trim during driving, causing damage to the trim.

## ■ Seatbelt maintenance

To clean the seatbelts, use a mild soap and lukewarm water. Never bleach or dye the belts because this could seriously affect their strength.

Inspect the seatbelts and attachments including the webbing and all hardware periodically for cracks, cuts, gashes, tears, damage, loose bolts or worn areas. Replace the seatbelts even if only minor damage is found.



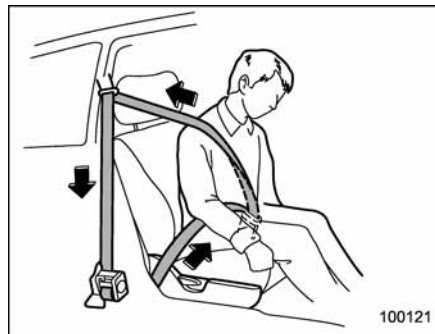
## CAUTION

- Keep the belts free of polishes, oils, chemicals and particularly battery acid.
- Never attempt to make modifications or changes that will prevent the seatbelt from operating properly.

## Front seatbelt pretensioners

The driver's and front passenger's seatbelts have a seatbelt pretensioner. The seatbelt pretensioners are designed to be activated in the event of an accident involving a moderate to severe frontal collision.

## ■ Seatbelt with shoulder belt pretensioner



The pretensioner sensor also serves as the frontal SRS airbag sensor. If the sensor detects a certain predetermined amount of force during a frontal collision, the front seatbelt is quickly drawn back in by the pretensioner to take up the slack so that the belt more effectively restrains the front seat occupant.

When a seatbelt pretensioner is activated, an operating noise will be heard and a small amount of smoke will be released. These occurrences are normal and not harmful. This smoke does not indicate a fire in the vehicle.

Once the seatbelt pretensioner has been activated, the seatbelt retractor remains locked. Consequently, the seatbelt cannot be pulled out and retracted and therefore must be replaced.

## NOTE

- Seatbelt pretensioners are not designed to be activated in minor frontal impacts, in side or rear impacts or in roll-over accidents.
- The driver's and passenger's seatbelt pretensioners and frontal SRS airbag operate simultaneously.
- Pretensioners are designed to function on a one-time-only basis. In the event that a pretensioner is activated, we recommend that you have both the driver's and front passenger's seatbelt retractor assemblies replaced with genuine SUBARU parts by your authorized SUBARU dealer.
- If either front seatbelt does not retract or cannot be pulled out due to a malfunction or activation of the pretensioner, we recommend that you

contact your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.

- If the front seatbelt retractor assembly or surrounding area has been damaged, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.
- When you sell your vehicle, we urge you to explain to the buyer that it has seatbelt pretensioners by alerting the buyer to the contents of this section.



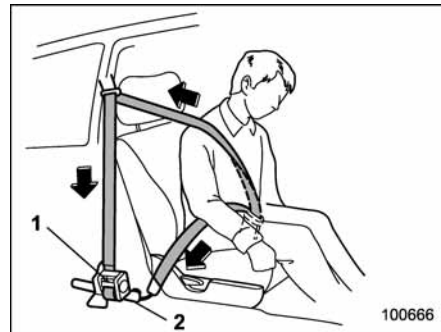
# **WARNING**

- To obtain maximum protection, the occupants should sit in an upright position with their seatbelts properly fastened. Refer to "Seatbelts" 1-15.
- Do not modify, remove or strike the front seatbelt retractor assemblies or surrounding area. This could result in accidental activation of the seatbelt pretensioners or could make the system inoperative, possibly resulting in serious injury. Seatbelt pretensioners have no user-serviceable parts. For required servicing of front seatbelt retractors equipped with seatbelt pretensioners, we recommend that

you consult your nearest SUBARU dealer.

- When discarding front seatbelt retractor assemblies or scrapping the entire vehicle due to collision damage or for other reasons, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer.

## ■ Seatbelt with shoulder belt and lap belt pretensioners (driver's side – except Australia models)



- 1) Seatbelt retractor assembly (shoulder belt pretensioner)
- 2) Lap belt pretensioner

On the driver's side, the shoulder belt pretensioner is supplemented by a lap belt pretensioner, which is located at the base of the center pillar. Like the shoulder belt pretensioner, the lap belt pretensioner instantaneously pulls in the belt to eliminate slackness if a certain level of frontal collision force is detected. As a result, the belt restrains the driver more effectively.

When a seatbelt pretensioner is activated, an operating noise will be heard and a

small amount of smoke will be released. These occurrences are normal and not harmful. This smoke does not indicate a fire in the vehicle.

Once the seatbelt pretensioner has been activated, the seatbelt pretensioner remains locked. Consequently, the seatbelt cannot be pulled out and retracted and therefore must be replaced.

## NOTE

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- Pretensioners are designed to function on a one-time-only basis. In the event that a pretensioner is activated, we recommend that you have both the driver's and front passenger's seatbelt retractor assemblies replaced with genuine SUBARU parts by your authorized SUBARU dealer.
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- If the front seatbelt assembly or surrounding area has been damaged, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.
- When you sell your vehicle, we urge you to explain to the buyer that it has seatbelt pretensioners by alerting the buyer to the contents of this section.

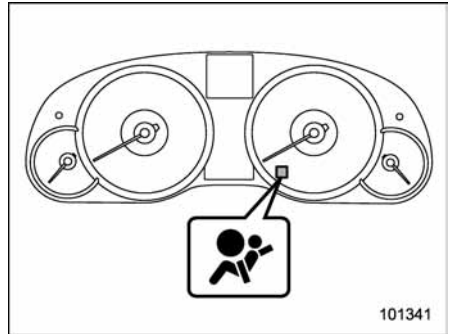


## WARNING

- To obtain maximum protection, the occupants should sit in an upright position with their seatbelts properly fastened. Refer to "Seatbelts" 1-15.
- Do not modify, remove or strike the front seatbelt assemblies or surrounding area. This could result in accidental activation of the seatbelt pretensioners or could make the system inoperative, possibly resulting in serious injury. Seatbelt pretensioners have no user-serviceable parts. For required servicing of front seatbelt assembly equipped with lap belt pretensioners, we recommend that you consult your nearest SUBARU dealer.
- When discarding front seatbelt retractor assemblies or scrap-

ping the entire vehicle due to collision damage or for other reasons, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer.

## System monitors



### SRS airbag system warning light

A diagnostic system continually monitors the readiness of the seatbelt pretensioner while the vehicle is being driven. The seatbelt pretensioners share the control module with the SRS airbag system. Therefore, if any malfunction occurs in a seatbelt pretensioner, the SRS airbag system warning light will illuminate. The SRS airbag system warning light will show normal system operation by lighting for



approximately 6 seconds when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position.

The following components are monitored by the indicator.

- Front sub sensor (right-hand side)
- Front sub sensor (left-hand side)
- Airbag control module (including impact sensor)
- Frontal airbag module (driver's side)
- Frontal airbag module (front passenger's side)
- Knee airbag module (Australia models)
- Center pillar impact sensor (right-hand side – if equipped)
- Center pillar impact sensor (left-hand side – if equipped)
- Side airbag module (driver's side – if equipped)
- Side airbag module (front passenger's side – if equipped)
- Rear wheel house impact sensor (right-hand side – if equipped)
- Rear wheel house impact sensor (left-hand side – if equipped)
- Curtain airbag module (right-hand side – if equipped)
- Curtain airbag module (left-hand side – if equipped)
- Seatbelt pretensioner (driver's side)
- Lap belt pretensioner (driver's side –

except Australia models)

- Seatbelt pretensioner (front passenger's side)
- All related wiring

**WARNING**

If the warning light exhibits any of the following conditions, there may be a malfunction in the seatbelt pretensioners, lap belt pretensioner and/or SRS airbag system. We recommend that you have the system checked immediately by your nearest SUBARU dealer. Unless checked and properly repaired, the seatbelt pretensioners and/or SRS airbags will operate improperly (e.g. SRS airbags may inflate in a very minor collision or not inflate in a severe collision), which may increase the risk of injury.

- Flashing or flickering of the warning light
- No illumination of the warning light when the ignition switch is first turned to the "ON" position
- Continuous illumination of the warning light
- Illumination of the warning light while driving

**System servicing****WARNING**

- When discarding a seatbelt retractor assembly or scrapping the entire vehicle damaged by a collision, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer.
- Tampering with or disconnecting the system's wiring could result in accidental activation of the seatbelt pretensioner and/or SRS airbag or could make the system inoperative, which may result in serious injury. Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the seatbelt pretensioner and SRS airbag systems. For required servicing of the seatbelt pretensioner, we recommend that you consult your nearest SUBARU dealer.

**CAUTION**

The front sub sensors are located on both the right and left sides at the front of the vehicle, and the SRS airbag control module including the impact sensor is located under the

center console. If you need service or repair in those areas or near the front seatbelt pretensioner, we recommend that you have the work performed by your authorized SUBARU dealer.

## NOTE

If the front part of the vehicle is damaged in an accident to the extent that the seatbelt pretensioner, lap belt pretensioner or SRS airbag systems do not operate, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.

## ■ Precautions against vehicle modification

We recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer if you want to install any accessory parts to your vehicle.



## CAUTION

Do not perform any of the following modifications. Such modifications can interfere with proper operation of the seatbelt pretensioners, lap belt pretensioner or SRS airbag systems.

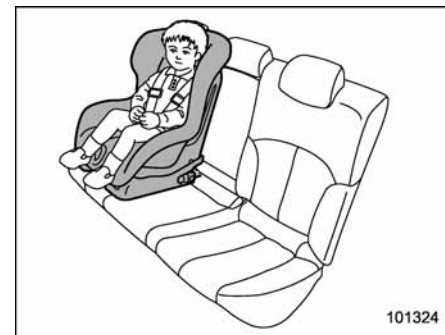
- Attachment of any equipment (bush bar, bullbar, winches, snow plow, skid/sump plate, etc.) to the front end other than genuine SUBARU accessory parts or parts that match the quality of genuine SUBARU accessory parts.
- Modification of the suspension system or front end structure.
- Installation of a tire of different size and construction from the tires specified on the vehicle placard attached to the driver's door pillar or specified for vehicle models in this Owner's Manual.

## Child restraint systems

### NOTE

For Australia models:

Refer to the Owner's Manual supplement for the instructions of the child restraint system.



Infants and small children should always be placed in an infant or child restraint system while riding in the vehicle. You should use an infant or child restraint system that is appropriate for the child's age and size. All child restraint systems are designed to be secured in the vehicle seats.

Children could be endangered in an accident if their child restraints are not

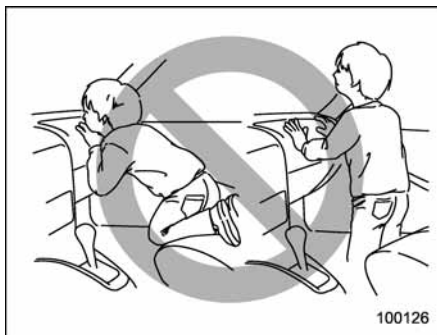
properly secured in the vehicle. When installing the child restraint system, carefully follow the manufacturer's instructions.

According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seating positions than in the front seating positions.



### WARNING

Never let a passenger hold a child on his or her lap or in his or her arms while the vehicle is moving. The passenger cannot protect the child from injury in a collision, because the child will be caught between the passenger and objects inside the vehicle.

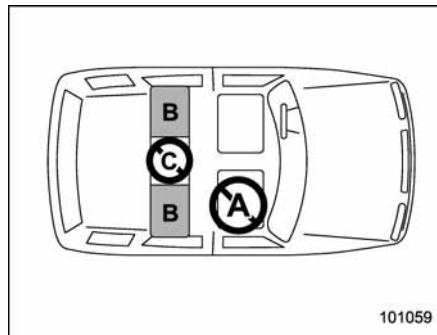


### WARNING

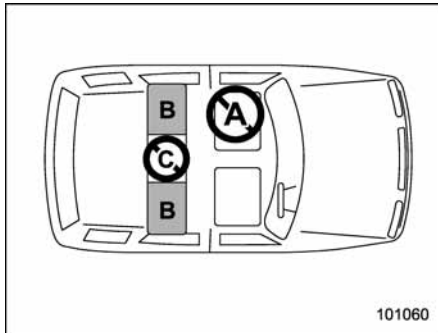
- Children should be properly restrained at all times. Never allow a child to stand up, or to kneel on any seat. Unrestrained children will be thrown forward during sudden stop or in an accident and can be injured seriously.
- Never allow a child to stand up, or to kneel on the front passenger's seat, or never hold a child on your lap or in your arms. The SRS airbag deploys with considerable force and can injure or even kill the child.

## ■ Where to place a child restraint system

The following descriptions are SUBARU's recommendations on where to place a child restraint system in your vehicle.



Left-hand drive models



Right-hand drive models

#### **A: Front passenger's seat**

Do not install a child restraint system (including a booster seat) due to the hazard to children posed by the passenger's airbag.

#### **B: Rear seat, window-side seating positions**

Recommended positions for all types of child restraint systems.

In these positions, the following equipment is provided for installing a child restraint system.

- Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR) seatbelts
- Automatic/Emergency Locking Retractor (A/ELR) seatbelts (if equipped)
- ISOFIX anchor bars

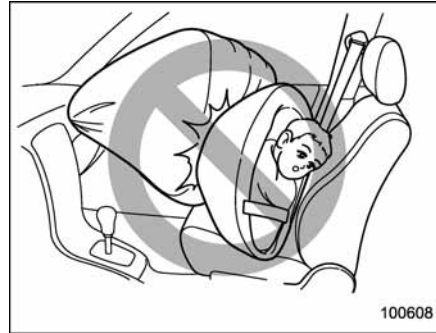
#### • Top tether anchorages

Some types of child restraints might not be able to be secured firmly due to projection of the seat cushion.

In this seating position, you should use only a child restraint system that has a bottom base that fits snugly against the contours of the seat cushion and can be securely retained using the seatbelt.

#### **C: Rear seat, center seating position**

Do not install a child restraint system (including a booster seat).



#### **WARNING**

- **Secure ALL types of child restraint devices (including forward facing child seats) in the**

**REAR seats at all times. The SRS airbag deploys with considerable speed and force and can injure or even kill children, especially if they are not restrained or improperly restrained. Because children are lighter and weaker than adults, their risk of being injured from deployment is greater. According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seating positions than in the front seating positions.**

- **NEVER INSTALL A REARWARD FACING CHILD SEAT IN THE FRONT PASSENGER'S SEAT. DOING SO RISKS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO THE CHILD BY PLACING THE CHILD'S HEAD TOO CLOSE TO THE SRS AIRBAG.**

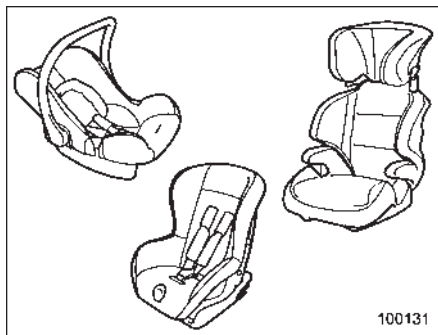
▼ **Warning label**



A warning label as shown above is attached to the sun visor.

This warning label means “⚠ Extreme Hazard! Do not use a rearward-facing child restraint on a seat protected by an airbag in front of it!”.

■ **Choosing a child restraint system**



Choose a child restraint system that is appropriate for the child's size and age to provide the child with proper protection.

Also it is important that the child restraint system meets safety standards applicable to your country.

In most European countries, child restraint systems must meet the requirement of ECE regulation No. 44. It can be identified by looking for the approval label on the child restraint system or the manufacturer's statement of compliance on the box and the system.

According to the ECE regulation No. 44, child restraint systems are classified into the following five “mass groups”:

**Group 0:** for children of a mass less than 10 kg

**Group 0<sup>+</sup>:** for children of a mass less than 13 kg

**Group I:** for children of mass from 9 to 18 kg

**Group II:** for children of mass from 15 to 25 kg

**Group III:** for children of mass from 22 to 36 kg

For European countries, refer to the following table for the recommended child restraint system.

## ■ Child restraint suitability for each seating position (Europe)

| Mass group  | Group according to ECE 44 | Front seating position | Rear seating position                        |        |
|-------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------|
|             |                           | Passenger              | Window-side                                  | Center |
| Up to 13 kg | 0, 0 <sup>+</sup>         | ×                      | L <sub>1</sub> , L <sub>2</sub> <sup>*</sup> | ×      |
| 9 to 18 kg  | I                         | ×                      | L <sub>3</sub> <sup>*</sup>                  | ×      |
| 15 to 36 kg | II, III                   | ×                      | L <sub>4</sub> , L <sub>5</sub> <sup>*</sup> | ×      |

L<sub>1</sub>: Suitable for "SUBARU Baby-safe plus" that is approved for the use in this mass group.

L<sub>2</sub>: Suitable for "SUBARU Baby-safe ISOFIX plus" that is approved for the use in this mass group.

(\* : With ISOFIX fastening only)

L<sub>3</sub>: Recommended for "SUBARU Duo plus" that is approved for the use in this mass group.

(\* : With ISOFIX fastening only)

L<sub>4</sub>: Suitable for "SUBARU KID plus" that is approved for the use in this mass group.

L<sub>5</sub>: Suitable for "SUBARU KIDFIX" that is approved for the use in this mass group.

(\* : With ISOFIX fastening only)

× : Not suitable for child restraint system.

| Mass group        | Size class | Fixture | Vehicle ISOFIX positions |               |             |
|-------------------|------------|---------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------|
|                   |            |         | Front Passenger          | Rear Outboard | Rear Center |
| Carry-cot         | F          | ISO/L1  | NA                       | ×             | NA          |
|                   | G          | ISO/L2  | NA                       | ×             | NA          |
| 0 – up to 10 kg   | E          | ISO/R1  | NA                       | IL1           | NA          |
| 0+ – up to 13 kg  | E          | ISO/R1  | NA                       | IL1           | NA          |
|                   | D          | ISO/R2  | NA                       | IL1           | NA          |
|                   | C          | ISO/R3  | NA                       | IL1           | NA          |
| I – 9 to 18 kg    | D          | ISO/R2  | NA                       | IL1           | NA          |
|                   | C          | ISO/R3  | NA                       | IL1           | NA          |
|                   | B          | ISO/F2  | NA                       | IUF           | NA          |
|                   | B1         | ISO/F2X | NA                       | IUF           | NA          |
|                   | A          | ISO/F3  | NA                       | IUF           | NA          |
| II – 15 to 25 kg  |            |         | NA                       | IL2           | NA          |
| III – 22 to 36 kg |            |         | NA                       | IL2           | NA          |

IUF: Suitable for ISOFIX forward child restraints systems of universal category that are approved for use in the mass group.

IL: Suitable for particular ISOFIX child restraint systems (CRS) that are given in the attached list.

These ISOFIX CRS are those of the “specific vehicle”, “restricted” or “semi-universal” categories.  
 ×: ISOFIX position not suitable for ISOFIX child restraint systems in the mass group and/or this size class.

IL1: SUBARU BABY-SAFE ISOFIX Plus

IL2: SUBARU KIDFIX

## ■ Installing child restraint systems with seatbelt



### WARNING

- Child restraint systems and seatbelts can become hot in a vehicle that has been closed up in sunny weather; they could burn a small child. Check the child restraint system before you place a child in it.
- Do not leave an unsecured child restraint system in your vehicle. Unsecured child restraint systems can be thrown around inside of the vehicle in a sudden stop, turn or accident; they can strike and injure vehicle occupants as well as result in serious injuries or death to the child.

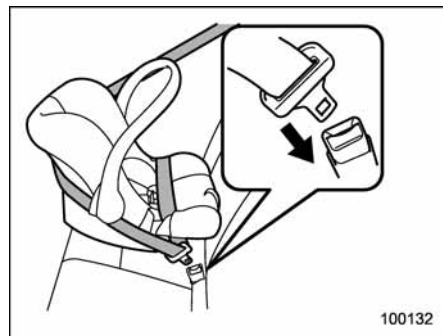


### CAUTION

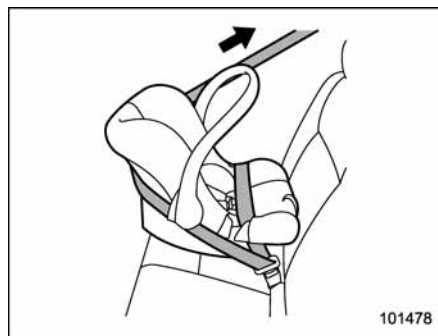
**When you install a child restraint system, follow the manufacturer's instructions supplied with it. After installing the child restraint system, check to ensure that it is held securely in position. If it is not held tight and secure, the danger of your**

child suffering personal injury in the event of an accident may be increased.

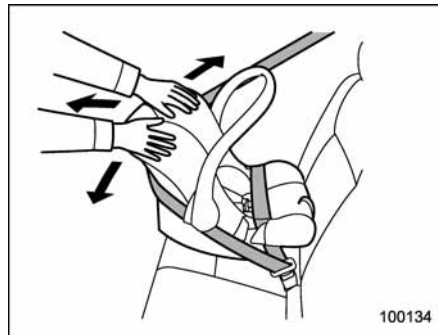
▼ **Installing a rearward facing child restraint**



1. Place the child restraint system in the rear seating position.
2. Run the lap and shoulder belt through or around the child restraint system following the instructions provided by its manufacturer.
3. Insert the tongue plate into the buckle until you hear a click.



4. Take up the slack in the lap belt.



5. Push and pull the child restraint system forward and from side to side to check that it is firmly secured.
6. To remove the child restraint system, press the release button on the seatbelt

buckle.



**WARNING**

**NEVER INSTALL A REARWARD FACING CHILD SEAT IN THE FRONT PASSENGER'S SEAT. DOING SO RISKS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO THE CHILD BY PLACING THE CHILD'S HEAD TOO CLOSE TO THE SRS AIRBAG.**

▼ **Installing forward facing child restraint**

First check if the Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR) is equipped for the seatbelts of the vehicle according to the following procedure.

1. Draw out the seatbelt completely.
2. Retract the seatbelt even slightly and try to draw out the seatbelt again.
3. If the seatbelt is locked in that position and cannot be extended, it indicates that an ALR is equipped for the seatbelt.

When the seatbelt is retracted fully, the ALR mode is canceled and the Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR) mode is restored.

If the ALR is not equipped for the seatbelt, refer to "Models without ALR" 1-36.

– **CONTINUED** –



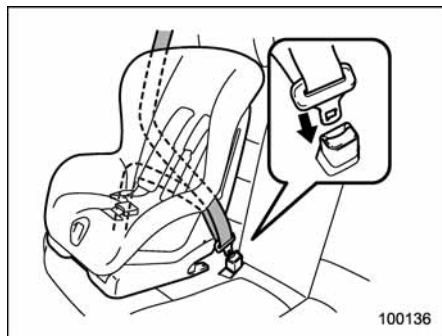
## 1-36 *Seat, seatbelt and SRS airbags*

If the ALR is equipped for the seatbelt, refer to “Models with ALR” ¶1-36.

### NOTE

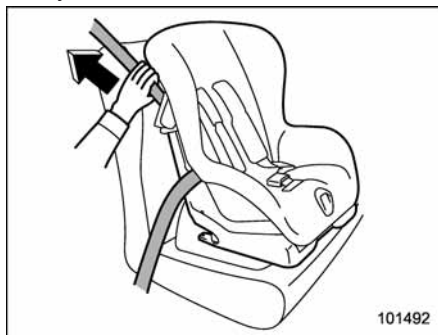
- For details about the ELR, refer to “Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR)” ¶1-16.
- For details about the ALR, refer to “Automatic/Emergency Locking Retractor (A/ELR)” ¶1-16.

#### ▽ Models without ALR



1. Place the child restraint system in the rear seating position.
2. Run the lap and shoulder belt through or around the child restraint system following the instructions provided by its manufacturer.
3. Insert the tongue plate into the buckle

until you hear a click.



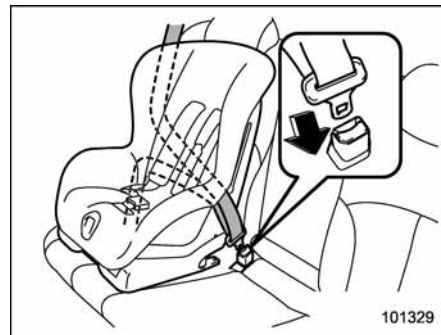
4. Take up the slack in the lap belt.



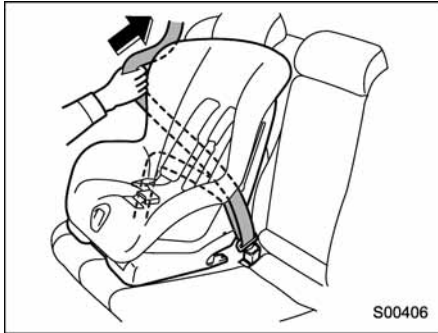
5. Before having a child sit in the child restraint system, try to move it back and forth and right and left to check that it is firmly secured. Sometimes a child restraint

can be more firmly secured by pushing it down into the seat cushion and then tightening the seatbelt.

#### ▽ Models with ALR



1. Place the child restraint system in the rear seating position.
2. Run the lap and shoulder belt through or around the child restraint system following the instructions provided by its manufacturer.
3. Insert the tongue plate into the buckle until you hear a click.

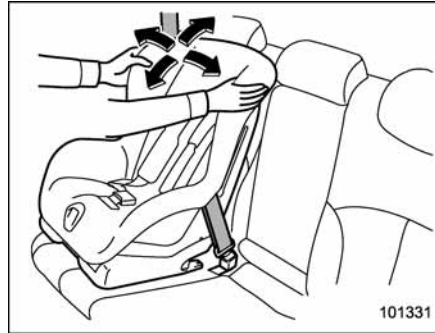


4. Take up the slack in the lap belt.

5. Pull out the seatbelt fully from the retractor to change the retractor over from the Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR) to the Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR) mode. Then, allow the belt to rewind into the retractor. As the belt is rewinding, clicks will be heard which indicate the retractor functions as ALR.

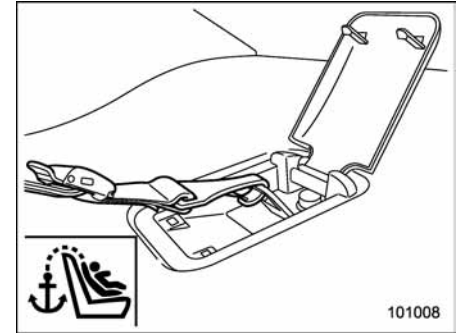
### NOTE

For details about the ALR mode, refer to "Automatic/Emergency Locking Retractor (A/ELR)" 1-16.

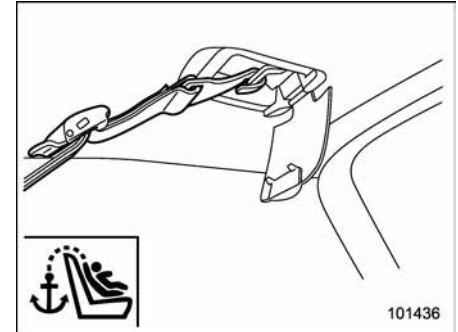


6. Before having a child sit in the child restraint system, try to move it back and forth and right and left to check that it is firmly secured in the center of the seat. Sometimes a child restraint can be more firmly secured by pushing it down into the seat cushion and then tightening the seatbelt.

7. Pull at the shoulder portion of the belt to confirm that it cannot be pulled out (ALR properly functioning).



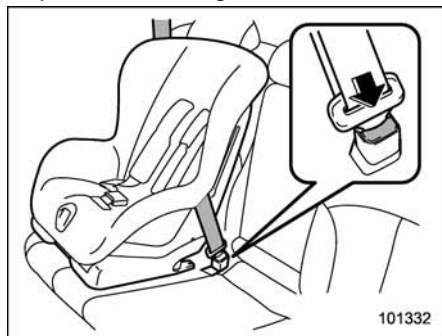
Sedan



Station wagon

8. If the child restraint system requires a top tether, latch the hook onto the top tether anchorage and tighten the top tether. For additional instructions, refer to

“Top tether anchorages” 1-41.



9. To remove the child restraint system, press the release button on the seatbelt buckle and allow the belt to retract completely. The belt will return to the ELR mode.

## NOTE

**When the child restraint system is no longer in use, remove it and restore the ELR mode of the retractor. That mode is restored by allowing the seatbelt to retract fully.**

## ■ Installing a booster seat

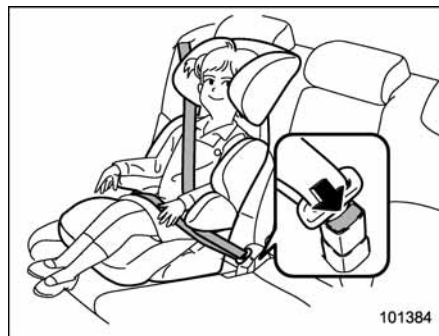


1. Place the booster seat in the rear seating position and sit the child on it. The child should sit well back on the booster seat.

2. Run the lap and shoulder belt through or around the booster seat and the child following the instructions provided by its manufacturer.

3. Insert the tongue plate into the buckle until you hear a click. Take care not to twist the seatbelt.

Make sure the shoulder belt is positioned across the center of child's shoulder and that the lap belt is positioned as low as possible on the child's hips.



4. To remove the booster seat, press the release button on the seatbelt buckle and allow the belt to retract.



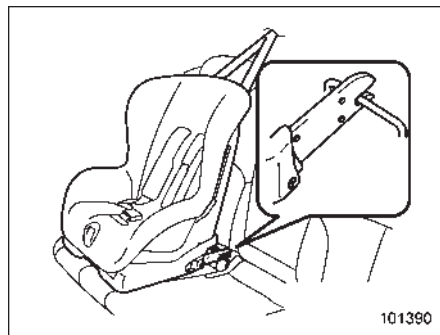
## WARNING

- **Never use a belt that is twisted or reversed. In an accident, this can increase the risk or severity of injury to the child.**
- **Never place the shoulder belt under the child's arm or behind the child's back. If an accident occurs, this can increase the risk or severity of injury to the child.**
- **The seatbelt should fit snugly in order to provide full restraint. Loose fitting belts are not as**

effective in preventing or reducing injury.

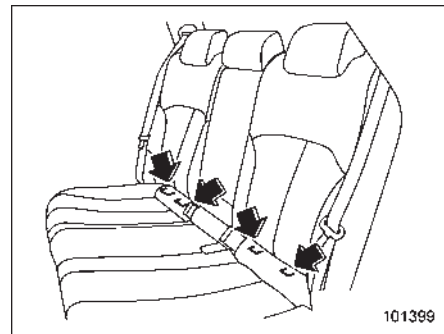
- Place the lap belt as low as possible on the child's hips. High-positioned lap belt will increase the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.
- Make sure the shoulder belt is positioned across the center of child's shoulder. Placing the shoulder belt over the neck may result in neck injury during sudden braking or in a collision.

## ■ Installation of child restraint systems using ISOFIX anchor bars



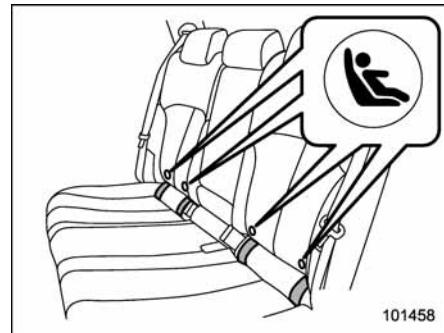
101390

Your vehicle is equipped with ISOFIX anchor bars that allow an approved ISOFIX child restraint system to be installed on the rear seat without use of a seatbelt.



101399

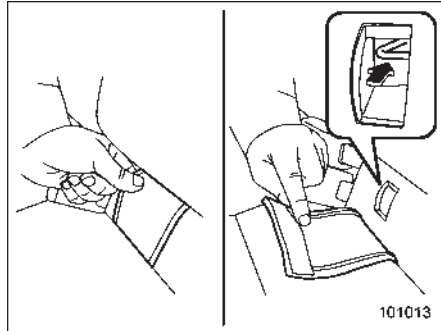
The ISOFIX anchor bars allow you to install a child restraint system only on the rear seat window-side seating positions. For each window-side seating position, two anchor bars are provided.



101458

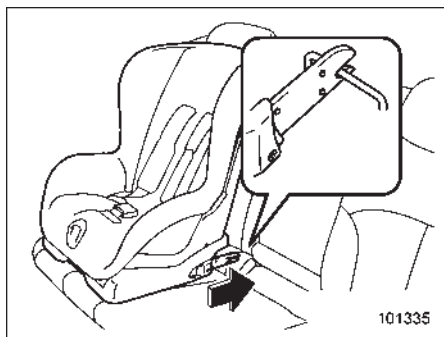
Marks "Ⓢ" are placed at the bottom of the

seatbacks of the rear seats. These marks indicate the positions of the ISOFIX anchor bars.

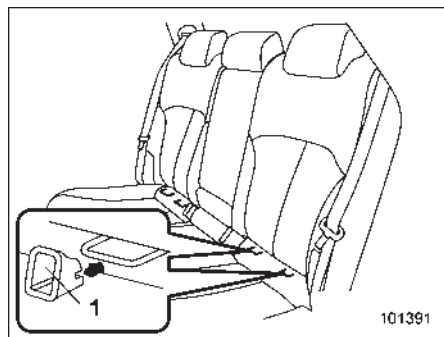


Each anchor bar is located where the seat cushion meets the seatback.

1. Use the "⊕" marks to locate the two anchor bars for the position where you want to install the child restraint system.



2. While following the instructions supplied by the child restraint system manufacturer, connect the connectors of the child restraint system to the anchor bars. When the connectors are fastened, make sure that the adjacent seatbelts are not caught.



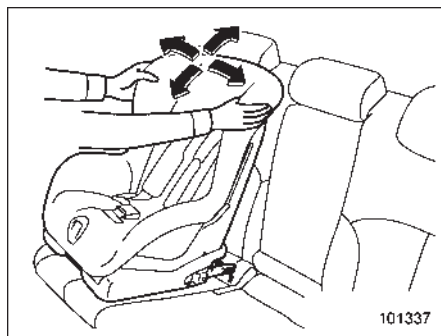
1) Inserting aid

## NOTE

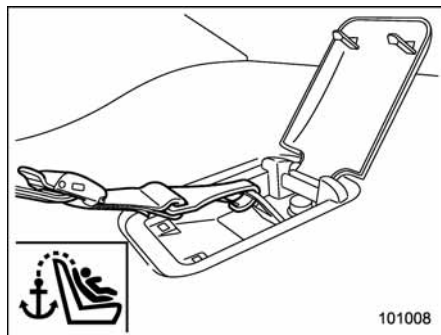
**If your child restraint system is provided with inserting aids, clip them to the two ISOFIX anchor bars before connecting the child restraint system.**

**Position the two connectors just in front of the two inserting aids. Then insert the two connectors into the inserting aids to connect the connectors to the anchor bars.**

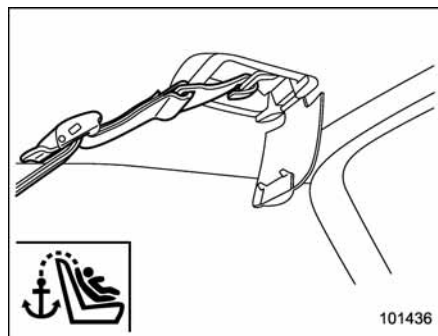
**The inserting aids make it easier to fit the child restraint system with ISOFIX and avoid damage to the seat.**



3. Before seating a child in the child restraint system, try to move it back and forth and right and left to verify that it is firmly secured in the center of the seat.



Sedan



#### Station wagon

If the child restraint system requires a top tether, latch the hook onto the top tether anchorage and tighten the top tether. For additional instructions, refer to "Top tether anchorages" 1-41.

For further information, refer to the instruction manual supplied by the child restraint system manufacturer.



#### CAUTION

When you install a child restraint system, follow the manufacturer's instructions supplied with it. After installing the child restraint system, check to ensure that it is held securely in position. If it is not held tight and secure, the danger of your

child suffering personal injury in the event of an accident may be increased.

#### NOTE

Before installing a child restraint system, ask the manufacturer of the system to confirm that it is one approved for your vehicle.

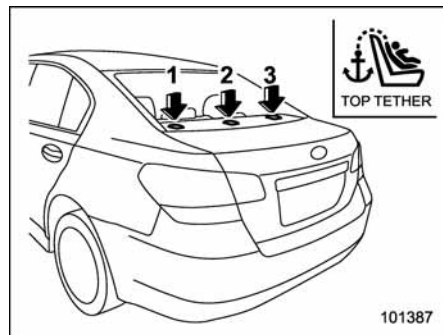
#### ■ Top tether anchorages

Your vehicle is provided with two or three top tether anchorages so that a child restraint system having a top tether can be installed in the rear seat. When installing a child restraint system using top tether, proceed as follows, while observing the instructions by the child restraint system manufacturer.

Since a top tether can provide additional stability by offering another connection between a child restraint system and the vehicle, we recommend that you use a top tether whenever one is required or available.

▼ **Anchorage location**

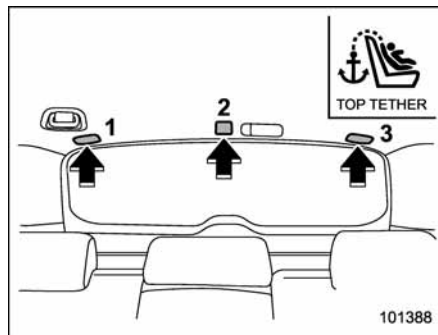
▽ **Sedan**



- 1) For left seat
- 2) For center seat (for Australia models)
- 3) For right seat

There are two or three anchorages on the rear shelf behind the rear seat.

▽ **Station wagon**



- 1) For right seat
- 2) For center seat (for Australia models)
- 3) For left seat

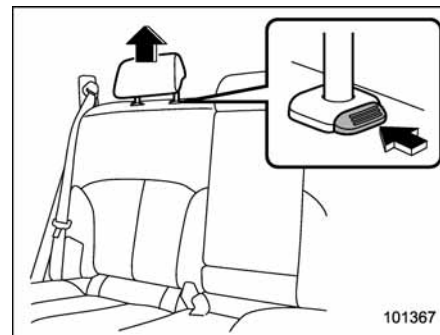
There are two or three anchorages on the rear wall of the cargo area.

▼ **To hook the top tether**

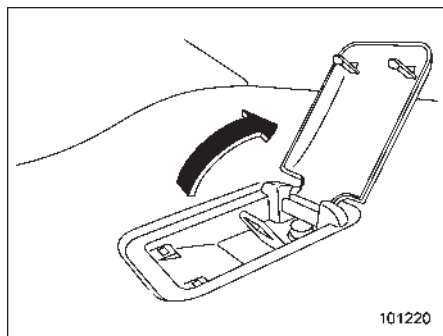


**CAUTION**

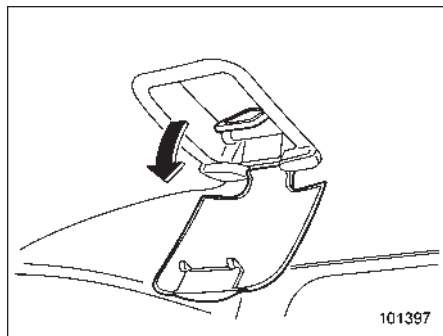
**Always remove the head restraint when mounting a child restraint system with a top tether. Failure to do so may prevent the top tether from being fastened tightly.**



1. Remove the head restraint at the window-side seating position where the child restraint system has been installed with the ISOFIX anchor bars or seatbelt; lift up the head restraint while pressing the release button. Store the head restraint in the trunk (Sedan) or cargo area (Station wagon). Avoid placing the head restraint in the passenger compartment to prevent it from being thrown around in a sudden stop or a sharp turn.

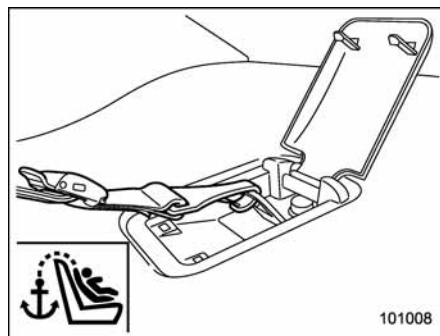


**Sedan**

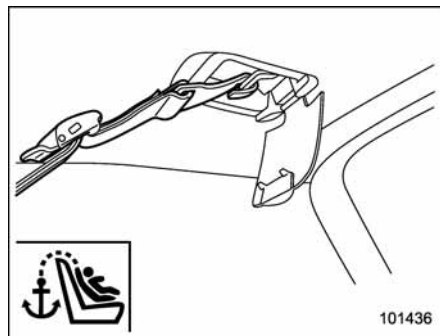


**Station wagon**

2. Open the cover for the appropriate upper anchorage.



**Sedan**



**Station wagon**

3. Attach the child restraint top tether hook to the appropriate upper anchorage.  
4. Tighten the top tether securely.

We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer if you have any question regarding the installation of a child restraint system.



## **\*SRS airbag (Supplemental Restraint System airbag)**

\*SRS: This stands for supplemental restraint system. This name is used because the airbag system supplements the vehicle's seatbelts.

### **■ Models with SRS airbags and lap/shoulder restraints for driver, front passenger, and window-side rear passengers**

Your vehicle is equipped with a supplemental restraint system in addition to a lap/shoulder belt at each front seating position and each rear window-side seating position.

The supplemental restraint system (SRS) consists of two or six airbags. The configurations are as follows:

#### **Two airbags**

Driver's and front passenger's **frontal** airbags

#### **Six airbags**

- Driver's and front passenger's **frontal** airbags
- Driver's and front passenger's **side** airbags (if equipped)
- **Curtain** airbags (for driver, front passenger, and window-side rear passen-

gers) (if equipped)

For some models:

There is a knee airbag equipped for the driver's seat as an additional airbag.

**These SRS airbags are designed only as a supplement to the primary protection provided by the seatbelt.**

The system also controls front seatbelt pretensioners. For operation instructions and precautions concerning the seatbelt pretensioner, refer to "Front seatbelt pretensioners" ¶1-25.



### **WARNING**

- **To obtain maximum protection in the event of an accident, the driver and all passengers in the vehicle should always wear seatbelts when the vehicle is moving. The SRS airbag is designed only as a supplement to the primary protection provided by the seatbelt. It does not do away with the need to fasten seatbelts. In combination with the seatbelts, it offers the best combined protection in case of a serious accident. Not wearing a seatbelt increases the chance of severe injury or death in a crash even when the**

vehicle has the SRS airbag.

For instructions and precautions concerning the seatbelt system, refer to "Seatbelts" ¶1-15.

- **Do not sit or lean unnecessarily close to the SRS airbag. Because the SRS airbag deploys with considerable speed – faster than the blink of an eye – and force to protect in high speed collisions, the force of an airbag can injure an occupant whose body is too close to SRS airbag.**

It is also important to wear your seatbelt to help avoid injuries that can result when the SRS airbag contacts an occupant not in proper position such as one thrown forward during pre-accident braking.

Even when properly positioned, there remains a possibility that an occupant may suffer minor injury such as abrasions and bruises to the face or arms because of the SRS airbag deployment force.

- **The SRS airbags deploy with considerable speed and force. Occupants who are out of proper position when the SRS airbag**

deploys could suffer very serious injuries. Because the SRS airbag needs enough space for deployment, the driver should always sit upright and well back in the seat as far from the steering wheel as practical while still maintaining full vehicle control and the front passenger should move the seat as far back as possible and sit upright and well back in the seat.

- Do not place any objects over or near the SRS airbag cover or between you and the SRS airbag. If the SRS airbag deploys, those objects could interfere with its proper operation and could be propelled inside the vehicle and cause injury.



### WARNING

- Put children in the REAR seat properly restrained at all times in a child restraint device or in a seatbelt, whichever is appropriate for the child's age, height and weight. The SRS airbag deploys with considerable speed and force and can injure or even kill children, especially if they are not restrained or improperly restrained. Because children are lighter and weaker than adults, their risk of being injured from deployment is greater.

Secure ALL types of child restraint devices (including forward

facing child seats) in the REAR seats at all times.

According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seating positions than in the front seating positions.

For instructions and precautions concerning the child restraint system, refer to "Child restraint systems" 1-29.

- NEVER INSTALL A REARWARD FACING CHILD SEAT IN THE FRONT SEAT. DOING SO RISKS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO THE CHILD BY PLACING THE CHILD'S HEAD TOO CLOSE TO THE SRS AIRBAG.
- Never allow a child to stand up, or to kneel on the front passenger's seat, or never hold a child on your lap or in your arms. The SRS airbag deploys with considerable force and can injure or even kill the child.

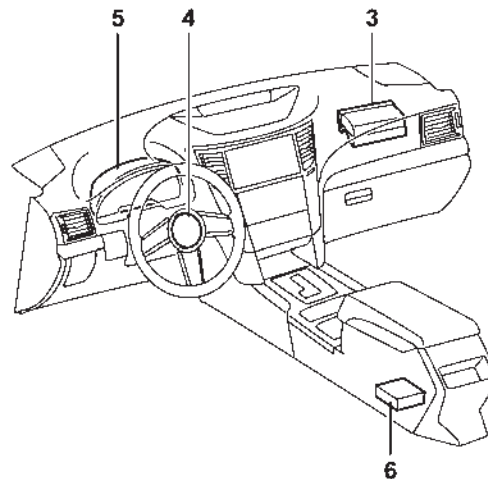
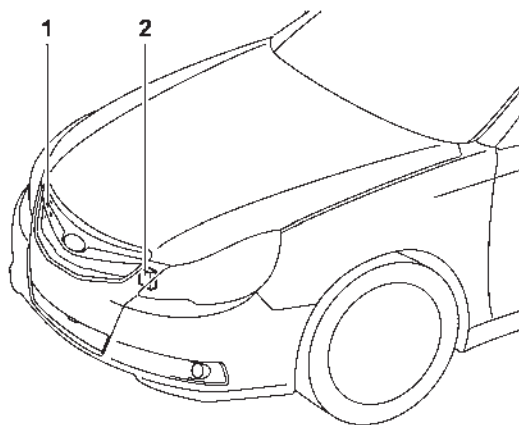


**CAUTION**

- When the SRS airbag deploys, some smoke will be released. This smoke could cause breathing problems for people with a history of asthma or other breathing trouble. If you or your passengers have breathing problems after SRS airbag deploys, get fresh air promptly.
- A deploying SRS airbag releases hot gas. Occupants could get burned if they come into direct contact with the hot gas.

**NOTE**

When you sell your vehicle, we urge you to explain to the buyer that it is equipped with SRS airbags by alerting the buyer to the applicable section in this Owner's Manual.



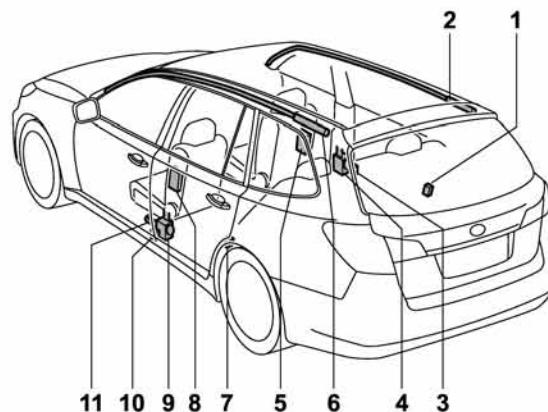
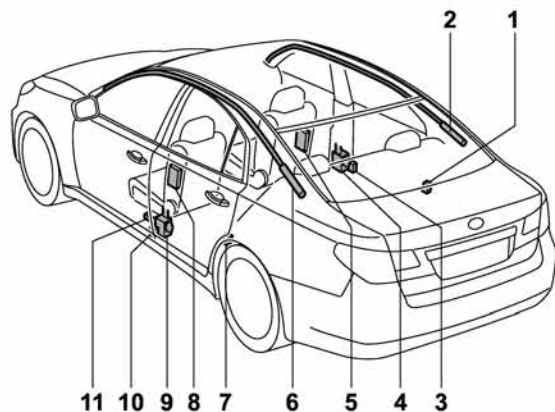
101431

**Left-hand drive models**

- 1) Front sub sensor (right-hand side)
- 2) Front sub sensor (left-hand side)
- 3) Frontal airbag module (front passenger's side)
- 4) Frontal airbag module (driver's side)
- 5) SRS airbag system warning light

- 6) Airbag control module (including impact sensor)

– CONTINUED –



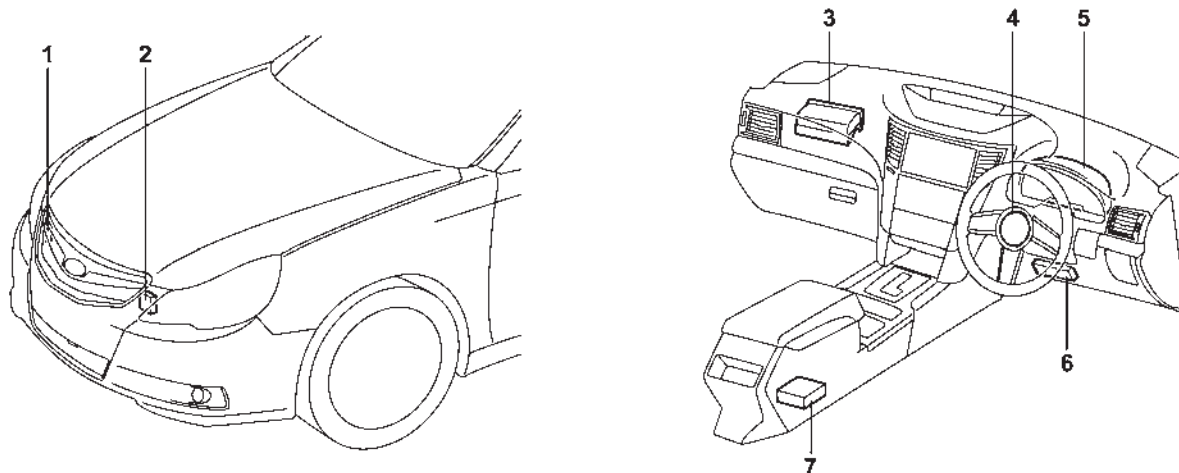
101475

**Left-hand drive models**

- 1) Rear wheel house impact sensor (right-hand side – if equipped)
- 2) Curtain airbag module (right-hand side – if equipped)
- 3) Center pillar impact sensor (right-hand side – if equipped)

- 4) Seatbelt pretensioner (right-hand side)
- 5) Side airbag module (right-hand side – if equipped)
- 6) Curtain airbag module (left-hand side – if equipped)
- 7) Rear wheel house impact sensor (left-hand side – if equipped)

- 8) Side airbag module (left-hand side – if equipped)
- 9) Seatbelt pretensioner (left-hand side)
- 10) Center pillar impact sensor (left-hand side – if equipped)
- 11) Lap belt pretensioner (driver's side – if equipped)

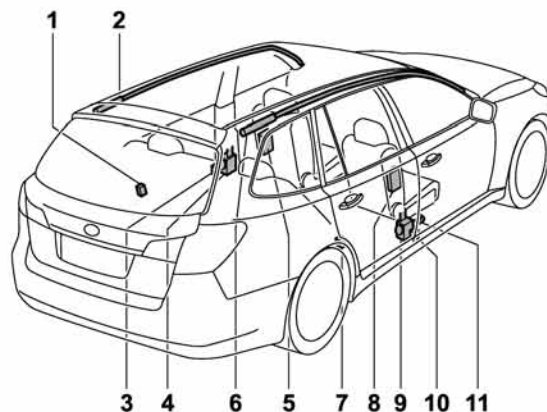
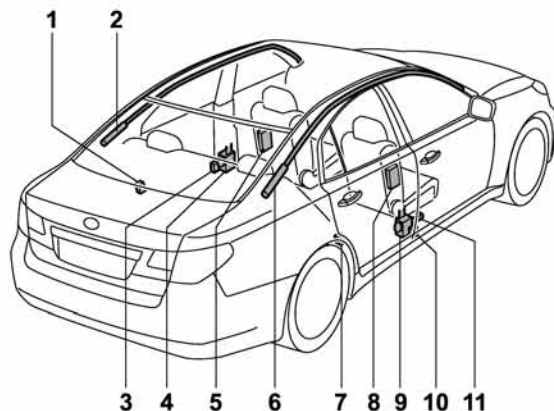


101433

**Right-hand drive models**

- 1) Front sub sensor (right-hand side)
- 2) Front sub sensor (left-hand side)
- 3) Frontal airbag module (front passenger's side)
- 4) Frontal airbag module (driver's side)
- 5) SRS airbag system warning light
- 6) Knee airbag module (if equipped)
- 7) Airbag control module (including impact sensor)

– CONTINUED –



101476

**Right-hand drive models**

- 1) Rear wheel house impact sensor (left-hand side – if equipped)
- 2) Curtain airbag module (left-hand side – if equipped)
- 3) Center pillar impact sensor (left-hand side – if equipped)

- 4) Seatbelt pretensioner (left-hand side)
- 5) Side airbag module (left-hand side – if equipped)
- 6) Curtain airbag module (right-hand side – if equipped)
- 7) Rear wheel house impact sensor (right-hand side – if equipped)

- 8) Side airbag module (right-hand side – if equipped)
- 9) Seatbelt pretensioner (right-hand side)
- 10) Center pillar impact sensor (right-hand side – if equipped)
- 11) Lap belt pretensioner (driver's side – if equipped)

## ■ SRS frontal airbag

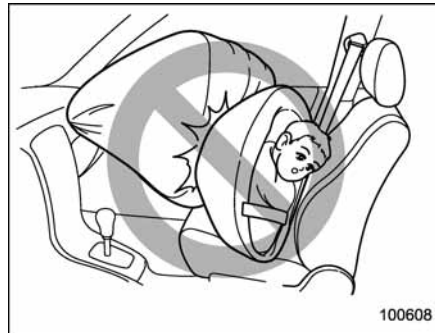
The driver's SRS frontal airbag is stowed in the center portion of the steering wheel. The passenger's SRS frontal airbag is stowed near the top of the dashboard under an "SRS AIRBAG" mark.

In a moderate to severe frontal collision, the driver's and front passenger's SRS frontal airbags deploy and supplement the seatbelts by reducing the impact on the driver's and front passenger's head and chest.

## NOTE

For models with a knee airbag, the knee airbag is stowed under the steering column.

In a moderate to severe frontal collision, the knee airbag deploys in conjunction with the frontal airbag and supplements the seatbelt by reducing the impact on the driver's knees.



100608



## WARNING

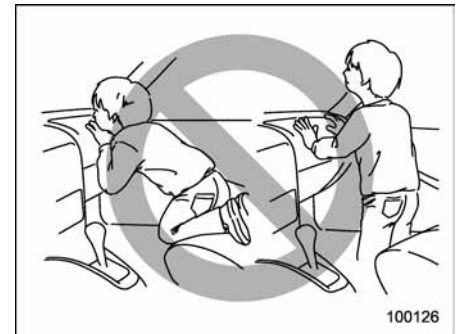
**NEVER INSTALL A REARWARD FACING CHILD SEAT IN THE FRONT SEAT. DOING SO RISKS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO THE CHILD BY PLACING THE CHILD'S HEAD TOO CLOSE TO THE SRS AIRBAG.**



100664

A warning label as shown above is attached to the sun visor.

This warning label means "⚠ Extreme Hazard! Do not use a rearward-facing child restraint on a seat protected by an airbag in front of it!"



100126



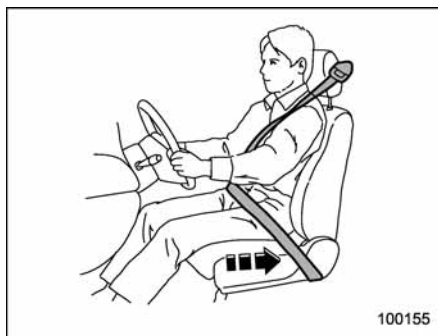
**⚠ WARNING**

Never allow a child to stand up, or to kneel on the front passenger's seat. The SRS airbag deploys with considerable force and can injure or even kill the child.



**⚠ WARNING**

Never hold a child on your lap or in your arms. The SRS airbag deploys with considerable force and can injure or even kill the child.

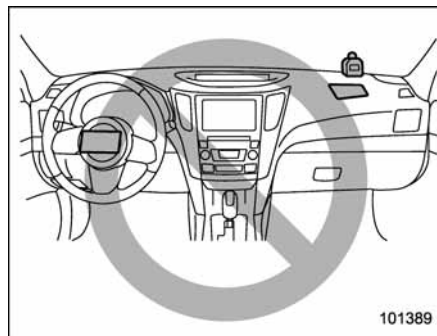


**⚠ WARNING**

The SRS airbag deploys with considerable speed and force. Occupants who are out of proper position when the SRS airbag deploys could suffer very serious injuries. Because the SRS airbag needs enough space for deployment, the driver should always sit upright and well back in the seat as far from the steering wheel as practical while still maintaining full vehicle control and the front passenger should move the seat as far back as possible and sit upright and well back in the seat.

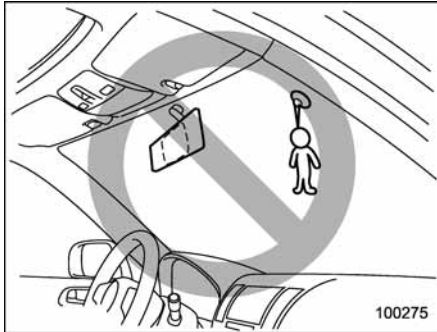
It is also important to wear your

seatbelt to help avoid injuries that can result when the SRS airbag contacts an occupant not in proper position such as one thrown toward the front of the vehicle during pre-accident braking.

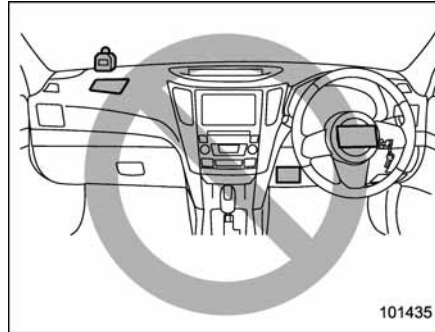


**⚠ WARNING**

Do not put any objects over the steering wheel pad and dashboard. If the SRS frontal airbag deploys, those objects could interfere with its proper operation and could be propelled inside the vehicle and cause injury.

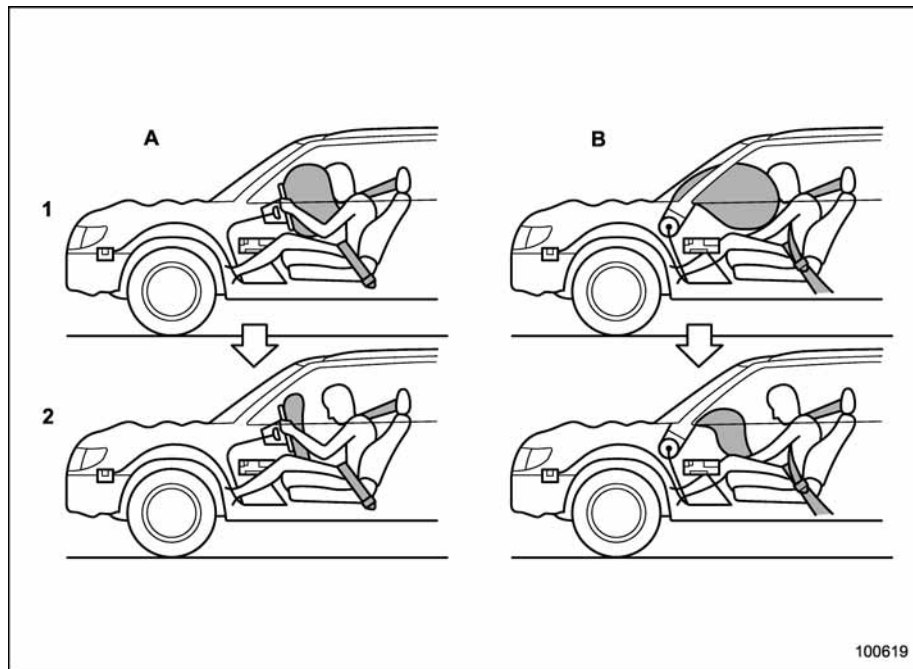
**⚠ WARNING**

Do not attach accessories to the windshield, or fit an extra-wide mirror over the rear view mirror. If the SRS airbag deploys, those objects could become projectiles that could seriously injure vehicle occupants.

**⚠ WARNING**

For models with knee airbag:

- The key must not be attached to heavy, sharp or hard accessories, or another key. If the knee airbag deploys, those objects could interfere with its proper operation and could be propelled inside the vehicle and cause injury.
- Do not put any objects under the driver's side of the instrument panel. If the knee airbag deploys, those objects could interfere with its proper operation and could be propelled inside the vehicle and cause injury.

**▼ Operation**

- A) Driver's side  
B) Passenger's side

- 1) SRS AIRBAGS deploy as soon as a collision occurs.  
2) After deployment, SRS AIRBAGS start to deflate immediately so that the driver's vision is not obstructed.

The SRS airbag can function only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

If the front sub sensors located on both the right and left sides at the front of the vehicle and the impact sensor in the airbag control module detect a certain predetermined amount of force during a frontal collision, the control module sends signals to the frontal airbag modules instructing them to inflate the SRS frontal airbags. Then both airbag modules produce gas, which instantly inflates driver's and passenger's SRS frontal airbags.

After deployment, the SRS airbags immediately start to deflate so that the driver's vision is not obstructed. The time required from detecting impact to the deflation of the SRS airbag after deployment is shorter than the blink of an eye.

The front passenger's SRS frontal airbag deploys together with driver's SRS frontal airbag even when no one occupies the front passenger's seat.

Although it is highly unlikely that the SRS airbag would activate in a non-accident situation, should it occur, the SRS airbag will deflate quickly, not obscuring vision and will not interfere with the driver's ability to maintain control of the vehicle.

When the SRS airbag deploys, a sudden,

fairly loud inflation noise will be heard and some smoke will be released. These occurrences are normal result of the deployment. This smoke does not indicate a fire in the vehicle.



### CAUTION

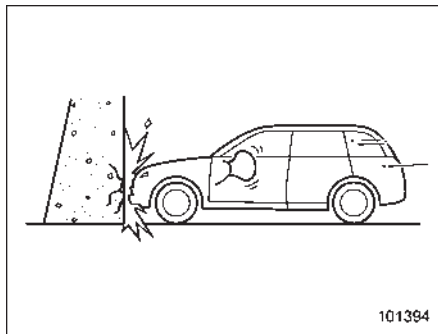
**Do not touch the SRS airbag system components around the steering wheel and dashboard with bare hands right after deployment. Doing so can cause burns because the components can be very hot as a result of deployment.**

The SRS frontal airbag is designed to deploy in the event of an accident involving a moderate to severe frontal collision. It is basically not designed to deploy in lesser frontal impacts because the necessary protection can be achieved by the seatbelt alone. Also, it is basically not designed to deploy in side or rear impacts or in roll-over accidents because deployment of the SRS frontal airbag would not help the occupant in those situations. The SRS airbag is designed to function on a one-time-only basis.

SRS airbag deployment depends on the level of force experienced in the passenger compartment during a collision. That

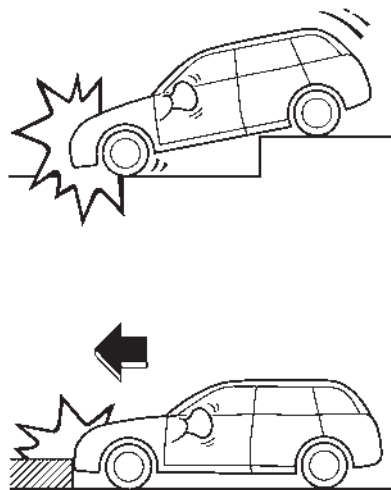
level differs from one type of collision to another, and it may have no bearing on the visible damage done to the vehicle itself.

### ▽ When will the SRS frontal airbag most likely deploy?



A head-on collision against a thick concrete wall at a vehicle speed of 20 to 30 km/h (12 to 19 mph) or higher activates the SRS frontal airbag. The SRS frontal airbag will also be activated when the vehicle is exposed to a frontal impact similar in fashion and magnitude to the collision described above.

### ▽ At what other times might the SRS frontal airbag deploy?



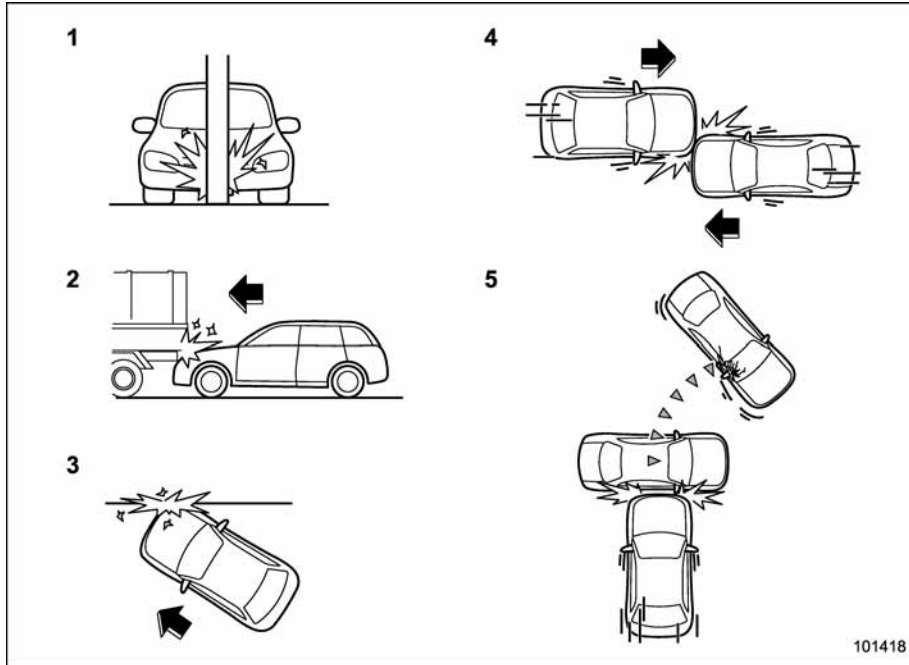
The SRS frontal airbag may be activated when the vehicle sustains a hard impact in the undercarriage area from the road surface (such as when the vehicle

## **1-56** *Seat, seatbelt and SRS airbags*

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plunges into a deep ditch, is severely impacted or knocked hard against an obstacle on the road such as a curb).

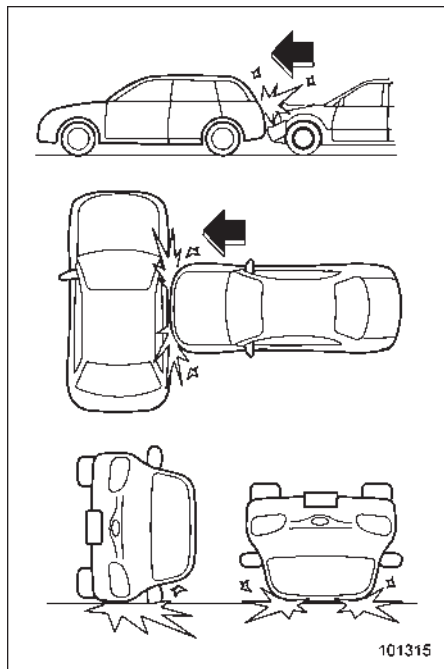
▽ When is the SRS frontal airbag unlikely to deploy?



- 1) The vehicle strikes an object, such as a telephone pole or sign pole.
- 2) The vehicle slides under the load bed of a truck.
- 3) The vehicle sustains an oblique offset frontal impact.
- 4) The vehicle sustains an offset frontal collision.
- 5) The vehicle strikes an object that can move or deform, such as a parked vehicle.

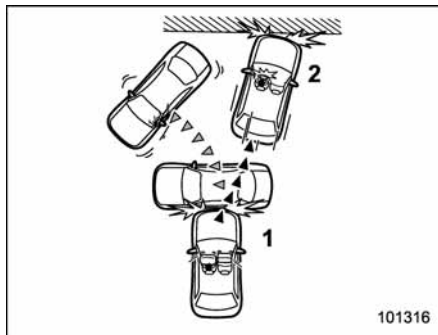
There are many types of collisions which might not necessarily require SRS frontal airbag deployment. In the event of accidents like those illustrated, the SRS frontal airbag may not deploy depending on the level of accident forces involved.

▽ **When will the SRS frontal airbag not deploy?**



The SRS frontal airbag is basically not designed to deploy if the vehicle is struck from the side or from behind, or if it rolls onto its side or roof, or if it is involved in a

low-speed frontal collision.



- 1) First impact
- 2) Second impact

In an accident where the vehicle is impacted more than once, the SRS frontal airbag deploys only once on the first impact.

Example: In the case of a double collision, first with another vehicle, then against a concrete wall in immediate succession, once the SRS frontal airbag is activated on the first impact, it will not be activated on the second.

■ **SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag (if equipped)**

The SRS side airbag is stored in the door side of each front seat seatback, which bears an “SRS AIRBAG” label.

In a moderate to severe side impact collision, the SRS side airbag on the impacted side of the vehicle deploys between the occupant and the door panel and supplements the seatbelt by reducing the impact on the occupant's chest and waist. The SRS side airbag operates only for front seat occupants.

The SRS curtain airbag on each side of the cabin is stored in the roof side (between the front pillar and a point over the rear seat). An “SRS AIRBAG” mark is located at the top of each center pillar.

In a moderate to severe side impact collision, the SRS curtain airbag on the impacted side of the vehicle deploys between the occupant and the side window and supplements the seatbelt by reducing the impact on the occupant's head.



**WARNING**

**The SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag are designed as only a supplement to the primary protec-**

tion provided by the seatbelt. They do not do away with the need to fasten seatbelts. It is also important to wear your seatbelt to help avoid injuries that can result when an occupant is not seated in a proper upright position.



### WARNING

- Do not sit or lean unnecessarily close to either front door. The SRS side airbag is stored in both front seat seatbacks next to the door, and it provides protection by deploying rapidly (faster than the blink of an eye) in the event of a side impact collision. However, the force of SRS side airbag

deployment may cause injuries if your head or other parts of the body are too close to the SRS side airbag.

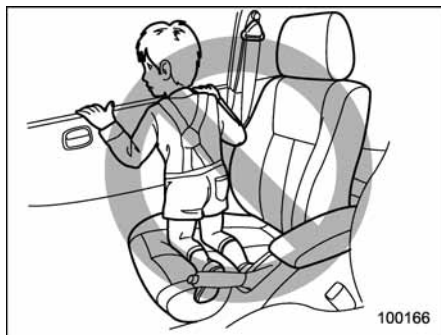
- Since your vehicle is equipped with SRS curtain airbags, do not sit or lean unnecessarily close to the front or rear door on either side. Also, do not put your head, arms and hands out of the window. The SRS curtain airbag on each side of the cabin is stored in the roof side (between the front pillar and a point over the rear seat), and it provides protection by deploying rapidly (faster than the blink of an eye) in the event of a side impact. However, the force of its deployment may cause injuries if your head is too close to it.



### WARNING

Do not rest your arm on either front door or its internal trim. It could be injured in the event of SRS side airbag deployment.



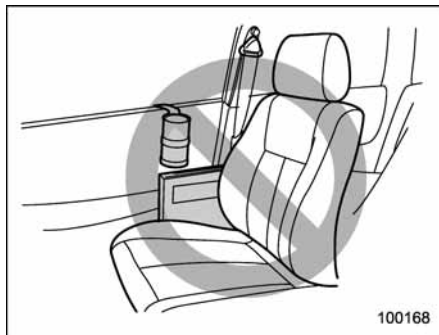


**⚠ WARNING**

- Never allow a child to kneel on the front passenger's seat facing the side window or wrap his/her arms around the front seat seat-

back. In the event of an accident, the force of the SRS side airbag deployment could injure the child seriously because his/her head or arms or other parts of the body are too close to the SRS side airbag.

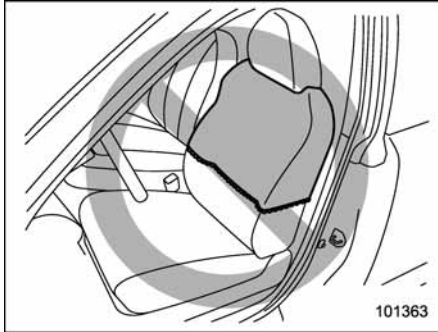
- Never allow a child to kneel on any passenger's seat facing the side window or put their head, arms or hands out of the window. In the event of an accident, the force of the SRS curtain airbag deployment could injure the child seriously because his/her head is close to the SRS curtain airbag.



**⚠ WARNING**

- Do not attach accessories to the door trim or near either SRS side airbags and do not place objects near the SRS side airbags. In the event of the SRS side airbag deployment, they could be propelled dangerously toward the vehicle's occupants and cause injuries.
- Do not attach a hands-free microphone or any other accessory to a front pillar, a center pillar, a rear pillar, the windshield, a side window, an assist grip, or any other cabin surface that would be near a deploying SRS curtain airbag. A hands-free microphone or other accessory in such a location could be propelled through the cabin with great force by the curtain airbag, or it could prevent correct deployment of the curtain airbag. In either case, the result could be serious injuries.
- Never hang or place coat hangers or other hard or pointed objects near the side windows. If such items are present when the SRS curtain airbags deploy, they could be thrown through the

passenger compartment and cause serious injuries. They could also prevent proper operation of the SRS curtain airbags.



### WARNING

Do not put any kind of cover or clothes or other objects over either front seatback and do not attach labels or stickers to the front seat surface on or near the SRS side airbag. They could prevent proper deployment of the SRS side airbag, reducing protection available to the front seat's occupant.

### ▼ Operation



#### Models with SRS side airbags and SRS curtain airbags

The SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag can function only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

The driver's and front passenger's SRS side airbags and SRS curtain airbags deploy independently of each other because each has its own impact sensor. Therefore, they may not both deploy in the same accident. Also, the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag deploy independently of the driver's and front passenger's SRS frontal airbags in the steering wheel and instrument panel.

An impact sensor, which senses impact force, is located in each of the following

locations.

- In the left and right center pillars
- In the left and right rear wheel houses
- In the airbag control module

If the impact sensor that is located in the airbag control module and one of the center pillar impact sensors together sense an impact force above a predetermined level in a side collision, the control module causes both the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag on the impacted side to inflate regardless of whether the rear wheel house impact sensor on the same side senses an impact.

If the impact sensor that is located in the airbag control module and one of the rear wheel house impact sensors together sense an impact force above a predetermined level in a side collision, the control module causes only the SRS curtain airbag on the impacted side to inflate.

After the deployment, the SRS side airbag immediately starts to deflate. The time required from detection of an impact to deflation of an SRS side airbag after deployment is shorter than the blink of an eye. The SRS curtain airbag remains inflated for a while following deployment then slowly deflates.

The SRS side airbag and SRS curtain

– **CONTINUED** –

airbag deploy even when no one occupies the seat on the side on which an impact is applied.

When the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag deploy, a sudden, fairly loud inflation noise will be heard and some smoke will be released. These occurrences are a normal result of the deployment. This smoke does not indicate a fire in the vehicle.

**CAUTION**

**Do not touch the SRS side airbag system components around the front seat seatback with bare hands right after deployment. Doing so can cause burns because the components can be very hot as a result of deployment.**

**After deployment, do not touch any part of the SRS curtain airbag system (from the front pillar to the part of the roof side over the rear seat). Doing so can cause burns because the components can be very hot as a result of deployment.**

The SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag are designed to deploy in the event of an accident involving a moderate to severe side impact collision. They are

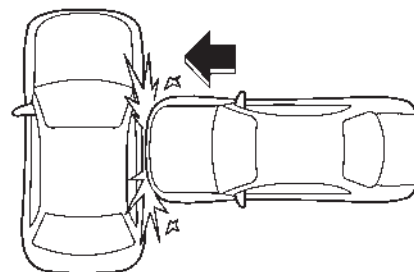
basically not designed to deploy in a lesser side impact.

The SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag deployment depend on the level of force experienced in the passenger compartment during a side impact collision. That level differs from one type of collision to another, and it may have no bearing on the visible damage done to the vehicle itself.

The SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag are basically not designed to deploy in frontal or rear impacts because the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag deployment would not help the occupant in those situations.

Each SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag are designed to function on a one-time-only basis.

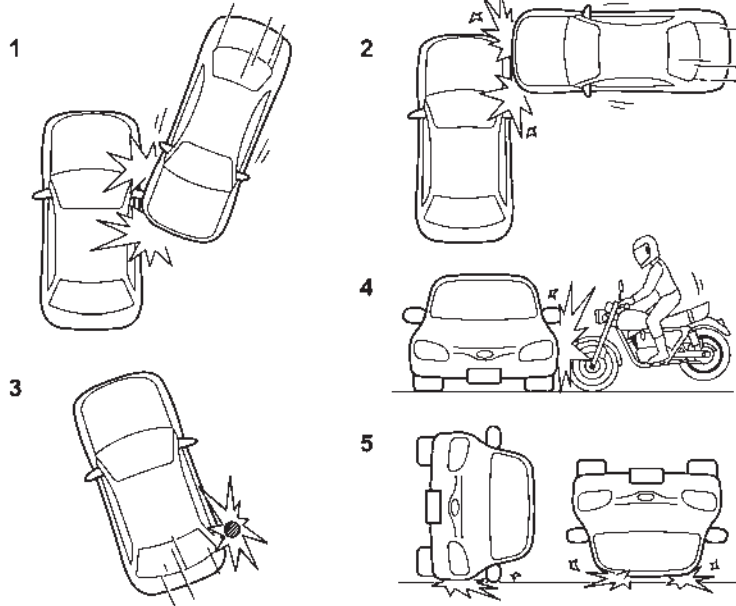
▽ **When will the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag most likely deploy?**



101369

A severe side impact near the front seat activates the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag.

▽ When are the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag unlikely to deploy?

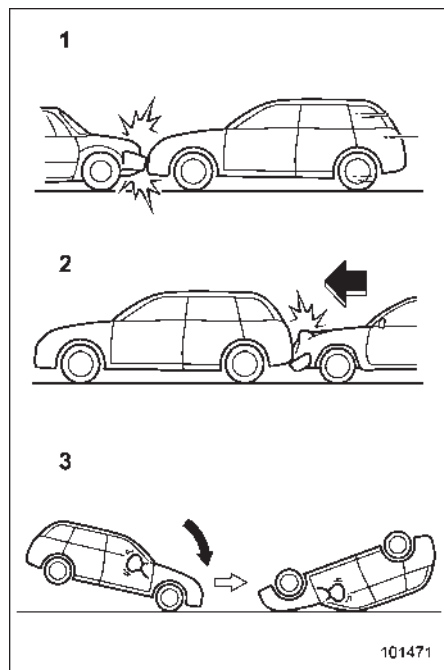


- 1) The vehicle is involved in an oblique side-on impact.
- 2) The vehicle is involved in a side-on impact in an area outside the vicinity of the passenger compartment.
- 3) The vehicle strikes a telephone pole or similar object.
- 4) The vehicle is involved in a side-on impact from a motorcycle.
- 5) The vehicle rolls onto its side or the roof.

There are many types of collisions which might not necessarily require SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag deployment. In the event of accidents like those illustrated, the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag may not deploy depending on the level of accident forces involved.

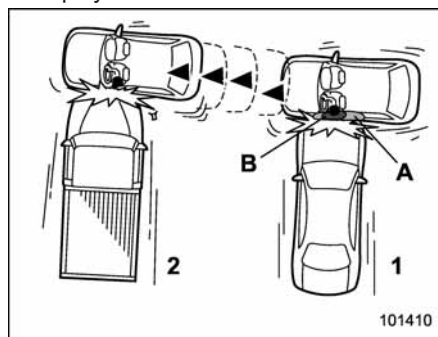
101319

## ▽ When will the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag not deploy?



- 1) The vehicle is involved in frontal collision with another vehicle (moving or stationary).
- 2) The vehicle is struck from behind.
- 3) The vehicle pitches end over end.

In the event of accidents like those illustrated, the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag are basically not designed to deploy.

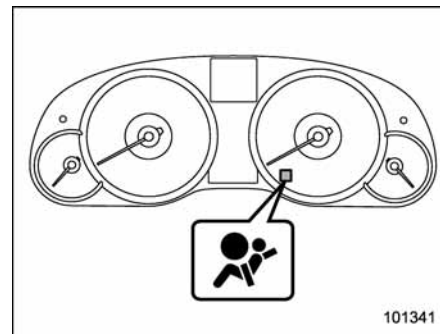


- 1) First impact
- 2) Second impact
- A) SRS curtain airbag
- B) SRS side airbag

In an accident where the vehicle is struck from the side more than once, the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag deploy only once on the first impact.

Example: In the case of a double side impact collision, first with one vehicle and immediately followed by another from the same direction, once the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag are activated on the first impact, they will not be activated on the second.

## ■ SRS airbag system monitor



A diagnostic system continually monitors the readiness of the SRS airbag system (including front seatbelt pretensioners and lap belt pretensioner) while the vehicle is being driven. The SRS airbag system warning light will show normal system operation by illuminating for approximately 6 seconds when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position.

The following components are monitored by the indicator.

- Front sub sensor (right-hand side)
- Front sub sensor (left-hand side)
- Airbag control module (including impact sensor)
- Frontal airbag module (driver's side)

- Frontal airbag module (front passenger's side)
- Knee airbag module (Australia models)
- Center pillar impact sensor (right-hand side – if equipped)
- Center pillar impact sensor (left-hand side – if equipped)
- Side airbag module (driver's side – if equipped)
- Side airbag module (front passenger's side – if equipped)
- Rear wheel house impact sensor (right-hand side – if equipped)
- Rear wheel house impact sensor (left-hand side – if equipped)
- Curtain airbag module (right-hand side – if equipped)
- Curtain airbag module (left-hand side – if equipped)
- Seatbelt pretensioner (driver's side)
- Lap belt pretensioner (driver's side – except Australia models)
- Seatbelt pretensioner (front passenger's side)
- All related wiring

**WARNING**

If the warning light exhibits any of the following conditions, there may be a malfunction in the seatbelt

pretensioners, lap belt pretensioner and/or SRS airbag system. We recommend that you have the system checked immediately by your nearest SUBARU dealer. Unless checked and properly repaired, the seatbelt pretensioners, lap belt pretensioner and/or SRS airbags will operate improperly (e.g. SRS airbags may inflate in a very minor collision or not inflate in a severe collision), which may increase the risk of injury.

- Flashing or flickering of the warning light
- No illumination of the warning light when the ignition switch is first turned to the "ON" position
- Continuous illumination of the warning light
- Illumination of the warning light while driving

**■ SRS airbag system servicing****WARNING**

- When discarding an airbag module or scrapping the entire vehicle damaged by a collision, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer.
- The SRS airbag has no user-serviceable parts. Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS airbag system. For required servicing of the SRS airbag, we recommend that you consult your nearest SUBARU dealer. Tampering with or disconnecting the system's wiring could result in accidental inflation of the SRS airbag or could make the system inoperative, which may result in serious injury.

**CAUTION**

If you need any service or repair for your vehicle related to the following items, we recommend that you have the work performed by an authorized SUBARU dealer. The SRS airbag control module, impact sensors

and airbag modules are stored in the following areas.

- Under the center console
- On both the right and left sides at the front of the vehicle
- Steering wheel and column and nearby areas
- Top of the dashboard on front passenger's side and nearby areas
- Each front seat and nearby area (only for models with SRS side airbags)
- Inside each center pillar
- In each roof side (from the front pillar to a point over the rear seat) (only for models with SRS curtain airbags)
- Between the rear seat cushion and rear wheel house on each side

In the event that the SRS airbag system is deployed, we recommend that you have the system replaced with genuine SUBARU parts at an authorized SUBARU dealer.

## NOTE

In the following cases, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.

- The front part of the vehicle was involved in an accident in which the SRS frontal airbags did not deploy.
- The pad of the steering wheel, the cover over the front passenger's frontal airbag, or either roof side (from the front pillar to a point over the rear seat) is scratched, cracked, or otherwise damaged.

In addition, if your vehicle is equipped with SRS side airbags and SRS curtain airbags, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible in the following cases.

- The center pillar, rear wheel house or rear sub frame, or an area near these parts, was involved in an accident in which the SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag did not deploy.
- The fabric or leather of either front seatback is cut, frayed, or otherwise damaged.
- The rear part of the vehicle was involved in an accident.

## ■ Precautions against vehicle modification



### WARNING

To avoid accidental activation of the system or rendering the system inoperative, which may result in serious injury, no modifications should be made to any components or wiring of the SRS airbag system.

This includes the following modifications.

- Installation of custom steering wheels
- Attachment of additional trim materials to the dashboard
- Installation of custom seats (only for models with SRS side airbags)
- Replacement of seat fabric or leather (only for models with SRS side airbags)
- Installation of additional fabric or leather on the front seat (only for models with SRS side airbags)
- Attachment of a hands-free microphone or any other accessory to a front pillar, a center pillar, a rear pillar, the windshield, a side

window, an assist grip, or any other cabin surface that would be near a deploying SRS curtain airbag.

- Installation of additional electrical/electronic equipment such as a mobile two-way radio on or near the SRS airbag system components and/or wiring is not advisable. This could interfere with proper operation of the SRS airbag system.



### CAUTION

Do not perform any of the following modifications. Such modifications can interfere with proper operation of the SRS airbag system.

- Attachment of any equipment (bush bar, bullbar, winches, snow plow, skid/sump plate, etc.) to the front end other than genuine SUBARU accessory parts or parts that match the quality of genuine SUBARU accessory parts.
- Modification of the suspension system or front end structure.
- Installation of a tire of different size and construction from the

tires specified on the vehicle placard attached to the driver's door pillar or specified for vehicle models in this Owner's Manual.

- Attachment of any equipment (side steps or side sill protectors, etc.) to the side body other than genuine SUBARU accessory parts specially designed for SRS side airbags, or parts that match the quality of genuine SUBARU accessory parts specially designed for SRS side airbags (only for models with side airbags).

We recommend that you always consult your SUBARU dealer if you want to install any accessory parts on your vehicle.



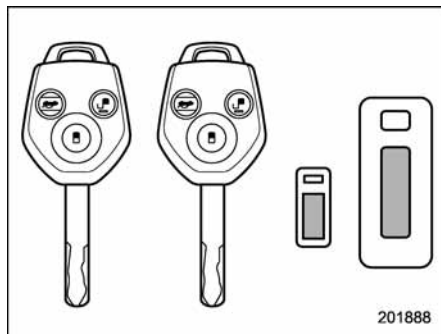
|                                                                                                     |            |
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### Keys

#### NOTE

For models with “keyless access with push-button start system”, refer to “Keyless access with push-button start system” 2-8.



Your vehicle has two or three keys, a key number plate and a security ID plate.

All keys provided for your vehicle fit all locks on your vehicle.

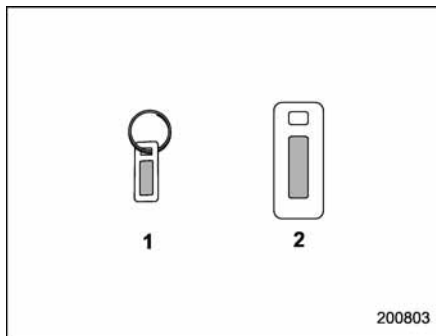
- Ignition switch
- Driver's door
- Trunk lid (Sedan models with key cylinder on trunk lid)



#### CAUTION

Do not attach a large key holder or key case to either key. If it bangs against your knees while you are driving, it could turn the ignition switch from the “ON” position to the “Acc” or “LOCK” position, thereby stopping the engine.

#### ■ Key number plate



- 1) Key number plate
- 2) Security ID plate

The key number is stamped on the key number plate attached to the key set. Write down the key number and keep it in another safe place, not in the vehicle. This number is needed to make a replacement

key if you lose your key or lock it inside the vehicle.

For information on making replacement keys, refer to “Key replacement” 2-4.

## Immobilizer

The immobilizer system is designed to prevent an unauthorized person from starting the engine. Only keys registered with your vehicle's immobilizer system can be used to operate your vehicle. Even if an unregistered key fits into the ignition switch and can be turned to the "START" position, the engine will automatically stop after several seconds.

Each immobilizer key contains a transponder in which the key's ID code is stored. When a key is inserted into the ignition switch and turned to the "ON" position, the transponder transmits the key's ID code to the immobilizer system's receiver. If the transmitted ID code matches the ID code registered in the immobilizer system, the system allows the engine to be started. Since the ID code is transmitted and acted upon almost instantly, the immobilizer system does not impede normal starting of the engine.

If the engine fails to start, pull out the key once before trying again. Refer to "Ignition switch (models without push-button start system)" 3-3.

### For Europe:

This device complies with the essential requirements of the Radio and Telecom-

munications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC. A copy of the original Declaration of Conformity and the CE marking are found in the chapter 13.

### NOTE

**To protect your vehicle from theft, please pay close attention to the following security precautions:**

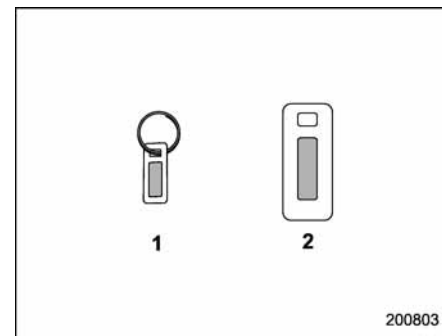
- **Never leave your vehicle unattended with its keys inside.**
- **Before leaving your vehicle, close all windows and lock the doors and rear gate.**
- **Do not leave spare keys or any record of your key number in the vehicle.**



### CAUTION

- **Do not place the key under direct sunlight or anywhere it may become hot.**
- **Do not get the key wet. If the key gets wet, wipe it dry with a cloth immediately.**

## Security ID plate



- 1) Key number plate
- 2) Security ID plate

The security ID is stamped on the security ID plate attached to the key set. Write down the security ID and keep it in another safe place, not in the vehicle. This number is needed to make a replacement key if you lose your key or lock it inside the vehicle.

This number is also needed for replacement or repair of the engine control unit, integrated unit, combination meter (all models except U.K. models) and security control unit (U.K. models only).

## ■ Immobilizer indicator light



The immobilizer indicator light deters potential thieves by indicating that the vehicle is equipped with an immobilizer system. It begins flashing under the following conditions.

- Approximately 60 seconds after the ignition switch is turned from the “ON” position to the “Acc” or “LOCK” position (models without “keyless access with push-button start system”).
- Immediately after the push-button ignition switch is turned to the “OFF” position (models with “keyless access with push-button start system”).
- Immediately after the key is pulled out (models without “keyless access with push-button start system”).
- Immediately after any door is opened when the push-button ignition switch is in the “Acc” position (models with “keyless access with push-button start system”).

If the immobilizer indicator light does not flash, the immobilizer system may be malfunctioning. If this occurs, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.

In case an unauthorized key is used (e.g. an imitation key), the immobilizer indicator

light illuminates.

### NOTE

**Even if the immobilizer indicator light flashes irregularly or its fuse blows (the light does not flash if its fuse is blown), the immobilizer system will function normally.**

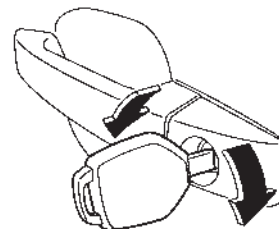
## ■ Key replacement

Your key number plate and security ID plate will be required if you ever need a replacement key made. Any new key must be registered for use with your vehicle’s immobilizer system before it can be used. Up to four keys can be registered for use with one vehicle.

For security, all the keys registered with your vehicle’s immobilizer system will have their ID codes erased and re-registered when a new key is made. Therefore, all of your vehicle’s keys must be presented when a new key is registered. Any key that is not re-registered when a new key is made cannot be used after the other keys are re-registered. For information on replacement keys and on the registration of keys with your immobilizer system, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

## Door locks

### ■ Locking and unlocking from the outside with key



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### ▼ Models without double locking system

To lock the driver’s door from the outside with the key, turn the key toward the rear. To unlock the door, turn the key toward the front. Pull the outside door handle to open an unlocked door.

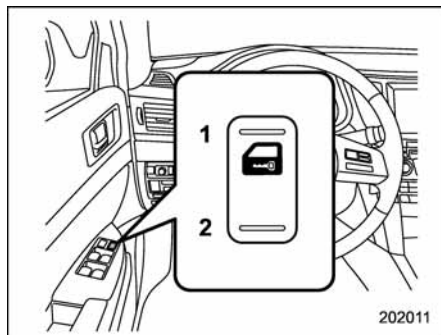
### NOTE

**Only the driver’s door can be locked from the outside using the key.**

**To lock the doors including the rear gate (Station wagon), refer to the following procedure.**

1. Remove the key from the ignition switch (models without keyless access with push-button start system) or turn off the ignition switch (models with keyless access with push-button start system).

2. Close the doors including the rear gate (Station wagon) except for the driver's door.



- 1) Lock
- 2) Unlock

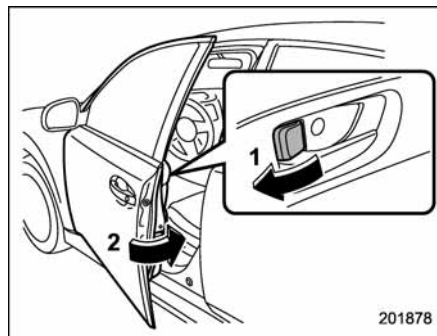
3. Push the lock side of the power door locking switch that is located on the driver's door.

4. Close the driver's door and insert the key. Turn the key rearward to lock the driver's door.

### ▼ Models with double locking system

To lock the doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) from the outside with the key, turn the key toward the rear. To unlock the doors and the rear gate (Station wagon), turn the key toward the front. Pull the outside door handle to open an unlocked door.

### ■ Locking from the outside without key



- 1) Rotate the lock lever rearward.
- 2) Close the door while holding the handle pulled.

To lock the front door from the outside without the key, rotate the lock lever rearward and hold the outside door handle pulled while closing the door.

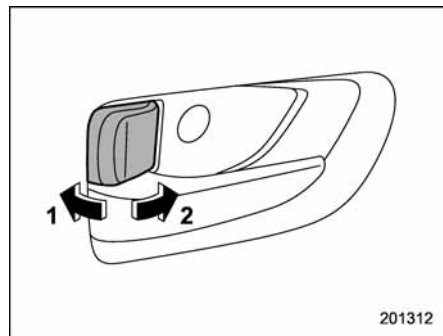
To lock the rear door from the outside without the key, rotate the lock lever rearward and close the door.

Always make sure that all doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) are locked before leaving your vehicle.

### NOTE

- Make sure that you do not leave the key inside the vehicle when locking the doors from the outside without the key.
- For models with the double locking system, it is not possible to place the lock lever on the driver's door in the locking position while the driver's door is open. The door lock levers function only when all the doors are securely closed and the double locking system is not set.

## ■ Locking and unlocking from the inside



- 1) Lock
- 2) Unlock

To lock the door from the inside, rotate the lock lever rearward. To unlock the door from the inside, rotate the lock lever forward.

The red mark on the lock lever appears when the door is unlocked.

Pull the inside door handle to open an unlocked door.

Always make sure that all doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) are closed before starting to drive.

## NOTE

If your vehicle is equipped with the double locking system and it is activated, the door will not be unlocked even when you move the door lock lever forward.

## ■ Battery drainage prevention function

If a door or the rear gate (Station wagon) is not completely closed, the interior lights will remain illuminated as a result. However, several lights are automatically turned off by the battery drainage prevention function to prevent the battery from going dead. The following interior lights are affected by this function.

| Item                  | Switch position | Automatically turning off      |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Map lights            | DOOR            | Approximately 20 minutes later |
| Dome light            | DOOR            | Approximately 20 minutes later |
| Ignition switch light | —               | Approximately 20 minutes later |
| Door step lights      | —               | None*                          |
| Cargo area light      | DOOR            | Approximately 20 minutes later |

\*: The door step lights are not affected by the

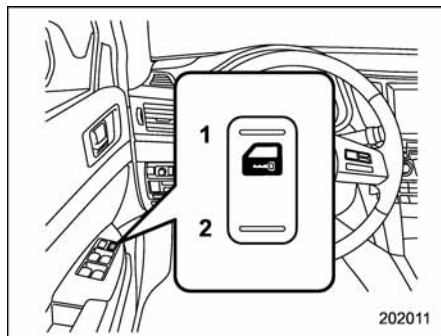
battery drainage prevention function, so the lights do not turn off automatically. To turn off the lights, it is necessary that each door and the rear gate (Station wagon) are completely closed.

The operational/non-operational setting of this function can be changed by a SUBARU dealer. We recommend that you contact the nearest SUBARU dealer if you would like to change the setting.

## NOTE

- The factory setting (default setting) for this function is set as “operational”.
- When leaving the vehicle, please make sure that all doors and the rear gate are completely closed.
- For models with the push-button ignition switch, the battery drainage prevention function does not operate while the ignition switch is in “Acc” or “ON” position.
- For models without the push-button ignition switch, the battery drainage prevention function does not operate while the key is in the ignition switch.

## Power door locking switch



- 1) Lock
- 2) Unlock

All doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) can be locked and unlocked by the power door locking switch located at the driver's side door.

To lock the doors including the rear gate, press the front side of the switch.

To unlock the doors including the rear gate, press the rear side of the switch.

### NOTE

- For models with the double locking system, pushing the rear side of the power door locking switch has no effect when the double locking system

is activated.

- If your vehicle is an Australia model, after locking all doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) using the remote transmitter, turning the power door locking switch to the unlock position has no effect.

### ■ Key lock-in prevention function (except models with double locking system)

This function prevents the doors from being locked with the key still in the ignition switch.

#### ▼ Behavior with key lock-in prevention function operational

With the driver's door open, the doors are automatically kept unlocked even if the front side of the power door locking switch is pressed.

#### ▼ Behavior with key lock-in prevention function non-operational

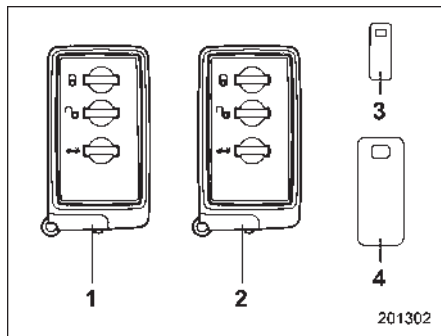
- If the lock lever is turned to the rear (lock) position with the driver's door open and the driver's door is then closed, the driver's door is locked.
- If the spare key is used to lock the driver's door from the outside of the vehicle, the door is locked.

This function's operational/non-operational setting can be changed by a SUBARU dealer. We recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer for details.

### NOTE

When leaving the vehicle, make sure that you are holding the key before locking the doors.

## Keyless access with push-button start system (if equipped)



- 1) Access key (main)
- 2) Access key (sub)
- 3) Key number plate
- 4) Security ID plate

Keyless access with push-button start system allows the following functions by carrying the access key.

- Locking and unlocking of the doors and rear gate
- Opening the trunk
- Starting and stopping the engine

Locking and unlocking by the remote keyless entry system can also be con-

trolled with the buttons on the access key. For the engine starting procedure, refer to “Starting and stopping engine (models with push-button start system)” 7-9.

### For Europe:

- This device complies with the essential requirements of the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC. A copy of the original Declaration of Conformity and the CE marking are found in chapter 13.
- Hereby, DENSO CORPORATION declares that this 14ACA/13BZZ is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

### **WARNING**

**If you wear an implanted pacemaker or an implanted defibrillator, stay at least 22 cm (8.7 in) away from the transmitting antennas installed on the vehicle.**

**The radio waves from the transmitting antennas on the vehicle could adversely affect the operation of implanted pacemakers and implanted defibrillators.**

**If you wear electric medical equipment other than an implanted pace-**

**maker or an implanted defibrillator, before using the keyless access function, refer to “Radio waves used for the keyless access with push-button start system” mentioned later, and contact the electric medical equipment manufacturer for more information. The radio waves from the transmitting antennas on the vehicle could adversely affect the operation of the electric medical equipment.**

- The operational/non-operational setting for the keyless access function can be changed. For the setting procedure, refer to “Disabling keyless access function” 2-17. The setting can also be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.

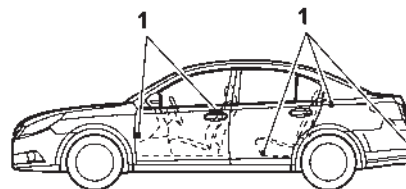
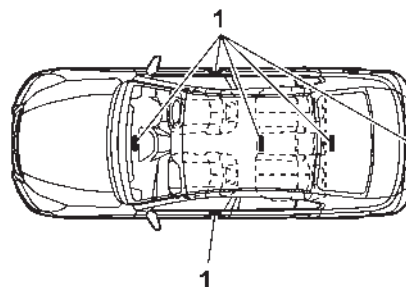
**“Radio waves used for the keyless access with push-button start system”**

- The keyless access with push-button start system uses radio waves of the following frequency\* in addition to the radio waves used for the remote keyless entry system. The radio



waves are periodically output from the antennas installed on the vehicle as shown in the following illustrations.

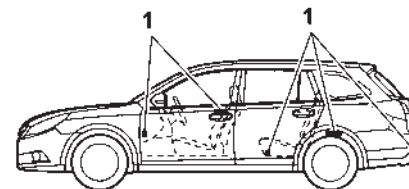
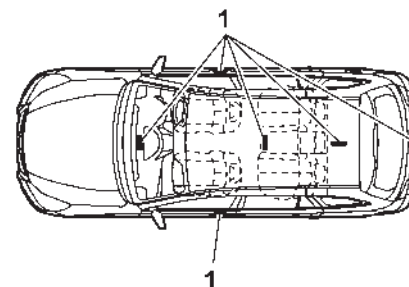
\* Radio frequency: 134 kHz



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**Sedan**

1) Antenna



201890

**Station wagon**

1) Antenna

- CONTINUED -

**CAUTION**

- The keyless access with push-button start system uses weak radio waves. The status of the access key and the environmental conditions may interfere with the communication between the access key and the vehicle under the following conditions, and it may not be possible to lock or unlock the doors or start the engine.
  - When operating near a facility where strong radio waves are transmitted, such as a broadcast station and power transmission lines
  - When products that transmit radio waves are used, such as an access key or a remote transmitter key of another vehicle
  - When carrying more than one access key
  - When the access key is placed near wireless communication equipment such as a cell phone
  - When the access key is placed near a metallic object

- When metallic accessories are attached to the access key
- When carrying the access key with electronic appliances such as a laptop computer
- When the battery of the access key is discharged
- Never leave or store the access key inside the vehicle (e.g., on the instrumental panel, inside the glove box, on the seat, in the door pocket, inside the trunk or at the corner of the cargo area) or within 2 m (6.6 ft) around the vehicle (e.g., in the garage). The access key may be locked inside the vehicle, or the battery may discharge rapidly. Note that the push-button ignition switch may not turn on in some cases depending on the location of the access key.
- The keyless access functions can be disabled. We recommend that you disable the functions under the following conditions.
  - When the vehicle is not going to be used for an extended period of time
  - When the keyless access functions are not going to be

used

- When the access key needs to be stored inside or near the vehicle for some uncontrollable reason

For the setting procedure, refer to “Disabling keyless access function” 2-17. The setting can also be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.

- The access key contains electronic components. Observe the following points to prevent malfunctions.
  - Although you can replace the battery of the access key yourself, it is recommended that the battery be replaced by a SUBARU dealer to avoid the risk of damage at the time of replacement.
  - Do not get the access key wet. If the access key gets wet, wipe it immediately and let it dry completely.
  - Do not apply strong impacts to the access key.
  - Keep the access key away

from magnetic sources.

- Never leave the access key in direct sunlight or anywhere that may become hot, such as on the dashboard. It may damage the battery or cause circuit malfunctions.
- Do not wash the access key in an ultrasonic washer.
- Do not leave the access key in humid or dusty locations. Doing so may cause malfunctions.
- Do not leave the access key near personal computers or home electric appliances. Doing so may cause the access key to malfunction, resulting in battery discharge.
- The access key is always communicating with the vehicle; thus, it is continuously using the battery. Although the life of the battery varies depending on the operating conditions, it is approximately 1 to 2 years. If the battery becomes fully discharged, replace it with a new one.
- If the access key is dropped, the integrated mechanical key inside

may become loose. Be careful not to lose the mechanical key.

- When you carry the access key on an airplane, do not press the button of the access key while in the airplane. When any button of the access key is pressed, radio waves are sent and may affect the operation of the airplane. When you carry the access key in a bag on an airplane, take measures to prevent the buttons of the access key from being pressed.

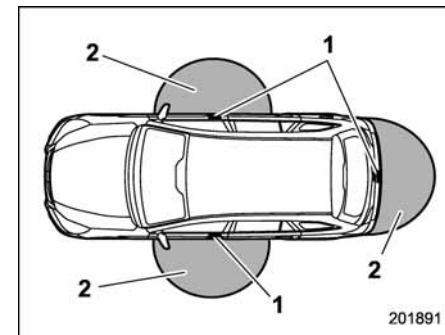
### NOTE

- If an access key is lost, it is recommended that the access key be reregistered. For reregistration of an access key, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.
- For a spare access key, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.
- Up to 7 access keys can be registered for one vehicle.
- Carefully store the key number plate and security ID plate supplied with the access key. They are necessary for vehicle repair and additional registration of access keys.

- Do not leave the access key in the storage spaces inside the vehicle, such as the door pocket, dashboard, inside the trunk and the corner of the cargo area. Vibrations may damage the key or turn on the switch, possibly resulting in a lockout.

### ■ Locking and unlocking with “keyless access” entry function

#### ▼ Operating ranges



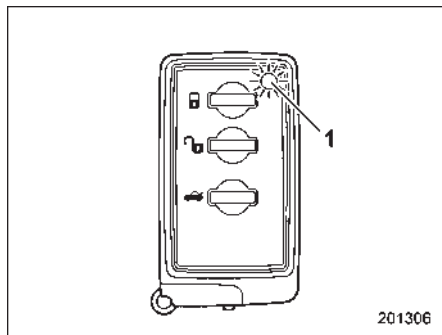
- 1) Antenna
- 2) Operating range

- The operating ranges of the door and rear gate locking/unlocking functions are approximately 40 to 80 cm (16 to 32 in) from the respective door handles and the

## 2-12 Keys and doors

rear gate ornament.

- The operating range of the trunk opening function is approximately 40 to 80 cm (16 to 32 in) from the trunk opener button.



1) LED indicator

When the access key is within either of the operating ranges of the front doors, the LED indicator on the access key flashes. When the keyless access functions are disabled, the LED indicator does not flash unless a button on the access key is pressed.

### NOTE

- When you lock the doors and rear gate using the keyless access function, turn the push-button ignition switch off. It is not possible to lock the doors

and rear gate using the door lock button, rear lock button or access key button when the push-button ignition switch is on the “Acc” or “ON” position. Refer to “Switching power” 3-9.

- Locking by the door lock button can be operated only by the door lock button in the operating range in which the access key is detected.

- Unlocking by the door handle can be operated only by the door handle in the operating range in which the access key is detected.

- Locking and unlocking by the door lock button and the door handle cannot be operated for a short period of time (approximately less than 3 seconds) after locking or unlocking to prevent malfunctions.

- When pressing the door lock button too quickly, locking may not have been completed. After locking the doors, it is recommended to pull the REAR door handles to confirm that the doors have been locked.

- If the access key is placed too close to the vehicle body, the keyless access functions may not operate properly. If they do not operate properly, restart the operation from further away.

- If the access key is placed near the ground or in an elevated location from the ground, even if it is in the indicated

operating range, the keyless access functions may not operate properly.

- When the access key is within the operating range, it is possible for anyone, even someone who is not carrying the access key, to operate the keyless access function. Note that locking and unlocking can be operated only by the door handle, door lock button, rear gate opener button or rear lock button in the operating range in which the access key is detected.

- The keyless access functions may not operate properly depending on the status of the access key and the radio wave conditions around the vehicle. In such a case, perform the procedure described in “When access key does not operate properly” 2-18.

- It is not possible to lock the doors and rear gate using the keyless access function when the access key is inside the vehicle. However, depending on the status of the access key and the environmental conditions, the access key may be locked inside the vehicle. Before locking, make sure that you have the access key.

- When the battery of the access key is discharged, or when operating it in a location with strong radio waves or noise (e.g., near a radio tower, power plant, broadcast station or an area

where wireless equipment is used), or while talking on a cell phone, the operating ranges may be reduced, or the keyless access functions may not operate.

In such a case, perform the procedure described in "When access key does not operate properly" 2-18.

- It is not possible to lock the doors when one of the doors is open. Close all of the doors including the rear gate and lock the doors.

- When an access key is in the operating range, if the door handle becomes wet due to a large amount of water while washing the vehicle or during heavy rain, the door lock may be released.

- If the door handle is gripped with a gloved hand, the door lock may not be released.

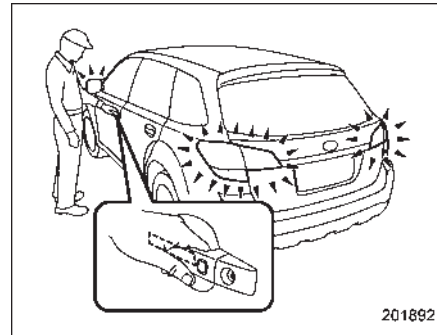
#### ▼ How to use keyless access functions

#### NOTE

Within 3 seconds after locking the doors and the rear gate by pressing the door lock button or the rear lock button, it is not possible to unlock doors and/or the rear gate (Station wagon) by gripping the door handle or by pressing the rear gate opener

button.

#### ▼ Unlocking

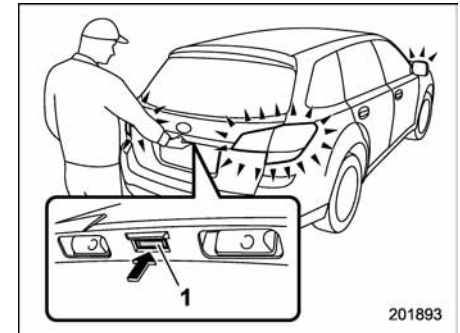


Carry the access key, and grip the door handle.

**Models without double locking system:**  
All doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) will be unlocked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

**Models with double locking system:**  
Only the door for which the door handle is gripped will be unlocked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

#### ▼ Opening rear gate (Station wagon)



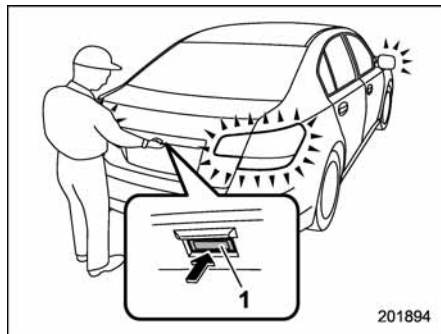
1) Rear gate opener button

Carry the access key, and press the rear gate opener button.

**Models without double locking system:**  
The rear gate and all doors will be unlocked, and the rear gate will be opened. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

**Models with double locking system:**  
Only the rear gate will be unlocked and opened. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

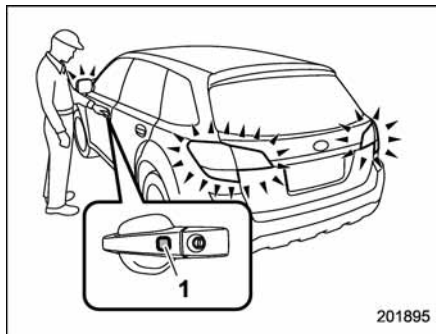
### ▽ Opening trunk (Sedan)



1) Trunk opener button

Carry the access key, and press the trunk opener button. The trunk will open. The hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

### ▽ Locking with the door lock button



1) Door lock button

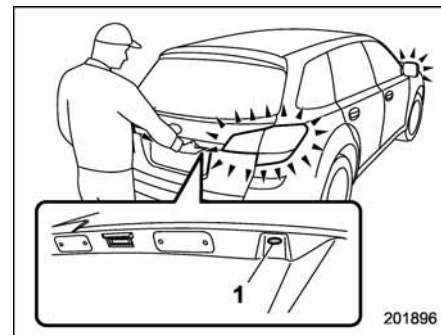
Carry the access key, close all doors including the rear gate and press the door lock button on the door handle. All doors including the rear gate will be locked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash once.

### NOTE

- When locking, be sure to carry the access key to prevent locking the access key in the vehicle.

- While any of the doors, rear gate or trunk is open, even if you press the door lock button, they cannot be locked. At this time, the hazard warning flashers and warning chimes operate 5 times to notify that any of them is open.

### ▽ Locking with the rear lock button (Station wagon)



1) Rear lock button

Carry the access key, close all doors including the rear gate and press the rear lock button. The rear gate and all doors will be locked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash once.

### NOTE

- If any of the doors or the rear gate is opened, the doors and the rear gate

cannot be locked.

- When locking, be sure to carry the access key to prevent locking the access key in the vehicle.
- After pressing the rear lock button, it is not possible to open the rear gate using the rear gate opener button for approximately 3 seconds.

#### ▼ Door unlock selection function (except models with double locking system)

The door unlock selection function makes it possible to unlock the driver's door without unlocking any other doors.

The operational/non-operational setting for this function can be changed by a SUBARU dealer.

**Operational:** Only the door for which the door handle is gripped will be unlocked.

**Non-operational:** All doors and the rear gate are unlocked.

The factory setting (default setting) is set as "non-operational".

For further details, we recommend that you consult a SUBARU dealer.

#### ▼ Power saving function

The keyless access function will be disabled in the following cases to protect the access key battery and the vehicle battery.

- When the keyless access function and the remote keyless entry system have not been used for 2 weeks or longer while all doors are locked
- When the access key has been left in the operating range for 10 minutes or longer while all doors are locked

#### ▽ Recovery from power saving mode

When one of the following is operated, the keyless access function will be recovered.

- Unlock by gripping the door handle or pressing the rear gate opener button on the rear gate
- Lock or unlock by the remote keyless entry system
- Lock or unlock by the mechanical key

#### ▼ Automatic locking (except models with double locking system)

If any of the doors or the rear gate was not opened within 30 seconds after unlocking, they will be automatically locked again.

The function's operational/non-operational setting and the time until automatic locking takes place can be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.

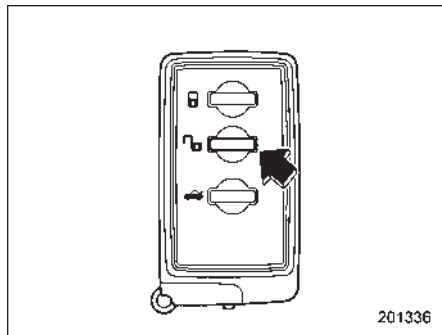
## ■ Locking and unlocking doors by remote keyless entry system (locking and unlocking by buttons)

All doors including the rear gate can be locked/unlocked at a distance from the vehicle by pressing the buttons on the access key.

### NOTE

- The operating range of the remote keyless entry system is approximately 1 m from the vehicle, however when it operates in a location with strong radio waves or noise (e.g., near a radio tower, power plant, broadcast station and area where wireless equipment is used), the operating ranges may change.
- Before leaving the vehicle, make sure that the doors are locked.
- If any of the doors or the rear gate is open, the function does not operate.
- When the "LOCK" button on the access key is pressed while the access key is placed too close to the vehicle body, unlocking by the keyless access functions may not work. In such a case, the functions will recover by unlocking using the remote keyless entry system.

### ▼ Unlocking



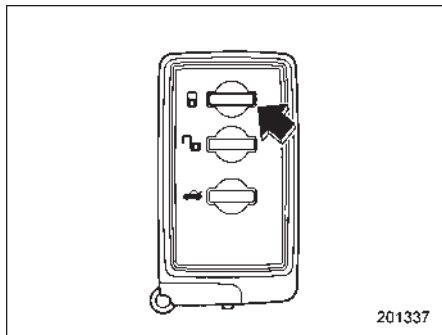
Press the “” button on the access key near the vehicle.

**Models without double locking system:**  
All doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) will be unlocked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

**Models with double locking system:**

1. Only the driver's door will be unlocked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.
2. If you press the “” button again within 5 seconds of unlocking the driver's door, all of the other doors and the rear gate will be unlocked.

### ▼ Locking



When the “” button on the access key is pressed near the vehicle, all doors including the rear gate will be locked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash once.

### ▼ Automatic locking (except models with double locking system)

If any of the doors or the rear gate was not opened within 30 seconds after unlocking, they will be automatically locked again.

The function's operational/non-operational setting and the time until automatic locking takes place can be changed.

The setting can be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.

### ▼ Door unlock selection function (except models with double locking system)

The door unlock selection function makes it possible to unlock the driver's door without unlocking any other doors.

### ▽ Unlocking doors with the door unlock selection function

The unlocking procedure of this function is as follows.

1. With all doors closed, pressing the “” button on the access key causes only the driver's door to unlock.
2. If you press the “” button again within 5 seconds of unlocking the driver's door, all of the other doors and the rear gate will be unlocked.

The operational/non-operational setting for this function can be changed by a SUBARU dealer.

**Operational:** Only the driver's door is unlocked.

**Non-operational:** All doors and the rear gate are unlocked.

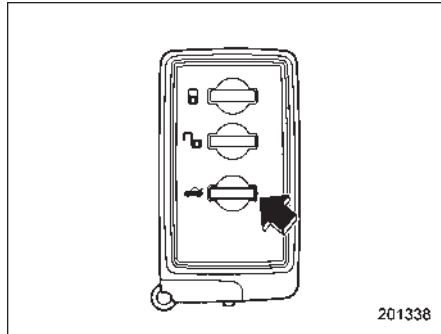
The factory setting (default setting) is set as “non-operational”.

For further details, we recommend that you consult a SUBARU dealer.



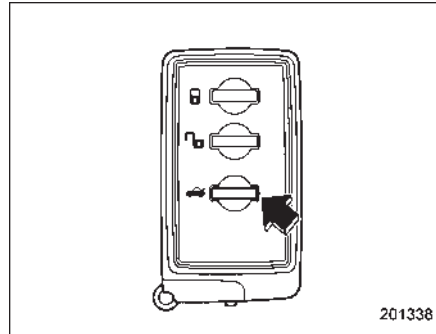
## ■ Opening trunk lid/unlocking rear gate by remote keyless entry system (operating by buttons)

### ▼ Unlocking rear gate (Station wagon)



When the “” button is pressed near the vehicle, the rear gate will be unlocked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

### ▼ Opening trunk (Sedan)



When the “” button on the access key is pressed for at least 1.5 seconds near the vehicle, the trunk will open. The hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

## ■ Warning chimes and warning light

The keyless access with push-button start system sounds a warning chime and flashes the access key warning light on the combination meter in order to minimize improper operations and help protect your vehicle from theft.

For details, refer to “Warning chimes and warning light of the keyless access with push-button start system”  3-29.

## ■ Disabling keyless access function

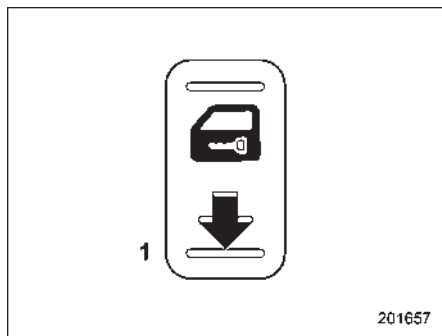
When the vehicle is not going to be used for a long time, or when you choose not to use the keyless access function, the keyless access function can be disabled.

### NOTE

- The locking and unlocking function by the remote keyless entry system is not disabled.
- The setting can also be changed at SUBARU dealers. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.
- To start the engine while the functions are disabled, perform the procedure described in “When access key does not operate properly”  7-16.

### ▼ Disabling functions

1. Sit in the driver's seat, and close the door.



1) Unlock side

2. Push the rear side (unlock side) of the power door locking switch.

3. Within 5 seconds after step 2 is performed, open the driver's door.

4. Within 5 seconds after step 3 is performed, push the rear side (unlock side) of the power door locking switch twice while the door is open.

5. Within 30 seconds after step 4 is performed, close and open the driver's door twice.

6. Within 30 seconds after step 5 is performed, push the rear side (unlock side) of the power door locking switch twice while the door is open.

7. Within 30 seconds after step 6 is performed, close and open the driver's

door once.

8. Within 5 seconds after step 7 is performed, close the door. A chirp sound will be heard, and the functions are disabled.

### NOTE

In steps 4 and 6, press the power door locking switch slowly. If the switch is pressed quickly, the functions may not be disabled.

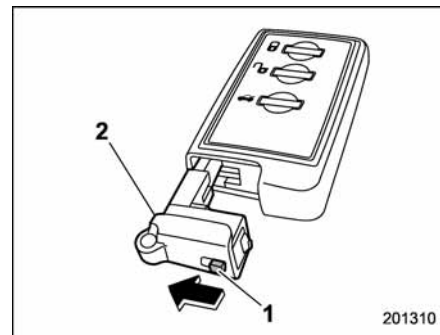
### ▼ Enabling functions

When the procedure to disable the functions is performed again, the functions are enabled.

### ■ When access key does not operate properly

If the locking/unlocking procedures cannot be operated because of strong radio noise in the surrounding area or low battery of the access key, perform the following procedures to lock or unlock the doors. When the battery of the access key is discharged, replace it with a new one.

### ▼ Locking and unlocking by mechanical key



- 1) Knob
- 2) Mechanical key

While pulling the knob of the access key, take out the mechanical key.

Lock or unlock the driver's door with the mechanical key.

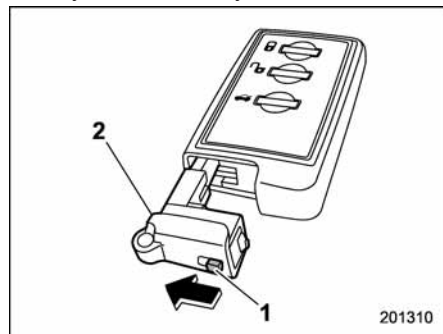
### NOTE

After locking or unlocking, be sure to attach the mechanical key back to the access key.

## ■ Replacing battery of access key

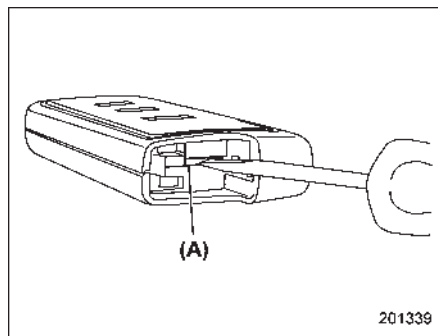
If the operation of the keyless access function or the operating distance of the remote keyless entry system is unstable, the battery of the access key may be discharged. Replace the battery with a new one.

Battery: Button battery CR1632

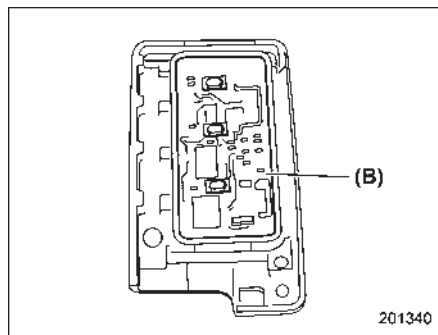


- 1) Knob
- 2) Mechanical key

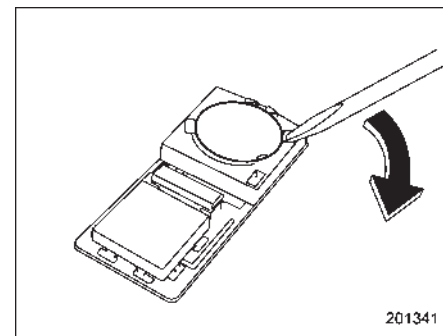
1. Take out the mechanical key.



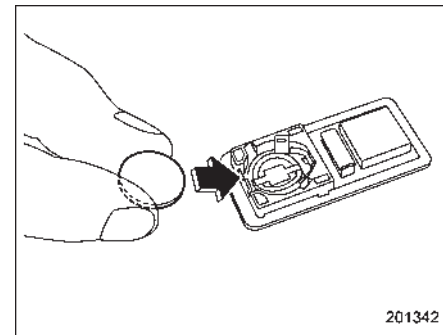
2. Wrap a flat-head screwdriver with vinyl tape or a cloth, and insert it in the gap (A) to remove the cover.

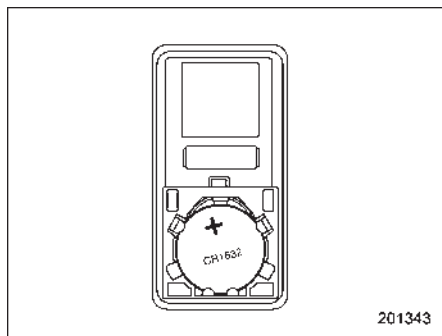


3. Remove the board in the cover (B). Place it with the battery side facing upward.



4. Wrap a flat-head screwdriver with insulating tape, and insert it between the battery and the board (B). Take out the battery as shown in the figure.





5. Insert a new battery with its positive (+) side facing upward as shown in the figure. Attach the cover firmly.



### CAUTION

- Keep the battery and removed parts out of reach of children so that they do not swallow them.
- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type.
- Batteries shall not be exposed to excessive heat such as sunshine, fire or the like.

### NOTE

- Replace only with the same or equivalent type of battery recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the local laws.
- Mount the battery in the correct orientation to prevent fluid leakage. Be careful not to bend the terminals. It may result in a malfunction.
- It is recommended that the battery should be replaced at a SUBARU dealer.
- Use a new battery.
- After replacing the battery, confirm that the access key functions properly.

### Remote keyless entry system (if equipped)

The remote transmitter can be used within a distance of approximately 1.0 m (3.2 ft) of the vehicle.

With a Station wagon, it can be used to lock and unlock all of the doors and the rear gate.

With a Sedan, it can be used to lock and unlock all of the doors and to open the trunk lid.

The system's operable distance will be shorter in areas near a facility or electronic equipment emitting strong radio waves such as a power plant, broadcast station, TV tower, or remote controller of home electronic appliances.

The trade, model and supplier's names of this device are as follows.

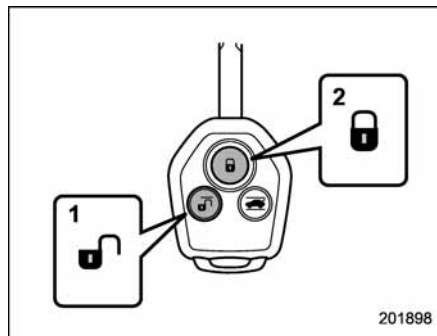
- Equipment's trade name: SUBARU
- Equipment's model name: TF001
- Supplier's name: Calsonic Kansei

### For Europe:

This device complies with the essential requirements of the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC. A copy of the original Declaration of Conformity and the CE marking are found in the chapter 13.

**CAUTION**

When you carry the remote transmitter on an airplane, do not press the button of the remote transmitter while in the airplane. When any button of the remote transmitter is pressed, radio waves are sent and may affect the operation of the airplane. When you carry the remote transmitter in a bag on an airplane, take measures to prevent the buttons of the remote transmitter from being pressed.

**Locking and unlocking doors**

- 1) Unlock
- 2) Lock

**▼ Unlocking**

Press the “” button on the transmitter near the vehicle.

**Models without double locking system:**

All doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) will be unlocked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

**Models with double locking system:**

1. Only the driver's door will be unlocked. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.
2. If you press the “” button again within 5 seconds of unlocking the driver's door, all of the other doors and the rear

gate will be unlocked.

**▼ Locking**

Pressing the “” button locks all doors and the rear gate (Station wagon). When leaving the vehicle, pull the door handle to make sure that the doors have been locked.

**NOTE**

The remote keyless entry system does not operate when the key is inserted in the ignition switch or when any of the doors or the rear gate is not fully closed.

**CAUTION**

- Do not expose the transmitter to shocks.
- Do not take the transmitter apart.
- Do not get the transmitter wet. If it gets wet, wipe it dry with a cloth immediately.

**▼ Door unlock selection function (except models with double locking system)**

The door unlock selection function makes it possible to unlock the driver's door without unlocking any other doors.

### ▽ Unlocking doors with the door unlock selection function

The operational/non-operational setting for this function can be changed by a SUBARU dealer.

**Operational:** Only the driver's door will be unlocked.

**Non-operational:** All doors and the rear gate are unlocked.

The factory setting (default setting) is set as "non-operational".

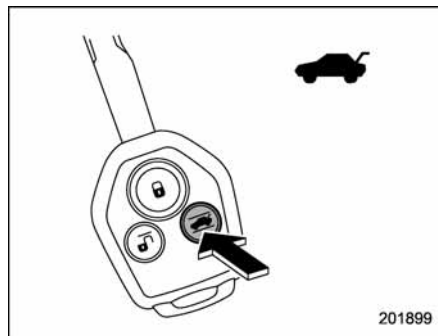
For further details, we recommend that you consult a SUBARU dealer.

### ▼ Automatic locking (except models with double locking system)

When the "🚗" button is pressed, all of the doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) are automatically locked 30 seconds later unless any one of the four doors or the rear gate is opened during that period.

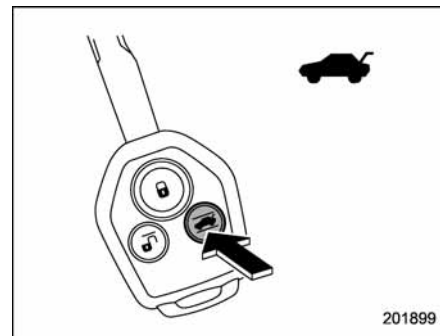
The automatic locking function's operational/non-operational setting and the setting for the locking time period (the time period after which locking takes place) can be changed by a SUBARU dealer. We recommend that you contact the nearest SUBARU dealer for details.

### ■ Opening trunk lid



The trunk lid opens when the "🚗" button is pressed continuously for at least 1.5 seconds. At this time, the hazard warning lights flash twice.

### ■ Unlocking rear gate



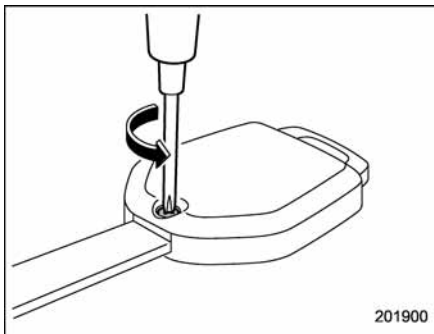
The rear gate will be unlocked when the "🚗" button is pressed. Also, the hazard warning flashers will flash twice.

### ■ Replacing battery

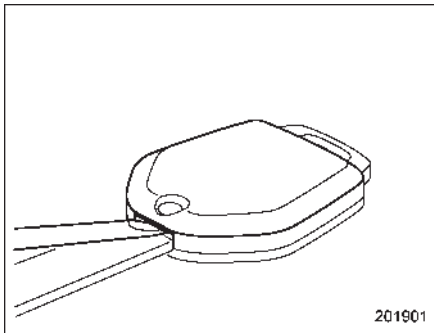
If the transmitter fails to operate when used within the standard distance, this may indicate a weak battery. Replace the battery as soon as possible. It is recommended that you have the battery replaced by your authorized SUBARU dealer. If you have to replace the battery by yourself, use utmost care that no dust and water may enter the transmitter.

**⚠ CAUTION**

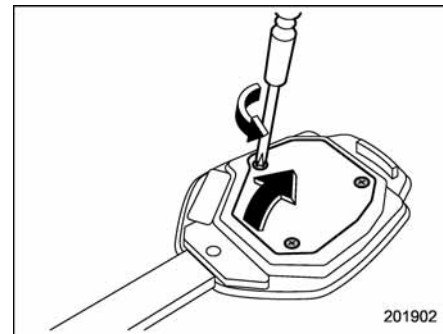
- Do not let dust, oil or water get on or in the transmitter when replacing battery.
- Be careful not to damage the printed circuit board in the transmitter when replacing the battery.
- Be careful not to allow children to touch the battery and any removed parts; children could swallow them.
- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type.
- Batteries shall not be exposed to excessive heat such as sunshine, fire or the like.



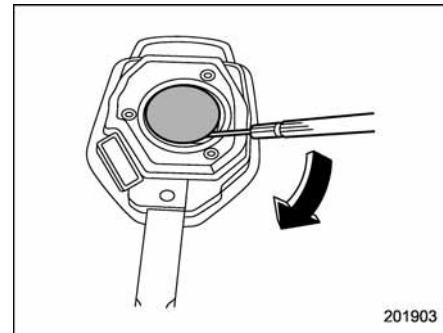
1. Remove the screw on the key head.



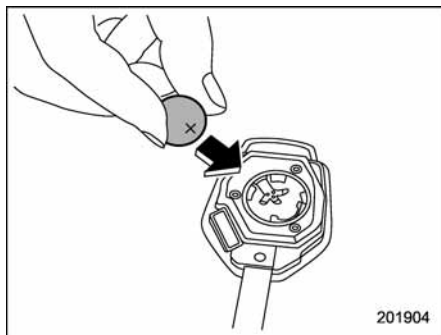
2. Open the key head using a flat-head screwdriver.



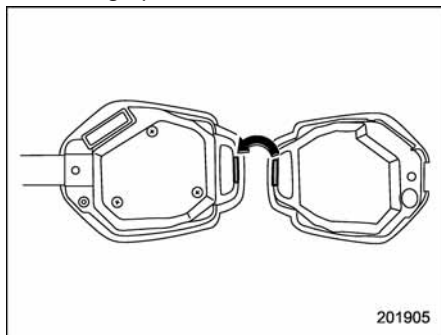
3. Remove the three screws and then remove the cover.



4. Remove the old battery.



5. Fit a new battery (type CR-1620 3V or equivalent) in the case with its positive (+) side facing upward.



6. Put the case together by fitting the mating part of the button side into the hook on the key side.

7. Reinstall the screw on the transmitter case.

### Double locking system (if equipped)

The double locking system is an anti-theft system. It operates when the doors are locked using the key or remote transmitter. While this system is operating, the power door locking switch and door lock levers inside the cabin cannot be used to unlock the doors.



#### WARNING

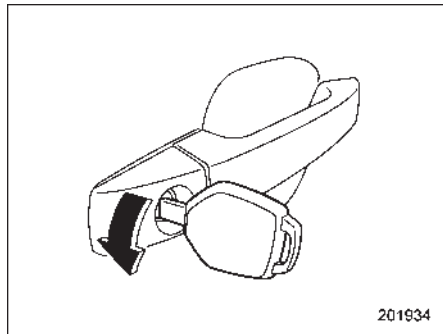
**Never set the double locking system while passengers are inside the vehicle. With the system set, people in the vehicle would not be able to open the doors from the inside. The result could be serious injuries or death.**



## ■ To set double locking system

### ▼ Setting system using key

1. Remove the key from the ignition switch and have all occupants get out of the vehicle.
2. Close all of the doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) securely.



3. Insert the key into the key cylinder of the driver's door, then turn it in the locking direction to set the double locking system. All of the doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) will be locked.

### ▼ Setting system using remote transmitter

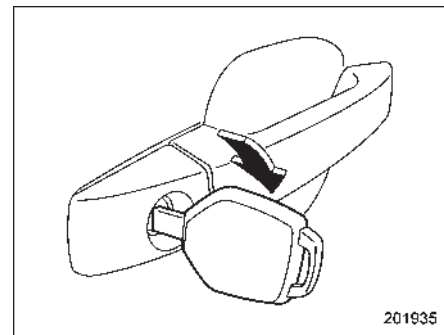
1. Remove the key from the ignition switch and have all occupants get out of the vehicle.
2. Close all of the doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) securely.
3. Press the "L" button on the transmitter. The hazard warning flashers will flash once and the double locking system will be set. All of the doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) will be locked.

### NOTE

**For models with the keyless access function, it is possible to set the double locking system by pressing the door lock button.**

## ■ To cancel double locking system

### ▼ Canceling system using key



Insert the key into the key cylinder of the driver's door, then turn it in the unlocking direction to cancel the double locking system. All of the doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) will be unlocked.

### ▼ Canceling system using remote transmitter

Press the “” button on the transmitter. The hazard warning flashers will flash twice and the double locking system will be canceled. The driver's door will be unlocked.

### NOTE

**For models with the keyless access function, it is possible to cancel the double locking system by gripping the handle.**

### ■ In an emergency

If you become trapped inside the vehicle owing to an accident or some other unexpected circumstance, unlock the doors using one of the following methods:

- Remove the key from the ignition switch, then press the “” button on the remote transmitter.
- Insert the key into the ignition switch and turn it to the “ON” position.
- Open the driver's window, then insert the key into the key cylinder of the driver's door and turn it in the unlocking direction.
- Break one of the windows and climb out through the window opening.

### ■ If a battery goes dead

If the double locking system cannot be canceled because the vehicle battery or transmitter battery has gone dead or because of a blown fuse or other electrical problem, insert the key into the key cylinder of the driver's door and turn it in the unlocking direction.

### ■ To reset double locking system

The double locking system must be reset when the vehicle battery has been temporarily disconnected for replacement or charging. To reset the system, turn the key once in the unlocking direction or press the “” button on the transmitter. The double locking system will then operate normally.

### NOTE

**For models with the keyless access function, it is possible to reset the double locking system by gripping the handle.**

## Function disabling unlocking with the power door locking switch (Australia models)



### WARNING

**Never lock the doors using the remote keyless entry system while passengers are inside the vehicle. Doing so activates the function that disables unlocking with the power door locking switch and so people in the vehicle would not be able to open the doors from the inside. This could result in serious injury or death.**

Australia models are fitted with an anti-theft function that disables door unlocking with the power door locking switch. This function is activated in the following situations, disabling the doors from being unlocked using the power door locking switch.

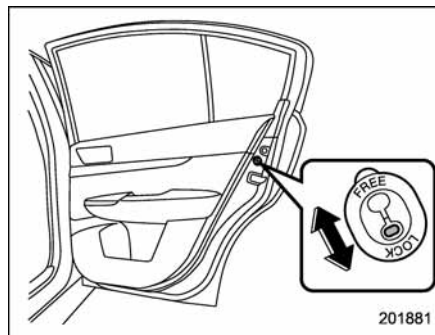
- The doors are locked using the remote keyless entry system. Refer to “Locking and unlocking doors” 2-21.
- The automatic locking function is in operation. Refer to “Automatic locking (except models with double locking system)” 2-22.

This function is canceled when the doors are unlocked using the remote keyless entry system or the ignition switch is turned to "ON".

## NOTE

- Even while this function is activated, doors can be unlocked using their lock levers, refer to "Locking and unlocking from the inside" 2-6.
- This function is not activated when the doors are locked using the key or power door locking switch.

## Child safety locks



Each rear door has a child safety lock that prevents the door from being opened even if the inside door handle is pulled.

When the child safety lock lever is in the "LOCK" position, the door cannot be opened from inside regardless of the position of the inner door handle lock lever. The door can only be opened from the outside.



## WARNING

Always turn the child safety locks to the "LOCK" position when children sit on the rear seat. Serious injury could result if a child accidentally opens the door and falls out.

## Windows



### WARNING

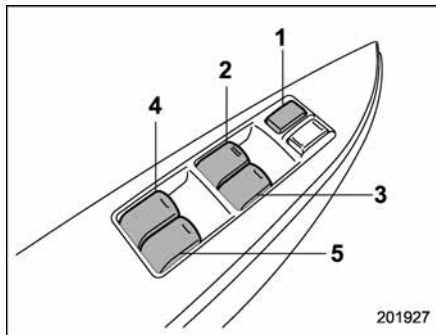
To avoid serious personal injury caused by entrapment, you must do the following.

- When operating the power windows, be extremely careful to prevent anyone's fingers, arms, neck, head or other objects from being caught in the window.
- Always lock the passengers' windows using the lock switch when children are riding in the vehicle.
- Before leaving the vehicle, always remove the key from the ignition switch for safety and never allow an unattended child to remain in the vehicle. Failure to follow this procedure could result in injury to a child operating the power window.

The power windows operate only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

### ■ Power window operation by driver

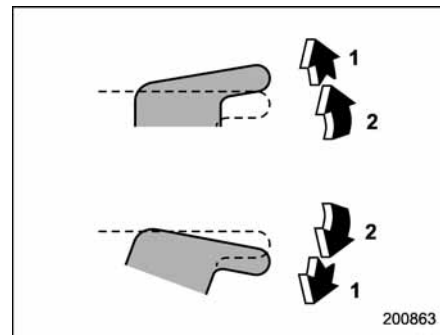
#### ▼ Driver's side power window switches



- 1) Lock switch
- 2) For driver's window (with one-touch auto up and down feature)
- 3) For front passenger's window
- 4) For rear left window
- 5) For rear right window

All door windows can be controlled by the power window switch cluster at the driver side door.

#### ▼ Operating the driver's window



- 1) Automatically open/close
- 2) Open/close

#### To open:

Press the switch down lightly and hold it. The window will open as long as the switch is held.

This switch also has a one-touch auto down function that allows the window to be opened fully without holding the switch. Press the switch down until it clicks and release it, and the window will fully open. To stop the window halfway, pull the switch up lightly.

#### To close:

Pull the switch up lightly and hold it. The window will close as long as the switch is held.

This switch also has a one-touch auto up function that allows the window to be closed fully without holding the switch.

Pull the switch up until it clicks and release it, and the window will fully close. To stop the window halfway, press the switch down lightly.

## NOTE

If the vehicle's battery is disconnected due to situations such as battery or fuse replacement, the one-touch auto up/down function is deactivated. Initialize the power window to reactivate the one-touch auto up/down function. Refer to "Initialization of power window" 2-31.

## ▽ Off delay function (driver's window only)

The driver's window can be opened or closed within approximately 40 seconds after the ignition switch is turned to the "Acc" or "LOCK"/"OFF" position. However, the driver's window cannot be opened or closed after the driver's door is open.

## NOTE

While the indicator light on the switch is illuminated, the driver's window can be opened or closed.

## ▼ Anti-entrapment function



- Never attempt to test this function using fingers, hands or other parts of your body.
- The anti-entrapment function may not operate properly if some object gets trapped just before the window fully closes.

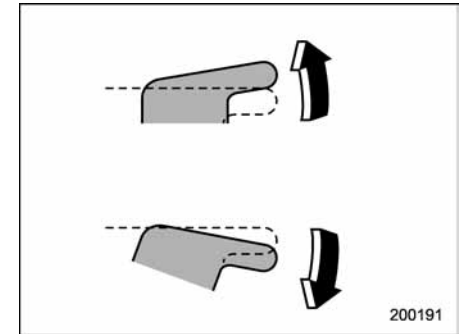
## NOTE

- If a window detects an impact similar to that caused by trapping an object (for example, when the vehicle encounters a deep pothole), the anti-entrapment function may operate.
- The window cannot be operated for a few seconds after the anti-entrapment function operates.
- If the vehicle's battery is disconnected due to situations such as battery or fuse replacement, the anti-entrapment function is deactivated. Initialize the power window to reactivate the anti-entrapment function. Refer to "Initialization of power window" 2-31.

While closing automatically, if the window senses a substantial enough object

trapped between the window and the window frame, it automatically moves down slightly and stops.

## ▼ Operating the passengers' windows

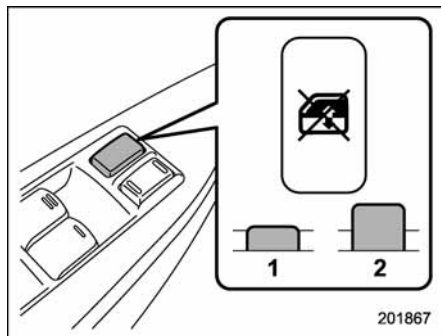


### To open:

Press the appropriate switch down and hold it until the window reaches the desired position.

### To close:

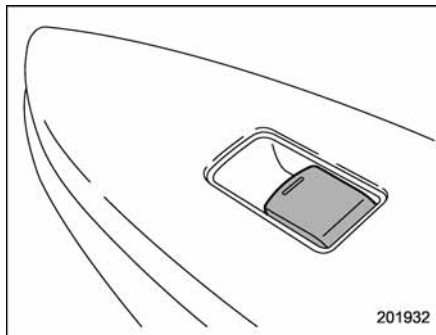
Pull the switch up and hold it until the window reaches the desired position.

**▼ Locking the passengers' windows**

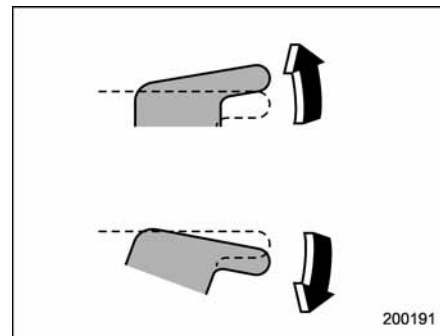
- 1) Lock
- 2) Unlock

Press the lock switch. When the lock switch is in the lock position, the passengers' windows cannot be opened or closed.

Press the switch again to cancel the passengers' window locking.

**■ Power window operation by passengers****▼ Passenger's side power window switches**

Each passenger window can be controlled by the power window switch located on the door.

**▼ Operating the windows****To open:**

Press the switch down and hold it until the window reaches the desired position.

**To close:**

Pull the switch up and hold it until the window reaches the desired position.

When the lock switch on the power window switch cluster, located on the driver's side door, is in the lock position, the passengers' windows cannot be operated with the passengers' switches.

## ■ Initialization of power window

If the vehicle's battery is disconnected due to situations such as battery or fuse replacement, the following functions are deactivated.

- One-touch auto up/down function
- Anti-entrapment function

Initialize the power window in the following procedure to reactivate such functions.

1. Close the driver's door.
2. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position.
3. Open the driver's side window halfway by pushing down the power window switch.
4. Pull up the power window switch and close the window completely. Continue pulling up the switch for approximately 1 second after the window is closed completely.

## Trunk lid (Sedan)



### WARNING

- **To prevent dangerous exhaust gas from entering the vehicle, always keep the trunk lid closed while driving.**
- **Help prevent young children from locking themselves in the trunk. On hot or sunny days, the temperature in the trunk could quickly become high enough to cause death or serious heat-related injuries including brain damage to anyone locked inside, particularly for small children.**
- **When leaving the vehicle, close all windows and lock all doors. Also make certain that the trunk is closed.**

## ■ To open and close the trunk lid from outside

The trunk lid can be opened using the keyless access function or remote keyless entry system. For details, refer to the following section.

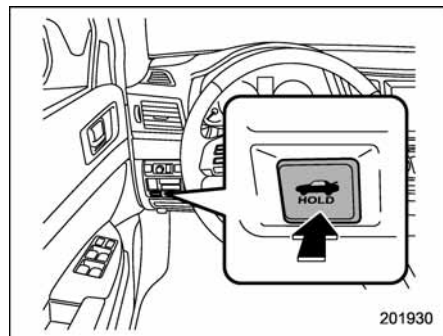
- For models with "keyless access with push-button start system", refer to "Opening trunk (Sedan)" 2-14 or "Opening trunk (Sedan)" 2-17.
- For models without "keyless access with push-button start system", refer to "Opening trunk lid" 2-22.

To close the trunk lid, lightly press the trunk lid down until the latch engages.

### NOTE

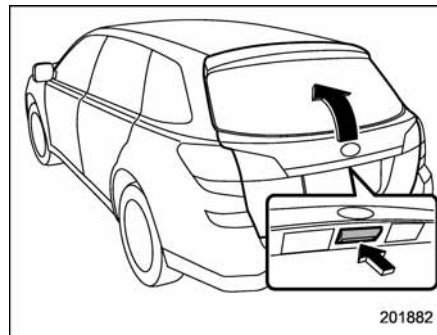
- **Do not leave your valuables in the trunk when you leave your vehicle.**
- **For models with a key cylinder on the trunk lid, even when the trunk lid cannot be opened using the keyless access function or remote keyless entry system, you can open the trunk lid by using the key. Refer to "Trunk lid (Sedan models with key cylinder on the trunk lid) – if the trunk lid cannot be opened" 9-29.**

### ■ To open the trunk lid from inside



Press the trunk lid opener switch for more than 1 second.

### Rear gate (Station wagon)

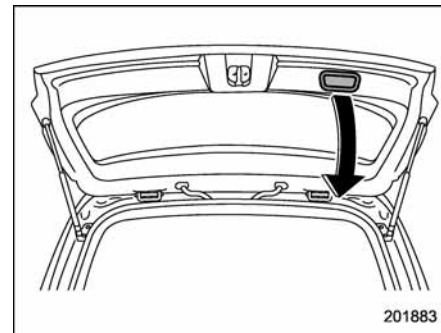


The rear gate can be locked and unlocked using any of the following systems.

- Power door locking switch: Refer to "Power door locking switch" 2-7.
- Keyless access with push-button start system (if equipped): Refer to "Keyless access with push-button start system" 2-8.
- Remote keyless entry system (if equipped): Refer to "Remote keyless entry system" 2-20.
- Locking and unlocking from the outside with the key (models with double locking system): Refer to "Locking and unlocking from the outside with key" 2-4.

### To open:

First unlock the rear gate lock then push the rear gate opener button.



### To close:

Lower the rear gate slowly and push down firmly until the latch engages.

The rear gate can be lowered easily if you pull down on the inside handle as shown in the illustration.



### WARNING

- To prevent dangerous exhaust gas from entering the vehicle, always keep the rear gate closed while driving.
- Do not attempt to shut the rear gate while holding the recessed grip. Also avoid closing the rear



gate by pulling on the recessed grip from inside the cargo area. There is a danger of your hand being caught and injured.



### CAUTION

- Do not jam a plastic bag in or place cellophane tape on the rear gate stays or scratch the stays while loading or unloading cargo. That could cause leakage of gas from the stays, which may result in their inability to hold the rear gate open.
- Be careful not to hit your head or face on the rear gate when opening or closing the rear gate and when loading or unloading cargo.

### NOTE

If the rear gate cannot be unlocked due to a discharged vehicle battery, a malfunction in the door locking/unlocking system or other causes, you can unlock it by manually operating the rear gate lock release lever. For the procedure, refer to "Rear gate (Station wagon) – if the rear gate cannot be unlocked" 9-30.

## Sunroof (if equipped)



### WARNING

Never let anyone's hands, arms, head or any objects protrude from the sunroof. A person could be seriously injured if the vehicle stops suddenly or turns sharply or if the vehicle is involved in an accident.

To avoid serious personal injury caused by entrapment, you must conform to the following instructions without exception.

- Before closing the sunroof, make sure that no one's hands, arms, head or other objects will be accidentally caught in the sunroof.
- Before leaving the vehicle, always remove the key from the ignition switch for safety (models without "keyless access with push-button start system") and never allow an unattended child to remain in the vehicle. Failure to follow this procedure could result in injury to a child operating the sunroof.

- Never try to check the anti-entrapment function by deliberately placing part of your body in the sunroof.



### CAUTION

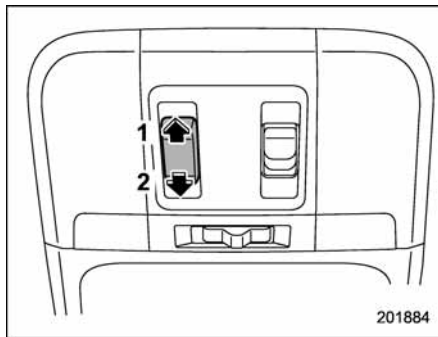
- Do not sit on the edge of the open sunroof.
- Do not operate the sunroof if falling snow or extremely cold conditions have caused it to freeze shut.
- The anti-entrapment function does not operate when the sunroof is being tilted down. Be sure to confirm safety before tilting the sunroof down.

The sunroof operates only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

## ■ Sunroof switches

The sunroof has both tilting and sliding functions.

### ▼ Tilting sunroof



- 1) Raise
- 2) Lower

The raising function will operate when the sunroof is fully closed. The lowering function will only operate when the sunroof is raised.

Press the "UP" side of the "UP/DOWN" switch to raise the sunroof.

Press the "DOWN" side of the "UP/DOWN" switch to lower the sunroof.

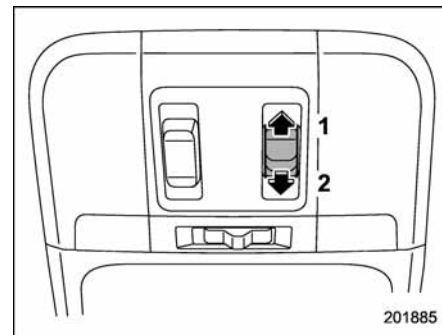
Release the switch after the sunroof has been raised or has been lowered completely. Pressing the switch continuously

may cause damage to the sunroof.

## NOTE

**One-touch operation does not take place when the sunroof is lowered. Press the switch continuously to lower the sunroof.**

### ▼ Sliding sunroof



- 1) Open
- 2) Close

Press the "OPEN/CLOSE" switch rearward to open the sunroof. The sun shade will also be opened together with the sunroof. For the Station wagon, the sunroof will stop at a position approximately 2 cm (0.8 in) away from the fully opened position. Press the switch again to open the sunroof completely.

Press the "OPEN/CLOSE" switch forward to close the sunroof.

To stop the sunroof at a selected mid-way position while opening or closing it, momentarily press the switch to the "OPEN" side or "CLOSE" side.

After washing the vehicle or after it rains, wipe away water on the roof prior to opening the sunroof to prevent drops of water from falling into the passenger compartment.

## NOTE

**If the sunroof cannot be closed through the switch operation because of system failure, it can be closed manually using a hex-head wrench. For the procedure, refer to "Sunroof – if sunroof cannot be closed" 9-30.**

## ▼ Anti-entrapment function

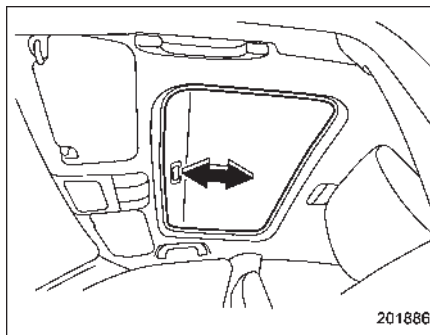
When the sunroof senses a substantial enough object trapped between its glass and the vehicle's roof during closure, it automatically moves back to the fully open position and stops there. The anti-entrapment function may also be activated by a strong shock on the sunroof even when there is nothing trapped.



## CAUTION

**Never attempt to test this function using fingers, hands or other parts of your body.**

## ■ Sun shade



The sun shade can be slid forward or backward by hand while the sunroof is closed.

If the sunroof is opened, the sun shade also moves back.

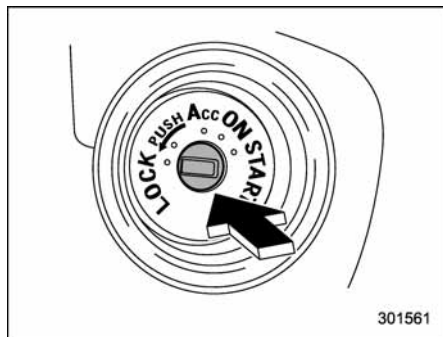
|                                                                                                 |      |
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## Ignition switch (models without push-button start system)



The ignition switch has four positions: LOCK, Acc, ON and START.

### WARNING

- Never turn the ignition switch to "LOCK" while the vehicle is being driven or towed because that will lock the steering wheel, preventing steering control. And when the engine is turned off, it takes a much greater effort than usual to steer.
- Before leaving the vehicle, always remove the key from the

ignition switch for safety and never allow an unattended child to remain in the vehicle. Failure to follow this procedure could result in injury to a child or others. Children could operate the power windows or other controls or even make the vehicle move.

### CAUTION

Do not attach a large key holder or key case to either key. If it bangs against your knees while you are driving, it could turn the ignition switch from the "ON" position to the "Acc" or "LOCK" position, thereby stopping the engine.

### NOTE

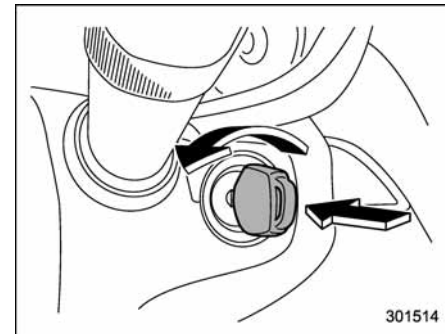
- Keep the ignition switch in the "LOCK" position when the engine is not running.
- Using electrical accessories for a long time with the ignition switch in the "ON" or "Acc" position can cause the battery to go dead.
- If the ignition switch will not move from the "LOCK" position to the "Acc" position, turn the steering wheel

slightly to the left and right as you turn the ignition switch.

### ■ LOCK

The key can only be inserted or removed in this position. The ignition switch will lock the steering wheel when you remove the key.

If turning the key is difficult, turn the steering wheel slightly to the right and left as you turn the key.



The key can be turned from the "Acc" position to the "LOCK" position only when the key is pushed in while turning it (all models) and the select lever is in the "P" position (AT and CVT models).

## ■ Acc

In this position the electrical accessories (audio, accessory power outlet, etc.) can be used.

## ■ ON

This is the normal operating position after the engine is started.

## ■ START

The engine is started in this position. The starter cranks the engine to start it. When the key is released (after the engine has started), the key automatically returns to the "ON" position.



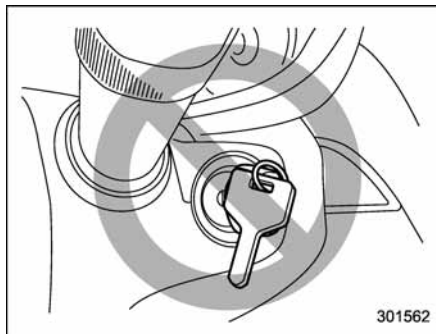
### CAUTION

**Do not turn the ignition switch to the "START" position while the engine is running.**

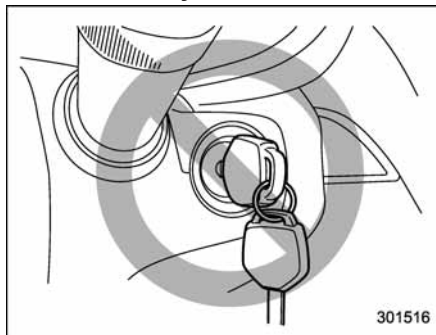
As your vehicle is equipped with an immobilizer system, if you fail to start your engine with your registered key, pull out the key once, (at this time, the immobilizer indicator light blinks) and then insert the key in the ignition switch and turn it to the "START" position and again try to start your engine.

## NOTE

The engine may not start in the following cases.



- The key grip is touching another key or a metallic key holder.



- The key is near another key that

contains an immobilizer transponder.

- The key is near or touching another transmitter.

## ■ Key reminder chime (if equipped)

The reminder chime sounds when the driver's door is opened and the key is in the "LOCK" or "Acc" positions. The chime stops when the key is removed from the ignition switch or the driver's door is closed.

## ■ Ignition switch light

For easy access to the ignition switch in the dark, the ignition switch light illuminates when driver's door is opened or when the driver's door is unlocked using the remote keyless entry transmitter.

The light remains illuminated for approximately 30 seconds and gradually turns off under the following conditions.

- when the driver's door is closed
- when the doors are unlocked using the remote keyless entry transmitter

The light gradually turns off under the following conditions.

- when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position

- when the doors are locked using the remote keyless entry transmitter

### **Push-button ignition switch (models with push-button start system)**



#### **WARNING**

If you wear an implanted pacemaker or an implanted defibrillator, stay at least 22 cm (8.7 in) away from the transmitting antennas installed on the vehicle.

The radio waves from the transmitting antennas on the vehicle could adversely affect the operation of implanted pacemakers and implanted defibrillators.

If you wear electric medical equipment other than an implanted pacemaker or an implanted defibrillator, before using the push-button start system, refer to “Radio waves used for the push-button start system” mentioned later, and contact the electric medical equipment manufacturer for more information. The radio waves from the transmitting antennas on the vehicle could adversely affect the operation of the electric medical equipment.

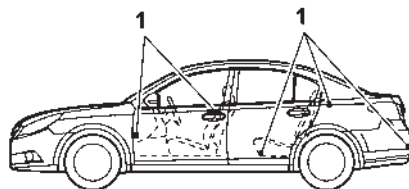
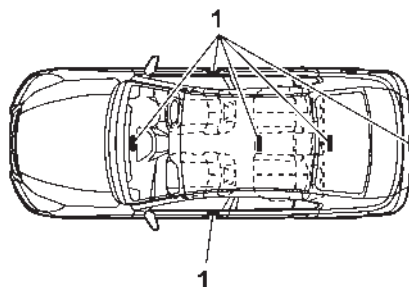
- The operational/non-operational setting for the keyless access functions can be changed. For the setting procedure, refer to “Disabling keyless access function” 2-17. The setting can also be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.
- For detailed information about the operation method of the push-button ignition switch while the keyless access functions is switched to the non-operational mode, refer to “When access key does not operate properly” 3-10.

“Radio waves used for the push-button start system”

- The push-button start system uses radio waves of the following frequency\* in addition to the radio waves used for the remote keyless entry system. The radio waves are periodically output from the antennas installed on the vehicle as shown in the following illustrations.

\*Radio frequency: 134 kHz

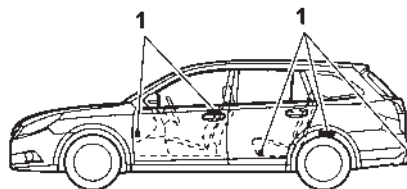
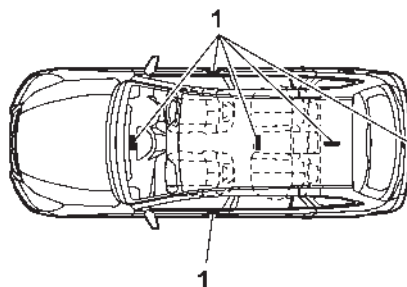




201889

# Sedan

1) Antenna



201890

# Station wagon

1) Antenna



## CAUTION

- The push-button start system uses weak radio waves. The

status of the access key and the environmental conditions may interfere with the communication between the access key and the vehicle under the following conditions, and it may not be possible to lock or unlock the doors or start the engine.

- When operating near a facility where strong radio waves are transmitted, such as a broadcast station and power transmission lines
- When products that transmit radio waves are used, such as an access key or a remote transmitter key of another vehicle
- When carrying more than one access key
- When the access key is placed near wireless communication equipment such as a cell phone
- When the access key is placed near a metallic object
- When metallic accessories are attached to the access key
- When carrying the access key with electronic appliances

such as a laptop computer

- When the battery of the access key is discharged
- Never leave or store the access key inside the vehicle (e.g., on the instrumental panel, inside the glove box, on the seat, in the door pocket, inside the trunk or at the corner of the cargo area) or within 2 m (6.6 ft) around the vehicle (e.g., in the garage). The access key may be locked inside the vehicle, or the battery may discharge rapidly. Note that the push-button ignition switch may not turn on in some cases depending on the location of the access key.
- The keyless access functions can be disabled. We recommend that you disable the functions under the following conditions.
  - When the vehicle is not going to be used for an extended period of time
  - When the keyless access functions are not going to be used
  - When the access key needs to be stored inside or near the vehicle for some uncontrollable reason

ble reason

For the setting procedure, refer to “Disabling keyless access function” 2-17. The setting can also be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.

- The access key contains electronic components. Observe the following points to prevent malfunctions.
  - Although you can replace the battery of the access key yourself, it is recommended that the battery should be replaced by a SUBARU dealer to avoid the risk of damage at the time of replacement.
  - Do not get the access key wet. If the access key gets wet, wipe it immediately and let it dry completely.
  - Do not apply strong impacts to the access key.
  - Keep the access key away from magnetic sources.
  - Never leave the access key in direct sunlight or anywhere that may become hot, such

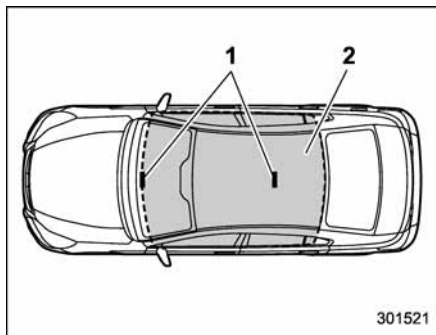
as on the dashboard. It may damage the battery or cause circuit malfunctions.

- Do not wash the access key in an ultrasonic washer.
- Do not leave the access key in humid or dusty locations. Doing so may cause malfunctions.
- Do not leave the access key near personal computers or home electric appliances. Doing so may cause the access key to malfunction, resulting in battery discharge.
- The access key is always communicating with the vehicle; thus, it is continuously using the battery. Although the life of the battery varies depending on the operating conditions, it is approximately 1 to 2 years. If the battery becomes fully discharged, replace it with a new one.
- If the access key is dropped, the integrated mechanical key inside may become loose. Be careful not to lose the mechanical key.

## NOTE

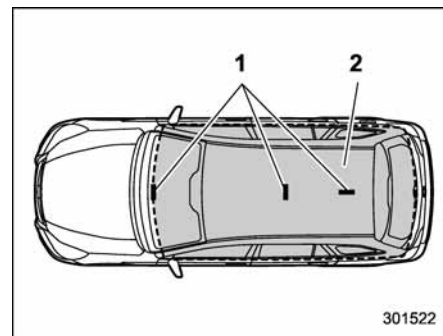
- If an access key is lost, it is recommended that the access key be reregistered. For reregistration of an access key, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.
- For a spare access key, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.
- Up to 7 access keys can be registered for one vehicle.
- Carefully store the key number plate and security ID plate supplied with the access key. They are necessary for vehicle repair and additional registration of access keys.
- Do not leave the access key in the storage spaces inside the vehicle, such as the door pocket, dashboard and corner of the cargo area. Vibrations may damage the key or turn on the switch, possibly resulting in a lockout.

## Operating range for push-button start system



Sedan

- 1) Antenna
- 2) Operating range



Station wagon

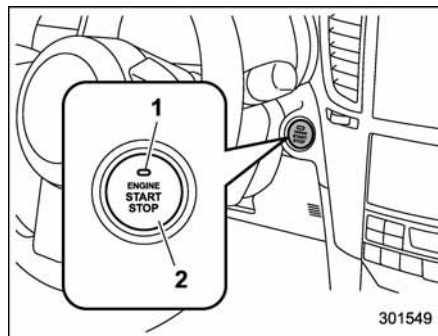
- 1) Antenna
- 2) Operating range

## NOTE

- If the access key is not detected within the operating range of the antennas inside the vehicle, the push-button ignition switch and the engine start cannot be operated.
- Even when the access key is outside the vehicle, if it is placed too close to the glass, the engine may start.
- Do not leave the access key in the following places. It may become impossible to operate the push-button ignition switch and the engine start.
  - On the instrument panel
  - On the floor

- Inside the glove box
  - Inside the door trim pocket
  - On the rear seat
  - On the rear shelf (Sedan)
  - Inside the trunk (Sedan)
  - At the corner of the cargo area (Station wagon)
- When operating the push-button ignition switch, if the battery of the access key is discharged, perform the procedure described in “When access key does not operate properly” 3-10. In such a case, replace the battery immediately. Refer to “Replacing battery of access key” 2-19.

## ■ Switching power



- 1) Operation indicator
- 2) Push-button ignition switch

The power is switched every time the push-button ignition switch is pressed.

1. Carry the access key, and sit in the driver's seat.
2. Shift the shift lever in neutral (MT models) or the select lever in the “P” position (AT and CVT models).
3. Press the push-button ignition switch without depressing the clutch pedal (MT models) or the brake pedal (AT and CVT models). Every time the button is pressed, the power is switched in the sequence of “OFF”, “Acc”, “ON” and “OFF”. When the engine is stopped and the push-button ignition switch is in “Acc” or “ON”, the operation indicator on the push-button

ignition switch illuminates in orange.

| Power status | Indicator color                         | Operation                                                                             |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OFF          | Turned off                              | Power is turned off.                                                                  |
| Acc          | Orange                                  | The following parts can be used:<br>wipers, washer, audio and accessory power outlet. |
| ON           | Orange<br>(while engine is stopped)     | All electrical parts can be used.                                                     |
|              | Turned off<br>(while engine is running) |                                                                                       |

## ▼ Battery drainage prevention function

When the push-button ignition switch is left in “Acc” for approximately 1 hour, the push-button ignition switch will be automatically switched to “OFF” to prevent the battery from going dead. (In AT and CVT models, this function is activated when the select lever is in the “P” position.)



## CAUTION

- When the push-button ignition switch is left in “ON” or “Acc” for a long time, it may result in vehicle battery discharge.
- In AT and CVT models, the push-button ignition switch cannot be switched to “OFF” when the select lever is in a position other than “P”.
- Do not spill drinks, etc. on the push-button ignition switch. It may cause a malfunction.
- Do not touch the push-button ignition switch with a hand soiled with oil, etc. It may cause a malfunction.
- If the push-button ignition switch does not operate smoothly, stop the operation. And we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer immediately.
- If the push-button ignition switch does not illuminate even when the instrument panel illumination is turned on (light control switch is turned to the “ ” or “ ” position), we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected at a SUBARU dealer.

- If the vehicle was left under the hot sun for a long time, the surface of the push-button ignition switch may get hot. Be careful not to burn yourself.
- After the battery was discharged or replaced, it may require an initialization of the steering lock system to start the engine. In such a case, initialize the steering lock.\*

### \*Initialization of steering lock

Switch the power to “OFF”. Open and close the driver’s door, and wait for approximately 10 seconds. When the steering is locked, the initialization is completed.

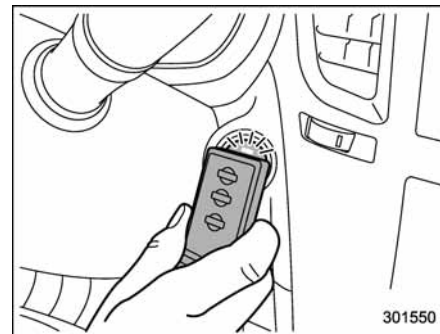
## NOTE

- When operating the push-button ignition switch, firmly press it all the way.
- If the push-button ignition switch is pressed quickly, the power may not turn on and off.

## ■ When access key does not operate properly

If the power switch procedures cannot be operated because of strong radio noise in the surrounding area or low battery of the access key, try the following to switch the power on. When the battery of the access key is discharged, replace it with a new one.

1. Apply the parking brake.
2. Shift the shift lever in neutral (MT models) or the select lever in the “P” position (AT and CVT models).
3. Depress the clutch pedal (MT models) or brake pedal (AT and CVT models).



4. Hold the access key with the buttons facing you, and touch the push-button ignition switch with it.

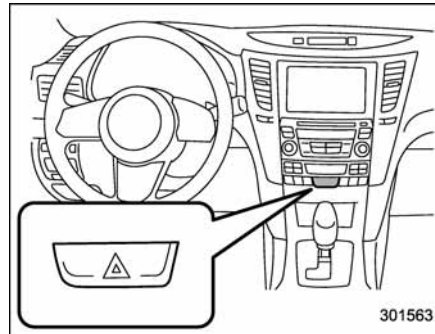
When the communication between the access key and the vehicle is completed, a chime (ding) will sound, and the operation indicator on the push-button ignition switch illuminates in green.

5. Within 5 seconds after the operation indicator illuminates in green, release the clutch pedal (MT models) or brake pedal (AT models), and press the push-button ignition switch.

### NOTE

**If the power does not switch even though the above procedure was followed precisely, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.**

## Hazard warning flasher



The hazard warning flasher is used to warn other drivers when you have to park your vehicle under emergency conditions. The hazard warning flasher works with the ignition switch in any position.

To turn on the hazard warning flasher, press the hazard warning button on the instrument panel. To turn off the flasher, press the button again.

### NOTE

**When the hazard warning flasher is on, the turn signals do not work.**

## Meters and gauges

### NOTE

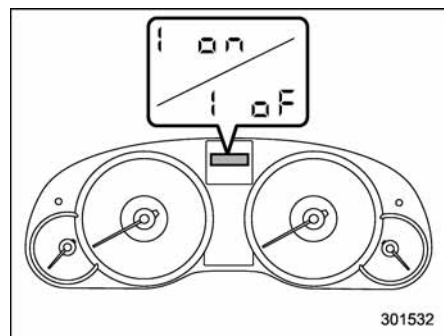
**Liquid crystal displays are used in some of the meters and gauges on the combination meter. You will find their indications hard to see if you wear polarized glasses.**

### ■ Combination meter illumination

When the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position, the various parts of the combination meter are illuminated in the following sequence.

1. Warning lights, indicator lights, meter needles, gauge needles, odometer and trip meter back light illuminate.
2. Meter needles and gauge needles each show MAX position.
3. Meter needles and gauge needles each show MIN position.
4. Regular illumination (for driving) begins.

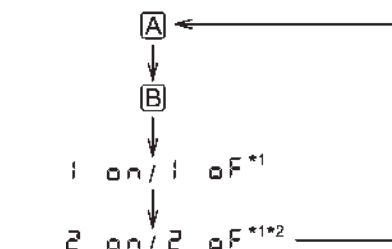
## Canceling the function for meter/gauge needle movement upon turning on the ignition switch



It is possible to activate or deactivate the movement of the meter needles and gauge needles that takes place when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position.

1. Turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK"/"OFF" or "Acc" position.
2. Press the trip knob to show "1 on" or "1 of" on the trip meter display.

The display can be switched as shown in the following illustration by pressing the trip knob.



\*1: "1 on" or "1 of" and "2 on" or "2 of" cannot be displayed when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

\*2: MT models only

3. To change the current setting, press the trip knob for at least 2 seconds.

1 on : Activated  
1 of : Deactivated

## NOTE

- Your vehicle's initial movement setting of the meter/gauge needles has been set for activation "1 on" at the time of shipment from the factory.
- It is not possible to change the movement setting of the meter/gauge needles when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position. Change the setting when the ignition switch is in the "LOCK"/"OFF" or "Acc" position.

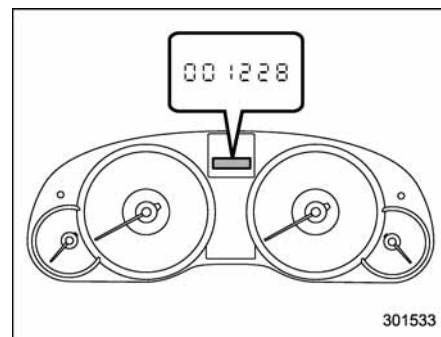
## Speedometer

The speedometer shows the vehicle speed.

### Speed warning chime (if equipped)

When the speed is over approximately 120 km/h (75 mph), a chime sounds.

## Odometer



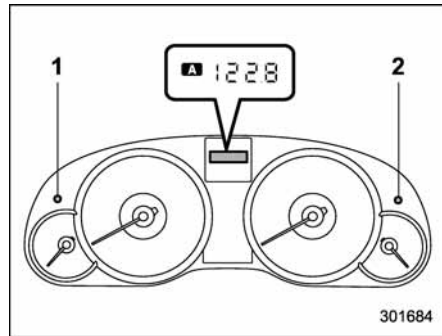
This meter displays the odometer when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position. The odometer shows the total distance that the vehicle has been driven.

If you press the trip knob when the ignition switch is in the "LOCK"/"OFF" or "Acc" position, the odometer/trip meter will light up. If you do not press the trip knob within 10 seconds of illumination of the od-

ometer/trip meter, the odometer/trip meter will turn off.

Also, if you open and close the driver's door within 10 seconds of illumination of the odometer/trip meter, the odometer/trip meter will turn off.

## ■ Double trip meter



- 1) Trip knob (left-hand drive models)
- 2) Trip knob (right-hand drive models)

This meter displays the two trip meters when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

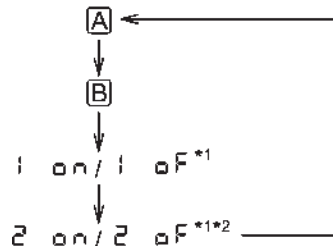
The trip meter shows the distance that the vehicle has been driven since you last set it to zero.

If you press the trip knob when the ignition switch is in the "LOCK"/"OFF" or "Acc"

position, the odometer/trip meter will light up. It is possible to switch between the A trip meter and B trip meter indications while the odometer/trip meter is lit up. If you do not press the trip knob within 10 seconds of illumination of the odometer/trip meter, the odometer/trip meter will turn off.

Also, if you open and close the driver's door within 10 seconds of illumination of the odometer/trip meter, the odometer/trip meter will turn off.

The display can be switched as shown in the following illustration by pressing the trip knob.



\*1: "1 0 n" or "1 0 F" and "2 0 n" or "2 0 F" cannot be displayed when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

\*2: MT models only

To set the trip meter to zero, select the A trip or B trip meter by pressing the knob

and keep the knob pressed for more than 2 seconds.

## ⚠ CAUTION

**To ensure safety, do not attempt to change the function of the indicator during driving, as an accident could result.**

## NOTE

**If the connection between the combination meter and battery is broken for any reason such as vehicle maintenance or fuse replacement, the data recorded on the trip meter will be lost.**

## ■ Tachometer

The tachometer shows the engine speed in thousands of revolutions per minute.

## ⚠ CAUTION

**Do not operate the engine with the pointer of the tachometer in the red zone. This may cause severe damage to the engine.**

## NOTE

**To protect the engine/transmission while the select lever is in the "P" or**

– CONTINUED –

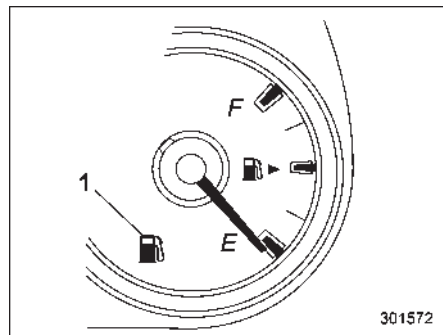


“N” position (CVT models and 3.6 L AT models) or the shift lever is in the neutral position (for 2.5 L non-turbo MT models), the engine is controlled so that the engine speed may not become too high even if the accelerator pedal is depressed hard.

## Fuel gauge

### CAUTION

For diesel engine models, fill the tank with diesel fuel. For details about diesel fuel, refer to “Fuel requirements for diesel engine” P 7-2.



1) Low fuel warning light

The fuel gauge shows the approximate amount of fuel remaining in the tank.

When the ignition switch is in the “LOCK”/“OFF” or “Acc” position, the fuel gauge shows “E” even if the fuel tank contains fuel.

The gauge may move slightly during braking, turning or acceleration due to fuel level movement in the tank.

If you press the trip knob while the ignition switch is in the “LOCK”/“OFF” or “Acc” position, the fuel gauge’s dial will illuminate and the needle will indicate the amount of fuel remaining in the tank.

If, while the fuel gauge needle is indicating the amount of fuel remaining in the tank, you (a) do not press the trip knob for 10 seconds or (b) open and close the driver’s door, the fuel gauge needle will drop to the “E” position and the dial and needle will turn off.

## NOTE



300310

You will see the “” sign in the fuel gauge.

This indicates that the fuel filler door (lid) is located on the right side of the vehicle.

## ▼ Low fuel warning light

### CAUTION

Promptly put fuel in the tank whenever the low fuel warning light illuminates. Engine misfires as a result of an empty tank could cause damage to the engine.

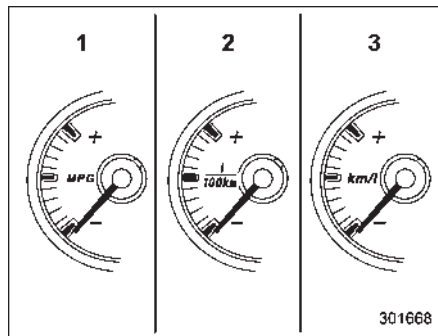
The low fuel warning light illuminates

when the fuel tank is nearly empty. It only operates when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position. When this light illuminates, fill the fuel tank immediately.

## NOTE

- The low fuel warning light illuminates when the remaining amount of fuel in the tank has reached approximately 9 liters (2.3 US gal, 1.9 Imp gal).
- The low fuel warning light does not turn off unless the tank is replenished up to an internal fuel quantity of approximately 15 liters (4.0 US gal, 3.3 Imp gal).

## ECO gauge



- 1) Type A ECO gauge
- 2) Type B ECO gauge
- 3) Type C ECO gauge

The ECO gauge shows the difference between the current rate of fuel consumption and the average rate of fuel consumption since the trip meter was last reset.

The gauge dial has green and yellow zones. When the gauge needle is pointing to the green zone, it indicates fuel-efficient driving.

## NOTE

- The ECO gauge shows only an approximate indication.
- After resetting the trip meter, the average rate of fuel consumption is not

shown until driving 1 km (0.6 mile). Before that time, the ECO gauge does not operate.

## Warning and indicator lights

Several of the warning and indicator lights illuminate momentarily and then turn off when the ignition switch is initially turned to the “ON” position. This permits checking the operation of the bulbs.

Apply the parking brake and turn the ignition switch to the “ON” position. The following lights illuminate:

: Seatbelt warning light  
(The seatbelt warning light turns off only when the driver fastens the seatbelt.)

: Front passenger's seatbelt warning light (if equipped)  
(The seatbelt warning light turns off only when the front seat passenger fastens the seatbelt.)

: All-Wheel Drive warning light (AT and CVT models)

: Power steering warning light (if equipped)

: SRS airbag system warning light

: Malfunction indicator lamp (Check Engine light)

: Coolant temperature high warning light

: Charge warning light

: Oil pressure warning light

: Engine low oil level warning light

: AT OIL TEMP warning light  
(AT and CVT models)

: ABS warning light

: Brake system warning light

: Electronic parking brake warning light

: Hill Holder indicator light

: Low fuel warning light

: Door open warning light

: Door open indicator light

: Vehicle Dynamics Control warning light/Vehicle Dynamics Control operation indicator light

: Vehicle Dynamics Control OFF indicator light

: Cruise control indicator light  
(if equipped)

: Cruise control set indicator light  
(if equipped)

: Select lever/gear position indicator

: Access key warning light  
(if equipped)

: Fuel filter warning light  
(diesel engine models)

: Preheating indicator light  
(diesel engine models)

: Diesel particulate filter warning light  
(diesel engine models)

If any lights fail to illuminate, it indicates a burned-out bulb or a malfunction of the corresponding system.

We recommend that you consult your authorized SUBARU dealer for repair.

## ■ Seatbelt warning light and chime



### NOTE

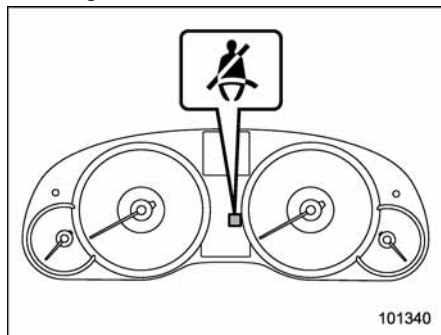
**If your seatbelt warning device does not operate as described below, it may be out of order. We recommend that you have the device inspected and, if necessary, repaired by the nearest SUBARU dealer.**

### ▼ Europe and Australia models

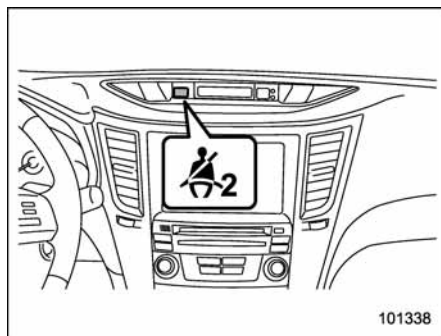
Your vehicle is equipped with a seatbelt warning device at the driver's and front passenger's seat.

With the ignition switch turned to the “ON” position, this device reminds the driver and front passenger to fasten their seatbelts by illuminating warning lights in the

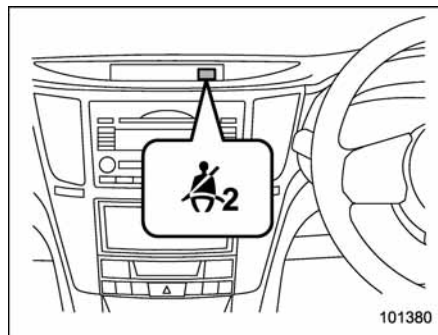
following locations.



Driver's warning light



Front passenger's warning light  
(Europe models)



Front passenger's warning light  
(Australia models)

If the vehicle is driven at a speed no higher than approximately 20 km/h (12.5 mph) with the driver's seatbelt and/or passenger's seatbelt not fastened, the warning light(s) corresponding to the unfastened seatbelt(s) will illuminate continuously.

If the vehicle subsequently reaches a speed of approximately 20 km/h (12.5 mph) with the driver's seatbelt and/or passenger's seatbelt not fastened, the warning light(s) will start a repeated cycle consisting of 5 seconds of flashing followed by 1 second of steady illumination. At the same time, a buzzer will start a repeated cycle consisting of 5 seconds of sounding followed by a 1-second pause. If

either of the unfastened seatbelts is fastened at this time, the warning light corresponding to that seatbelt will immediately turn off but the buzzer will continue operating unless the remaining seatbelt is fastened.

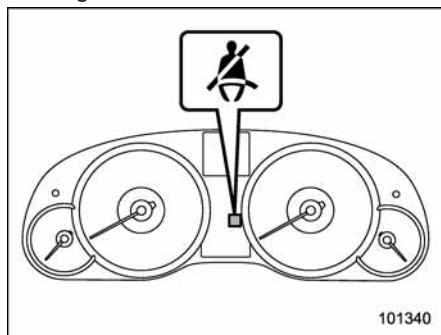
## NOTE

- If the driver's and passenger's seatbelts are not fastened simultaneously (if one seatbelt is fastened significantly earlier or later than the other), the buzzer may sound longer (10 seconds maximum).
- The occupant detection system of the front passenger's seat detects the passenger by the weight on the seat. Therefore, if there is a heavy object on the seat, the warning system to fasten the seatbelt is activated.
- If you use a cushion on a passenger's seat, there is the possibility that the occupant detection system cannot detect the passenger.

If the driver's seatbelt and/or the passenger's seatbelt is still not fastened when the 108-second period has elapsed, the warning light(s) will stop flashing and the buzzer will stop sounding. The warning light(s), however, will remain illuminated continuously unless the corresponding seatbelt(s) is fastened.

### ▼ Other models

Your vehicle is equipped with a seatbelt warning device at the driver's seat.



#### Driver's warning light

This device causes the seatbelt warning light on the combination meter to illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to "ON" to remind the driver to wear the seatbelt.

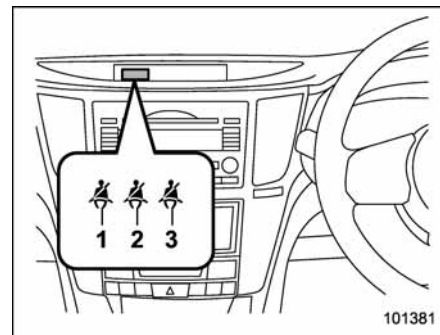
If the vehicle is driven at a speed no higher than approximately 20 km/h (12.5 mph) with the driver's seatbelt not fastened, the warning light will illuminate continuously.

If the vehicle subsequently reaches a speed of approximately 20 km/h (12.5 mph) with the driver's seatbelt not fastened, the warning light will start a

repeated cycle consisting of 5 seconds of flashing followed by 1 second of steady illumination. At the same time, a buzzer will start a repeated cycle consisting of 5 seconds of sounding followed by a 1-second pause. If the seatbelt is fastened at this time, the warning light will turn off and the buzzer will stop sounding immediately. This condition will continue for approximately 108 seconds.

If the driver's seatbelt is still not fastened when the 108-second period has elapsed, the warning light will stop flashing and the buzzer will stop sounding. The warning light, however, will remain illuminated continuously unless the seatbelt is fastened.

### ■ Rear seatbelt indicator light (Australia models)



- 1) Rear seat (left position)
- 2) Rear seat (center position)
- 3) Rear seat (right position)

This indicator light is located in the multi function display. It illuminates to show only the seating positions in which seatbelts have not been fastened.

### ■ SRS airbag system warning light



When the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position, the SRS airbag system warning light will illuminate for approximately 6 seconds and turn off. This indicates that the SRS airbag, SRS side airbag and SRS curtain airbag (if

equipped), seatbelt pretensioners and lap belt pretensioner (if equipped) are operating normally.



### WARNING

If the warning light exhibits any of the following conditions, there may be a malfunction in the seatbelt pretensioners, lap belt pretensioner (if equipped) and/or SRS airbag system. We recommend that you have the system checked immediately by your nearest SUBARU dealer. Unless checked and properly repaired, the seatbelt pretensioners and/or SRS airbags will operate improperly (e.g. SRS airbags may inflate in a very minor collision or not inflate in a severe collision), which may increase the risk of injury.

- **Flashing or flickering of the warning light**
- **No illumination of the warning light when the ignition switch is first turned to the "ON" position**
- **Continuous illumination of the warning light**
- **Illumination of the warning light while driving**

### ■ Malfunction indicator lamp (Check Engine light)



#### ▼ Models equipped with OBD system

Vehicles sold in Europe are equipped with an enhanced on-board diagnostics system called OBD that monitors the performance of the vehicle's emission control system.

Vehicles sold in some countries outside Europe may be equipped with the OBD system. We recommend that you ask your SUBARU dealer to ascertain whether your vehicle has the OBD system.

The OBD system helps to protect the environment by ensuring that emissions are at acceptable levels for the life of the vehicle.

If the malfunction indicator lamp illuminates steadily or blinks while the engine is running, it may indicate that there is a problem or potential problem somewhere in the emission control system and that service is required. The OBD system also assists your service technician in properly diagnosing any malfunction.



### CAUTION

If the malfunction indicator lamp illuminates while you are driving, we recommend that you have your vehicle checked/repared by your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible. Continued vehicle operation without having the emission control system checked and repaired as necessary could cause serious damage, which may not be covered by your vehicle's warranty.

#### ▽ If the light illuminates steadily

If the light illuminates steadily while driving or does not turn off after the engine starts, an emission control system malfunction has been detected.

We recommend that you have your vehicle checked by an authorized SUBARU dealer immediately.

#### ▽ If the light is blinking

If the light is blinking while driving, an engine misfire condition has been detected which may damage the emission control system.

To prevent serious damage to the emission control system, observe the following items.

- Reduce vehicle speed.
- Avoid hard acceleration.
- Avoid steep uphill grades.
- Reduce the amount of cargo, if possible.
- Stop towing a trailer as soon as possible.

The malfunction indicator lamp may stop blinking and illuminate steadily after several driving trips. We recommend that you have your vehicle checked by an authorized SUBARU dealer immediately.

#### ▼ Models NOT equipped with OBD system

If the malfunction indicator lamp illuminates when the engine is running, it may indicate that there is a problem somewhere in the engine control system.

If the light illuminates while driving or does not turn off after the engine starts, we recommend that you contact your nearest SUBARU dealer immediately.

### ■ Coolant temperature low indicator light/Coolant temperature high warning light



#### ⚠ CAUTION

- After turning the ignition switch to the “ON” position, if this indicator light/warning light behaves under any of the following conditions, the electrical system may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer immediately for an inspection.
  - It remains blinking in RED.
  - It remains illuminated in RED for more than 2 seconds.
  - It remains blinking in RED and BLUE alternately.
- While driving, if this indicator light/warning light behaves under any of the following conditions, take the specified appropriate measure listed below.
  - **Blinking in RED:**  
Decelerate the vehicle. After the blinking RED light turns off, you can drive the vehicle normally.

- **Illuminated in RED:**  
Safely stop the vehicle as soon as possible, and refer to the emergency steps for the case of engine overheating. After that, we recommend that you have the system checked by your nearest SUBARU dealer. Refer to “Engine overheating” 9-23.
- **Blinking in RED and BLUE alternately:**  
The electrical system may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for an inspection.

This coolant temperature low indicator light/coolant temperature high warning light has the following three functions.

- Illumination in **BLUE** indicates insufficient warming up of the engine
- Blinking in **RED** indicates that the engine is close to overheating
- Illumination in **RED** indicates overheating condition of the engine

For the system check, this indicator light/warning light illuminates in **RED** for approximately 2 seconds when the ignition switch is turned to the “ON” position.

After that, this indicator light/warning light changes to **BLUE** and maintains illumination in **BLUE**. This **BLUE** illuminated light turns off when the engine is warmed up sufficiently.

If the engine coolant temperature increases over the specified range, the indicator light/warning light blinks in **RED**. At this time, decelerate the vehicle. After the blinking **RED** light turns off, you can drive the vehicle normally. However, if the indicator light/warning light often blinks in **RED**, the electrical system may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for an inspection.

If the engine coolant temperature increases further, the indicator light/warning light illuminates in **RED** continuously. At this time, the engine may be overheating. Safely stop the vehicle as soon as possible, and refer to the emergency steps for the case of engine overheating. Refer to "Engine overheating" 9-23. After that, we recommend that you have the system checked by your nearest SUBARU dealer.

## NOTE

**If the engine is restarted after a certain driving condition, this indicator light/**

**warning light may illuminate in RED. However, this is not a malfunction if the indicator light/warning light turns off after a short time.**

### ■ Charge warning light



If this light illuminates when the engine is running, it may indicate that the charging system is not working properly.

If the light illuminates while driving or does not turn off after the engine starts, stop the engine at the first safe opportunity and check the alternator belt. If the belt is loose, broken or if the belt is in good condition but the light remains illuminated, we recommend that you contact your nearest SUBARU dealer immediately.

### ■ Oil pressure warning light



If this light illuminates when the engine is running, it may indicate that the engine oil pressure is low and the lubricating system is not working properly.

If the light illuminates while driving or does not turn off after the engine starts, stop the engine at the first safe opportunity and check the engine oil level. If the oil level is low, add oil immediately. If the engine oil is at the proper level but the light remains

illuminated, we recommend that you contact your nearest SUBARU dealer immediately.



## CAUTION

**Do not operate the engine with the oil pressure warning light on. This may cause serious engine damage.**

### ■ Engine low oil level warning light



The engine low oil level warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds.

This light also illuminates when the engine oil level decreases to the lower limit. The illuminating conditions and remaining oil level are shown in the following items.

#### Except 3.6 L models:

- when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position but the engine is not running: approximately 1.8 liters (1.9 US qt, 1.6 Imp qt)
- while the engine is running: approximately 3.0 liters (3.2 US qt, 2.6 Imp qt)

#### 3.6 L models:

- when the ignition switch is in the "ON"



position but the engine is not running: approximately 3.8 liters (4.0 US qt, 3.3 Imp qt)

- while the engine is running: approximately 5.3 liters (5.6 US qt, 4.7 Imp qt)

If the engine low oil level warning light illuminates while driving, park the vehicle at a safe and level location, and then check the engine oil level. When the engine oil level is not within the normal range, refill with engine oil if necessary. Refer to "Engine oil"  11-18.

If the warning light does not turn off after refilling with engine oil or the warning light illuminates even though the engine oil level is within the normal range, we recommend that you have the system checked by a SUBARU dealer.

## NOTE

- The engine low oil level warning light will not turn off immediately even if you replace or add engine oil. It will turn off only when the vehicle is idling and the engine is warmed up completely.
- When the vehicle is considerably inclined on an uphill or steep slope, the warning light may illuminate temporarily due to the movement of engine oil in the engine.

## ■ AT OIL TEMP warning light (AT and CVT models) AT OIL TEMP

The AT oil temperature warning light "AT OIL TEMP" illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after the engine has started.

If this light illuminates when the engine is running, it may indicate that the transmission fluid temperature is too hot.

If the light illuminates while driving, immediately stop the vehicle in a safe place and let the engine idle until the warning light turns off.

## ▼ Transmission control system warning

If the "AT OIL TEMP" warning light flashes after the engine has started, it may indicate that the transmission control system is not working properly. We recommend that you contact your nearest SUBARU dealer for service immediately.

## ■ ABS warning light

The ABS warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds.

This is an indication that the ABS system

is working properly.



## CAUTION

- If any of the following conditions occur, we recommend that you have the ABS system repaired at the first available opportunity by your SUBARU dealer.
  - The warning light does not illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position.
  - The warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position, but it does not turn off even when the vehicle speed exceeds approximately 12 km/h (8 mph).
  - The warning light illuminates during driving.
  - The warning light flashes.
- When the warning light is on (and brake system warning light is off), the ABS function shuts down; however, the conventional brake system continues to operate normally.
- When the warning light is flashing, the ABS system may be

**malfunctioning. However, the conventional brake system continues to operate normally.**

The ABS warning light illuminates together with the brake system warning light if the EBD system becomes malfunctioning. For further details of the EBD system malfunction warning, refer to "Electronic Brake Force Distribution (EBD) system warning" 3-25.

## NOTE

If the warning light behavior is as shown in the following, the ABS system may be considered normal.

- The warning light illuminates right after the engine is started but turns off immediately, remaining off.
- The warning light remains illuminated after the engine has been started, but it turns off when the vehicle speed reaches approximately 12 km/h (8 mph).
- The warning light illuminates during driving, but it turns off immediately and remains off.

When driving with an insufficient battery voltage such as when the engine is jump started, the ABS warning light may illuminate. This is due to the low battery voltage and does not indicate a malfunction.

When the battery becomes fully charged, the light will turn off.

## ■ Vehicle Dynamics Control warning light/ Vehicle Dynamics Control operation indicator light



The light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off several seconds after the engine has started. This lighting pattern indicates that the Vehicle Dynamics Control system is operating normally.

## ▼ Vehicle Dynamics Control warning light



## CAUTION

The Vehicle Dynamics Control system provides its ABS control through the electrical circuit of the ABS system. Accordingly, if the ABS is inoperative, the Vehicle Dynamics Control system becomes unable to provide ABS control. As a result, the Vehicle Dynamics Control system also becomes inoperative, causing the warning light to illuminate. Though both the Vehicle Dynamics Control and ABS systems are inop-

erative in this case, the ordinary functions of the brake system are still available. You will be safe while driving with this condition, but drive carefully and we recommend that you have your vehicle checked at a SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.

## NOTE

- If the electrical circuit of the Vehicle Dynamics Control system itself malfunctions, the warning light only illuminates. At this time, the ABS (Anti-lock Brake System) remains fully operational.
- The warning light illuminates when the electronic control system of the ABS/Vehicle Dynamics Control system malfunctions.

The Vehicle Dynamics Control system is probably inoperative under any of the following conditions. We recommend that you have your vehicle checked at a SUBARU dealer immediately.

- The warning light does not illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position.
- The warning light illuminates while the vehicle is running.

**NOTE**

If the warning light behavior is as described in the following examples, the Vehicle Dynamics Control system may be considered normal.

- The warning light illuminates right after the engine is started but turns off immediately, remaining off.
- The warning light illuminates after the engine has started and turns off while the vehicle is subsequently being driven.
- The warning light illuminates during driving, but it turns off immediately and remains off.

▼ **Vehicle Dynamics Control operation indicator light**

The indicator light flashes during activation of the skid suppression function and during activation of the traction control function.

**NOTE**

- The light may remain illuminated for a short period of time after the engine has been started, especially in cold weather. This does not indicate the existence of a problem. The light should turn off as soon as the engine has warmed up.
- The indicator light illuminates when

the engine has developed a malfunction and the malfunction indicator lamp/CHECK ENGINE warning light is on.

The Vehicle Dynamics Control system is probably malfunctioning under the following condition. We recommend that you have your vehicle checked at a SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.

- The light does not turn off even after the lapse of several minutes (the engine has warmed up) after the engine has started.

■ **Vehicle Dynamics Control OFF indicator light**



The light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds. The light illuminates when the Vehicle Dynamics Control OFF switch is pressed to deactivate the Vehicle Dynamics Control system.

The Vehicle Dynamics Control system is probably malfunctioning under any of the following conditions. We recommend that you have your vehicle checked at a SUBARU dealer immediately.

- The light does not illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON"

position.

- The light does not turn off even after a period of approximately 2 seconds after the ignition switch has been turned to the "ON" position.

■ **Brake system warning light** (ⓘ)

**WARNING**

- Driving with the brake system warning light on is dangerous. This indicates your brake system may not be working properly. If the light remains illuminated, we recommend that you have the brakes inspected by a SUBARU dealer immediately.
- If at all in doubt about whether the brakes are operating properly, do not drive the vehicle. We recommend that you have your vehicle towed to the nearest SUBARU dealer for repair.
- If the brake system warning light flashes, the electronic parking brake system may be malfunctioning. Immediately stop your vehicle in a safe location, use tire stops under the tires to prevent the vehicle from moving

and we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer. For details, refer to “Electronic parking brake” 7-38.

## NOTE

- When the ignition switch is turned to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position with the electronic parking brake applied, the brake system warning light remains illuminated for approximately 30 seconds and then turns off.
- When the electronic parking brake switch is pressed to apply the electronic parking brake while the ignition switch is in the “LOCK”/“OFF” position, the brake system warning light illuminates, remains illuminated for approximately 30 seconds and then turns off.
- Even if the brake system warning light flashes, if the warning light behavior is as described in the following examples, the electronic parking brake system is not malfunctioning.
  - The warning light turns off when the electronic parking brake is released.
  - The warning light turns off when the ignition switch is turned to the “ON” position again.

● The brake system warning light may flash immediately after the engine is started. However, it is not malfunctioning if the warning light turns off after the electronic parking brake is released.

● The brake system warning light may flash after the electronic parking brake is frequently applied and released. However, the electronic parking brake system is not malfunctioning if the light turns off for a short period of time.

This light has the following functions:

### ▼ Parking brake warning

The light illuminates with the parking brake applied while the ignition switch is in the “ON” position. It turns off when the parking brake is released.

### ▼ Brake fluid level warning

The light illuminates when the brake fluid level has dropped to near the “MIN” level of the brake fluid reservoir with the ignition switch in the “ON” position and with the parking brake released.

If the brake system warning light should illuminate while driving (with the parking brake released and with the ignition switch positioned in “ON”), it could be an indication of leaking of brake fluid or worn brake pads. If this occurs, immediately stop the

vehicle at the nearest safe place and check the brake fluid level. For details, refer to “Brake fluid” 11-37. If the fluid level is below the “MIN” mark in the reservoir, do not drive the vehicle. We recommend that you have the vehicle towed to the nearest SUBARU dealer for repair. For details, refer to “Towing” 9-23.

### ▼ Electronic Brake Force Distribution (EBD) system warning

The brake system warning light also illuminates if a malfunction occurs in the EBD system. In that event, it illuminates together with the ABS warning light.

The EBD system may be malfunctioning if the brake system warning light and ABS warning light illuminate simultaneously during driving.

Even if the EBD system fails, the conventional braking system will still function. However, the rear wheels will be more prone to locking when the brakes are applied harder than usual and the vehicle’s motion may therefore become somewhat harder to control.

If the brake system warning light and ABS warning light illuminate simultaneously, take the following steps:

1. Stop the vehicle in the nearest safe, flat place.

2. Shut down the engine, apply the parking brake, and then restart it.

3. Release the parking brake. If both warning lights turn off, the EBD system may be malfunctioning.

We recommend that you drive carefully to the nearest SUBARU dealer and have the system inspected.

4. If both warning lights illuminate again and remain illuminated after the engine has been restarted, shut down the engine again, apply the parking brake, and check the brake fluid level. For details, refer to "Brake fluid" 11-37.

5. If the brake fluid level is not below the "MIN" mark, the EBD system may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you drive carefully to the nearest SUBARU dealer and have the system inspected.

6. If the brake fluid level is below the "MIN" mark, DO NOT drive the vehicle. Instead, we recommend that you have the vehicle towed to the nearest SUBARU dealer for repair.

### ▼ Electronic parking brake system warning

The brake system warning light flashes when the electronic parking brake system is malfunctioning. If the warning light flashes, promptly park in a safe location as soon as possible and we recommend

that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

The brake system warning light remains illuminated when the parking brake cannot be released even if the parking brake switch is pulled. For details, refer to "Electronic parking brake" 7-38.

### ▽ Parking brake apply inhibit warning

The brake system warning light flashes for 10 seconds and a chirp sound will be heard if the parking brake switch is operated when the parking brake cannot be applied.

### ▽ Frequent operation warning

The brake system warning light flashes for 20 seconds and a chirp sound will be heard if the parking brake switch is operated too frequently. In this case, the operation of the parking brake switch is restricted to protect the electronic parking brake system.

## NOTE

**Wait until the warning light turns off.**

### ▽ Emergency released warning

The brake system warning light flashes when the parking brake is automatically released in case of an emergency.

## ■ Electronic parking brake warning light



The electronic parking brake warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds.

This light illuminates when the electronic parking brake system is malfunctioning.



## WARNING

**When the electronic parking brake warning light illuminates, immediately stop the vehicle in a safe location and we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.**

## NOTE

**If the warning light behaves as described in the following conditions, the electronic parking brake system is operating normally.**

- The warning light remains illuminated after the engine is started, but it turns off after the electronic parking brake is released, and the indicator light remains off.
- The warning light illuminates during driving, but it turns off and remains off.

## ■ Hill Holder indicator light



### WARNING

If the Hill Holder indicator light does not illuminate even when the Hill Holder switch is pressed to activate the Hill Holder function, the electronic parking brake system may be malfunctioning. Immediately stop the vehicle in a safe location. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer immediately.

The light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds.

The light illuminates when the Hill Holder switch is pressed to activate the Hill Holder function.

## ■ Power steering warning light (if equipped)



This warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off approximately 2 seconds after the engine has started. It indicates that the warning system is working properly.

While the engine is running, this warning

light illuminates when a malfunction has been detected in the electric power steering system.



### CAUTION

When the power steering warning light is illuminated, there may be more resistance when the steering wheel is operated. We recommend that you drive carefully to the nearest SUBARU dealer and have the vehicle inspected immediately.

## NOTE

If the steering wheel is operated frequently and widely while the vehicle is maneuvered at extremely low speeds, such as while frequently turning the steering wheel during parallel parking, the power steering control system may temporarily limit the power assist in order to prevent the system from overheating. At this time, there will be more resistance to steering. However this is **not a malfunction. The normal steering force will be restored after a short time.**

## ■ Fuel filter warning light (diesel engine models)



The fuel filter warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds. It indicates that the warning system is working properly.

This warning light illuminates when the amount of accumulated water in the fuel filter has reached the specified level. If this warning light illuminates, we recommend that you have your vehicle checked at a SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.



### CAUTION

**Never drive the vehicle when the warning light is illuminated. Continuing to drive while water has accumulated in the fuel filter will damage the fuel injection pump.**

## ■ Low fuel warning light



The ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds.

The low fuel warning light also illuminates when the tank is nearly empty, at approximately 9.0 liters (2.3 US gal, 1.9 Imp gal). It only operates when the ignition switch is

in the “ON” position. When this light illuminates, fill the fuel tank immediately.

## NOTE

This light does not turn off unless the tank is replenished up to an internal fuel quantity of approximately 15 liters (4.0 US gal, 3.3 Imp gal).



## CAUTION

Promptly put fuel in the tank whenever the low fuel warning light illuminates. Engine misfires as a result of an empty tank could cause damage to the engine.

## ■ Door open warning light



When the ignition switch is in the “ON” position, the door open warning light illuminates for approximately 2 seconds and then turns off.

The door open warning light illuminates if any door, the rear gate (Station wagon) or trunk lid (Sedan) is not fully closed. This function is effective even if the ignition switch is in the “LOCK”/“OFF” or “Acc” position or the key is removed from the ignition switch.

Always make sure this light is not illuminated before you start to drive.

## ■ Door open indicator light



When any of the doors, the rear gate (Station wagon) or the trunk lid (Sedan) is not fully closed, the door open indicator light illuminates. This function is effective even if the ignition switch is in the “LOCK”/“OFF” or “Acc” position or the key is removed from the ignition switch.

The open door is indicated by the corresponding part of the door open warning light.

Always make sure this light is out before you start to drive.

## ■ All-Wheel Drive warning light (AT and CVT models) AWD



## CAUTION

Continuing to drive with the AWD warning light flashing can damage the powertrain. If the AWD warning light starts to flash, promptly park in a safe place and check whether the tires have differing diameters and whether any of the tires has an

## excessively low inflation pressure.

The All-Wheel Drive warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the “ON” position and turns off after the engine has started.

### ▼ For AT models

This light flashes if the vehicle is driven with tires of different diameters fitted on its wheels or with the air pressure excessively low in any of its tires.

### ▼ For CVT models

This light illuminates when All-Wheel Drive is disengaged and the drive mechanism is switched to Front Wheel Drive for maintenance or similar purposes.

This light flashes if the vehicle is driven with tires of different diameters fitted on its wheels or with the air pressure excessively low in any of its tires.

## ■ Automatic headlight beam leveler warning light (models with HID headlights)



The automatic headlight beam leveler warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the “ON” position and turns off after approximately 3 seconds.

This light illuminates when the automatic



headlight beam leveler does not operate normally.

If this light illuminates while driving or does not turn off approximately 3 seconds after turning the ignition switch to the "ON" position, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected at your SUBARU dealer.

### ■ **Warning chimes and warning light of the keyless access with push-button start system (if equipped)**

The keyless access with push-button start system sounds a warning chime and flashes the access key warning light on the combination meter in order to minimize improper operations and help protect your vehicle from theft.

When the warning chime sounds and/or the warning light flashes, take the appropriate action.

#### **NOTE**

**For China models, the outside warning chime will not sound.**

#### ▼ **Warnings by warning chimes**

When the warning chime sounds, take the appropriate action.

#### ▽ **Door ajar warning**

When the door lock button is pressed to lock the vehicle while any of the doors (including the rear gate) is not fully closed, the warning chime will sound.

#### **NOTE**

**Close the door that is open, and lock the vehicle.**

#### ▽ **Lockout warning**

When you attempt to lock all doors while the access key is left inside the vehicle, a chirp sound will be heard for 2 seconds, and all doors (including the rear gate) will be unlocked.

#### **NOTE**

**Take out the access key from inside the vehicle, and lock the vehicle.**

#### ▽ **Trunk lockout warning (Sedan)**

When all doors are locked or during the automatic lock time period, if the trunk lid is closed while the access key is left inside the trunk, a chirp sound will be heard for 2 seconds. In this situation, push the trunk opener button to open the trunk lid.

#### **NOTE**

• **When doors are not locked, even if the access key is left inside the trunk,**

**you cannot open the trunk lid by pushing the trunk opener button on the trunk lid. Press the trunk lid opener switch for approximately 1 second to open the trunk lid. Refer to "To open the trunk lid from inside" 2-32.**

- **Take out the access key from the trunk, and close the trunk lid.**
- **Do not leave the access key inside the trunk. Depending on the status of the access key and situation, the trunk lockout protect function may not operate. Make sure that you carry the access key, and close the trunk lid.**

#### ▽ **Access key lock-in warning**

When the doors are closed and the door lock button is pressed to lock the vehicle while the access key is left inside the vehicle and the push-button ignition switch is "OFF", a chirp sound will be heard for 2 seconds.

#### **NOTE**

**Take out the access key from inside the vehicle, and lock the vehicle.**

#### ▽ **Power warning**

When the door lock button is pressed while carrying the access key and the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than "OFF", a chirp sound will be heard for a maximum of 60 seconds.



## NOTE

- Switch the push-button ignition switch to “OFF”, and lock the doors. When the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than “OFF”, it is not possible to lock the doors by the door lock button or the “” button on the access key.
- When the access key is returned to the inside of the vehicle or the push-button ignition switch is switched to “OFF”, the chirp sound will stop.
- This warning occurs when the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than “OFF” and the select lever is in the “P” position (AT and CVT models).

### ▽ Select lever position warning indication (AT and CVT models)

When the driver's door is opened while the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than “OFF” and the select lever is in a position other than the “P” position, the warning chime will sound.

## NOTE

When a chirp sound is heard, shift the select lever to the “P” position, switch the push-button ignition switch to “OFF”, and get out of the vehicle.

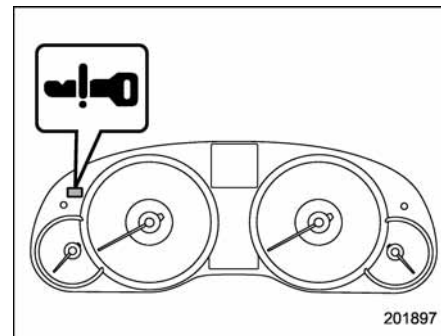
### ▽ Access key warning

When the vehicle is driven while the access key is not inside the vehicle, a chirp sound will be heard.

## NOTE

Carry the access key, and drive the vehicle.

## ▼ Warnings by warning light



When the access key is not inside the vehicle or is under such irregular conditions, the access key warning light on the combination meter flashes.

### ▽ Access key warning for engine start

When the push-button ignition switch is pressed while the access key is not inside the vehicle, a chirp sound will be heard, and the access key warning light will flash.

## NOTE

- Carry the access key, and press the push-button ignition switch.
- Even when the access key is within the operating ranges inside the vehicle, the access key warning may be provided depending on the status of the

access key and the environmental conditions.

#### ▽ Access key warning

When the vehicle is driven while the access key is not inside the vehicle, a chirp sound will be heard. At the same time, the access key warning light will flash.

### NOTE

**Carry the access key, and drive the vehicle.**

#### ▽ Access key takeout warning

When the driver exits the vehicle with the access key and closes the driver's door while the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than "OFF", a chirp sound will be heard, and the access key warning light will flash.

### NOTE

- Switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF", and exit the vehicle (MT models).
- Shift the select lever to the "P" position, switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF", and exit the vehicle (AT and CVT models).

- When the access key is taken out of the vehicle through an open window, the warning will not be provided.

#### ▽ Passenger access key takeout warning

When another passenger exits the vehicle with the access key and closes a door other than the driver's door while the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than "OFF", the warning chime will sound. At the same time, the access key warning light will flash.

### NOTE

- When the access key is returned to the inside of the vehicle or the push-button ignition switch is switched to "OFF", the chirp sound will stop.
- When the access key is taken out of the vehicle through an open window, the warning will not be provided.

- ▼ Warning by flashing of operation indicator on push-button ignition switch

#### ▽ Steering lock warning

If the steering lock is not released when you start the engine, the indicator on the push-button ignition switch flashes in green. In this case, slightly depress the brake pedal while rotating the steering wheel right and left and push the push-button ignition switch.



### WARNING

Never drive the vehicle if the indicator on the push-button ignition switch is flashing in green when starting the engine. This indicates the status that the steering wheel is not released and could result in an accident involving serious injury or death.



**CAUTION**

When starting the engine again, if the indicator light is still flashing in green, there could be a steering lock malfunction. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.

▽ **Keyless access with push-button start system malfunction warning**

In case the keyless access with push-button start system has a malfunction, the operation indicator on the push-button ignition switch flashes in orange.



**CAUTION**

When the operation indicator flashes in orange, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer immediately.

## ▼ List of warnings

| Inside warning chime             | Outside warning chime (except China models) | Access key warning light on meter | Operation indicator on push-button ignition switch | Status                                                                                                                                               | Action                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ding, ding ...<br>(intermittent) | —                                           | —                                 | —                                                  | The driver's door was opened while the push-button ignition switch is "Acc" (in AT and CVT models, when the select lever is in the "P" position).    | Switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF", or close the driver's door.<br>*When exiting the vehicle, be sure to switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF".                                    |
|                                  |                                             |                                   |                                                    | The push-button ignition switch was switched to "OFF" while the driver's door is open.                                                               | Close the driver's door.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| —                                | Short beep<br>(2 seconds)                   | —                                 | —                                                  | An attempt was made to lock all doors while the access key is left inside the vehicle.                                                               | Take out the access key from the vehicle, and lock the doors.<br>*The doors cannot be locked while the access key is inside the vehicle.<br>*A chirp sound will be heard, and all doors will be unlocked. |
|                                  |                                             |                                   |                                                    | The trunk was closed with the access key in it while all doors are locked (or during the automatic lock time period) (Sedan).                        | Take out the access key from the trunk, and close the trunk.<br>*By pressing the trunk opener button after this warning chime sounds, the trunk can be unlocked.                                          |
|                                  |                                             |                                   |                                                    | The door lock button was pressed while the push-button ignition switch is "OFF" and the access key is inside the vehicle.                            | Take out the access key from the vehicle, and lock the doors.<br>*If the access key is inside the vehicle, the doors cannot be locked.                                                                    |
| —                                | Beep<br>(10 seconds)                        | —                                 | —                                                  | The push-button ignition switch is pushed while the ignition switch is in the "OFF" position and one of the doors including the rear gate is opened. | Close the doors securely and lock them.<br>*If one of the doors including the rear gate is opened, the doors cannot be locked.                                                                            |

| Inside warning chime | Outside warning chime (except China models) | Access key warning light on meter                                                                                  | Operation indicator on push-button ignition switch | Status                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Action                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| —                    | Long beep (60 seconds max.)                 | —                                                                                                                  | —                                                  | The door lock button was pressed while carrying the access key and the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than "OFF" (in AT and CVT models, when the select lever is in the "P" position).                   | Return the access key inside the vehicle, or switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF".<br>*If the push-button ignition switch is not switched to "OFF", the doors cannot be locked. |
| Ding                 | —                                           | <br>(Flashes 1 sec. intermittent) | —                                                  | The vehicle was driven while the access key is not inside the vehicle.                                                                                                                                                       | Carry the access key, and drive the vehicle.                                                                                                                                               |
| Ding                 | —                                           | <br>(Flashes 1 sec. intermittent) | —                                                  | The push-button ignition switch was pressed while the access key is not inside the vehicle.                                                                                                                                  | Carry the access key, and press the push-button ignition switch.                                                                                                                           |
| Ding                 | Beep, beep, beep (3 times)                  | <br>(Flashes 1 sec. intermittent) | —                                                  | The driver exited the vehicle with the access key and closed the driver's door while the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than "OFF" (in AT and CVT models, when the select lever is in the "P" position). | Switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF", and get out of the vehicle.                                                                                                               |
| Ding                 | Beep, beep, beep (3 times)                  | <br>(Flashes 1 sec. intermittent) | —                                                  | A fellow passenger exited the vehicle with the access key and closed a door other than the driver's door while the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than "OFF".                                            | Return the access key to inside the vehicle, or switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF".                                                                                           |

| Inside warning chime   | Outside warning chime (except China models) | Access key warning light on meter                                                                                  | Operation indicator on push-button ignition switch | Status                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Action                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Long beep (continuous) | Long beep (continuous)                      | <br>(Flashes 1 sec. intermittent) | —                                                  | The driver exited the vehicle with the access key and closed the driver's door while the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than "OFF" and the select lever is in a position other than the "P" position. | Shift the select lever to the "P" position, switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF" and exit the vehicle.           |
| Long beep (continuous) | —                                           | —                                                                                                                  | —                                                  | The driver's door was opened while the push-button ignition switch is in a position other than "OFF" and the select lever is in a position other than the "P" position.                                                   | Shift the select lever to the "P" position, switch the push-button ignition switch to "OFF" and exit the vehicle.           |
| Ding                   | —                                           | —                                                                                                                  | —                                                  | The battery of the access key is low.                                                                                                                                                                                     | Replace the battery of the access key.                                                                                      |
| —                      | —                                           | —                                                                                                                  | Flashes in green (15 seconds max.)                 | The engine start procedure was performed, but the steering is still locked.                                                                                                                                               | While turning the steering wheel right and left lightly, depress the brake pedal and press the push-button ignition switch. |
| —                      | —                                           | —                                                                                                                  | Flashes in orange                                  | A malfunction was detected in the power system or steering lock.                                                                                                                                                          | We recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer immediately and have the vehicle inspected.                                   |

## ■ Immobilizer indicator light



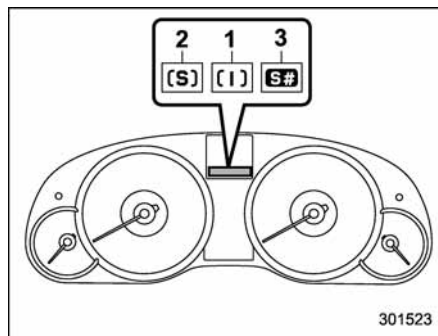
This light begins flashing under any of the following conditions.

- Approximately 60 seconds after the ignition switch is turned from the “ON” position to the “Acc” or “LOCK” position (models without “keyless access with push-button start system”).
- Immediately after the push-button ignition switch is turned to the “OFF” position (models with “keyless access with push-button start system”).
- Immediately after the key is pulled out (models without “keyless access with push-button start system”).
- Immediately after any door is opened when the push-button ignition switch is in the “Acc” position (models with “keyless access with push-button start system”).

If the indicator light does not blink, it may indicate that immobilizer system is not working properly. We recommend that you contact your nearest SUBARU dealer immediately.

In case an unauthorized key is used, the immobilizer indicator light illuminates.

## ■ SI-DRIVE indicator light (if equipped)

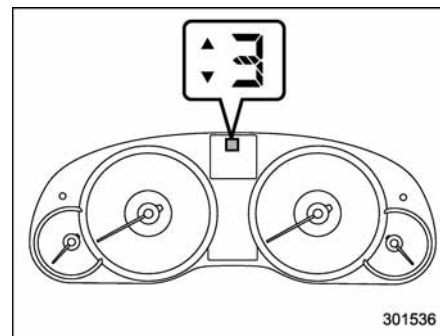


- 1) Intelligent (I) mode
- 2) Sport (S) mode
- 3) Sport Sharp (S#) mode

This light indicates the current SI-DRIVE mode.

For details of SI-DRIVE mode, refer to “SI-DRIVE” 7-25.

## ■ Select lever/gear position indicator



This indicator shows the position of the shift lever (MT models) or select lever (AT and CVT models).

### ▼ AT and CVT models

When the manual mode is selected, the gear position indicator (which shows the current gear selection) and the upshift/downshift indicator light up. Refer to “Automatic transmission/Continuously variable transmission” 7-19.

### ▼ MT models

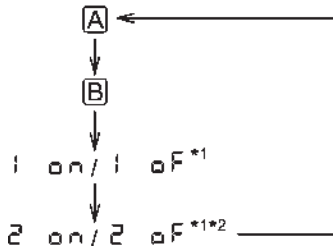
The shift-up indicator light illuminates and informs the driver about the upshift timing for fuel-efficient driving.

The gear position indicator and shift-up

indicator can be activated or deactivated by performing the following procedure.

1. Turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK"/"OFF" position.
2. Press the trip knob to show "2 ON" or "2 OFF" on the trip meter display.

The display can be switched as shown in the following illustration by pressing the trip knob.



\*1: "1 ON" or "1 OFF" and "2 ON" or "2 OFF" cannot be displayed when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

\*2: MT models only

3. To change the current setting, press the trip knob for at least 2 seconds.

2 ON : Activated

2 OFF : Deactivated

## NOTE

- The initial setting for your vehicle of the gear position indicator/shift-up indicator has been set for activation "2 ON" at the time of shipment from the factory.
- It is not possible to change the setting of the gear position indicator/shift-up indicator when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position. Change the setting when the ignition switch is in the "LOCK"/"OFF" or "Acc" position.

## Turn signal indicator lights

These lights show the operation of the turn signal or lane change signal.

If the indicator lights do not blink or blink rapidly, the turn signal bulb may be burned out. Replace the bulb as soon as possible. Refer to "Front turn signal light" 11-61 or "Rear combination lights" 11-62.

## High beam indicator light

This light shows that the headlights are in the high beam mode.

This indicator light also illuminates when the headlight flasher is operated.

## Cruise control indicator light (if equipped)

The cruise control indicator light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 3 seconds.

This light illuminates when the "CRUISE" main switch is pressed.

## NOTE

- If you press the main switch button while turning the ignition switch "ON", the cruise control function is deactivated and the cruise control indicator light "CRUISE" flashes. To reactivate the cruise control function, turn the ignition switch back to the "Acc" or "LOCK"/"OFF" position, and then turn it again to the "ON" position.
- If this indicator light and the malfunction indicator lamp "MIL" flash simultaneously during driving, we recommend that you have the vehicle checked by your nearest SUBARU dealer.



- If this indicator light does not illuminate even when you press the “CRUISE” main switch, the cruise control system may not operate properly. We recommend that you have your vehicle checked by your nearest SUBARU dealer.

### ■ Cruise control set indicator light (if equipped)

The cruise control set indicator light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the “ON” position and turns off after approximately 3 seconds.

This light illuminates when vehicle speed has been set.

### ■ Headlight indicator light

This indicator light illuminates under the following conditions.

- When the light switch is turned to the “ ” or “ ” position
- When the light switch is in the “AUTO” position and the headlights illuminate automatically

### ■ Front fog light indicator light

This indicator light illuminates while the front fog lights are illuminated.

### ■ Rear fog light indicator light (if equipped)

This indicator light illuminates while the rear fog light is illuminated.

### ■ Preheating indicator light (diesel engine models)

The preheating indicator light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the “ON” position and turns off after the engine has sufficiently preheated (a few seconds later).

#### NOTE

- When the weather is cold outside, the preheating indicator light remains illuminated a little longer than usual.
- For models without push-button start system, start the engine after the preheating indicator light has turned off.
- For models with push-button start system, the engine will not start until the preheating indicator light has

turned off.

### ■ Diesel particulate filter warning light (diesel engine models)

The diesel particulate filter warning light will illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position and then turn off after 2 seconds. This means that the diesel particulate filter system is operating properly.

#### ▼ When diesel particulate filter warning light illuminates

The diesel particulate filter warning light illuminates when the filter is not able to automatically burn the soot and the accumulated particulate matter exceeds the specified limit.

When the diesel particulate filter warning light illuminates, drive the vehicle under the following conditions after the engine has been warmed up completely.

- Vehicle speed: 60 km/h (37 mph) or more
- Engine speed: 1,800 to 2,500 rpm
- Transmission gear position: 4th, 5th or 6th
- Driving time for burn treatment: 15 minutes or more
- Notes: Do not accelerate rapidly.

Driving under these conditions will increase the inside temperature of the filter and burn the accumulated soot to eliminate it. The warning light turns off when the soot is eliminated.

### WARNING

Even if the diesel particulate filter warning light illuminates, continuing to drive does not damage the engine and diesel particulate filter immediately. Safely drive the vehicle according to all road laws and the traffic conditions. Otherwise, it may cause an accident or traffic violation.

### NOTE

While the soot is burning in the diesel particulate filter, the driveability, engine revolutions, engine sound and smell of emission gas may change.

#### ▼ When diesel particulate filter warning light flashes

When the diesel particulate filter warning light flashes, we recommend that you consult the nearest SUBARU dealer for an immediate inspection.

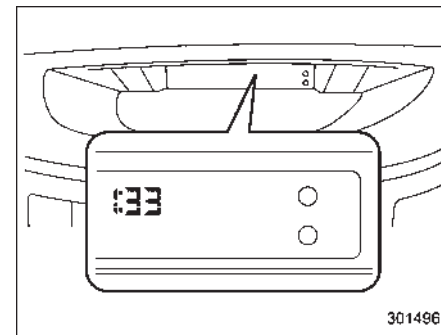
### CAUTION

If you continue to drive the vehicle while the diesel particulate filter warning light is illuminated, the warning light will begin to flash. In this case, we recommend that you consult the nearest SUBARU dealer for an immediate inspection. Otherwise, the engine and diesel particulate filter may be damaged.

## Clock

### NOTE

Your SUBARU dealer can change the settings of activating/deactivating the automatic adjustment of the clock by the GPS (Global Positioning System) (for models with the genuine SUBARU navigation system). We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for details.



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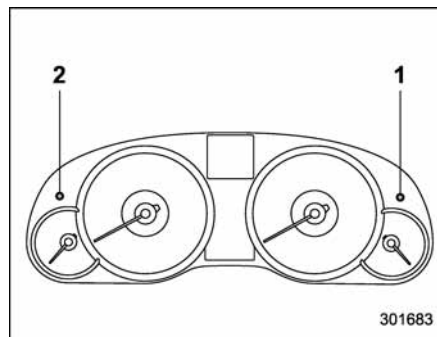
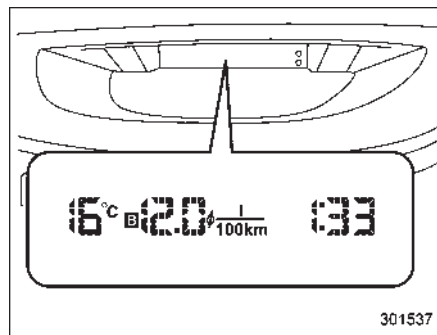
The clock shows the time while the ignition switch is in the "Acc" or "ON" position.

To adjust the time shown by the clock, press the "+" button or the "-" button. If you press the "+" button, the indicated time will increase in one-minute increments.

– CONTINUED –

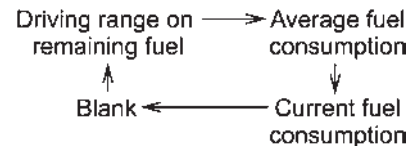
ments. If you press the “-” button, the indicated time will decrease in one-minute decrements. If you keep the button pressed, the rate at which the indicated time changes will speed up.

## Multi function display



- 1) Multi function display switching knob (left-hand drive models)
- 2) Multi function display switching knob (right-hand drive models)

With the ignition switch in the “ON” position, each successive press of the multi function display switching knob toggles the display in the following sequence.



## ■ Outside temperature indicator

The outside temperature indicator shows the outside temperature within a range from  $-30$  to  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-22$  to  $122^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) in the multi function display.

The indicator can give a false reading under any of the following conditions.

- When there is too much sun.
- During idling; while running at low speeds in a traffic jam; when the engine is restarted immediately following a shut-down.
- When the actual outside temperature falls outside the specified indicator range.

### ▼ Road surface freeze warning indication

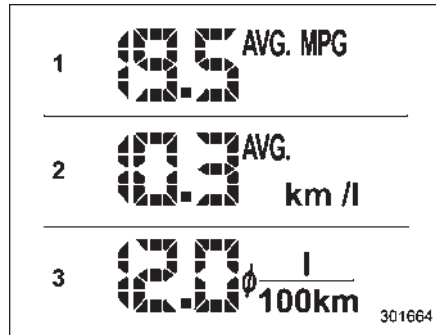
When the outside temperature drops to 3°C (37°F) or lower, the temperature indication flashes to show that the road surface may be frozen.

If the display is already indicating an outside temperature of 3°C (37°F) or lower when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position, the indication does not flash.

### NOTE

- The outside temperature indicator shows the temperature around the sensor. Therefore, the temperature indication may differ from the actual outside air temperature.
- The road surface freeze warning indication should be treated only as a guide. Be sure to check the condition of the road surface before driving.
- After the road surface freeze warning has already appeared on the display, the warning will not appear again even if the outside temperature drops to 3°C (37°F) or lower until once the outside temperature has increased to 5°C (41°F) or more before that time.

### ■ Average fuel consumption



- 1) Type A
- 2) Type B
- 3) Type C

This display shows the average rate of fuel consumption since the trip meter was last reset.

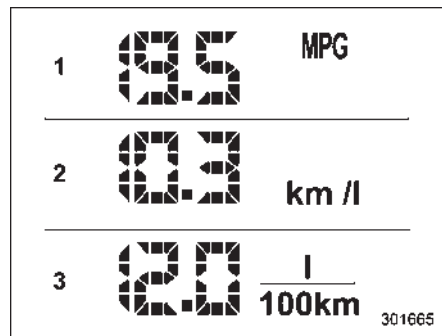
Pressing the trip knob toggles the display between the average fuel consumption corresponding to the A trip meter display and the average fuel consumption corresponding to the B trip meter display.

When either of the trip meter indications is reset, the corresponding average fuel consumption value is also reset.

### NOTE

- The indicated values vary in accordance with changes in the vehicle's running conditions. Also, the indicated values may differ slightly from the actual values and should thus be treated only as a guide.
- When either trip meter indication is reset, the average fuel consumption corresponding to that trip meter indication is not shown until the vehicle has subsequently covered a distance of 1 km (or 1 mile).

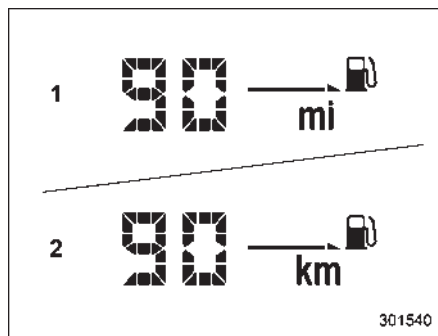
## ■ Current fuel consumption



- 1) Type A
- 2) Type B
- 3) Type C

This display shows the rate of fuel consumption at the present moment.

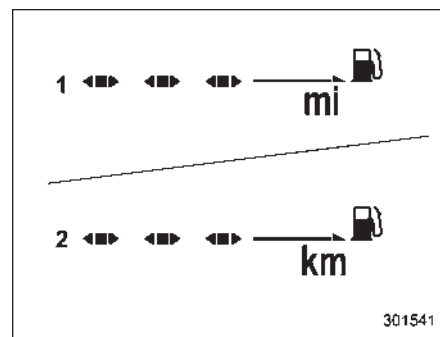
## ■ Driving range on remaining fuel



- 1) U.K. models
- 2) Except U.K. models

The driving range indicates the distance that can be driven taking into account the amount of fuel remaining in the tank and the average rate of fuel consumption.

When the low fuel warning light illuminates, the driving range indication flashes for 5 seconds. (The display first switches to the driving range indication if it was originally giving some other indication.)



- 1) U.K. models
- 2) Except U.K. models

If the driving range is shown as "---", there is only a tiny amount of fuel left in the tank. You must refuel the vehicle immediately.

## NOTE

The driving range on remaining fuel is only a guide. The indicated value may differ from the actual driving range on remaining fuel, so you must immediately fill the tank when the low fuel warning light illuminates.

## Light control switch

The light control switch operates when the key is inserted into the ignition switch. For models with the “Keyless access with push-button start system”, the light control switch operates when the push-button ignition switch is in the “Acc” or “ON” position.

Regardless of the position of the light control switch, the illuminated lights are turned off when the following operation is performed.

- The key is removed from the ignition switch (except models with the “Keyless access with push-button start system”).
- The push-button ignition switch is turned off (models with the “Keyless access with push-button start system”).

### NOTE

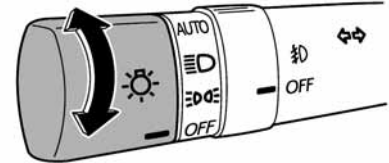
Even if the key is removed from the ignition switch or even if the push-button ignition switch is turned off (models with the “Keyless access with push-button start system”), the lights can be illuminated by operating the light control switch from “OFF” to the “” or “” position. In this case, if the driver’s door is opened, the chirp sound will inform the driver that the lights are illuminated.



### CAUTION

- Use of any lights for a long period of time while the engine is not running can cause the battery to discharge.
- Before leaving the vehicle, make sure that the light control switch is turned to the “OFF” position. If the vehicle is left unattended for a long time with the light control switch set to a position other than “OFF”, the battery may be discharged.

## Headlights



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To turn on the headlights, turn the knob on the end of the turn signal lever.

### first position

Front position lights, instrument panel illumination, tail lights and license plate lights are on.

### second position

Headlights, front position lights, instrument panel illumination, tail lights, and license plate lights are on.

### **AUTO: Auto on/off headlights (if equipped)**

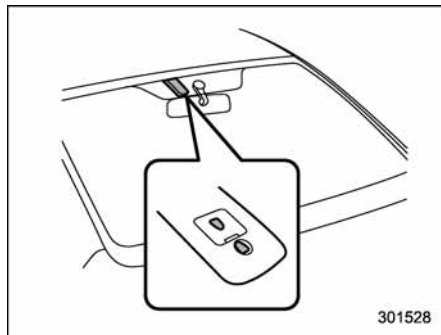
When the ignition switch is in the “ON” position, the headlights, instrument panel illumination, front side marker lights, tail lights and license plate lights are auto-

matically on or off depending on the level of the ambient light.

# NOTE

The sensitivity of the auto on/off headlights can be changed by your SUBARU dealer. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for details.

## ▼ Sensor of the auto on/off headlights (if equipped)



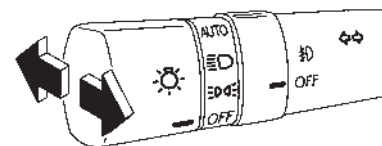
The sensor is on the windshield glass as shown in the illustration.



# CAUTION

If any object is attached on or near the sensor, the sensor may not detect the level of the ambient light correctly and the auto on/off headlights may not operate properly.

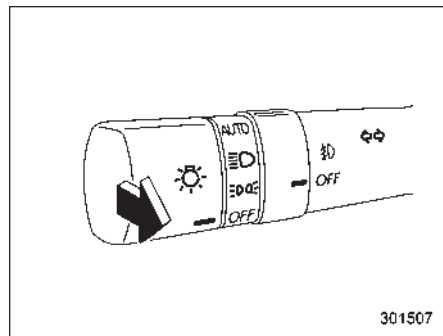
## ■ High/low beam change (dimmer)



To change from low beam to high beam, push the turn signal lever forward. When the headlights are on high beam, the high beam indicator light "D" on the combination meter also illuminates.

To switch back to low beam, pull the lever back to the detent position.

## ■ Headlight flasher



To flash the headlights, pull the lever toward you and then release it. The high beam will remain on for as long as you hold the lever. The headlight flasher works even though the light switch is in the "OFF" position.

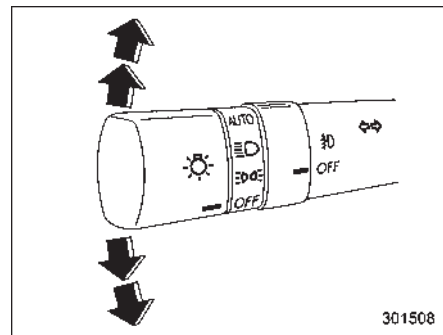
When the headlights are on high beam, the high beam indicator light "H" on the combination meter also illuminates.



### CAUTION

**Do not hold the lever in the flashing position for more than just a few seconds.**

## Turn signal lever



To activate the right turn signal, push the turn signal lever up. To activate the left turn signal, push the turn signal lever down. When the turn is finished, the lever will return automatically. If the lever does not return after cornering, return the lever to the neutral position by hand.

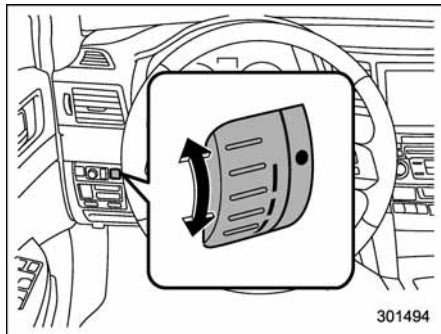
To signal a lane change, push the turn signal lever up or down slightly and hold it during the lane change. The turn signal indicator lights will flash in the direction of the turn or lane change. The lever will return automatically to the neutral position when you release it.

## NOTE

For models with a turn signal lever equipped on the right side of the steering wheel, the pushing direction of the turn signal lever is the opposite of that described here.



## Illumination brightness control



The illumination brightness of the clock display, audio, air conditioner, multi function display and meter/gauge dims under the following conditions.

- when the light switch is in the “ ” or “ ” position
- when the light switch is in the “AUTO” position and the headlights illuminate automatically (models with auto on/off headlights)

You can adjust the illumination brightness for better visibility.

To brighten, turn the control dial upward.  
To darken, turn the control dial downward.

## NOTE

- When the control dial is turned fully upward, the illumination brightness becomes the maximum and the automatic dimming function does not work at all.
- The brightness setting is not canceled even when the ignition switch is turned to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position.

## Headlight beam leveler (if equipped)

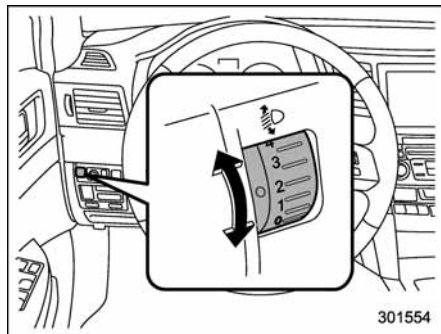
### ■ Automatic headlight beam leveler (models with HID headlights)

The HID headlights generate more light than conventional halogen headlights.

Therefore a driver of an oncoming vehicle may experience too much glare when your headlight beam height adjustment is high due to the vehicle carrying heavy load.

The automatic headlight beam leveler adjusts the headlight beam height automatically and optimally according to the load being carried by the vehicle.

■ **Manual headlight beam leveler (models without HID headlights, if equipped)**



Adjust the headlight beam level with the following dial positions according to the number of passengers and load condition.

| Dial position   | Number of front seat occupants | Number of rear seat occupants | Load in the luggage compartment area | Trailer towing |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| 0               | 1 or 2                         | 0                             | No load                              | No             |
| 1               | 2                              | 3                             | No load                              | No             |
| 1 <sup>*1</sup> | 2                              | 3                             | Full load <sup>*3</sup>              | No             |
| 2               | 1                              | 0                             | Full load <sup>*3</sup>              | No             |
|                 | 1                              | 0                             | Full load <sup>*3</sup>              | Yes            |
|                 | 2                              | 3                             | Full load <sup>*3</sup>              | Yes            |
| 3 <sup>*2</sup> | 1                              | 0                             | Full load <sup>*3</sup>              | Yes            |
| 4               | Not applicable                 | Not applicable                | Not applicable                       | Not applicable |
| 5               | Not applicable                 | Not applicable                | Not applicable                       | Not applicable |

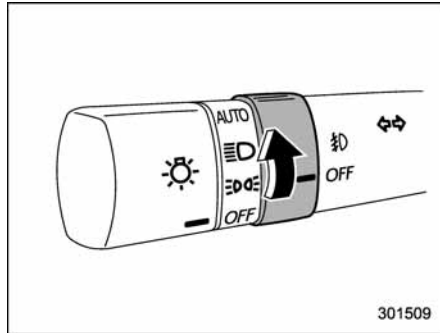
<sup>\*1</sup>: Station wagon only

<sup>\*2</sup>: Sedan only

<sup>\*3</sup>: Up to the maximum permissible weight.

## Fog light switch

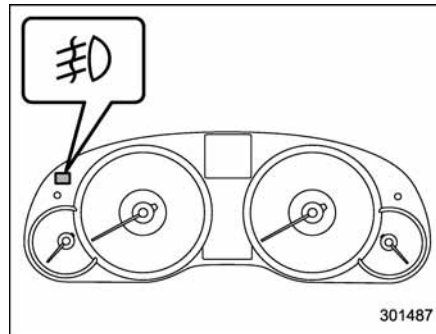
### ■ Front fog light switch



The front fog lights operate under the following conditions.

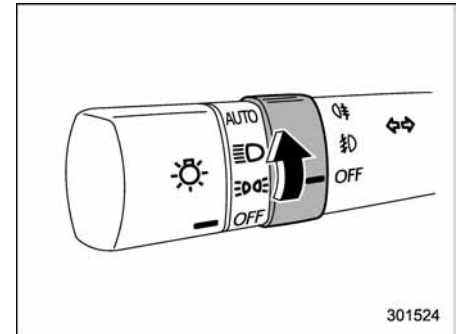
- when the light switch is in the “” or “ ” position
- when the light switch is in the “AUTO” position and the headlights illuminate automatically (models with auto on/off headlights)

To turn on the front fog lights, turn the fog light switch on the turn signal lever upward to the “” position. To turn off the front fog lights, turn the switch back down to the “OFF” position.



The indicator light on the combination meter will illuminate when the front fog lights are illuminated.

### ■ Rear fog light switch (if equipped)



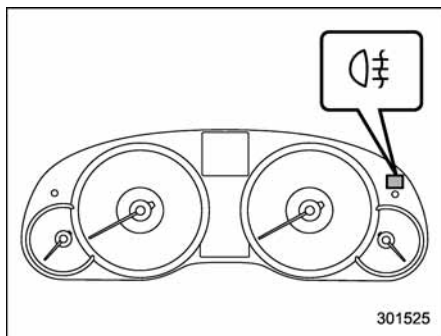
The rear fog light operates under the following conditions.

- when the light switch is in the “” position
- when the light switch is in the “AUTO” position and the headlights illuminate automatically (models with auto on/off headlights)
- when the front fog lights are illuminated

To turn on the rear fog light, turn the fog light switch on the turn signal lever upward to the “” position. The switch will return to the “” position when released.

To turn off the rear fog light, either turn the switch upward back to the “” position or turn it downward to the “OFF” position.

– CONTINUED –



The indicator light on the combination meter will illuminate when the rear fog light is illuminated.

### NOTE

To prevent switching off the rear fog light from being forgotten, the rear fog light circuit is designed so that it turns off whenever one of the following operations is performed.

- The light switch is set to either the “ ” or “OFF” position.
- The light switch is set to the “AUTO” position and the headlights turn off (models with auto on/off headlights).
- The key is removed from the ignition switch (except models with the “Keyless access with push-button start system”).

- The push-button ignition switch is turned off (models with the “Keyless access with push-button start system”).

However, this does not mean that the rear fog light illuminates when the light switch is set to “ ” position or the ignition switch is turned to “ON” position again. So, if you want to reilluminate the rear fog light, turn the switch upward again.

## Wiper and washer



### WARNING

In freezing weather, do not use the windshield washer until the windshield is sufficiently warmed by the defroster.

Otherwise the washer fluid can freeze on the windshield, blocking your view.



### CAUTION

- Do not operate the washer continuously for more than 10 seconds, or when the washer fluid tank is empty. This may cause overheating of the washer motor. Check the washer fluid level frequently, such as at fuel stops.
- Do not operate the wipers when the windshield or rear window is dry. This may scratch the glass, damage the wiper blades and cause the wiper motor to burn out. Before operating the wiper on a dry windshield or rear window, always use the windshield washer.

- In freezing weather, be sure that the wiper blades are not frozen to the windshield or rear window before switching on the wipers. Attempting to operate the wiper with the blades frozen to the window glass could cause not only the wiper blades to be damaged but also the wiper motor to burn out. If the wiper blades are frozen to the window glass, be sure to operate the defroster, windshield wiper deicer (if equipped) or rear window defogger before turning on the wiper.
- If the wipers stop during operation because of ice or some other obstruction on the window, the wiper motor could burn out even if the wiper switch is turned off. If this occurs, promptly stop the vehicle in a safe place, turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK"/"OFF" position and clean the window glass to allow proper wiper operation.
- Use clean water if windshield washer fluid is unavailable. In areas where water freezes in winter, use SUBARU Windshield Washer Fluid or the equivalent.

Refer to "Windshield washer fluid"  11-48.

Also, when driving the vehicle when there are freezing temperatures, use non-freezing type wiper blades.

- Do not clean the wiper blades with fuel or a solvent, such as paint thinner or benzene. This will cause deterioration of the wiper blades.



### CAUTION

For models with automatic rain sensing windshield wipers:

- When the wiper switch is in the "AUTO" position, do not touch the windshield near the rain sensor and do not place a wet cloth on the windshield near the rain sensor. Doing so may result in unexpected wiper operation and cause injury.
- When washing the vehicle, make sure that the wiper switch is in the "OFF" position. Otherwise, the wipers may operate unexpectedly and cause injury.
- When having your vehicle

washed in an automatic car wash, make sure that the wiper switch is in the "OFF" position. Otherwise, the wipers may be damaged because they may operate unexpectedly and car wash brushes could become tangled around them.

### NOTE

- The front wiper motor is protected against overloads by a circuit breaker. If the motor operates continuously under an unusually heavy load, the circuit breaker may trip to stop the motor temporarily. If this happens, park your vehicle in a safe place, turn off the wiper switch, and wait for approximately 10 minutes. The circuit breaker will reset itself, and the wipers will again operate normally.
- Clean your wiper blades and window glass periodically with a washer solution to prevent streaking, and to remove accumulations of road salt or road film. Keep the washer button depressed at least for 1 second so that washer solution will be sprinkled all over the windshield or rear window.
- Grease, wax, insects or other material on the windshield or the wiper blade results in jerky wiper operation

– CONTINUED –

and streaking on the glass. If you cannot remove those streaks after operating the washer or if the wiper operation is jerky, clean the outer surface of the windshield or rear window and the wiper blades using a sponge or soft cloth with a neutral detergent or mild abrasive cleaner. After cleaning, rinse the window glass and wiper blades with clean water. The glass is clean if no beads form on the glass when you rinse with water.

- If you cannot eliminate the streaking even after following this procedure, replace the wiper blades with new ones. For replacement instructions, refer to “Replacement of wiper blades”

☞ 11-50.

## NOTE

For models with automatic rain sensing windshield wipers:

- When the wiper switch is turned to the “AUTO” position while the ignition switch is in the “ON” position, the wipers will operate once. This indicates that the wiper switch is in the “AUTO” position.

- When the wiper switch is in the “AUTO” position, the following situations may occur.

- The wipers may operate if the

rain sensor or the windshield is vibrated or objects such as, insects, dirt, mud, etc. are covering them. Turn the wiper switch to the “OFF” position unless it is raining or snowing.

- The wipers do not operate if the rain sensor does not detect rain or snow.

- The wipers may not operate properly even in the rain if the rain sensor does not detect the amount of raindrops because of the water-repellent coating on the windshield, or dirt or ice on the upper half of the windshield.

- The rain sensor may malfunction if the wiper intermittent operation does not vary depending on the amount of rainfall. If necessary, turn the wiper switch to any position except for the “AUTO” position. In this case, the automatic rain sensing wiper system may malfunction. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer and have the system inspected as soon as possible.

- The wipers operate intermittently if the ambient temperature is less than  $-15^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $5^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), because the system judges that it may snow under

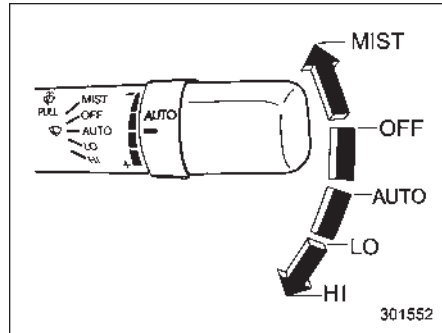
these temperatures. The wipers will switch to the automatic operation if the ambient temperature returns to more than  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).

- The wipers operate intermittently if the temperature around the rain sensor is more than  $80^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $176^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) because the system cannot detect the amount of raindrops under these temperatures.

## ■ Windshield wiper and washer switches

The wiper operates only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

### ▼ Windshield wipers (models with automatic rain sensing windshield wipers)



MIST: Mist (for a single wipe)

OFF: Off

AUTO: Automatic operation

LO: Low speed

HI: High speed

To turn the wipers on, push the wiper control lever down. With the wiper switch in the "AUTO" position, the wipers operate automatically when the rain sensor detects falling rain. The wiper timing is automatically adjusted depending on the

amount of rain.

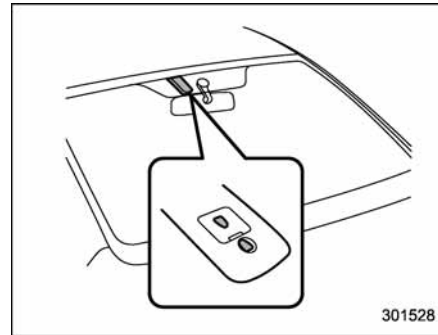
To turn the wipers off, return the lever to the "OFF" position.

For a single wipe of the wipers, push the lever up. The wipers operate until you release the lever.

### NOTE

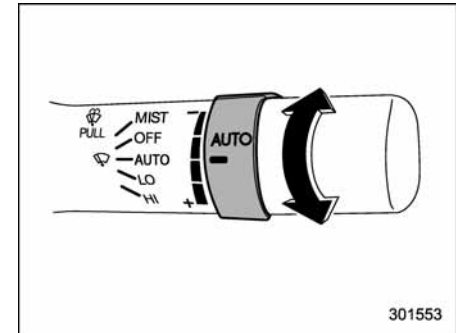
The automatic adjusting mode of the wiper timing can be changed from the rain-sensing mode to the vehicle speed interlocking mode. The setting can be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.

### ▼ Rain sensor



The rain sensor is on the windshield glass.

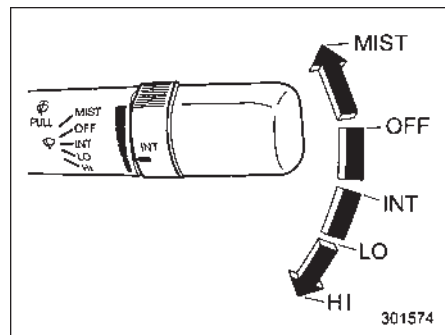
### ▼ Sensor sensitivity control



Turn the dial to adjust the sensitivity of the rain sensor. Turn the dial to the "+" side to increase the sensitivity. Turn the dial to the "-" side to decrease the sensitivity.



## ▼ Windshield wipers (models without automatic rain sensing windshield wipers)



MIST : Mist (for a single wipe)

OFF : Off

INT: Intermittent

LO: Low speed

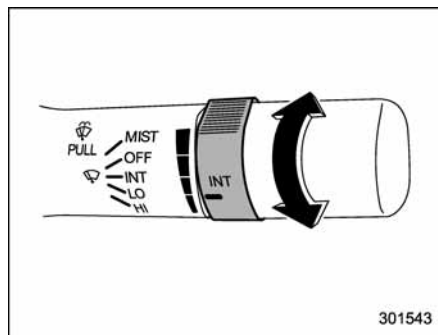
HI: High speed

To turn the wipers on, push the wiper control lever down.

To turn the wipers off, return the lever to the “OFF” position.

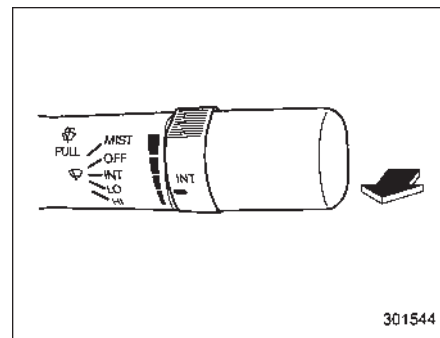
For a single wipe of the wipers, push the lever up. The wipers operate until you release the lever.

## ▽ Wiper intermittent time control



When the wiper switch is in the “INT” position, turn the dial to adjust the operating interval of the wiper. The operating interval can be adjusted in five steps from the shortest interval to the longest.

## ▼ Windshield washer



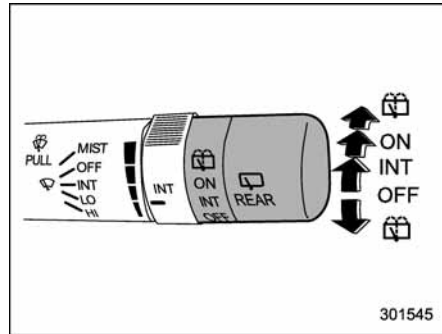
To wash the windshield, pull the wiper control lever toward you. The washer fluid sprays until you release the lever. The wipers operate while you pull the lever.

### NOTE

If your vehicle is equipped with a headlight washer, pulling the wiper control lever for more than 1 second also causes the headlight washer to operate when the headlight switch is in the “ ” position. For further details, refer to “Headlight washer”  3-58.

## ■ Rear window wiper and washer switch (Station wagon)

The wiper operates only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.



- Washer (accompanied by wiper operation)
- ON: Continuous
- INT: Intermittent
- OFF: Off
- Washer

### ▼ Rear wiper

To turn the rear wiper on, turn the knob on the end of the wiper control lever upward to the "INT" or "ON" position.

To turn the wiper off, return the knob on the end of the lever to the "OFF" position. With the switch turned to the "INT" position, the rear wiper will operate inter-

mittently at intervals corresponding to the vehicle speed (longer when the vehicle speed is low; shorter when the vehicle speed is high).

When you subsequently move the select lever to the "R" position (AT and CVT models) or the shift lever to the reverse position (MT models), the rear wiper will switch to continuous operation. When you move the select lever/shift lever from the "R"/reverse position to another position, the rear wiper will return to intermittent operation.

### ▼ Washer

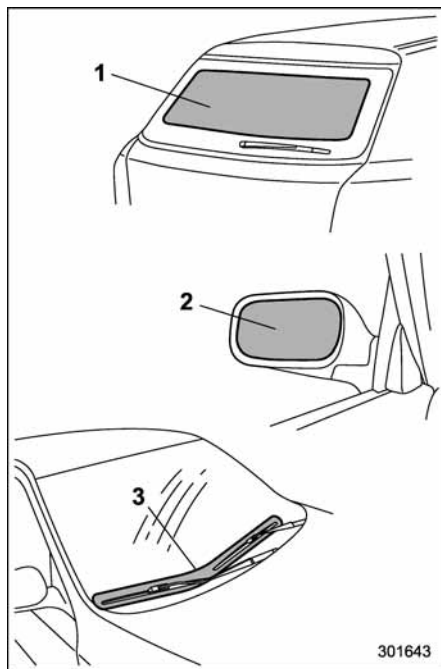
To wash the rear window while the rear wiper is operating, turn the knob on the end of the wiper control lever upward to the position. The washer fluid sprays until you release the knob.

To wash the rear window when the rear wiper is not in use, turn the knob on the end of the wiper control lever downward to the position. The washer fluid sprays and the wiper operates until you release the knob.

## NOTE

When the amount of washer fluid is getting low, the rear washer fluid will first be stopped. This means that the amount of washer fluid is low, and it should be added immediately.

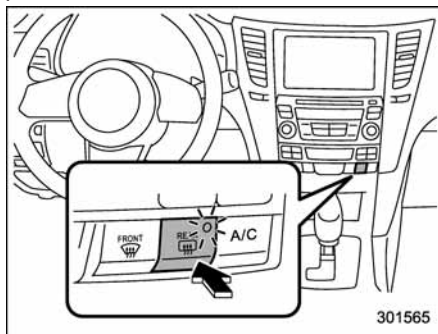
## Defogger and deicer



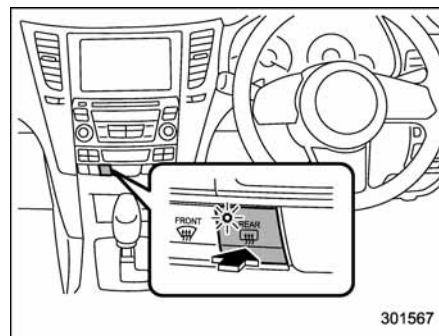
- 1) Rear window defogger
- 2) Outside mirror defogger (if equipped)
- 3) Windshield wiper deicer (if equipped)

The vehicle is equipped with a rear

window defogger. Some models are also equipped with an outside mirror defogger and/or windshield wiper deicer. The defogger and deicer system is activated only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.



**Left-hand drive models**



**Right-hand drive models**

To activate the defogger and deicer system, press the control switch that is located on the climate control panel. The rear window defogger, outside mirror defogger and windshield wiper deicer are activated simultaneously. The indicator light on the control switch illuminates while the defogger and deicer system is activated.

To turn them off, press the control switch again. They also turn off when the ignition switch is turned to the "Acc" or "LOCK"/"OFF" position.

The defogger and deicer system will automatically shut off after approximately 15 minutes. If the rear window and outside mirrors have been cleared and the windshield wiper blades have been deiced

completely before that time, press the control switch to turn them off. If defrosting, defogging or deicing is not complete, you have to press the control switch to turn them on again.

It is possible to set the defogger and deicer system for the continuous operation mode by a SUBARU dealer. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for details.



### CAUTION

- To prevent the battery from being discharged, do not operate the defogger and deicer system continuously for any longer than necessary.
- Do not use sharp instruments or window cleaner containing abrasives to clean the inner surface of the rear window. They may damage the conductors printed on the window.

### NOTE

- Turn on the defogger and deicer system if the wipers are frozen to the windshield.
- If the windshield is covered with snow, remove the snow so that the

windshield wiper deicer works effectively.

- When the outside temperature becomes 5°C (41°F) or higher, the windshield wiper deicer stops operating.

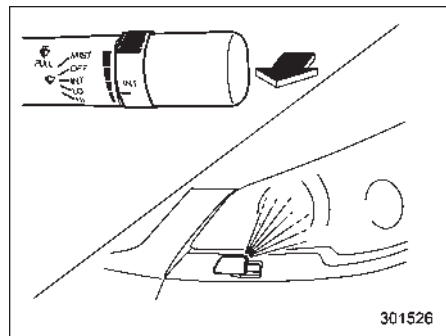
- While the defogger and deicer system is in the continuous operation mode, if the vehicle speed remains at 15 km/h (9 mph) or lower for 15 minutes, the windshield wiper deicer automatically stops operating, though the rear window defogger and outside mirror defogger maintain continuous operation in this condition.

- For models with the SI-DRIVE system, while the defogger and deicer system is in the continuous operation mode, if the vehicle is driven in the Intelligent (I) mode for 15 minutes, the windshield wiper deicer automatically stops operating for greater fuel efficiency. This operation occurs even if the vehicle has been driven at 15 km/h (9 mph) or more. At this time, the rear window defogger and outside mirror defogger maintain continuous operation though the windshield wiper deicer has stopped operating.

- While the defogger and deicer system is in the continuous operation mode, if the battery voltage drops below the permissible level, continuous operation of the defogger and

deicer system is canceled and the system stops operating.

## Headlight washer (if equipped)



With the ignition switch in the “ON” position and the headlight switch in the “” position, the windshield washer operates first when you pull the wiper control lever toward you. If you continue pulling the lever for more than 1 second, the headlight washer then operates together with the windshield washer.

The windshield washer stops spraying washer fluid as soon as you release the wiper control lever. The headlight washer sprays the washer fluid for approximately 1 second and then stops automatically.

### CAUTION

**Do not operate the washer if the washer fluid tank is empty. This may cause overheating of the washer motor. Check washer fluid level frequently, such as at fuel stops.**

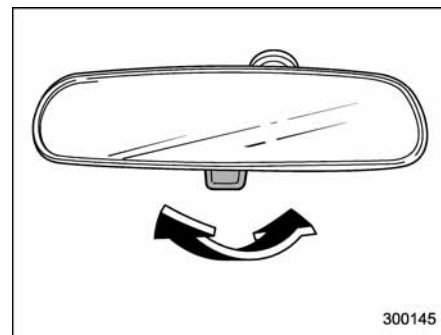
### NOTE

**When the area around the nozzle cover of the headlight washer is frozen, remove the ice before using.**

## Mirrors

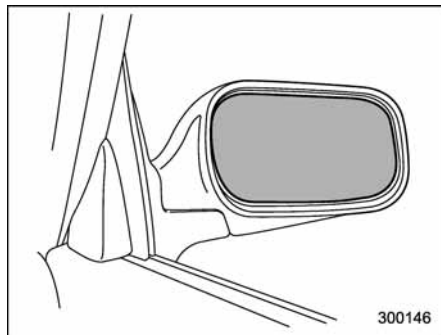
Always check that the inside and outside mirrors are properly adjusted before you start driving.

### ■ Inside mirror



The inside mirror has a day and night position. Pull the tab at the bottom of the mirror toward you for the night position. Push it away for the day position. The night position reduces glare from headlights.

## ■ Outside mirrors

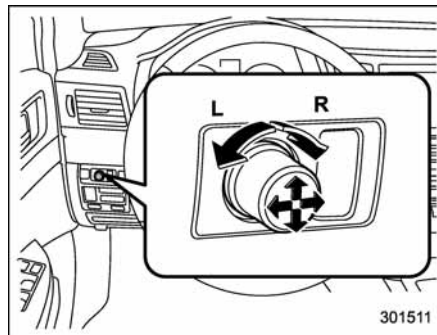


### ▼ Convex mirror

#### **WARNING**

Objects look smaller in a convex mirror and farther away than when viewed in a flat mirror. Do not use the convex mirror to judge the distance of vehicles behind you when changing lanes. Use the inside mirror (or glance backwards) to determine the actual size and distance of objects that you view in convex mirror.

### ▼ Remote control mirror switch

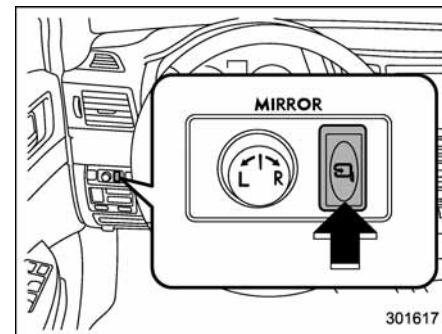


The remote control mirrors operate only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" or "Acc" position.

1. Press either end of the selection switch, "L" for the left, "R" for the right.
2. Move the direction control switch in the direction you want to move the mirror.
3. Return the selection switch to the neutral position to prevent unintentional operation.

The mirrors can also be adjusted manually.

### ▼ Power folding mirror switch (if equipped)



The power folding mirror switch operates only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" or "Acc" position.

To fold the outside mirrors, push the power folding mirror switch. To unfold the mirrors, push the switch again.

### NOTE

- When the temperature is low, the outside mirrors may stop during operation. Push the switch again. When the outside mirrors do not work by switch operation, move them several times by manually. This makes it possible to operate them by switch operation.
- When you operate the power folding mirror switch continuously, it may not

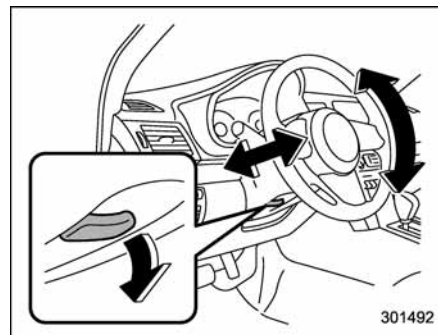
work. This is not a malfunction. Operate after waiting for a short period of time.

- When you unfold the outside mirrors manually, the mirrors may become wobbly. Be sure to unfold the mirrors by switch operation. If the outside mirrors are still wobbly, fold the mirrors again and then unfold them by switch operation.

## Tilt/telescopic steering wheel

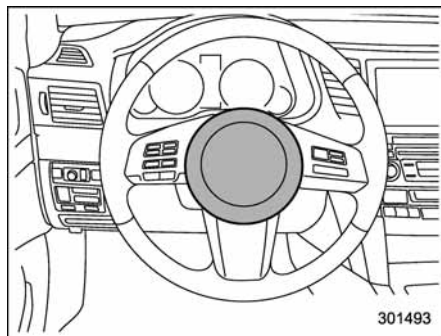
### WARNING

- Do not adjust the steering wheel tilt/telescopic position while driving. This may cause loss of vehicle control and result in personal injury.
- If the lever cannot be raised to the fixed position, adjust the steering wheel again. It is dangerous to drive without locking the steering wheel. This may cause loss of vehicle control and result in personal injury.



1. Adjust the seat position. Refer to "Front seats" 1-2.
2. Pull the tilt/telescopic lock lever down.
3. Move the steering wheel to the desired level.
4. Pull the lever up to lock the steering wheel in place.
5. Make sure that the steering wheel is securely locked by moving it up and down, and forward and backward.

## Horn



To sound the horn, push the horn pad.



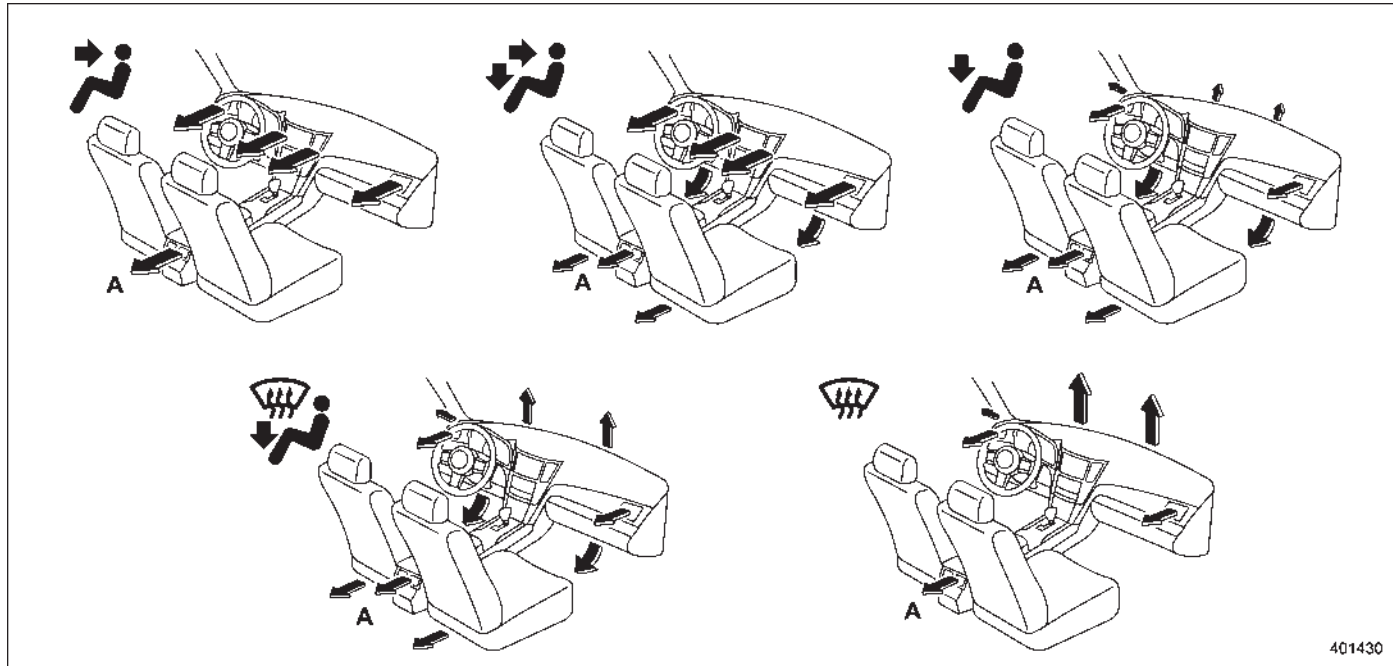
|                                                             |      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Ventilator.....                                             | 4-2  |
| Airflow selection .....                                     | 4-2  |
| Ventilators.....                                            | 4-4  |
| Automatic climate control system .....                      | 4-5  |
| Control panel .....                                         | 4-6  |
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| Operating tips for heater and air<br>conditioner.....       | 4-11 |
| Cleaning ventilation grille .....                           | 4-11 |
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| Lubrication oil circulation in the refrigerant<br>circuit.....                             | 4-11 |
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| Air filtration system .....                                                                | 4-12 |
| Replacing an air filter.....                                                               | 4-12 |

## Ventilator

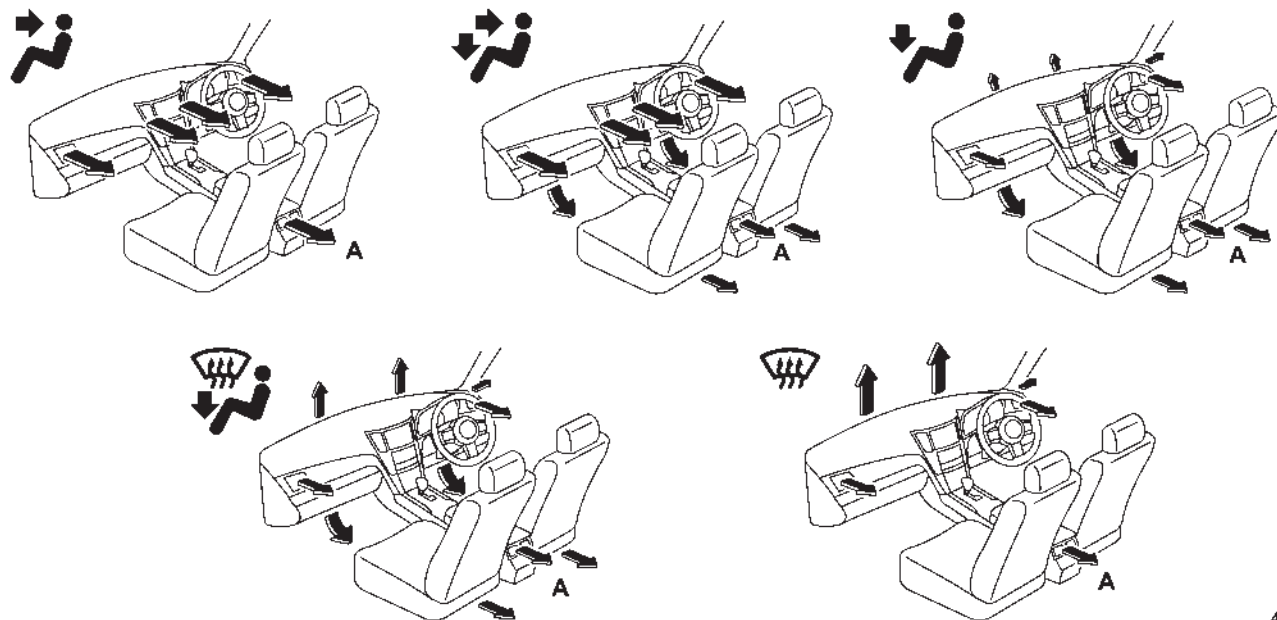
### ■ Airflow selection

#### ▼ Left-hand drive models



A: Models with rear ventilators

## ▼ Right-hand drive models



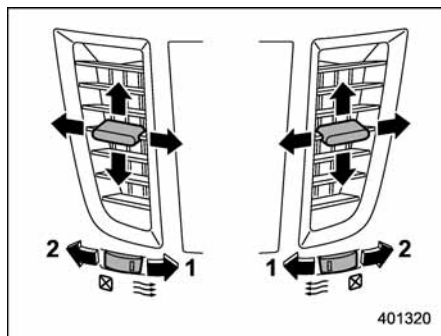
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A: Models with rear ventilators

– CONTINUED –

## Ventilators

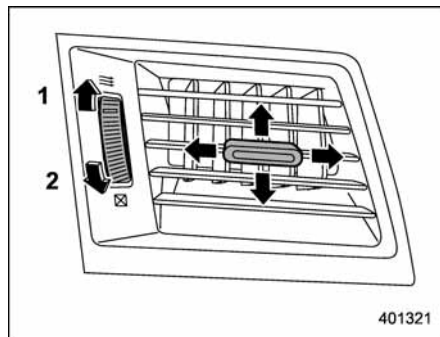
### ▼ Center ventilators



- 1) Open
- 2) Close

Move the tab to adjust the flow direction.  
To open the ventilator, turn the center grille open/close wheel to the "≡" position.  
To close it, turn the wheel to the "☒" position.

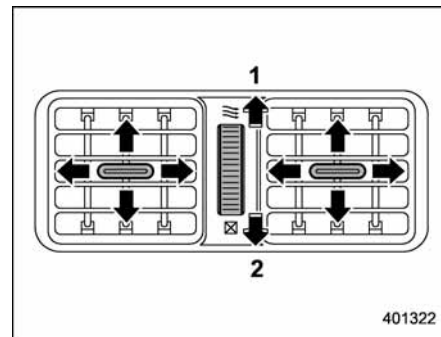
### ▼ Side ventilators



- 1) Open
- 2) Close

Move the tab to adjust the flow direction.  
To open the ventilator, turn the side grille open/close wheel upward to the "≡" position.  
To close it, turn the wheel downward to the "☒" position.

### ▼ Rear ventilators (if equipped)



- 1) Open
- 2) Close

Move the tab to adjust the flow direction.  
To open the ventilator, turn the rear grille open/close wheel upward to the "≡" position.  
To close it, turn the wheel downward to the "☒" position.

## Automatic climate control system

---

### NOTE

- Operate the automatic climate control system when the engine is running.
- The blower fan rotates at a low speed when the engine coolant temperature is low.

**For efficient defogging or dehumidifying in cold weather, press the “A/C” button.**

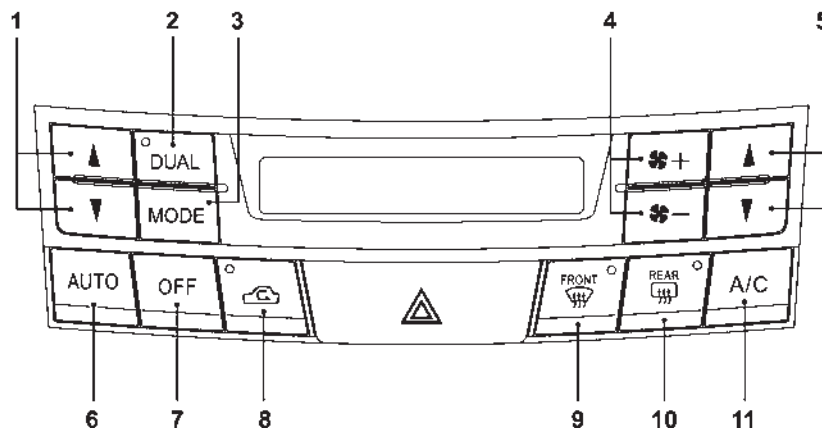
The automatic climate control system automatically controls outlet air temperature, fan speed, airflow distribution air-inlet control, and air conditioner compressor operation. It activates when the fan speed control button or the “AUTO” button is pressed, and is used to maintain a constant, comfortable climate within the passenger compartment. If you press the defroster button while the automatic climate control system is deactivated, only the defroster function will be activated.

The temperature can be set within the following range.

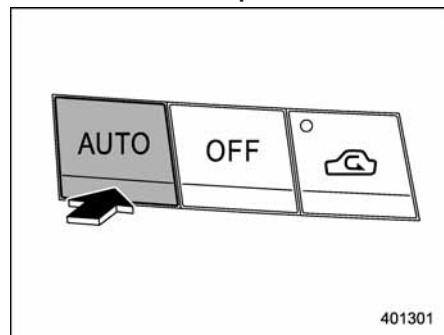
Type A: 15.5 to 28.5°C (60 to 83°F)

Type B: 18.5 to 31.5°C (65 to 89°F)

## ■ Control panel



- 1) Temperature control button (driver's side)
- 2) Dual mode button
- 3) Airflow mode selection button
- 4) Fan speed control button
- 5) Temperature control button (front passenger's side)
- 6) AUTO button
- 7) OFF button
- 8) Air inlet selection button
- 9) Defroster button
- 10) Rear window defogger button (Refer to "Defogger and deicer" 3-56.)
- 11) Air conditioner button

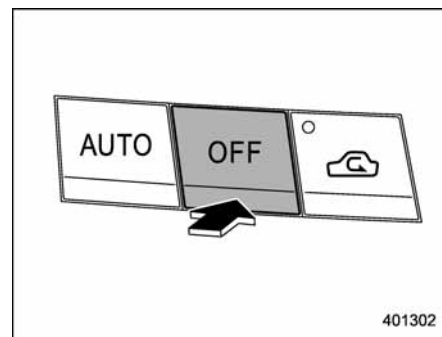
**▼ AUTO button****FULL AUTO mode operation:**

When the "AUTO" button is pressed, the indicator light "FULL AUTO" on the display illuminates. In this state, fan speed, airflow distribution, air-inlet control, and air conditioner compressor operation are automatically controlled.

**AUTO mode operation:**

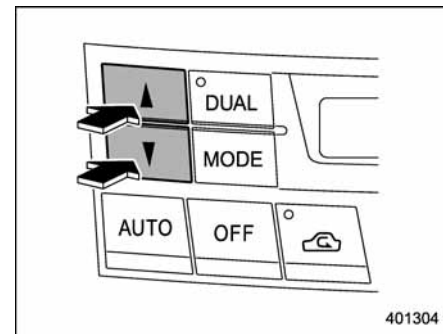
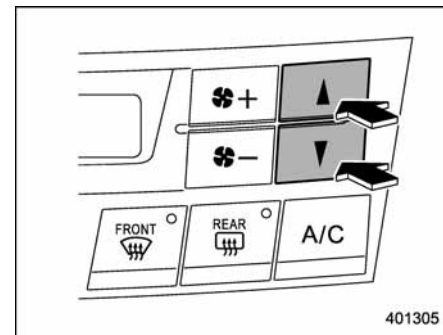
If you operate any of the buttons on the control panel other than the "OFF" button, rear window defogger button and temperature control buttons during FULL AUTO mode operation, the indicator light "FULL" on the control panel will turn off and the indicator light "AUTO" will remain illuminated. You can then manually control the system as desired using the button

you operated. To change the system back to the FULL AUTO mode, press the "AUTO" button.

**▼ OFF button**

The automatic climate control system turns off (the air conditioner compressor and fan turn off) when the "OFF" button is pressed.

When the "OFF" button is pressed, the outside air circulation mode (air inlet selection OFF) is automatically selected.

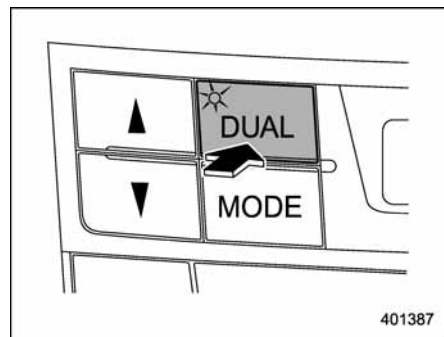
**▼ Temperature control button****Left-hand side****Right-hand side**

To increase the temperature setting, press the "▲" side of the temperature control button. To decrease the temperature

setting, press the “▼” side of the temperature control button.

Each temperature setting is shown on the display. When the “LO” is shown, the system provides maximum cooling performance. When the “HI” is shown, the system provides maximum heating performance.

#### ▼ DUAL mode



It is possible to make separate temperature settings for the driver's side and passenger's side (DUAL mode).

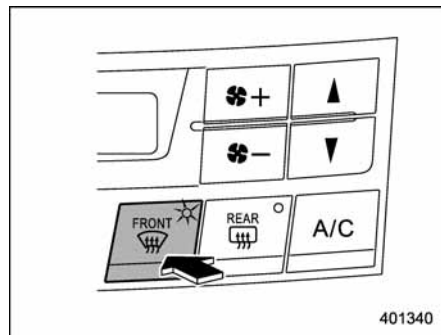
#### To activate the DUAL mode:

Press the “DUAL” button. When the DUAL mode is activated, the indicator light on the “DUAL” button illuminates.

#### To deactivate the DUAL mode:

Press the “DUAL” button again. When the DUAL mode is deactivated, the indicator light on the “DUAL” button turns off and the temperature setting for the front passenger's side becomes the same as the setting for the driver's side.

#### ▼ – Defroster button



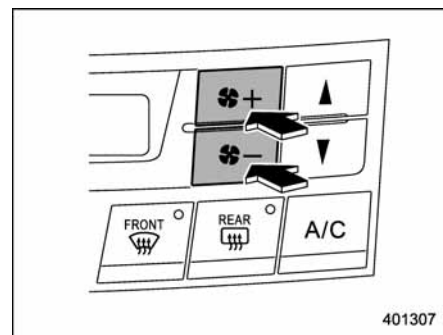
To defrost or dehumidify the windshield and front door windows, press the defroster button “”. When the “” button is pressed, the air conditioner compressor automatically operates to quickly defog the windshield. At the same time, the air inlet selection is automatically set to the “OFF” position (outside air mode).

After eliminating the fogging from the windshield, return the climate control system to the FULL AUTO mode by

pressing the “AUTO” button or turn off by pressing the “OFF” button.

Alternatively, press the “” button again to return the system to the setting that was selected before you activated the defroster.

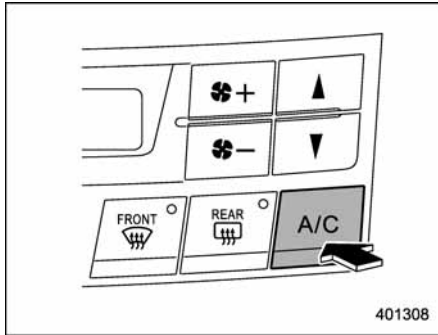
#### ▼ Fan speed control button



The fan speed control button has 6 different fan speed positions.

The fan speed is shown by the display.



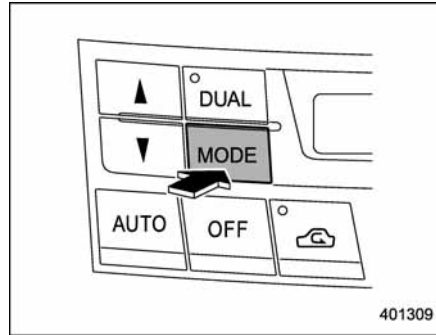
▼ **A/C – Air conditioner button**

If the windshield starts to fog when the climate control system is operated in the AUTO mode, press the air conditioner button "A/C" to defog and dehumidify.

When this button is pressed, the air conditioner compressor turns on and the indicator light "A/C" on the display illuminates. To turn off the air conditioner compressor, press the "A/C" button again.

**NOTE**

**The air conditioner compressor does not operate when the outside air temperature is below 0°C (32°F).**

▼ **Airflow mode selection button**

Select the desired airflow mode by pressing the airflow mode selection button. The selected airflow mode is indicated on the display.

There are four airflow modes that activate the following air outlets.

☞ (Ventilation): Instrument panel outlets

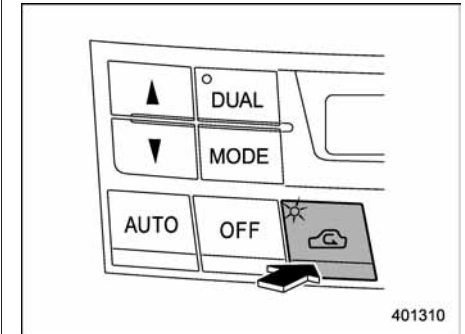
☞ (Bi-level): Instrument panel outlets and foot outlets

☞ (Heat): Foot outlets, both side outlets of the instrument panel and some through windshield defroster outlets (A small amount of air flows to the windshield and both side windows to prevent fogging.)

☞ (Heat-def): Windshield defroster outlets, foot outlets and both side outlets of the instrument panel

**NOTE**

When the "☞" mode is selected, the air conditioner compressor automatically operates to quickly defog the windshield. At the same time, the air inlet selection is automatically set to the "OFF" position (outside air mode).

▼ **Air inlet selection button**

Select airflow by pressing the air inlet selection button "☞".

**ON position (recirculation):** Interior air is recirculated inside the vehicle. Press the air inlet selection button to the ON position for fast cooling with the air conditioner or

when driving on a dusty road. The indicator light will illuminate.

**OFF position (outside air):** Outside air is drawn into the passenger compartment. Press the air inlet selection button to the OFF position when the interior has cooled to a comfortable temperature and the road is no longer dusty. The indicator light will turn off.



### WARNING

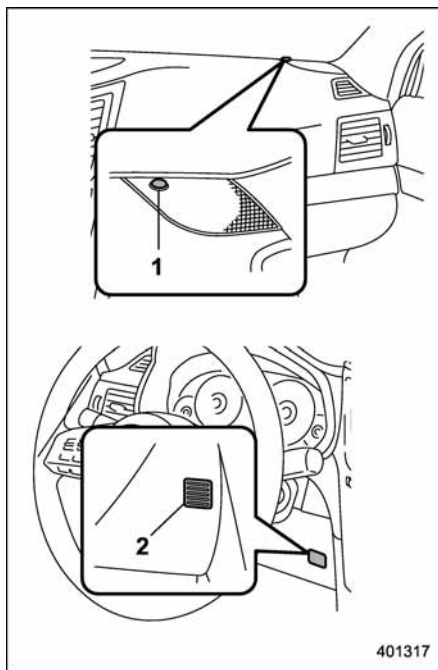
Continued operation in the ON position (recirculation) may fog up the windows. Switch to the OFF position as soon as the outside dusty condition clears.

### NOTE

When driving on a dusty road or behind a vehicle that emits unpleasant exhaust gases, set the air inlet selection button to the ON position (recirculation).

From time to time, return the air inlet selection button to the OFF position (outside air) to draw outside air into the passenger compartment.

## ■ Temperature sensors



- 1) Solar sensor
- 2) Interior air temperature sensor

The automatic climate control system employs several sensors. These sensors are delicate. If they are not treated

properly and become damaged, the system may not be able to control the interior temperature correctly. To avoid damaging the sensors, observe the following precautions:

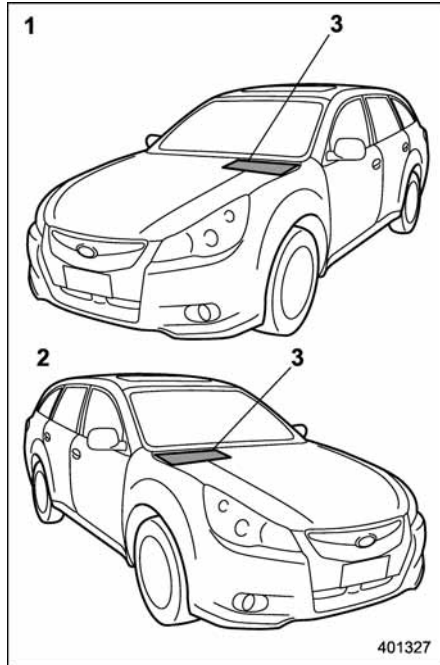
- Do not subject the sensors to impact.
- Keep water away from the sensors.
- Do not cover the sensors.

The sensors are located as follows:

- Solar sensor: beside the windshield defroster grille.
- Interior air temperature sensor: next to the steering column.
- Outside temperature sensor: behind the front grille.

## Operating tips for heater and air conditioner

### ■ Cleaning ventilation grille



- 1) Left-hand drive models  
2) Right-hand drive models

### 3) Front ventilator inlet grille

Always keep the front ventilation inlet grille free of snow, leaves, or other obstructions to ensure efficient heating and defrosting. Since the condenser is located in front of the radiator, this area should be kept clean because cooling performance is impaired by any accumulation of insects and leaves on the condenser.

### ■ Efficient cooling after parking in direct sunlight

After parking in direct sunlight, drive with the windows open for a few minutes to allow outside air to circulate into the heated interior. This results in quicker cooling by the air conditioner. Keep the windows closed during the operation of the air conditioner for maximum cooling efficiency.

### ■ Lubrication oil circulation in the refrigerant circuit

Operate the air conditioner compressor at a low engine speed (at idle or low driving speeds) a few minutes each month during the off-season to circulate its oil.

### ■ Checking air conditioning system before summer season

Check the air conditioner unit for refrigerant leaks, hose conditions, and proper operation each spring. We recommend that you have the air conditioning system checked by your SUBARU dealer.

### ■ Cooling and dehumidifying in high humidity and low temperature weather conditions

Under certain weather conditions (high relative humidity, low temperatures, etc.) a small amount of water vapor emission from the air outlets may be noticed. This condition is normal and does not indicate any problem with the air conditioning system.

### ■ Air conditioner compressor shut-off when engine is heavily loaded

To improve acceleration and fuel consumption, the air conditioner compressor is designed to temporarily shut off during air conditioner operation whenever the accelerator is fully depressed such as during rapid acceleration or when driving on a steep upgrade.

## ■ Refrigerant for your climate control system

Your air conditioner uses ozone friendly refrigerant HFC134a. Therefore, the method of adding, changing or checking the refrigerant is different from the method for CFC12 (freon). We recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for service. Repairs needed as a result of using the wrong refrigerant are not covered under warranty.

## Air filtration system

Replace the filter element according to the maintenance schedule. Refer to "Maintenance schedule" 11-3. The schedule should be followed to maintain the filter's dust collection ability. Under extremely dusty conditions, the filter should be replaced more frequently. It is recommended that you have your filter checked or replaced by your SUBARU dealer. For replacement, we recommend that you use only a genuine SUBARU air filter kit.



### CAUTION

**We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer if the following occurs, even if it is not yet time to change the filter.**

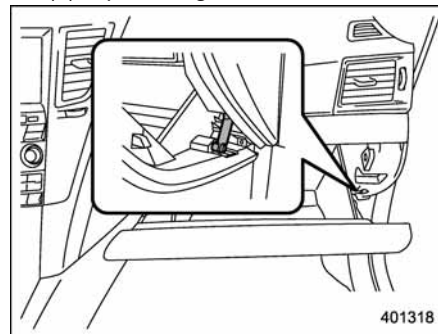
- Reduction of the airflow through the vents.
- Windshield gets easily fogged or misted.

## NOTE

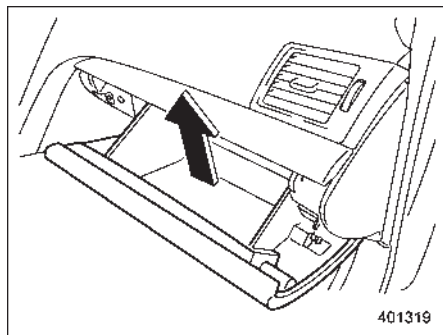
The filter can influence the air conditioning, heating and defroster performance if not properly maintained.

## ■ Replacing an air filter

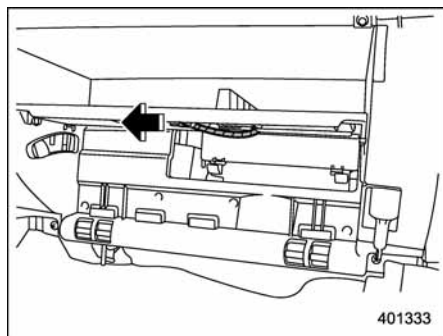
1. Remove the glove box.
  - (1) Open the glove box.



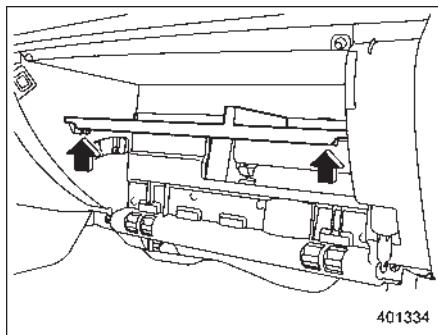
- (2) Remove the damper shaft from the glove box.



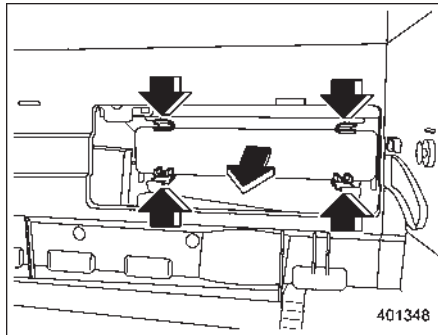
(3) Pull out the glove box.



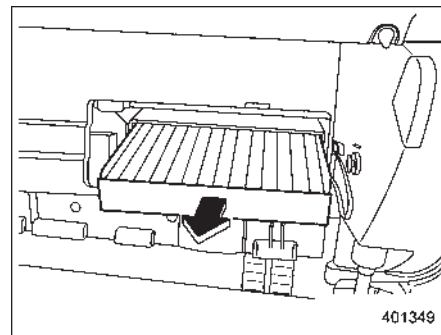
2. Disconnect the connector.



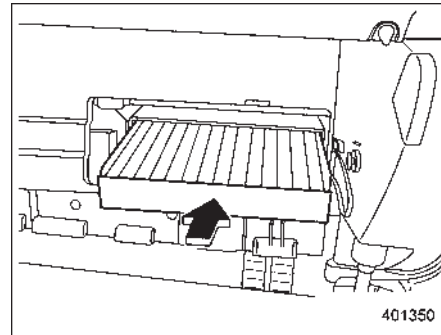
3. Remove the shelf.



4. Remove the cover of the air filter.



5. Remove the air filter.



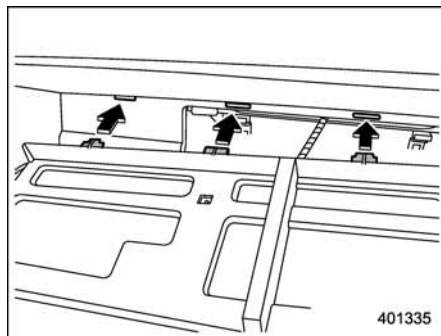
6. Replace the air filter element with a new one.

7. Reinstall the cover of the air filter.

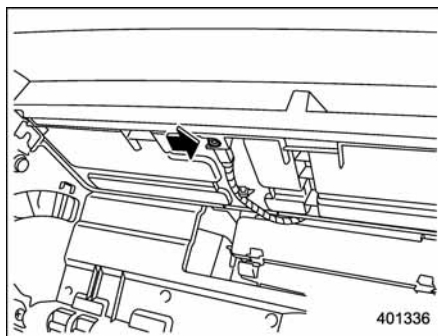


**CAUTION**

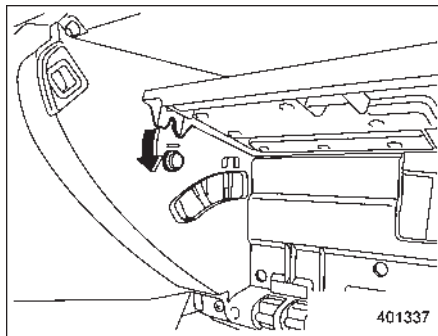
The arrow mark on the filter must point UP.



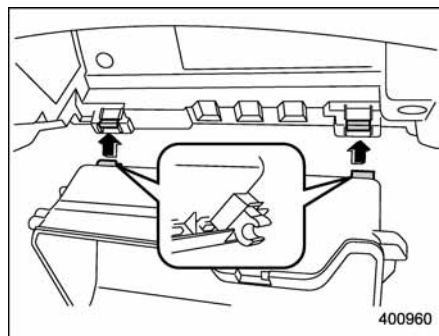
8. Insert the shelf as illustrated.



9. Connect the connector.



10. Install the shelf.

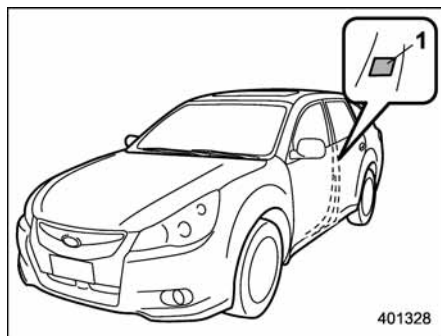


11. Reinstall the glove box, and connect the damper shaft.

12. Close the glove box.

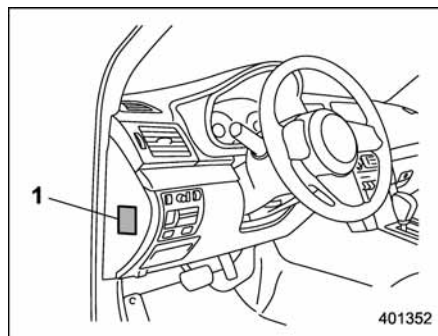
13. LABEL installation

(1) Fill out the information on the service label (small).



1) Service label

(2) Attach the service label to the driver's side door pillar.



1) Caution label

(3) Attach the caution label on the driver's side of the instrument panel as shown in the illustration.

|                                                 |      |                                                  |      |
|-------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------------|------|
| <b>Antenna system</b> .....                     | 5-2  | <b>Fast-forwarding and fast-reversing</b> .....  | 5-18 |
| Printed antenna.....                            | 5-2  | Repeating .....                                  | 5-19 |
| FM reception.....                               | 5-2  | Random playback.....                             | 5-20 |
| <b>Installation of accessories</b> .....        | 5-3  | Scan .....                                       | 5-21 |
| <b>Audio set</b> .....                          | 5-3  | Display selection .....                          | 5-22 |
| Type A audio set (if equipped) .....            | 5-4  | Folder selection.....                            | 5-23 |
| Type B audio set (if equipped) .....            | 5-5  | How to eject CDs from the player.....            | 5-23 |
| <b>Power and sound controls</b> .....           | 5-6  | When the following messages are displayed.....   | 5-24 |
| Power switch and volume control .....           | 5-6  | <b>Auxiliary input jack</b> .....                | 5-25 |
| Sound control .....                             | 5-6  | <b>Precautions to observe when handling a</b>    |      |
| Adjustable level of each mode .....             | 5-8  | compact disc.....                                | 5-26 |
| <b>FM/AM radio operation</b> .....              | 5-9  | <b>Audio control buttons (if equipped)</b> ..... | 5-27 |
| FM selection .....                              | 5-9  | MODE button .....                                | 5-28 |
| AM selection .....                              | 5-9  | “^” and “v” switch .....                         | 5-28 |
| Tuning .....                                    | 5-10 | Volume control switch .....                      | 5-28 |
| Displaying radio PS (Program Service Name)..... | 5-13 | MUTE button (models without Hands-free           |      |
| Station preset .....                            | 5-13 | system) .....                                    | 5-29 |
| <b>CD player operation</b> .....                | 5-15 | <b>Hands-free system (if equipped)</b> .....     | 5-29 |
| How to insert a CD(s) .....                     | 5-15 | Tips for the Hands-free system .....             | 5-29 |
| How to play back a CD .....                     | 5-17 | Safety precautions .....                         | 5-31 |
| To select a track from its beginning .....      | 5-18 | Using Hands-free system .....                    | 5-32 |



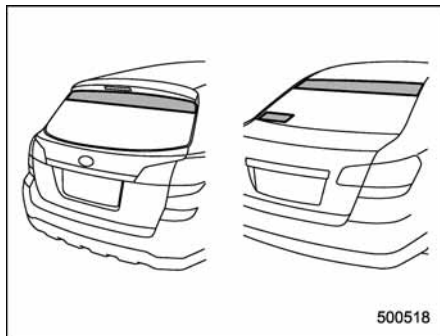
## Antenna system

### ■ Printed antenna



#### CAUTION

Do not use sharp instruments or window cleaner containing abrasives to clean the inner surface of the window on which the antenna is printed. Doing so may damage the antenna printed on the window.



The antenna is printed on the inner surface of the rear window glass.

### NOTE

Antenna performance will deteriorate significantly if you apply tinting film or any other material over the antenna portion of the rear window glass.

### ■ FM reception

Although FM is normally static free, reception can be affected by the surrounding area, atmospheric conditions, station strength and transmitter distance. Buildings or other obstructions may cause momentary static, flutter or station interference. If reception continues to be unsatisfactory, switch to a stronger station.

## **Installation of accessories**

We recommend that you always consult your SUBARU dealer before installing a citizen band radio or other transmitting device in your vehicle. Such devices may cause the electronic control system to malfunction if they are incorrectly installed or if they are not suited for the vehicle.

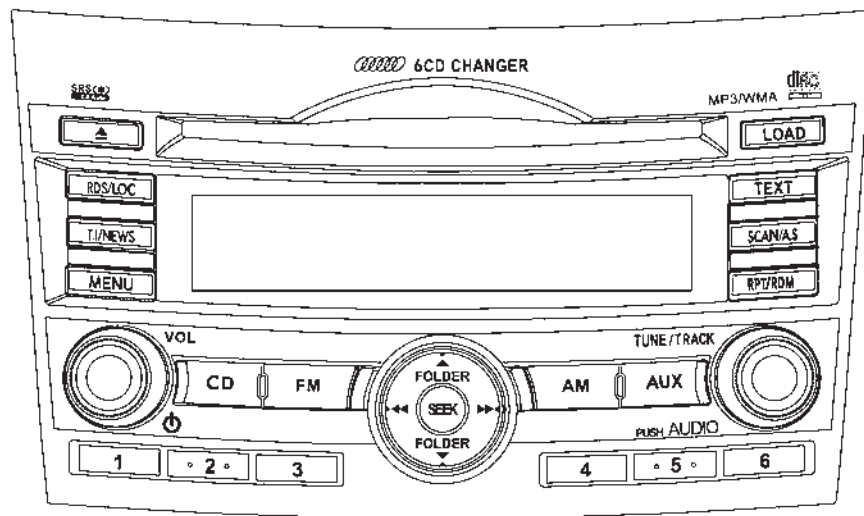
## **Audio set**

Your SUBARU may be equipped with one of the following audio sets. See the pages indicated in this section for operating details.

### **NOTE**

**If a cell phone is placed near the audio set, it may cause the audio set to emit noise when the phone receives calls. This noise does not indicate an audio set malfunction. Note that a cell phone should be placed as far as possible from the audio set.**

### ■ Type A audio set (if equipped)



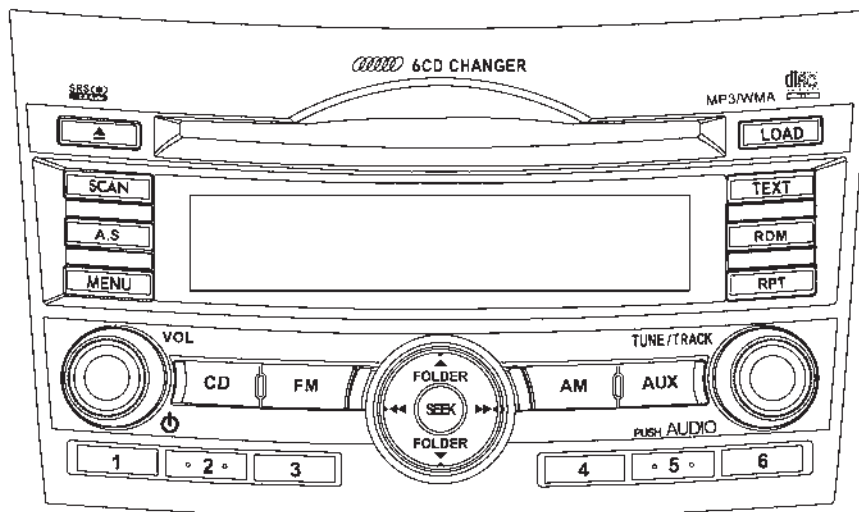
500493

The illustration shown is for left-hand drive models. The switch positions for a right-hand drive models are the opposite of those shown.

The audio set will operate only when the ignition switch is in the "Acc" or "ON" position.

- Power and sound controls: refer to page 5-6
- Radio operation: refer to page 5-9
- CD (compact disc) player operation: refer to page 5-15
- Auxiliary input jack: refer to page 5-25

## ■ Type B audio set (if equipped)



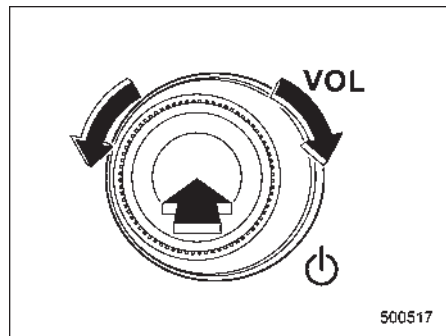
500495

The audio set will operate only when the ignition switch is in the "Acc" or "ON" position.

- Power and sound controls: refer to page 5-6
- Radio operation: refer to page 5-9
- CD (compact disc) player operation: refer to page 5-15
- Auxiliary input jack: refer to page 5-25

## Power and sound controls

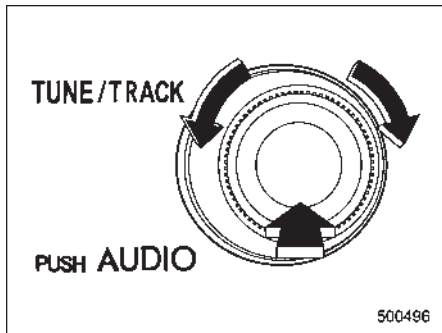
### ■ Power switch and volume control



The dial is used for both power (ON/OFF) and volume control. The radio is turned ON and OFF by pressing the dial, and the volume is controlled by turning the dial.

### ■ Sound control

#### ▼ Tone and balance control



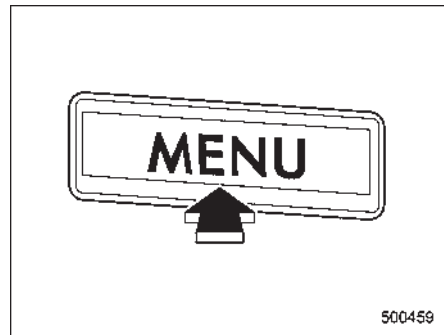
Each brief press of the “TUNE/TRACK” dial changes the control modes in the following sequence.

BASS → MIDDLE → TREBLE  
 ↑                      ↓  
 OFF ← BALANCE ← FADER

Choose the desired level for each mode by turning the “TUNE/TRACK” dial.

The control function returns to the tune/track control mode after approximately 5 seconds.

#### ▼ Other sound setting controls

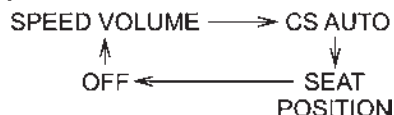


Each brief press of the “MENU” button changes the control modes in the following sequence.

#### Type A audio:

REG\* → SPEED VOLUME  
 ↑                      ↓  
 OFF ← SEAT ← CS AUTO  
                     POSITION

\*: This will appear when the radio is in the FM mode and the RDS function is turned on.

**Type B audio:**

Choose the desired settings for each mode by turning the sound control dial.

The control function returns to the tune/track control mode after approximately 5 seconds.

**▽ SVC setting**

SVC (Speed Volume Control) is a function that automatically adjusts the volume according to the vehicle speed. As the vehicle speed increases, the audio volume automatically increases to match the vehicle speed, in order to create a pleasant listening environment even as the driving noise increases. The amount of this automatic volume change can be set in the range from OFF to 2. The initial setting is OFF.

**▽ SRS CS Auto™ setting**

SRS CS Auto™ can be set in the range from OFF to 2. When this setting is ON (1 or 2), “” is displayed on the screen.

**NOTE**

SRS CS Auto™ creates a 5.1ch equivalent surround field using 6 speakers that are installed in the vehicle.

SRS CS Auto™ features:

- 1) Sound originating from door mount speakers can be heard at ear level (built in SRS FOCUS™ effect).
- 2) Ultra rich bass sound can be obtained from standard door mount speakers (built in SRS TruBass® effect).
- 3) Surround sound can be obtained from 2-channel stereo sources such as CD, MP3 and FM (built in SRS Circle Surround II™ effect).
- 4) SRS CS Auto™ can position the center channel image in the center of the vehicle's windshield. This eliminates the need for a center speaker (built in SRS Circle Surround II™ phantom center and SRS FOCUS™ effects).

CS Auto, SRS and “” symbol are trademarks of SRS Labs, Inc.

CS Auto technology is incorporated under license from SRS Labs, Inc.

**▽ REG setting (type A audio)**

This function prevents the radio from selecting local stations during AF

searches. It is possible to turn the function ON/OFF by selecting the “REG” setting.

**▽ Position setting**

Position setting is used to adjust the sound to the best condition for the selected seating position.

ALL: The sound is adjusted to the best for all seating positions.

FR: The sound is adjusted to the best for the front passenger (left-hand drive models) or driver (right-hand drive models).

FL: The sound is adjusted to the best for the driver (left-hand drive models) or front passenger (right-hand drive models).

## ■ Adjustable level of each mode

| Mode             |                     | Range of levels (displayed) | Initial setting | Turn counterclockwise       | Turn clockwise              |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Volume           | Volume control      | 0 to 40                     | 15              | For less volume             | For more volume             |
|                  | AUX volume control* | 0 to 40                     | 15              | For less volume             | For more volume             |
| Tone and balance | Bass control        | -8 to +8                    | 0               | For less bass sound         | For more bass sound         |
|                  | Midrange control    | -8 to +8                    | 0               | For less midrange sound     | For more midrange sound     |
|                  | Treble control      | -8 to +8                    | 0               | For less treble sound       | For more treble sound       |
|                  | Balance             | L9 to R9                    | 0               | Right channel attenuated    | Left channel attenuated     |
|                  | Fader               | R9 to F9                    | 0               | Front attenuated            | Rear attenuated             |
| Other settings   | REG                 | OFF to ON                   | OFF             | OFF                         | ON                          |
|                  | SPEED VOLUME        | OFF to 2                    | OFF             | For less auto volume change | For more auto volume change |
|                  | CS Auto             | OFF to 2                    | OFF             | From 2 to 1, 1 to OFF       | From OFF to 1, 1 to 2       |
|                  | POSITION            | ALL, FR, FL                 | ALL             | From FL to FR, FR to ALL    | From ALL to FR, FR to FL    |

\*Only when an AUX audio product is connected.

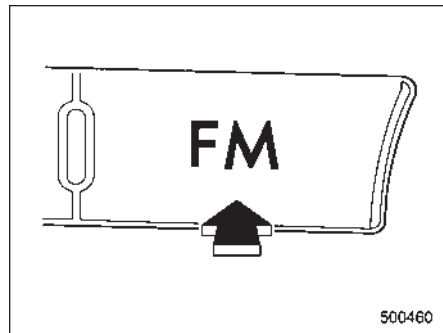
## FM/AM radio operation

Press the “FM” or “AM” button when the radio is off to turn on the radio.

### NOTE

If a cell phone is placed near the radio, it may cause the radio to emit noise when it receives calls. This noise does not indicate a radio malfunction.

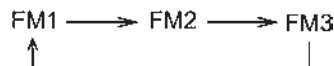
### ■ FM selection



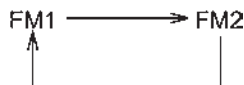
Press the “FM” button when the radio is on to select FM1, FM2 or FM3 (type A audio) reception.

Each time the “FM” button is briefly pressed the radio changes in the following sequence starting from the last radio band that you selected.

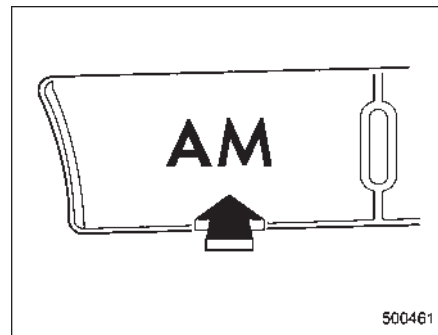
Type A audio:



Type B audio:



### ■ AM selection



For the type A audio, each time the “AM” button is briefly pressed the radio changes in the following sequence starting from the last radio band that you selected.



### NOTE

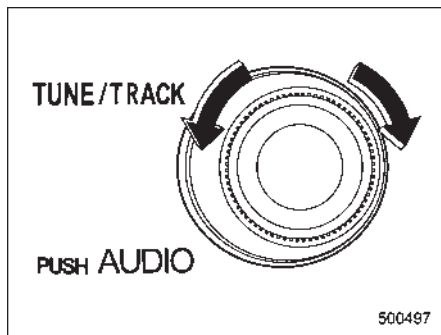
For some areas, the LW radio mode is not available.

For the type B audio, press the “AM” button when the radio is on to select AM reception starting from the last radio band and the last frequency interval that you selected.



## ■ Tuning

### ▼ Manual tuning



Turn the “TUNE/TRACK” dial clockwise to increase the tuning frequency and turn the “TUNE/TRACK” dial counterclockwise to decrease it.

Every time the dial is turned, the frequency interval is changed as shown in the following chart.

|              | FM       | AM             |       |
|--------------|----------|----------------|-------|
|              |          | MW             | LW    |
| Type A audio | 0.05 MHz | 9 kHz          | 1 kHz |
| Type B audio | 0.05 MHz | 9 kHz (5 kHz*) |       |

\*: For the type B audio: The tuning frequency interval can be set to either 9 kHz or 5 kHz to suit the broadcasting area.

### ▽ Tuning frequency interval change function for AM waveband (type B audio)

Select the tuning frequency interval (9 kHz or 5 kHz) that is appropriate for the broadcasting area where the radio is used. To select an interval of 9 kHz, press the “1” preset button for 3 seconds while pressing the “AM” button. The display will show “9 kHz STEP”.

To select an interval of 5 kHz, press the “2” preset button for 3 seconds while pressing the “AM” button. The display will show “5 kHz STEP”.

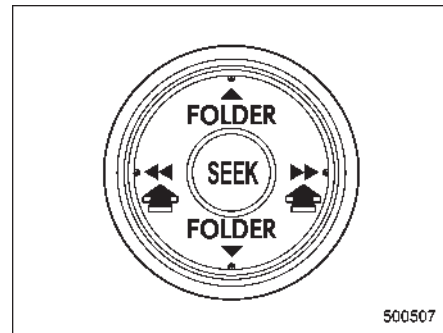
### NOTE

If you change the tuning frequency interval, all stations stored in the preset buttons are cleared. Reset the preset stations if necessary.

### ▼ Stereo indicator

The stereo indicator “ST” will illuminate when an FM stereo broadcast is received.

### ▼ Seek tuning (SEEK)



If you press the “◀◀” or “▶▶” side of the “SEEK” button briefly, the radio will automatically search for a receivable station and stop at the first one it finds. This function may not be available, however, when radio signals are weak. In such a situation, perform manual tuning to select the desired station.

### NOTE

When the Alternative Frequencies (AF) mode is turned on, the radio will search for stations that service RDS.

▼ **Scan tuning (SCAN)**

500498

**Type A audio**

500499

**Type B audio**

If you press the "SCAN/A.S" button (type A audio) or "SCAN" button (type B audio), the radio will switch to the preset scan

mode. In this mode, the radio scans through the preset channels until a station is found. The radio will stop at the station for 5 seconds while displaying the frequency, after which scanning will continue until all of the preset channels have been scanned.

Automatic scanning may not function properly if the station reception is weakened by distance from the station or proximity to tall buildings and hills.

▼ **Local seek function (type A audio)**

500500

You can turn the local seek function on or off during FM, MW or LW reception by pressing the "RDS/LOC" button for at least 1.5 seconds.

**NOTE**

**For some areas, the local seek function is not available.**

▼ **Radio Data System (RDS) on FM (type A audio)**

RDS is a system in which inaudible digital information is transmitted in addition to normal FM radio broadcasts. Your car radio uses the RDS information to offer you many benefits.

**NOTE**

**For some areas, the RDS (Radio Data System) is not available.**

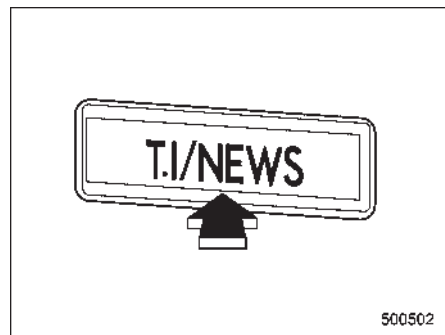
▼ **Alternative Frequencies (AF)**

500500

If the vehicle moves beyond the broadcasting area of a radio station that the

vehicle radio is currently receiving and subsequently enters an area where the same radio station is available on a different frequency, the radio automatically searches that frequency. Briefly press the “RDS/LOC” button to change the ON or OFF mode of the alternative frequency (AF) searching function. The default setting is ON.

### ▽ Traffic information (T.I.)



When a radio station begins broadcasting traffic information, this function causes the audio set to automatically receive it so that the driver can hear it. If the driver is listening to another audio source, the audio set interrupts that playback with the traffic information.

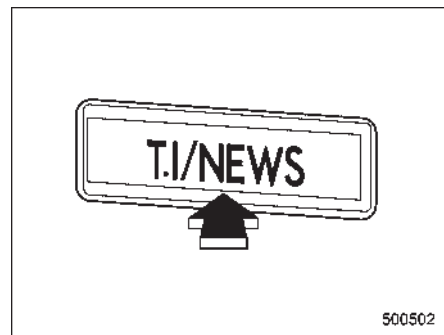
The “Traffic Info” (for traffic information)

illuminates on the display while the audio set is actually receiving traffic information. It is possible to turn the automatically receiving function ON/OFF by pressing the “T.I./NEWS” button briefly. The default setting is OFF.

### NOTE

**The automatically receiving function is not available for traffic information on AM radio broadcasts.**

### ▽ News bulletins



When a radio station begins broadcasting news bulletins, this function causes the audio set to automatically receive it so that the driver can hear it. If the driver is listening to another audio source, the audio set interrupts that playback with

the news bulletins.

It is possible to turn the automatically receiving function ON/OFF by pressing the “T.I./NEWS” button for more than 0.5 second. The default setting is OFF.

### NOTE

**The automatically receiving function is not available for news bulletins on AM radio broadcasts.**

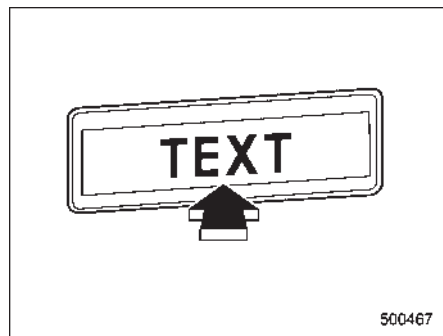
### ▽ Emergency announcements (ALARM)

When a radio station begins broadcasting an emergency announcement, the audio set automatically receives it so that the driver can hear it. If the driver is listening to another audio source, the audio set interrupts that playback with the emergency announcement. This function is permanently ON.

### NOTE

**The automatically receiving function is not available for emergency announcements on AM radio broadcasts.**

## ■ Displaying radio PS (Program Service Name)

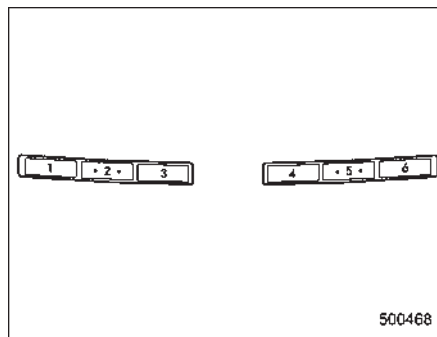


If the PS (Program Service Name) is available, pressing the “TEXT” button changes the display among PS and frequency. The initial setting is “PS”.

### NOTE

The maximum number of characters that can be displayed for PS is 8.

## ■ Station preset



Preset buttons

### ▼ How to preset stations

1. Press the “FM” or “AM” button to select FM1, FM2, FM3 (type A audio only) or AM reception.
2. Press the “◀◀” or “▶▶” side of the “SEEK” button or tune the radio manually until the desired station frequency is displayed.
3. Press one of the preset buttons for more than 1.5 seconds to store the frequency. If the button is pressed for less than 1.5 seconds, the preceding selection will remain in memory.

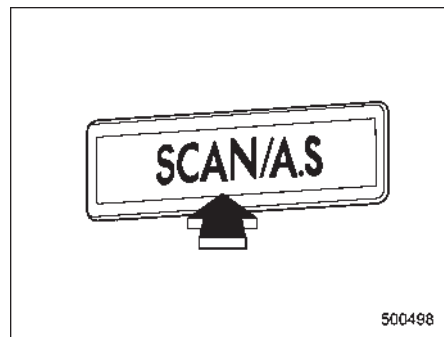
### NOTE

- If the connection between the radio and battery is broken for any reason such as vehicle maintenance or radio removal, all stations stored in the preset buttons are cleared. If this occurs, it is necessary to reset the preset stations.
- If a cell phone is placed near the radio, it may cause the radio to emit noise when the phone receives calls. This noise does not indicate a radio malfunction.

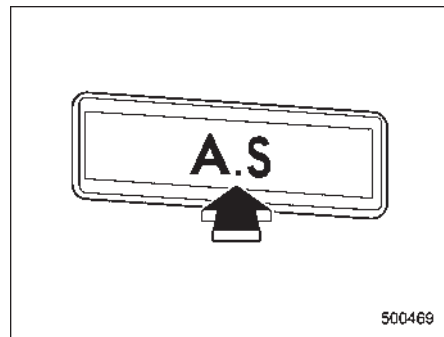
### ▼ Selecting preset stations

Presetting a station with a preset button allows you to select that station in a single operation. Up to six AM, FM1, FM2 and FM3 (type A audio only) stations each may be preset.

## ▼ Auto-store



Type A audio



Type B audio

Using the Auto-store function, you can automatically store 6 stations on the current waveband by pressing the “A.S”

button for more than 2 seconds. Use Auto-store to quickly find the strongest stations, for example when traveling through different reception areas.

### NOTE

- When you use Auto-store, the new stations replace any stations previously stored.
- Interrupting Auto-store: If you accidentally press the “A.S” (Auto-store) button, you can cancel the Auto-store function before it has been completed as follows.

- Switching to the other source mode
- Switching to the other band
- Press the “SCAN/A.S” button (type A audio)
- Press the “A.S” button (type B audio)
- Press the “SCAN” button
- Press the “SEEK” button
- Press any of the preset buttons
- Turn the “TUNE/TRACK” dial
- Turn off the audio system
- Turn off the ignition switch

- For type A audio, when you use the Auto-store function while selecting the FM mode, even if you have selected the FM1 or FM2 station, the new stations are stored in the FM3 station.

- For type B audio, when you use the Auto-store function while selecting the FM mode, even if you have selected the FM1 station, the new stations are stored in the FM2 station.

- If it is only possible to receive less than 6 stations, the available stations are stored from preset 1 in order by frequency and the unused preset buttons are not registered to a station. Also, the previously registered station memories of the unused preset buttons are cleared.

- If no stations can be received, the previously stored stations are not replaced.

- After pressing the “A.S” button, if more than 1 station is stored, the radio receives the station stored in preset 1.

- After pressing the “A.S” button, if no stations are stored, the radio receives the band and station that the radio received before pressing the button.

## CD player operation

### NOTE

● Make sure to always insert a disc with the label side up. If a disc is inserted with the label side down, the player displays “CHECK DISC”.

Refer to “When the following messages are displayed” 5-24.

● If a disc is inserted during a radio broadcast, the disc will interrupt the broadcast.

● After the last track finishes, the disc will automatically return to track 1 (the first track on the disc) and will automatically play back.

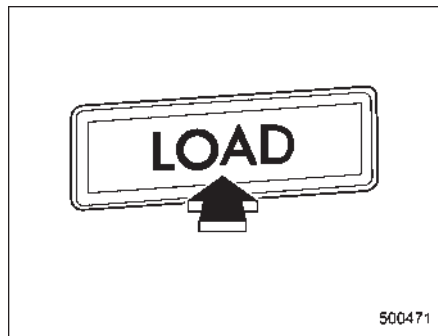
● The player is designed to be able to play music CD-Rs and music CD-RWs, but it may not be able to play certain ones.

● CDs (i.e., 8 cm/3 inch CDs) are not supported, and if inserted, they will be immediately ejected.

● Copyright protected WMA/AAC files will not be played by the system. The player will automatically skip to the next file (track).

● Audio data recorded in the MP3/WMA/AAC formats may not be played depending on the data recording condition.

### ■ How to insert a CD(s)



1. Briefly press the “LOAD” button. If the magazine in the player has an idle position where you can insert a disc, the disc number indicator associated with the idle position will blink.

If no indicator blinks, it means that there is no idle position in the magazine.

2. When the “LOAD” indicator illuminates, insert the disc. Once you have inserted the disc, the “LOAD” indicator will turn off and the “LOADING” indicator will illuminate. The disc will then be automatically drawn in, the player will begin to play back the first track of the disc, the “LOADING” indicator will turn off and the “READING” indicator will illuminate.

● To insert more discs in succession,

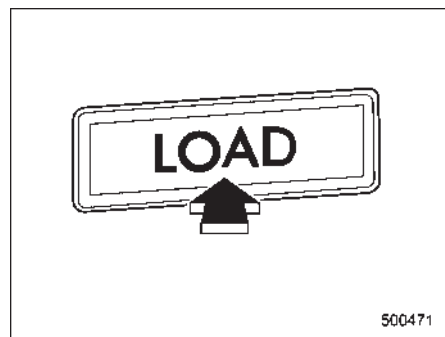
repeat steps 1 and 2. The magazine will be loaded with discs in the ascending order of position number.

● If you do not insert any disc in 15 seconds after you have pressed the “LOAD” button, the player will return to the original mode that was selected before the “LOAD” button was pressed.

● The disc indicator steadily lights up if a disc is already inserted in the corresponding position of the magazine.

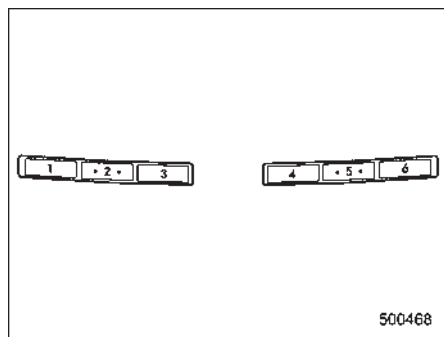
● While the player is in the loading mode, if you press “FM” or “AM” button, the player will enter the standby mode. Press the “CD” button to start playback.

# ▼ Inserting a disc in a desired position



1. Briefly press the “LOAD” button. If the magazine in the player has an idle position where you can insert a disc, the disc number indicator associated with the idle position will blink.

The positions in the magazine the indicator of which steadily lights up are already loaded with discs.



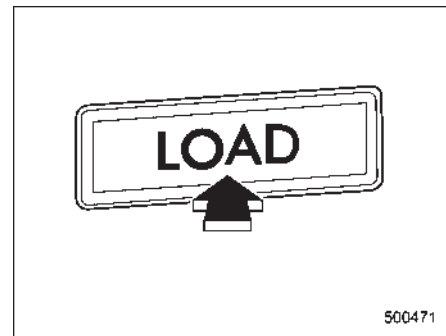
Disc select buttons

2. Press the disc select button at the position where you want to insert a disc.
3. When the “LOAD” indicator illuminates, insert the disc. Once you have inserted the disc, the “LOAD” indicator will turn off. The disc will then be automatically drawn in, and the player will begin to play the first track on the disc.

- If you wish to insert another disc, repeat the procedure beginning with step 1.
- If you do not insert any disc in 15 seconds after you have pressed the “LOAD” button, the player will return to the original mode that was selected before the “LOAD” button was pressed.
- While the player is in the loading mode,

if you press the “FM” or “AM” button, the player will enter the standby mode. Press the “CD” button to start playback.

# ▼ Loading all the magazine (full disc loading mode)



1. If you continue to press the “LOAD” button for more than 1.5 seconds, the player will produce beep sound and will enter the full disc loading mode.
2. When the disc number indicator flashes and “ALL LOAD” indicator illuminates, insert a disc within 15 seconds. If a disc is successfully loaded during this period, the disc number indicator will stop blinking and will steadily light.
3. When the loading of a disc is complete, the next idle disc number indicator will blink. Then repeat step 2.

4. When the magazine is filled with discs by repeating steps 2 and 3, the player will start playback of the discs, beginning with the one inserted first.

If you fail to insert any disc during each 15 seconds interval, the full disc loading mode will be canceled, and the player will start playback of the disc inserted first.

### ■ How to play back a CD

#### NOTE

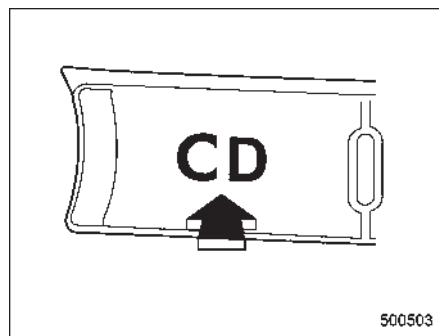
If a disc that the player cannot read has been loaded, the player will display the message "CHECK DISC".

#### ▼ When there is no CD inserted

Insert a CD by referring to "How to insert a CD(s)" 5-15.

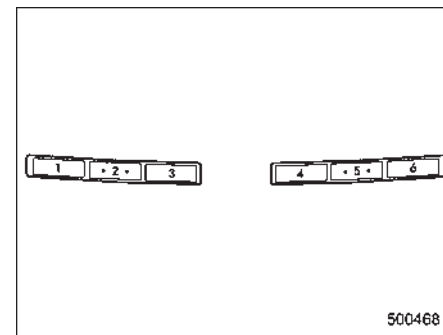
When a CD is loaded, the player will start playback of the CD, beginning with the first track.

#### ▼ When playing back all CDs in the player



When the "CD" button is pressed, the player will start playback.

#### ▼ When selecting a CD to play



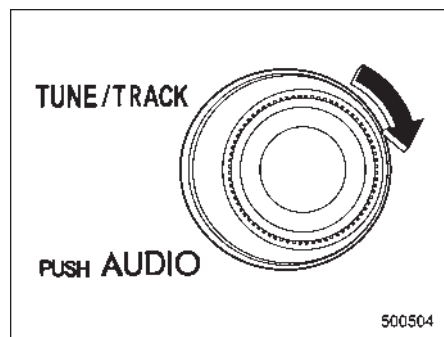
#### Disc select buttons

Press a desired one of the disc select buttons the disc number indicator of which steadily lights up. The player will then start playback of the selected CD, beginning with the first track.



## ■ To select a track from its beginning

### ▼ Forward direction

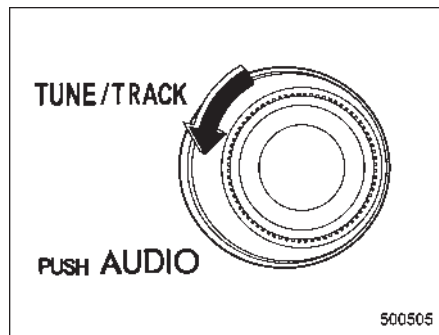


Turn the “TUNE/TRACK” dial clockwise to skip to the beginning of the next track/file (track). Each time the dial is turned, the indicated track/file (track) number will increase.

### NOTE

In an MP3, WMA or AAC folder, skipping past the last track/file (track) will take you back to the first track/file (track) in the folder.

### ▼ Backward direction



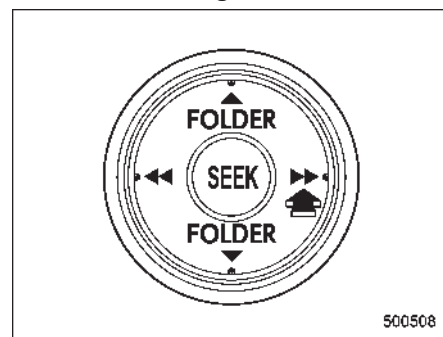
Turn the “TUNE/TRACK” dial counter-clockwise to skip to the beginning of the current track/file (track). Each time the dial is turned, the indicated track/file (track) number will decrease.

### NOTE

In an MP3, WMA or AAC folder, skipping past the first track/file (track) will take you to the last track/file (track) in the folder.

## ■ Fast-forwarding and fast-reversing

### ▼ Fast-forwarding

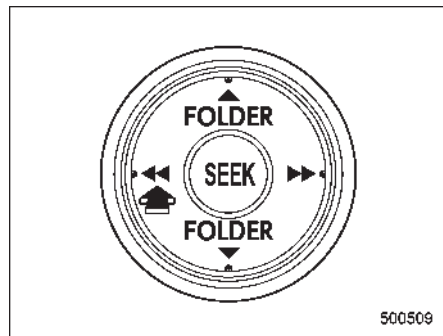


Press the “▶▶” side of the “SEEK” button continuously to fast-forward the track/file. Release the button to stop fast-forwarding.

### NOTE

If you fast-forward to the end of the last track/file (track), fast-forwarding will stop and the player will start playback beginning with the first track/file (track). In an MP3, WMA or AAC folder, the player will start playback beginning with the first track/file (track) of the current folder.

## ▼ Fast-reversing

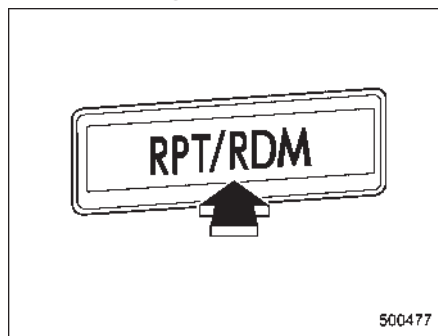


Press the “◀◀” side of the “SEEK” button continuously to fast-reverse the track/file. Release the button to stop fast-reversing.

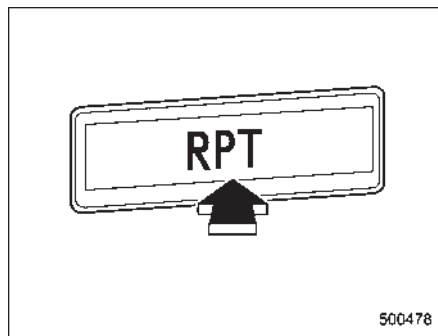
**NOTE**

If you fast-reverse to the beginning of the first track/file (track), fast-reversing will stop and the player will start playback. In an MP3, WMA or AAC folder, the player will start playback beginning with the first track/file (track) of the current folder.

## ■ Repeating



Type A audio

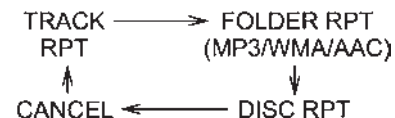


Type B audio

To repeat a track/file (track), briefly press the “RPT/RDM” button (type A audio) or “RPT” button (type B audio) while the

track/file (track) is playing.

Each time you briefly press the button, the mode changes in the following sequences.

**NOTE**

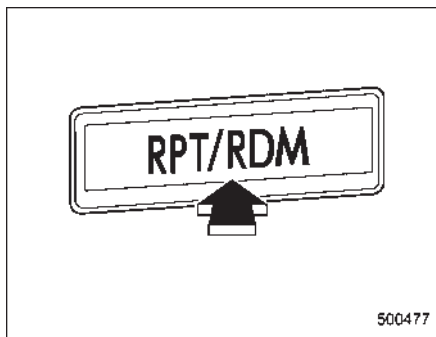
- The “TRACK RPT” indication refers to the repeat playback of a single track. It repeats the track that is playing.
- The “FOLDER RPT” indication refers to the repeat playback of a folder. It repeats the all of the tracks in the folder. It is possible to select the function when the MP3/WMA/AAC format track is playing.
- The “DISC RPT” indication refers to the repeat playback of a disc. It repeats the tracks on the CD. It is only possible to select this function for type B audio.

To cancel the track/file (track) repeat-play mode, briefly press the “RPT” button and select CANCEL. The “RPT” indication will turn off, and the normal playback mode will be resumed.

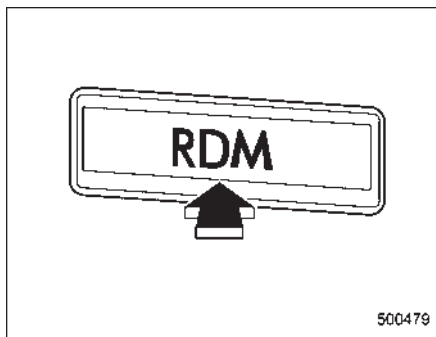
**NOTE**

The repeat-play mode will be cancelled if you perform any of the following steps.

- Press the “RPT/RDM” button and select CANCEL (type A audio)
- Press the “RPT” button and select CANCEL (type B audio)
- Press the “▲” button
- Press the disc select button
- Press the “SCAN” button
- Press the “LOAD” button when there is free space in the CD magazine

**■ Random playback**

Type A audio

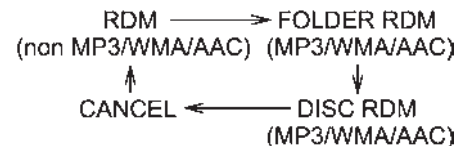


Type B audio

To play back tracks/files at random, press the “RPT/RDM” button for 0.5 second or longer (type A audio) or press the “RDM”

button (type B audio).

Each time you press the button, the mode changes in the following sequences.

**NOTE**

- The “RDM” indication refers to the random playback of the tracks. It randomly repeats the tracks on the CD. It is possible to select the function when formats other than the MP3/WMA/AAC format CD is playing.
- The “FOLDER RDM” indication refers to the random playback in the folder. It randomly repeats the tracks in the folder. It is possible to select the function when an MP3/WMA/AAC format track is playing.
- The “DISC RDM” indication refers to the random playback of a disc. It randomly repeats the tracks in the CD. It is possible to select the function when an MP3/WMA/AAC format track is playing.

To cancel the random playback mode, press the “RPT/RDM” button for 0.5 second or longer again (type A audio) or

press the “RPT” button again (type B audio) and select CANCEL.

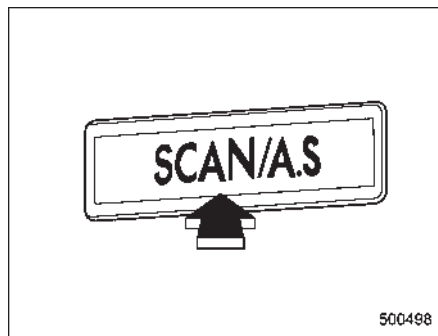
The “RDM” indication will turn off, and the normal playback mode will be resumed.

## NOTE

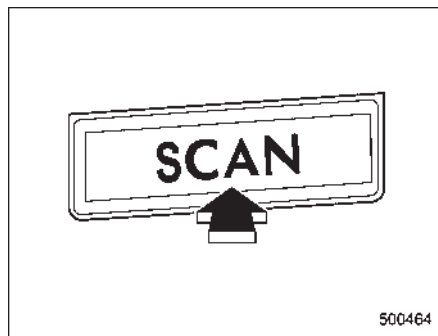
Random playback will be cancelled if you perform any of the following steps.

- Press the “RPT/RDM” button for 0.5 second or longer and select CANCEL (type A audio)
- Press the “RPT” button and select CANCEL (type B audio)
- Press the “▲” button
- Press the disc select button
- Press the “SCAN” button
- Press the “LOAD” button when there is free space in the CD magazine
- Press the “▼” or “▲” side of the “FOLDER” button

## ■ Scan



Type A audio



Type B audio

The scan mode lets you listen to the first 10 seconds of each track/file in succession. Press the “SCAN/A.S” button (type A

audio) or “SCAN” button (type B audio) to start scanning upward beginning with the track/file(s) following the currently selected one.

After all track/file(s) in the disk/folder have been scanned, normal playback will be resumed. To cancel the scan mode, press the “SCAN/A.S” button (type A audio) or “SCAN” button (type B audio) again.

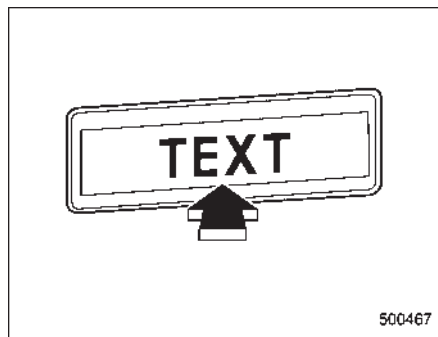
## NOTE

- The scan mode will be cancelled if you perform any of the following steps.
  - Press the “RPT” button (type B audio)
  - Press the “RDM” button (type B audio)
  - Press the “RPT/RDM” button (type A audio)
  - Turn the “TUNE/TRACK” dial
  - Press the “▼” or “▲” side of the “FOLDER” button
  - Press the “▲” button
  - Press the “◀◀” or “▶▶” side of the “SEEK” button
  - Press the disc select button
  - Select the radio or AUX mode
  - Press the “LOAD” button when there is free space in the CD magazine
  - Turn off the power of the audio equipment

– CONTINUED –

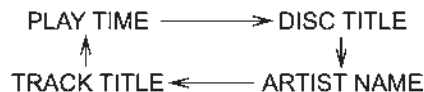
- Turn the ignition switch to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position
- When the “SCAN/A.S” button (type A audio) or “SCAN” button (type B audio) is pressed while the MP3, WMA or AAC format data is played back, the system scans within the current folder.
- When the “SCAN/A.S” button (type A audio) or “SCAN” button (type B audio) is pressed while data (except for the MP3, WMA or AAC formats) is played back, the system scans the disc.

## ■ Display selection

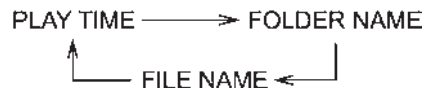


If you press the “TEXT” button during playback, the indication will change to the next one in the following sequence.

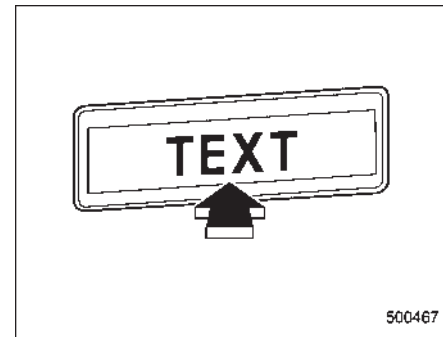
### For CD-DA:



### For MP3/WMA/AAC:



## ▼ Page (track/folder title) scroll



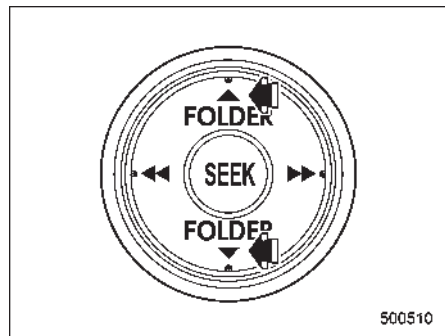
If you press the “TEXT” button again for at least 0.5 second, the title will be scrolled so you can see all of it.

If the “TEXT” button is pressed for more than 1.5 seconds when a title consists of more than 16 characters, the display will show the title in two lines. Up to 15 characters will be shown on each line.

## NOTE

The display is designed to show titles for up to 30 characters.

## ■ Folder selection



Press the “▲” side of the “FOLDER” button briefly to select the next folder. Press the “▼” side of the button briefly to go back to the previous folder.

### NOTE

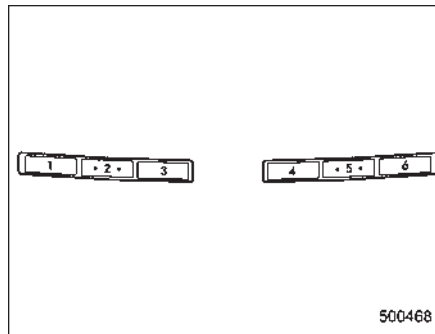
- Selecting folders in this way is possible only within a single disc.
- Only MP3/WMA/AAC folders are recognized when an attempt to select the next or previous folder is made. If no appropriate folder exists on the disc, pressing the “▲” or “▼” side of the “FOLDER” button starts playback beginning with the first track/file (track).

## ■ How to eject CDs from the player

### NOTE

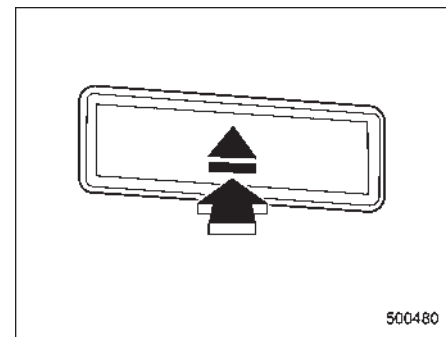
- Avoid driving the vehicle with a CD sticking out, because vibration might make it fall out.
- If you do not remove the ejected disc within approximately 15 seconds, a disc protection function will operate, automatically reloading the disc. In this case, the disc is not played.

### ▼ Ejecting a CD from the player



Disc select buttons

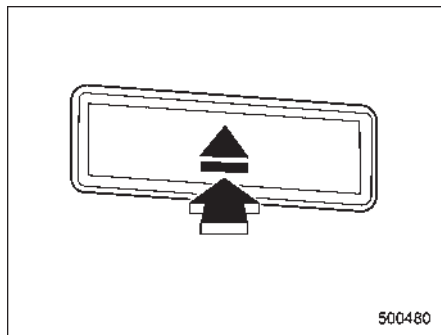
1. Use the disc select button to select the disc to be ejected.



2. Briefly press the “▲” button. The selected disc will be ejected. The disc number indicator will flash at this time. When you remove the ejected disc, the disc number indicator will turn off.

To remove more discs in succession, repeat steps 1 and 2.

### ▼ Ejecting all discs from the player (all disc ejection mode)



1. If you press the “▲” button for 1.5 seconds or longer, the player will produce beep sound and will enter the all disc ejection mode. At this time, the disc number indicator and “ALL EJECT” indicator will flash.

2. Remove the disc that has been ejected. The other discs loaded will then be ejected one after another.

### NOTE

● If you press the “▲” button while the player is in all disc ejection mode, the mode will be cancelled following ejection of the disc that is currently being ejected.

● If you press the “CD” button or “LOAD” button while the player is in all disc ejection mode, the player will draw in the discs that have been ejected and play them.

### ■ When the following messages are displayed

If one of the following messages is displayed while operating the CD player, determine the cause based on the following information. If you cannot clear those messages, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

#### ▼ When “PUSH EJECT” is displayed

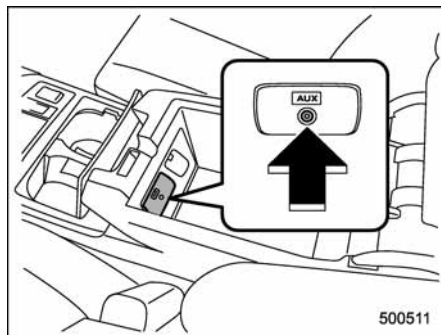
Press the “▲” button to unload the disc. Check the disc for damage or deformation, and also check that the correct disc is inserted. Do not try to unload the disc forcibly. Single CDs (i.e., 8 cm/3 inch CDs) are not supported, and if inserted, they will be immediately ejected. If the disc cannot be unloaded or this message remains displayed, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

#### ▼ When “CHECK DISC” is displayed

Press the “▲” button to unload the discs. Check that the disc is not damaged or scratched, and also check that the disc is inserted correctly. This message may appear when using some CD-RW discs.

Check that the disc type (i.e., 8 cm/3 inch CDs are not supported) and data format are correct. This player can only play CD-DA, MP3, WMA and AAC data formats. If the disc cannot be unloaded or this message remains displayed, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

## Auxiliary input jack

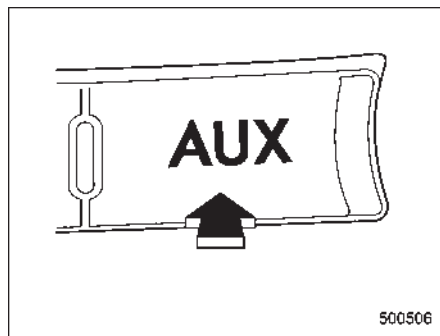


By connecting a commercial audio product to the vehicle, such as portable audio player, you can hear its sound via the vehicle's speaker.

An auxiliary (AUX) input jack is equipped in the center console. A stereo mini pin plug (3.5ø) can be inserted in this jack. The connection cable is available at electrical appliance or similar stores.

### To use the AUX input jack:

1. Connect a portable audio player to the AUX jack.



2. Press the AUX input selection button "AUX" on the audio control panel to turn on the auxiliary audio input.
3. Play back the portable audio player. Refer to the Owner's Manual of the portable audio player.

## NOTE

- The AUX input jacks of the models with the genuine SUBARU navigation system are the RCA type. For detailed information, refer to the Owner's Manual supplement for the navigation system.
- The output sound of the portable audio player is not loud, and the sound via the vehicle's speakers that are connected to the vehicle audio set is very small. If you turn up the volume of

the audio set, the volume becomes louder. However, when you change the player to the other portable audio player, the sound may become a lot louder. Turn down the volume when you change between them.

- In some cases, when the sound volume of the portable audio player is low, the sound becomes bad when you turn up the volume of the vehicle audio system. In this case, adjust the sound volume of the portable audio player.
- In some cases, noise occurs because of a bad connection between the portable player of the vehicle audio system or for the player.



## Precautions to observe when handling a compact disc

Use only compact discs (CDs, CD-Rs and CD-RWs) that have the mark shown in the following. Also, some compact discs cannot be played.



500090



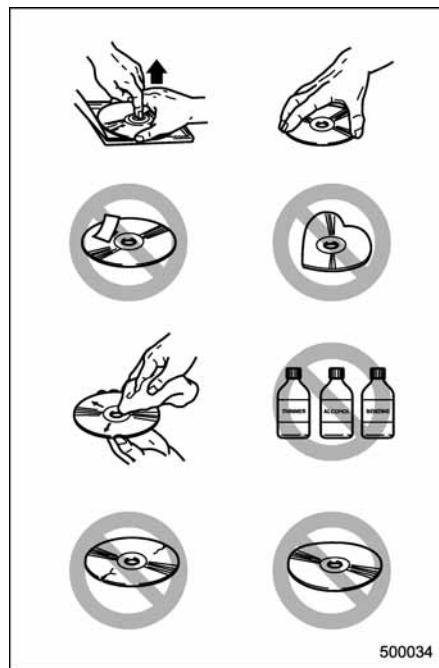
- You cannot use a DualDisc in the CD player. If you insert a DualDisc into the player, the disc may not come out again, possibly causing the player to malfunction.
- In cold and/or rainy weather, dew can form inside the CD player, preventing normal operation. If this happens, eject the CD and wait for the player to dry out.
- Skipping may occur when the CD player is subjected to severe vibration (for example, when the vehicle is driven on a rough surface).
- To remove a disc from the case, press the center of the case and hold both edges of the disc. If the disc surface is touched directly, contamination could cause poor tone quality. Do not touch the disc surface.
- Use a clean disc whenever possible. If

there are deposits, wipe the disc surface from the center outward with a dry, soft cloth. Be sure not to use a hard cloth, thinner, benzine, alcohol, etc.

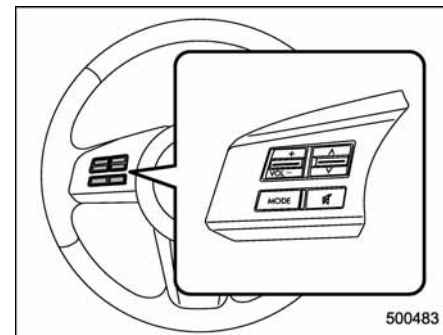
- Do not use any disc that is scratched, deformed, or cracked. Also, do not use any disc that has a non-standard shape (for example, a heart shape). Malfunctions or problems might result.

- A disc is vulnerable to heat. Never keep it either in places exposed to direct sunlight, near heaters or in vehicles parked in the sun or on hot days.

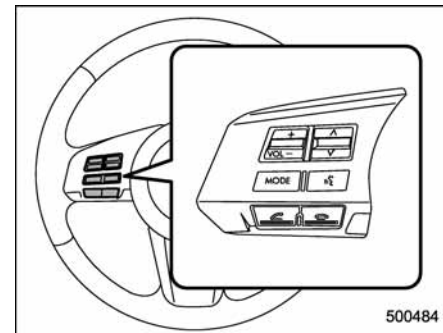
- Insert discs one by one into the CD player.



## Audio control buttons (if equipped)



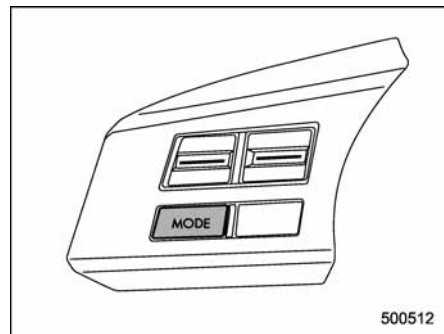
Models without Hands-free system



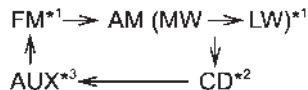
Models with Hands-free system

These buttons are located on the spokes of the steering wheel. They allow the driver to control audio functions without taking his/her hands off the steering wheel.

## ■ MODE button



This button is used to select the desired audio mode. Each time it is pressed, the mode changes to the next one in the following sequence.



\*1: The frequency last received in the selected waveband will be displayed.

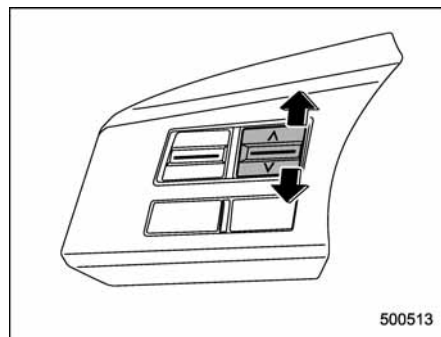
\*2: Only when a CD is in the player.

\*3: Only when with an auxiliary audio product is connected.

## NOTE

- The “MW” and “LW” modes are displayed on the type A audio. For the type B audio, those are displayed as “AM” mode.
- For some areas, the LW radio mode is not available.

## ■ “^” and “v” switch



### ▼ With radio mode selected

Press the switch to the “^” or “v” side briefly to skip to a preset channel. Press the switch to the “^” or “v” side for more than 0.5 second to seek the next receivable station and stop at it.

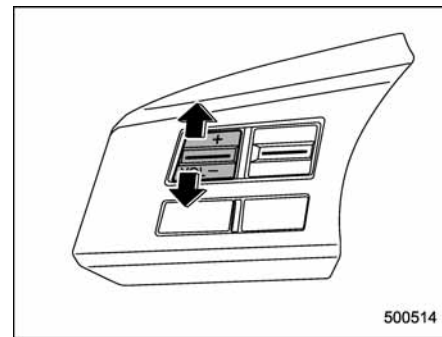
That station’s frequency will be indicated on the audio display.

### ▼ With CD mode selected

Press the switch to the “^” side to skip forward in the track/file (track) order. Press the switch to the “v” side to skip backward in the track/file (track) order.

The track/file (track) number will be shown on the audio display.

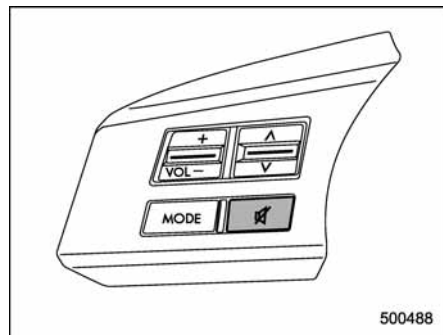
## ■ Volume control switch



Press the switch to the “+” side to increase the volume. Press the switch to the “-” side to reduce the volume.

A number indicating the volume will be shown on the audio display.

## ■ MUTE button (models without Hands-free system)



Press this button if you wish to immediately cut the volume to zero.

The audio display will show "MUTE".

If you press the button again, the original sound volume will return and "MUTE" turns off.

## Hands-free system (if equipped)

### NOTE

- For models with the genuine SUBARU navigation system, refer to the Owner's Manual supplement for the navigation system.
- When selling your vehicle, make sure that you initialize the Hands-free system to prevent personal data from being improperly accessed.

The Hands-free system operates while the ignition switch is in the "Acc" or "ON" position.

## ■ Tips for the Hands-free system

### ▼ Bluetooth®



500481

### NOTE

The Bluetooth word mark and logo are registered trademarks of Bluetooth SIG, Inc.

It is possible to connect a cell phone to the in-vehicle equipment through the **Bluetooth**® format (wireless) to make a phone call from the in-vehicle equipment or take an incoming phone call.

Since the **Bluetooth**® format is wireless, a connection between the in-vehicle equipment and the cell phone can be made without placing them in close vicinity of each other. The cell phone can be used

with it left in the breast pocket or bag.

## NOTE

● The Hands-free system may not operate properly under the following conditions.

- The cell phone is turned off.
- The cell phone is not in the phone call area.
- The battery of the cell phone has run down.
- The cell phone is not connected to the Hands-free system.
- The cell phone is behind the seat or in the glove box.
- A metal material covers or touches the cell phone.
- Depending on the type of cell phone that is used, the screen on the cell phone may remain illuminated while the ignition switch is in the “ON” position. If this occurs, turn the illumination off by adjusting the cell phone settings.
- Depending on the setting of the cell phone, the dial lock function may be activated after making a call. Deactivate the automatic dial lock function of the cell phone before using the Hands-free system.
- Depending on the type of cell phone that is used, operation and the sound

volume may be different from those of cell phones currently used.

- When the ignition switch is turned to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position during a call, the call may be disconnected or continued on the cell phone depending on the type of cell phone that is used. Note that operation of the cell phone may be necessary if the call is continued on the cell phone.
- Do not speak at the same time as the other party during a call. If you and the party speak at the same time, it may be difficult for the other party to hear your voice and vice versa. This is normal.
- The receiver sound volume should be set as low as possible. Otherwise, the party you are calling may notice an undesirable echo sound.
- Speak clearly and loudly.
- Your voice may be difficult to be heard by the party under the following conditions.
  - Driving on a rough road.
  - Driving at a high speed.
  - Driving with a window open.
  - When air from the ventilator blows directly towards the microphone.
  - When the sound coming from the ventilator is loud.

– When the cell phone is too close to the microphone.

- The sound quality may degrade due to the influence of the cell phone that is connected to the system or the circumstances of the Bluetooth network.
- When another Bluetooth® device is simultaneously connected, noise may be heard in the voice coming from the hands-free phone.
- For Europe:
  - This device complies with the essential requirements of the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC. A copy of the original Declaration of Conformity and the CE marking are found in chapter 13. Refer to “Bluetooth® module” 13-10.
  - Hereby, Panasonic Corporation Automotive Systems Company declares that Bluetooth® Module is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

## ▼ Corresponding profiles for the cell phone

- HFP (Hands Free Profile): Ver. 1.0
- OPP (Object Push Profile): Ver. 1.1

**■ Safety precautions****WARNING**

- For safety reasons, avoid operating of the cell phone while driving.
- Do not make a phone call while driving. When you have an incoming call, stop the vehicle in a safe location before taking the incoming phone call. When you have to absolutely take a phone call, tell the caller "I'll call you back". And then call the caller back after stopping the vehicle in a safe location.

**CAUTION**

- Do not leave the cell phone in the vehicle. The temperature in the vehicle may become extremely high and cause a malfunction of the cell phone.
- When using the cell phone, be careful not to get it close to the in-vehicle equipment. Getting it too close to the in-vehicle equipment may result in deterioration in tone quality or a poor connect-

ing condition.

- In the frequency band used by this equipment, along with industrial, scientific and medical equipment such as a microwave oven, radio stations (a license is required) to be used by the production line in the factory to identify movable bodies, specific small power radio stations (a license is not required) and amateur radio stations (a license is required) are being operated. (These three types of radio stations are hereinafter referred to as "other radio stations.") Before using this equipment, be sure to check to see if "other radio stations" are being operated in the vicinity. If there is detrimental radio interference from this equipment to "other radio stations," move the equipment to another location as soon as possible to avoid radio interference. The frequency band used by this equipment is in the 2.4 GHz zone. The FH-SS modulation is employed as a modulation method. The expected inflicting interference distance is less than 10 m (33 ft). This equipment uses

a full band and can avoid a band used by a movable body identification device.

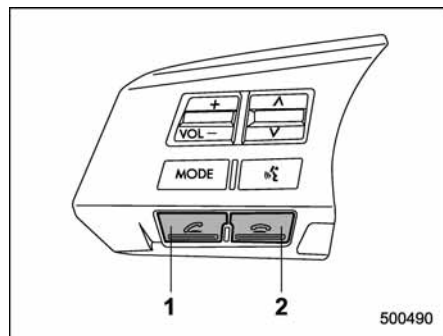
**▼ Italy models**

Questo prodotto è conforme al DM 28/8/1995, N.548, ottemperando alle prescrizioni di cui al DM 25/6/1985 (par. 3, All. A) e DM 27/8/1987 (All. I).

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## ■ Using Hands-free system

### ▼ Turning on/off Hands-free mode



- 1) OFF hook switch
- 2) ON hook switch

To turn on the Hands-free mode, press the OFF hook switch . To turn off the Hands-free mode, press the ON hook switch .

### ▼ Preparation for using Hands-free system

Before using the Hands-free system, it is necessary to register a cell phone in the system. Perform the following procedure to register a cell phone.

### ▼ Newly registering cell phone

1. Press the OFF hook switch .
2. Select "Record Name" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
3. Say the name to be registered.
4. Select "Confirm" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
5. Input the displayed pass key into the cell phone. Input the displayed pass key into the cell phone while "PASS KEY: \*\*\*\*" is displayed. If you input the correct pass key, "Paired" is displayed and the registering procedure is finished. If you input an incorrect pass key, "Failed" is displayed and the registering procedure was not successful.

### ▼ Registering additional cell phone

1. Press the OFF hook switch .
2. Select "Set up" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
3. Select "Phone setup" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
4. Select "Pair phone" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
5. Say the name to be registered.
6. Select "Confirm" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial or say "Confirm". Then a pass key is displayed.
7. Input the displayed pass key into the

cell phone while "PASS KEY: \*\*\*\*" is displayed. If you input the correct pass key, "Paired" is displayed and the registering procedure is finished. If you input an incorrect pass key, "Failed" is displayed and the registering procedure was not successful.

### ▼ Inputting phone number

1. Press the OFF hook switch .
2. Select "Phonebook" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
3. Select "Add Entry" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
4. Select "Manual Input" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
5. Input the phone number to be registered.

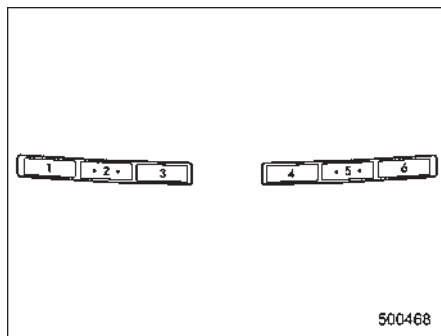
## NOTE

**While inputting the phone numbers, if "Go Back" is chosen using the "TUNE/TRACK" dial, the character that was input last is deleted.**

### ▼ Registering phonebook data

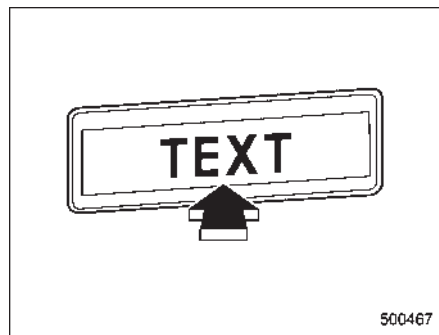
1. Input the phone number to be registered. Refer to "Inputting phone number"  5-32.
2. Say the name to be registered.
3. "Confirm" is displayed.

4. Press the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
5. "Stored" is displayed.
6. Select "Speed Dial" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
7. Select the phone number to be registered.

**Preset buttons**

8. Press the preset button in which you want to register the number. The number is then registered.

### ▼ Page scroll



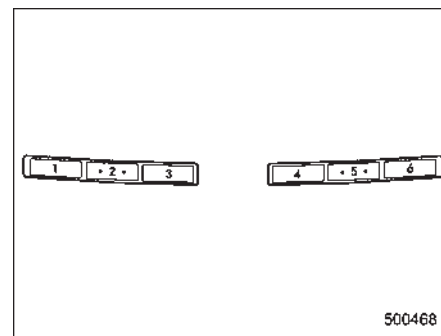
If the registered name or phone number has more than 12 characters, press the "TEXT" button for more than 1.5 seconds to scroll the name or phone number.

### ▼ Making a phone call

#### ▽ Making a phone call from the phone book

It is possible to select a phone number from the phonebook registered with the in-vehicle equipment to make a phone call.

1. Press the OFF hook switch .

**Preset buttons**

2. Press the preset button in which the desired number is registered.
3. Press the OFF hook switch  again.

### NOTE

**When a preset button for which numbers are not registered is pressed, an error message is indicated on the audio screen.**

#### ▽ Redial

1. Select "Redial" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
2. Press the OFF hook switch .



### ▼ Callback

1. Select "Callback" by operating the "TUNE/TRACK" dial.
2. Press the OFF hook switch .

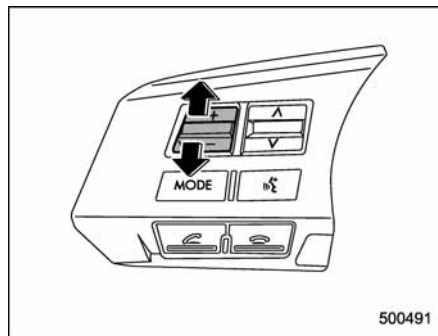
### ▼ Taking a phone call and declining an incoming call

**To take a phone call:** Press the OFF hook switch .

**To put an incoming call on hold:** Press the ON hook switch  briefly.

**To decline an incoming call:** Press the ON hook switch  for more than 1.5 seconds.

### ▼ Volume control

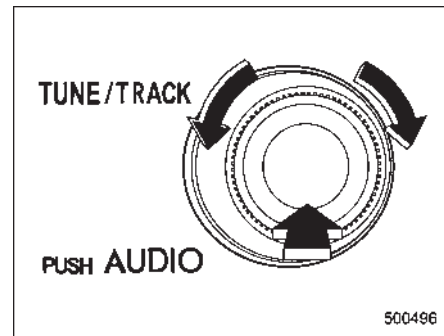


You can adjust the phone call volume, the voice volume and the voice guidance volume. Refer to "Volume control switch" 5-28.

### ▼ Adjustable level of each volume

| Volume         | Range   | Initial setting |
|----------------|---------|-----------------|
| Phone call     | 0 to 14 | 7               |
| Voice          | 0 to 14 | 7               |
| Voice guidance | 1 to 7  | 4               |

### ▼ Menu list of the Hands-free system



Turn the "TUNE/TRACK" dial to select a menu, and then press the dial to enter the selected menu.

### NOTE

For details about the operation, follow the voice guidance.

▽ **Menu list (if a cell phone is not registered)**

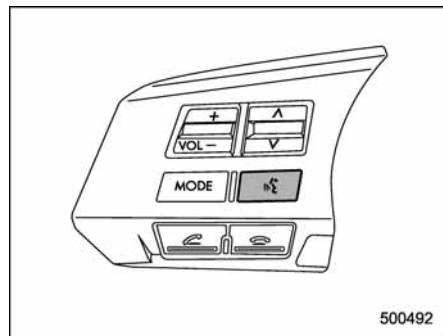
| First menu | Second menu | Details                                                |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Pair Phone | Record Name | Recording the name of the cell phone to be registered. |
|            | Go Back     |                                                        |

▽ **Menu list (if a cell phone is already registered)**

| First menu | Second menu  | Third menu | Details                                                     |
|------------|--------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Phonebook  | Add Entry    | —          | Adding a new number                                         |
|            | Change Name  | —          | Changing a name registered in the phonebook                 |
|            | List Names   | —          | Showing the list of the names registered in the phonebook   |
|            | Speed Dial   | —          | Registering a speed dial                                    |
|            | Delete Entry | —          | Deleting phonebook data                                     |
|            | Del spd Dial | —          | Deleting a registered speed dial                            |
|            | Go Back      | —          |                                                             |
| Redial     | —            | —          | Redialing                                                   |
| Callback   | —            | —          | Dialing a number stored in the incoming call history memory |

| First menu | Second menu  | Third menu   | Details                                        |
|------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Setup      | Security     | Set Pin      | Setting a PIN code                             |
|            |              | Phbk Lock*   | Locking the phonebook                          |
|            |              | Phbk Unlock* | Unlocking the phonebook                        |
|            |              | Go Back      |                                                |
|            | Phone setup  | Pair Phone   | Registering a new cell phone                   |
|            |              | Select Phone | Selecting a cell phone to be used              |
|            |              | Change Name  | Changing the registered name of the cell phone |
|            |              | List Phones  | Showing the list of the registered cell phones |
|            |              | Set Passkey  | Changing the pass key                          |
|            |              | Delete       | Deleting the registered cell phone             |
|            |              | Go Back      |                                                |
|            | System setup | Guidance Vol | Setting the volume of the voice guidance       |
|            |              | Initialize   | Initialization                                 |
|            |              | Go Back      |                                                |
|            | Go Back      | —            |                                                |

\*: If a PIN code is not registered, the menu described in the chart is not available.

▼ **Voice command system****Talk switch**

To turn on the voice command system, press the talk switch  briefly. To turn off the voice command system, press the talk switch  for more than 1.5 seconds.

The commands available for the voice command system are listed in the following chart.

|    | Command        |
|----|----------------|
| 1  | 0 (zero, oh)   |
| 2  | 1 (one)        |
| 3  | 2 (two)        |
| 4  | 3 (three)      |
| 5  | 4 (four)       |
| 6  | 5 (five)       |
| 7  | 6 (six)        |
| 8  | 7 (seven)      |
| 9  | 8 (eight)      |
| 10 | 9 (nine)       |
| 11 | * (star)       |
| 12 | # (pound)      |
| 13 | + (plus)       |
| 14 | double         |
| 15 | callback       |
| 16 | redial         |
| 17 | dial by number |
| 18 | dial by name   |
| 19 | phonebook      |
| 20 | setup          |

|    |                              |
|----|------------------------------|
| 21 | phone book add entry         |
| 22 | phone book change name       |
| 23 | phone book delete entry      |
| 24 | phone book list names        |
| 25 | phone book set speed dial    |
| 26 | phone book delete speed dial |
| 27 | phone book unlock            |
| 28 | cancel                       |
| 29 | help                         |
| 30 | repeat                       |
| 31 | go back                      |
| 32 | mute                         |
| 33 | call transfer                |
| 34 | dial                         |
| 35 | previous                     |
| 36 | delete                       |
| 37 | store                        |
| 38 | confirm                      |
| 39 | phone setup                  |
| 40 | security                     |
| 41 | pair phone                   |
| 42 | change name                  |
| 43 | select phone                 |
| 44 | list phones                  |

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|    |                   |
|----|-------------------|
| 45 | set pass key      |
| 46 | list phone        |
| 47 | add entry         |
| 48 | delete entry      |
| 49 | delete speed dial |
| 50 | by voice          |
| 51 | voice             |
| 52 | by phone          |
| 53 | phone             |
| 54 | call history      |
| 55 | by call history   |
| 56 | set speed dial    |
| 57 | next              |
| 58 | incoming          |
| 59 | outgoing          |
| 60 | list names        |
| 61 | set PIN           |
| 62 | phone book lock   |
| 63 | PIN setup         |
| 64 | send              |

|                                        |      |
|----------------------------------------|------|
| Interior light .....                   | 6-2  |
| Dome light .....                       | 6-2  |
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| Accessory power outlets .....          | 6-10 |
| Ashtray (if equipped) .....            | 6-12 |
| Portable ashtray .....                 | 6-12 |

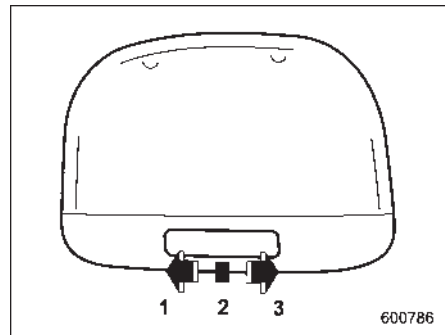
|                                                        |      |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Rear ashtray (China models) .....                      | 6-12 |
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| Coat hook .....                                        | 6-13 |
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| To remove the cover housing .....                      | 6-15 |
| Stowage of the cargo area cover .....                  | 6-16 |
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| Help line .....                                        | 6-22 |

### Interior light

When leaving your vehicle, make sure the lights are turned off to avoid battery discharge.

#### ■ Dome light

##### ▼ Type A



- 1) ON
- 2) DOOR
- 3) OFF

The dome light switch has the following three positions.

**ON:** The light remains on continuously.

**OFF:** The light remains off.

**DOOR:** The dome light illuminates automatically in the following cases.

- Any of the doors or the rear gate (Station wagon) is opened.
- The doors or the rear gate (Station wagon) are unlocked using the keyless access function (if equipped). Refer to "Locking and unlocking with "keyless access" entry function" 2-11.
- The doors or the rear gate (Station wagon) are unlocked using the remote keyless entry system. Refer to "Locking and unlocking doors by remote keyless entry system (locking and unlocking by buttons)" 2-15 or "Remote keyless entry system" 2-20.
- The ignition switch is turned from the "Acc" position to the "LOCK"/"OFF" position.

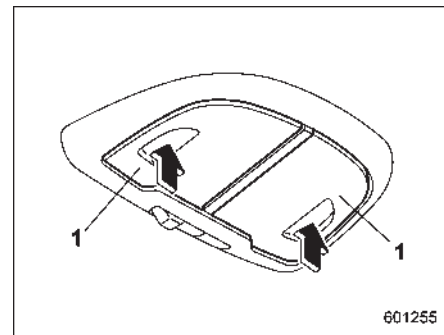
The automatically illuminated dome light remains on for several seconds and then gradually turns off after all doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) are closed. While the light is on, if any of the following operations are performed, the dome light turns off immediately.

- The ignition switch is turned from the "LOCK"/"OFF" position to the "Acc" or "ON" position.
- All doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) are locked using the keyless access function (if equipped).
- All doors and the rear gate (Station

wagon) are locked using the remote keyless entry system.

The setting of the period for which the light remains on (OFF delay timer) can be changed by a SUBARU dealer. We recommend that you contact the nearest SUBARU dealer for details.

##### ▼ Type B

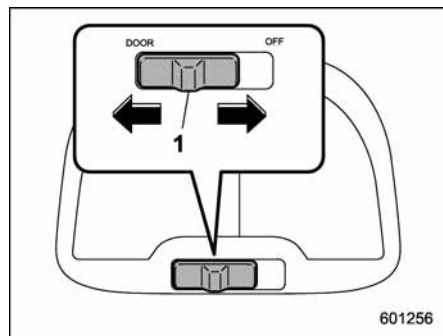


- 1) Dome light switch (lens)

To turn on the dome light, push the lens.  
To turn it off, push the lens again.

When leaving the vehicle, make sure the lights are turned off to avoid battery discharge.

### ▽ Door interlock switch



1) Door interlock switch

Although the dome light switches (lenses) are in the OFF position (manually off), the dome lights can be set to illuminate automatically in conjunction with a door opening, etc. by use of the door interlock switch. The door interlock switch has the following two positions.

**OFF:** The dome lights do not illuminate automatically in conjunction with a door opening. But, the lights can be turned on manually by pushing the dome light switches (lenses).

**DOOR:** The dome lights illuminate automatically in the following cases.

- Any of the doors or the rear gate (Station wagon) is opened.

- The doors are unlocked using the keyless access function (if equipped). Refer to “Locking and unlocking with “keyless access” entry function” 2-11.

- The doors are unlocked using the remote keyless entry system. Refer to “Locking and unlocking doors by remote keyless entry system (locking and unlocking by buttons)” 2-15 or “Remote keyless entry system” 2-20.

- The ignition switch is turned from the “Acc” position to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position.

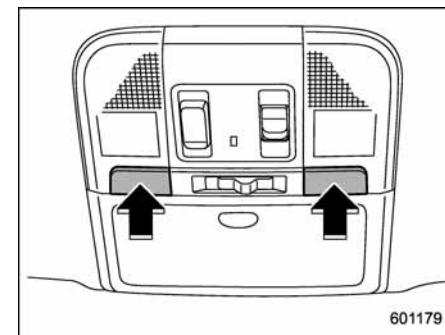
The automatically illuminated dome lights remain on for several seconds and then gradually turn off after all doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) are closed. While the lights are on, if any of the following operations are performed, the dome lights turn off immediately.

- The ignition switch is turned from the “LOCK”/“OFF” position to the “Acc” or “ON” position.
- All doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) are locked using the keyless access function (if equipped).
- All doors and the rear gate (Station wagon) are locked using the remote keyless entry transmitter.

The setting of the period for which the

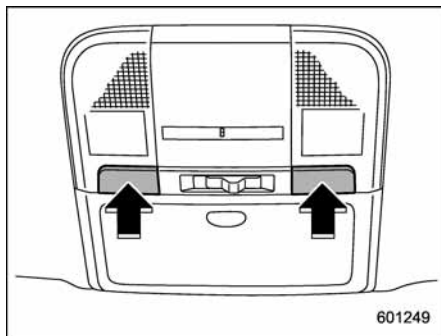
lights remain on (OFF delay timer) can be changed by a SUBARU dealer. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for details.

### ■ Map lights



Models with sunroof



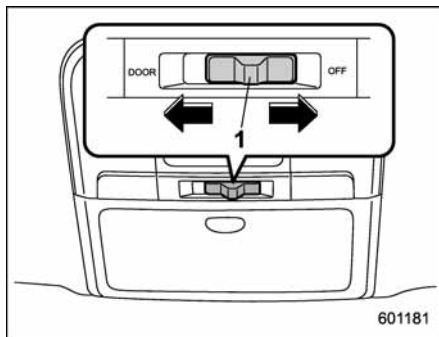


**Models without sunroof**

To turn on the map light, press the switch.  
To turn it off, press the switch again.

When leaving the vehicle, make sure the lights are turned off to avoid battery discharge.

#### ▼ Door interlock switch



1) Door interlock switch

Although the map light switches are in the OFF position (manually off), the map lights can be set to illuminate automatically in conjunction with a door opening, etc. by use of the door interlock switch. The door interlock switch has the following two positions.

**OFF:** The map lights do not illuminate automatically in conjunction with a door opening. But, the lights can be turned on manually by pressing the map light switches.

**DOOR:** The map lights illuminate automatically in the following cases.

- Any of the doors other than the rear gate is opened. (The map lights do not

illuminate when only the rear gate is opened.)

- The doors are unlocked using the keyless access function (if equipped). Refer to "Locking and unlocking with "keyless access" entry function" 2-11.
- The doors are unlocked using the remote keyless entry system. Refer to "Locking and unlocking doors by remote keyless entry system (locking and unlocking by buttons)" 2-15 or "Remote keyless entry system" 2-20.
- The ignition switch is turned from the "Acc" position to the "LOCK"/"OFF" position.

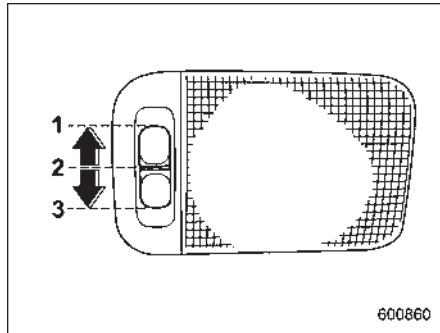
The automatically illuminated map lights remain on for several seconds and then gradually turn off after all doors are closed. While the lights are on, if any of the following operations are performed, the map lights turn off immediately.

- The ignition switch is turned from the "LOCK"/"OFF" position to the "Acc" or "ON" position.
- All doors are locked using the keyless access function (if equipped).
- All doors are locked using the remote keyless entry transmitter.

The setting of the period for which the lights remain on (OFF delay timer) can be

changed by a SUBARU dealer. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for details.

## ■ Cargo area light (Station wagon)



- 1) DOOR
- 2) OFF
- 3) ON

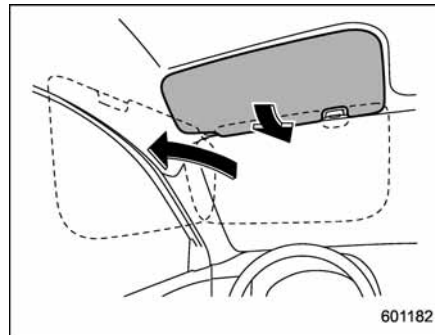
The cargo area light switch has three positions.

**DOOR:** The light illuminates only when the rear gate is opened.

**OFF:** The light remains off.

**ON:** The light remains on continuously.

## Sun visors

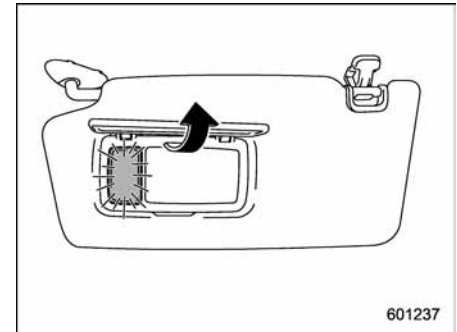


To block out glare, swing down the visors. To use the sun visor at a side window, swing it down and move it sideways.

## ■ Vanity mirror with light



Keep the vanity mirror cover closed while the car is being driven to avoid being distracted by the light.



To use the vanity mirror, swing down the sun visor and open the vanity mirror cover. The light beside the vanity mirror illuminates when the mirror cover is opened.

## NOTE

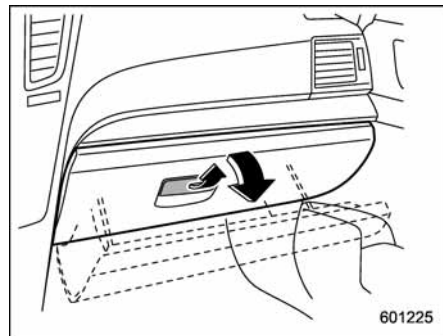
Use of the vanity mirror light for a long period of time while the engine is not running can cause battery discharge.

## Storage compartment

### CAUTION

- Always keep the storage compartment closed while driving to reduce the risk of injury in the event of sudden stops or an accident.
- Do not store spray cans, containers with flammable or corrosive liquids or any other dangerous items in the storage compartment.

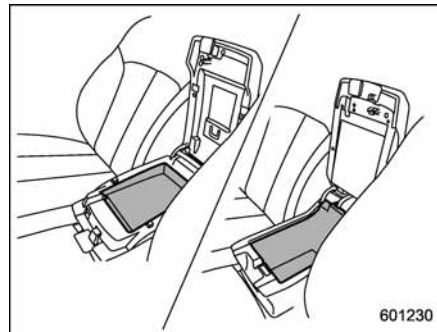
### ■ Glove box



To open the glove box, pull the handle. To

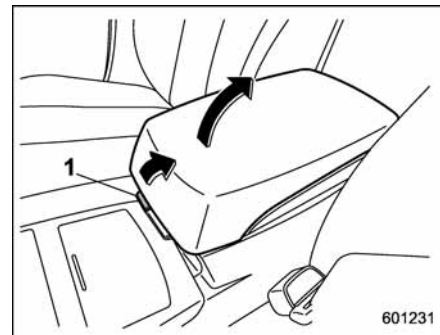
close it, push the lid firmly upward.

### ■ Center console box



The center console box has a two-layer structure consisting of an upper compartment and a lower compartment.

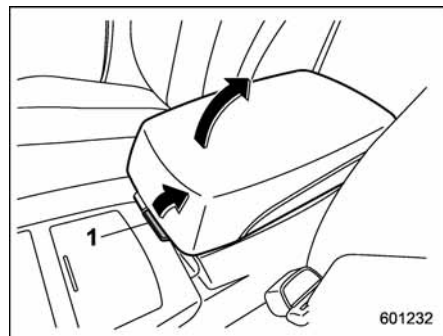
### ▼ Upper compartment



1) Upper compartment lock release

Pull up the upper compartment lock release to open the upper compartment.

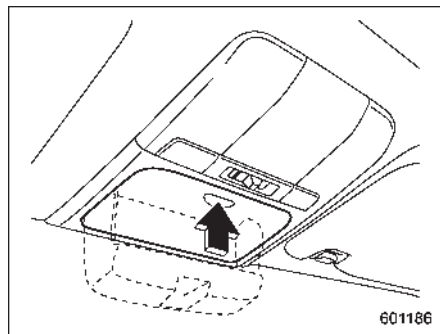
## ▼ Lower compartment



## 1) Lower compartment lock release

Pull up the lower compartment lock release to open the lower compartment.

## ■ Overhead console

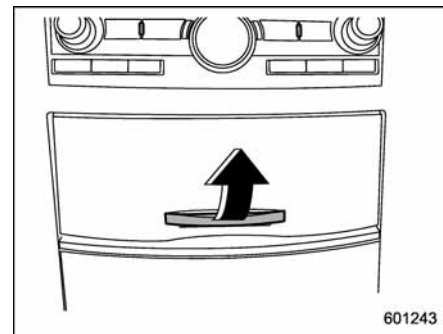


To open the console, push on the lid lightly and it will automatically open.

## ⚠ CAUTION

When your vehicle is parked in the sun or on a warm day, the inside of the overhead console heats up. Avoid storing plastic or other heat-vulnerable or flammable articles such as a lighter in the overhead console.

## ■ Pocket (if equipped)



## ⚠ CAUTION

Do not use the pocket as an ashtray or leave a lighted cigarette in the pocket. This could cause a fire.

To use the pocket, open the lid.

## Cup holders



### CAUTION

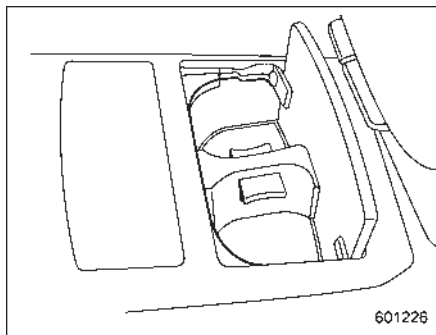
Take care to avoid spills. Beverages, if hot, might burn you or your passengers. Spilled beverages may also damage upholstery, carpets or audio equipment.

### ■ Front passenger's cup holder



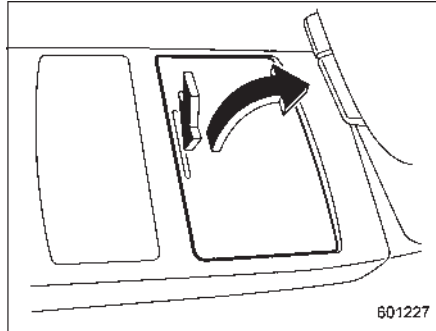
### CAUTION

Do not pick up a cup from the cup holder or put a cup in the holder while you are driving, as this may distract you and lead to an accident.



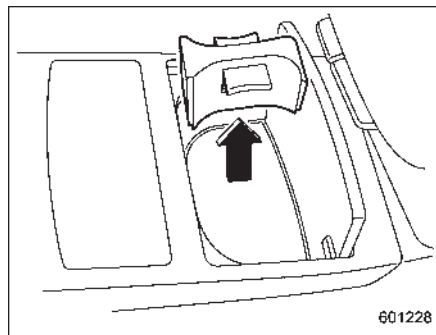
601226

Two cup holders are built in the center console.



601227

To use the cup holder, push the front side of the lid slightly and open the lid.



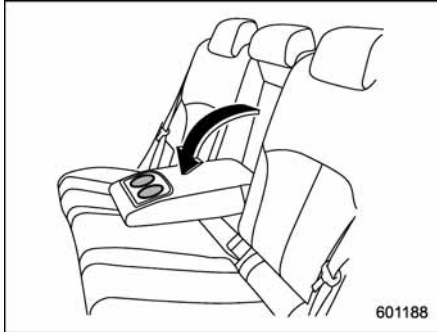
601228

The divider in the cup holder can be pulled out.

### NOTE

With the divider taken out, the cup holder can be used as a storage box.

## ■ Rear passenger's cup holder



A dual cup holder is built in the armrest.

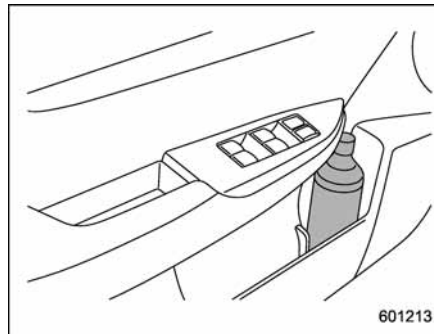
### CAUTION

When a cup containing a beverage is in the cup holder, do not fold down or recline any seat. Otherwise, the beverage could spill while driving and, if the beverage is hot, it could scald you.

## Bottle holders

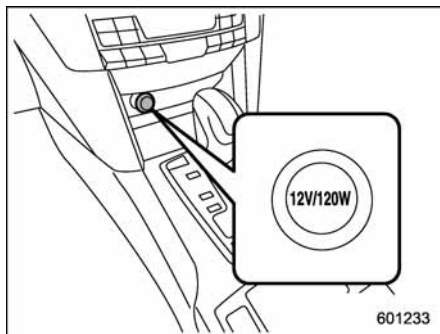
### CAUTION

- Do not pick up a bottle from the bottle holder or put a bottle in the holder while you are driving, as this may distract you and lead to an accident.
- When placing a beverage in a door pocket, make sure it is capped. Otherwise, the beverage could spill when opening/closing the door or while driving and, if the beverage is hot, it could scald you.

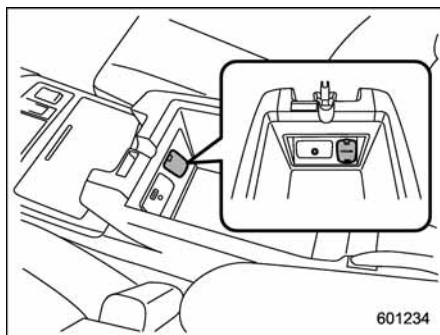


The door pocket equipped on each door trim can be used to hold beverage bottles and other items.

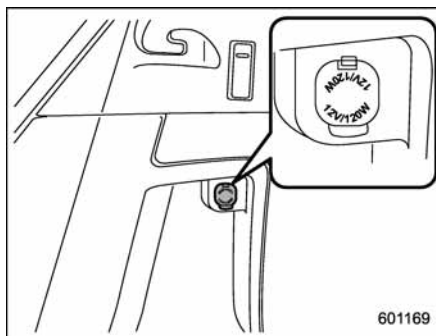
## Accessory power outlets



Power outlet below the climate control



Power outlet in the center console  
(if equipped)



Power outlet in the cargo area  
(if equipped)

Accessory power outlets are provided below the climate control, in the center console and in the cargo area. Electrical power (12V DC) from the battery is available at any of the outlets when the ignition switch is in either the "Acc" or "ON" position.

You can use an in-vehicle electrical appliance by connecting it to an outlet.

The maximum power rating of an appliance that can be connected is **120W**. Do not use an appliance which exceeds the indicated wattage for each outlet.

When using appliances connected to two or more outlets simultaneously, the total power consumed by them must not exceed 120W.



### CAUTION

- Do not attempt to use a cigarette lighter in the accessory power outlets.
- Do not place any foreign objects, especially metal ones such as coins or aluminum foil, into the accessory power outlet. That could cause a short circuit. Always put the cap on the accessory power outlet when it is not in use.

- Use only electrical appliances which are designed for 12V DC.

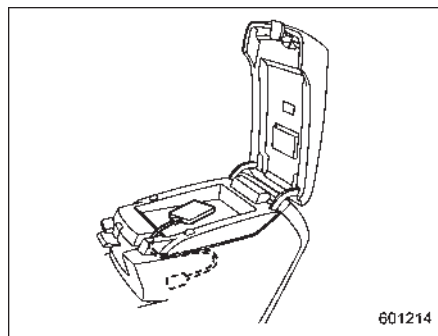
The maximum power rating of an appliance that can be connected is **120W**. Do not use an appliance which exceeds the indicated wattage for each outlet.

When using appliances connected to two or more outlets simultaneously, the total power consumed by them must not exceed 120W. Overloading the accessory power outlet can cause a short circuit. Do not use double adapters or more than one electrical appliance.

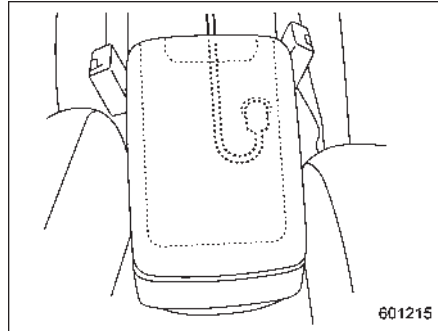
- If the plug on your electric appliance is either too loose or too

tight for the accessory power outlet, this can result in a poor contact or cause the plug to get stuck. Only use plugs that fit properly.

- Use of an electric appliance in the accessory power outlet for a long period of time while the engine is not running can cause battery discharge.
- Before driving your vehicle, make sure that the plug and the cord on your electrical appliance will not interfere with your shifting gears and operating the accelerator and brake pedals. If they do, do not use the electrical appliance while driving.



Upper compartment



Lower compartment

## NOTE

When the lid of the center console is closed, a gap remains between the center console and the lid to allow the

power outlet in the center console to be used. Pass the cord of the electrical appliance through this gap.

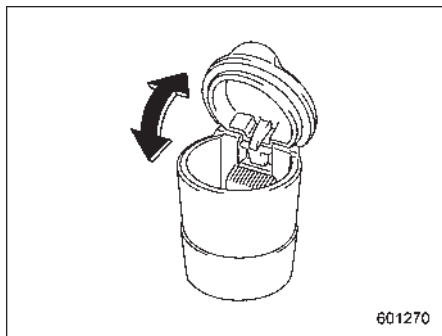


## Ashtray (if equipped)

### CAUTION

- Do not use ashtrays as waste receptacles or leave a lighted cigarette in an ashtray. This could cause a fire.
- Always extinguish matches and cigarettes before putting them into the ashtray, and then close the ashtray securely. If you keep the ashtray open, the fire of the cigarette may spread to another cigarette butt and start a fire.
- Do not put flammable material in the ashtray.
- Do not leave a lot of cigarette butts in the ashtray.

## Portable ashtray

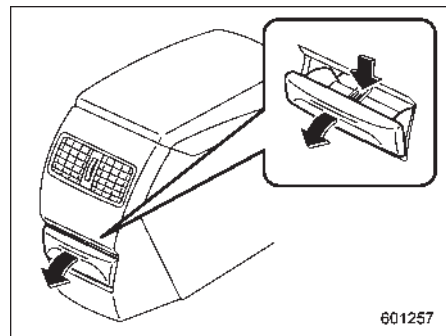


The portable ashtray can be installed in each cup holder. For the locations of the cup holders, refer to "Cup holders" 6-8. When using the ashtray, open the lid of the ashtray. When removing the ashtray from a cup holder, pull the ashtray upwards. Fully close the lid after using it to help reduce residual smoke.

### NOTE

Particles of ash and tobacco will accumulate around the hinges of the ashtray's inner lid. Clean them off using a toothbrush or another narrow-ended implement.

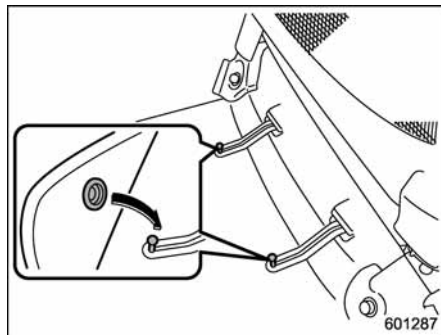
## Rear ashtray (China models)



The rear ashtray is located on the lower side of the back of the center console. To open the ashtray, pull the upper edge of the lid.

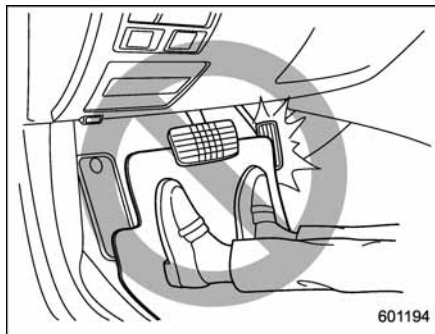
Fully close the lid after using the ashtray to help reduce residual smoke.

To remove the ashtray for cleaning, open it and pull it out while pushing the inner plate down.

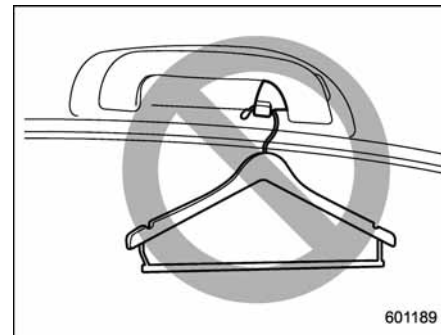
**Floor mat (if equipped)**

Retaining pins are located on the driver's side floor.

The floor mat is secured using the built-in grommets, by placing the grommets over the pins and pushing them downward.

**CAUTION**

**Make sure the driver's floor mat is placed back in its proper location and correctly secured on its retaining pins. Also, do not use more than one floor mat. If the floor mat slips forward and interferes with the movement of the pedals during driving, it could cause an accident.**

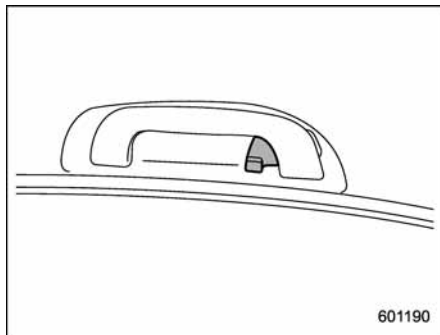
**Coat hook****WARNING**

**Do not hang coat hangers or other hard or pointed objects on the coat hooks. If such items were hanging on the coat hooks during deployment of the SRS curtain airbags, they could cause serious injuries by coming off the coat hooks and being thrown through the cabin or by preventing correct airbag deployment. Before hanging clothing on the coat hooks, make sure there are no pointed objects in the pockets. Hang clothing directly on the coat hooks without using hangers.**



**CAUTION**

Never hang anything on the coat hook that might obstruct the driver's view or that could cause injury in sudden stops or in a collision. Also, do not hang items on the coat hook that weigh 5 kg (11 lbs) or more.



The coat hook is attached to each rear passenger's hand grip.

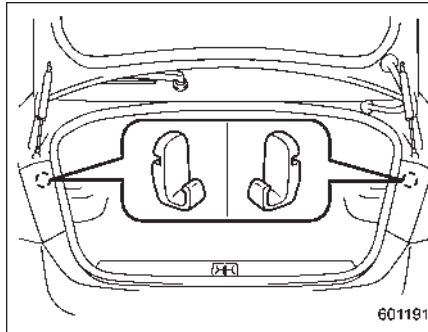
**Shopping bag hook**



**CAUTION**

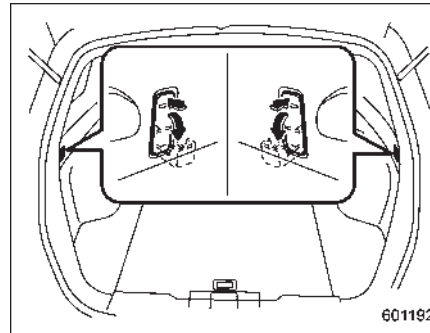
Do not hang items on the shopping bag hook that weigh 5 kg (11 lbs) or more.

■ **For Sedan models**



A shopping bag hook is attached to each inner side wall of the trunk near the trunk lid opening.

■ **For Station wagon models**



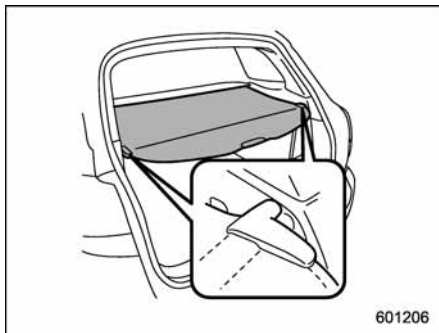
A shopping bag hook is attached to each side of the cargo area.

To use the hook, push the upper portion and the shopping bag hook will appear.

## Cargo area cover (Station wagon)

The cargo area cover is provided for covering the cargo area and to protect its contents from direct sunlight. This cover is detachable to make room for additional cargo.

### ■ Using the cover



To extend the cover, pull the end of the cover out of the housing, then insert its hooks into the catches as shown. To rewind it, unhook it from the catches and it will rewind automatically. You should hold on to the cover and guide it back into the cover housing while it is rewinding.



### WARNING

Do not place anything on the extended cover. Putting excessive weight on the extended cover can break it and an object on the cover could tumble forward in the event of a sudden stop or collision. This could cause serious injury.

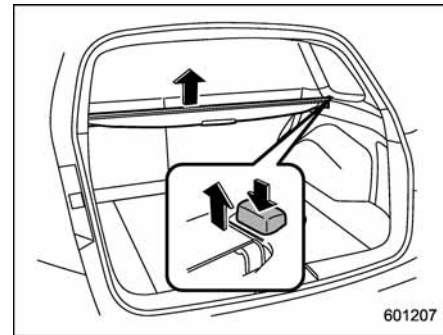


### CAUTION

- Be careful not to scratch the rear gate stays while extending and rewinding the cover. Scratches on the stays could cause leakage of gas from the stays, which may result in their inability to hold the rear gate open.
- When reclining the rear seatback, move the front cover backward so that the cover is not damaged.

### ■ To remove the cover housing

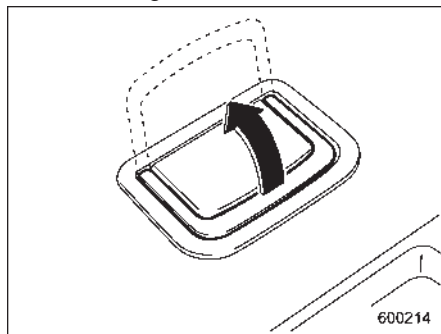
1. Rewind the cover.



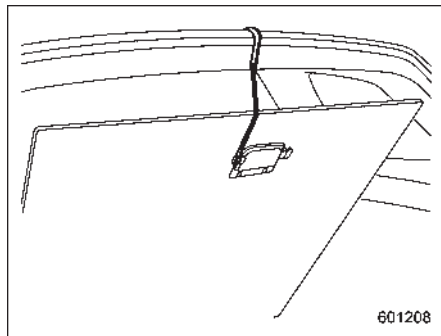
2. Hold down the button on the right-hand rear quarter panel and lift up the right-hand cover housing.
3. Remove the cover housing.

## ■ Stowage of the cargo area cover

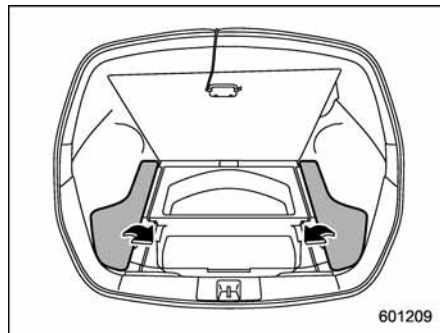
The cargo area cover can be stowed in under the cargo floor.



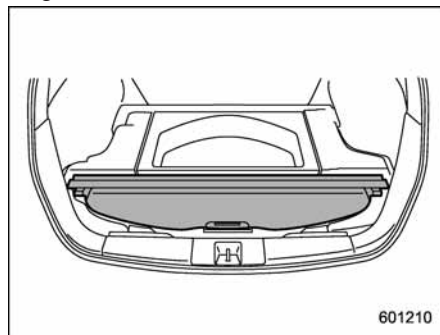
1. To open the lid, pull the handle up.



2. To keep the lid open, hang the hook (provided on the back of the lid) on the rear edge of the roof.



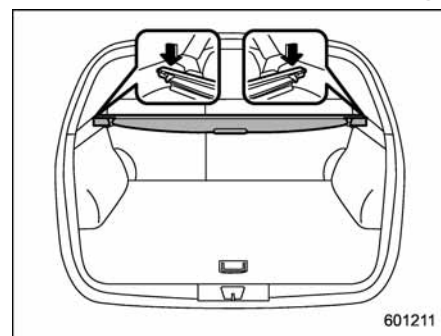
3. Remove the left and right parts of the cargo floor lid.



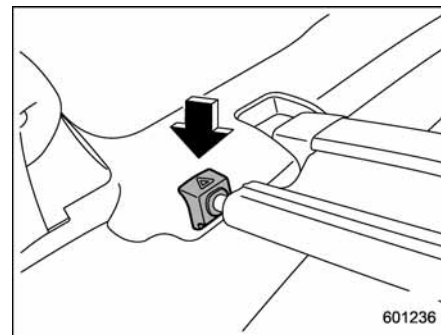
4. Stow the cover housing in the cargo

area end.

## ■ To install the cover housing

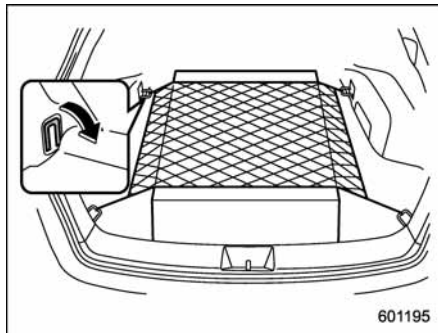


1. To install the cover housing, insert both ends of the cover housing into the retainers.



2. Make sure to fix the front part of the cargo area cover behind the rear seat.

### Cargo tie-down hooks (Station wagon)



The cargo area is equipped with four tie-down hooks so that cargo can be secured with a cargo net or ropes.

When using the tie-down hooks, turn them down out of the storing recesses. When not in use, put the hooks up into the storing recesses.



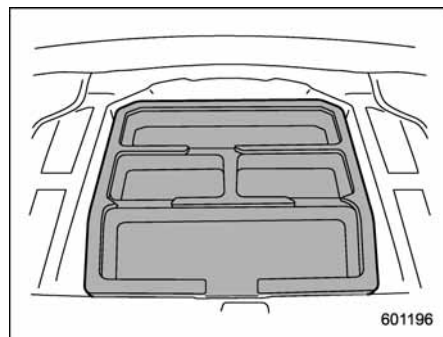
#### CAUTION

The cargo tie-down hooks are designed only for securing light cargo. **Never try to secure cargo that exceeds the capacity of the hooks. The maximum load capacity is 20 kg (44 lbs) per a hook.**

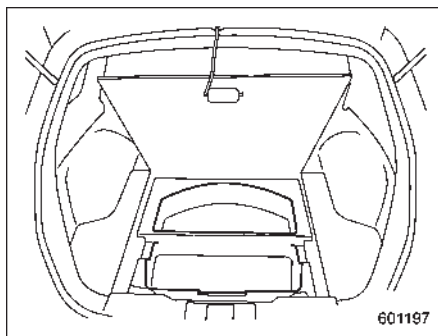
## Under-floor storage compartment (if equipped)

### NOTE

The shape of the storage compartment may be different depending on the model.



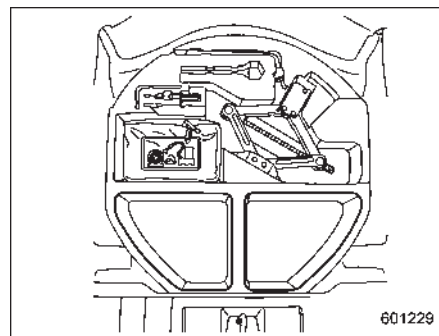
Sedan



Station wagon

The storage compartment is located under the floor of the trunk (Sedan) or the cargo area (Station wagon) and can be used to store small items. To open the lid, pull the tab up.

For models with a flat tire repair kit, there is a double bottom storage compartment.



To use the lower compartment, pull out the upper compartment.

### NOTE

For models without flat tire repair kit, when storing a flat tire, put the storage tray in the trunk (Sedan) or the cargo area (Station wagon).



### CAUTION

- Always keep the lid of the storage compartment closed while driving to reduce the risk of injury in the event of sudden stop or an accident.
- Do not store spray cans, containers with flammable or corrosive liquids or any other dangerous

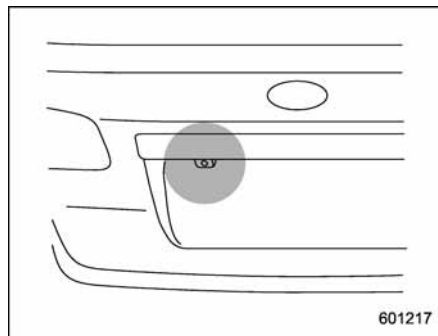
items in the storage compartment.

## Rear view camera (if equipped)

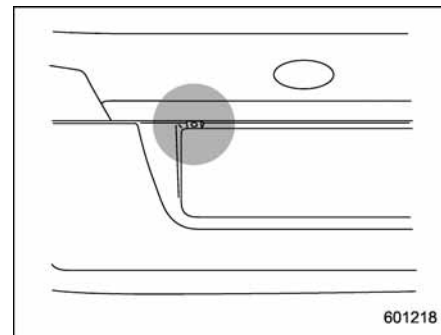
### NOTE

For China models:

Refer to the Owner's Manual supplement for the navigation system. The following descriptions are not applicable to models with the genuine SUBARU rear view camera system for China.



Sedan



### Station wagon

A rear view camera is attached to the trunk lid (Sedan) or rear gate (Station wagon).

When the ignition switch is "ON" and the shift lever (MT models) or select lever (AT or CVT models) is set to "R", the rear view camera automatically displays the rear view image behind the vehicle on the navigation monitor.



### WARNING

- Since the rear view camera uses a wide-angle lens, the image on the monitor is different from the actual view in terms of distance.
- Since the range of the image on the monitor is limited, you should



always check the rear view and the surrounding area with your eyes and mirrors, and move backward at a slow speed. Moving backward only by checking the rear view image from the camera could cause an accident.

- Do not disassemble or modify the camera, switch or wiring. If smoke comes out or you smell a strange odor, stop using the rear view camera immediately. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for an inspection. Continued use may result in accident, fire or electric shock.



### CAUTION

- If your vehicle is washed with a high-pressure washer, do not allow water to contact the camera directly. Entry of water in the camera lens may result in condensation, malfunction, fire or electric shock.
- Since the camera is a precision device, do not subject it to strong impacts. Otherwise, malfunction, fire or electric shock may occur.

- If mud or snow sticks to or is frozen on the camera, you must be very careful removing it. Otherwise, damage done to the camera may cause a fire or electric shock. Pour water or lukewarm water over the camera to remove mud and ice, and wipe it with a soft, dry cloth.
- Do not put a flame close to the camera or wiring. Otherwise, damage or fire may occur.
- When replacing the fuse, be sure to use a fuse with the specified rating. Use of a fuse with a different rating may result in a malfunction.
- If the rear view camera is used for a long time while the engine is not operated, the battery may become completely discharged.

### NOTE

- Do not wipe the camera with alcohol, benzine or paint thinner. Otherwise, discoloration may occur. To remove contamination, wipe the camera with a cloth moistened with a diluted neutral detergent and then wipe it with a soft, dry cloth.
- When waxing the vehicle, be careful

not to apply the wax to the camera. If it comes in contact with the camera, moisten a clean cloth with a diluted neutral detergent to remove the wax.

- The camera lens has hard coating to help prevent scratches. However, when washing the vehicle or cleaning the camera lens, be careful not to scratch the camera lens. Do not use a washing brush directly on the camera lens. The monitor screen may be adversely affected.
- Strong light shined on the camera lens may develop white light stripes around the light source. This is not a malfunction.
- Under fluorescent light, the display may flicker. However, this is not a malfunction.
- The image of the rear view camera may be slightly different from the actual color of the objects.

### ■ How to use the rear view camera

When the shift lever or select lever is set to "R", the rear view camera automatically displays the rear view image from the vehicle. When the lever is set to other positions, the image before setting to "R" is displayed.

1. Set the ignition switch to "ON".

2. Set the shift lever or select lever to "R".

## NOTE

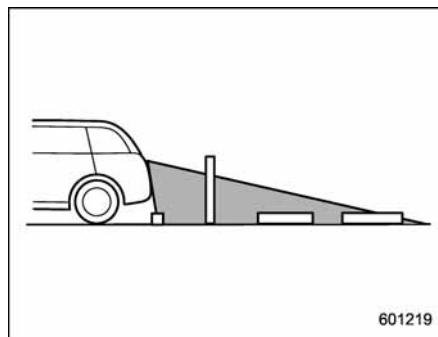
- For models with the genuine SUBARU navigation system, the image of the rear view camera has priority over other screen displays. Therefore, while the rear view camera is in operation, the operations of other screens are disabled. To operate other screens, set the shift lever or select lever to a position other than "R".

- The image of the rear view camera is horizontally reversed as is the case with the vehicle rear view mirror or the side view mirror.

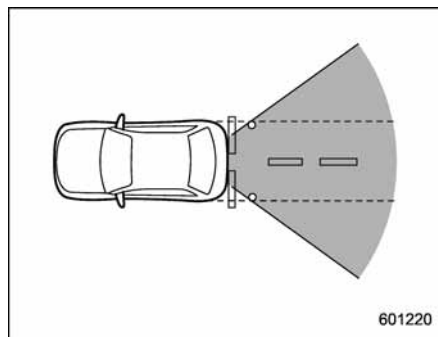
- It may be difficult to see the image of the rear view camera in the following cases. This is not a malfunction of the camera.

- The vehicle is in a dark place (at night, in a tunnel, etc.).
- The vehicle is in an extremely hot or cold place.
- An object (such as raindrops, snow, dirt, etc.) that disturbs the view of the rear view camera sticks to the lens of the camera.
- Strong light shined directly on the camera lens (occasionally, there are vertical lines on the screen).

## ■ Viewing range on the screen



Range of view



Range of view

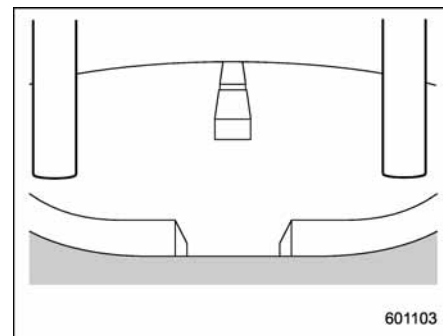


Image from camera

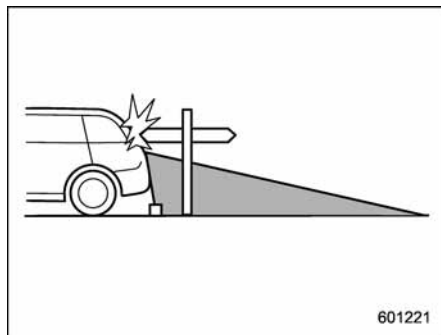
The area from the rear end of the bumper can be viewed. Areas at both ends of the bumper and areas just under the bumper cannot be viewed.

Also, objects seen in the rear view image are closer than the actual distance.



## CAUTION

The range that can be viewed with the rear view camera is limited. Always be sure to check with your eyes when moving backward and proceed slowly.



Range of view

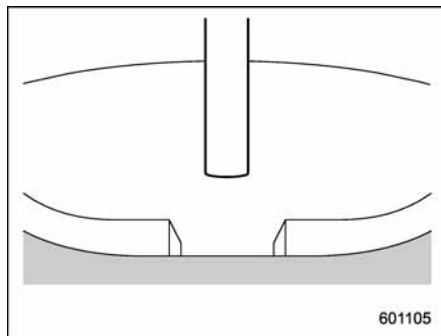


Image from camera

The area above the camera cannot be viewed. If there is an object that has a wide projection on its upper part such as a sign pole behind the vehicle, the projec-

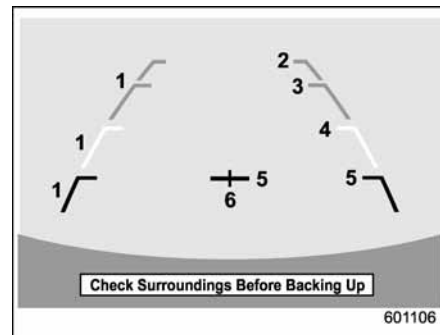
tion cannot be seen on the screen.

**CAUTION**

The range that can be viewed with the rear view camera is limited. Always be sure to check with your eyes when moving backward and proceed slowly.

**Help line**

The help line (distance marker and vehicle width line) is a guide to help you realize the actual distance from the screen.



- 1) Vehicle width line (oblique vertical line)
- 2) Approx. 3 m (10 feet) from the bumper (green horizontal line)
- 3) Approx. 2 m (6.5 feet) from the bumper (green horizontal line)
- 4) Approx. 1 m (3 feet) from the bumper (yellow horizontal line)
- 5) Approx. 0.5 m (1.5 feet) from the bumper (red horizontal line)
- 6) Vehicle centerline

When the shift lever or select lever is set to position "R", the monitor screen displays the help lines together with the rear view image.

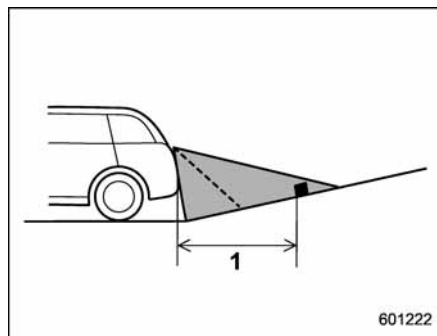
**CAUTION**

- When moving backward, always check the back with your eyes without relying on the help lines.
- The actual position may be different from the indication of the help lines.
- Differences may occur due to number of passengers or loaded cargo.
- When the vehicle is on a slope or when the vehicle is inclined against the road, the indication is different from the actual position.

▼ **Difference between screen and actual road**

The distance markers show the distance for a level road when the vehicle is not loaded. It may be different from the actual distance depending on the loading conditions or road conditions.

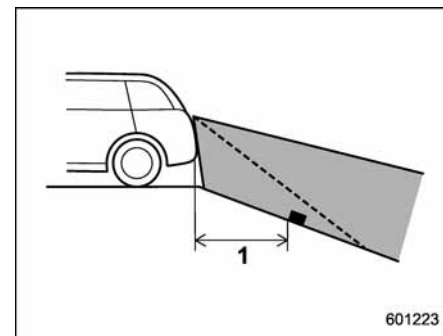
▽ **When there is an upward slope at the back**



1) 1 m (3 feet)

The distance on the screen looks farther than the actual distance.

▽ **When there is a downward slope at the back**



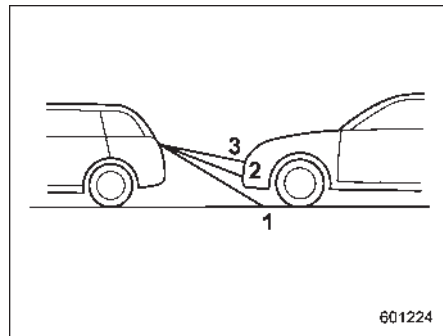
1) 1 m (3 feet)

The distance on the screen looks nearer than the actual distance.

**NOTE**

**When cargo is loaded, the rear view distance on the screen looks farther than the actual distance as in an upward slope.**

### ▼ Feature of distance marker



- 1) 1 m (3 feet) line
- 2) 2 m (6.5 feet) line
- 3) 3 m (10 feet) line

The distance marker shows the distance on the road. If there is a car or other object close behind, distance cannot be correctly displayed.

|                                                                                     |      |                                                                 |      |
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## Fuel

### Fuel requirements for petrol engine

#### CAUTION

- Use of a fuel which is low in quality or use of an inappropriate fuel additive may cause engine damage.
- Do not let fuel spill on the exterior surfaces of the vehicle. Because fuel may damage the paint, be sure to wipe off any spilled fuel quickly. Paint damage caused by spilled fuel is not covered under the SUBARU Limited Warranty.
- The neck of the fuel filler pipe is designed to accept only an unleaded petrol filler nozzle. Under no circumstances should leaded petrol be used because it will damage the emission control system and may impair driveability and fuel economy. Also, this can increase maintenance costs.

### ▼ Non-turbo petrol engine models

#### ▼ Australia models

Your engine is designed to use only **unleaded** petrol. The use of unleaded petrol with an octane rating of **90 or higher** is recommended. This octane rating is the Research Octane number.

For optimum engine performance and driveability, it is recommended that you use premium grade unleaded petrol.

#### ▼ Other models

Your engine is designed to use only **unleaded** petrol. The use of unleaded petrol with an octane rating of **95 or higher** is recommended. This octane rating is the Research Octane number.

If unleaded petrol with an octane rating of 95 or higher is not available, unleaded petrol with an octane rating of 90 or higher may be used.

### ▼ Turbo petrol engine models

Your engine is designed to use only **unleaded** petrol with an octane rating of **95 or higher**. This octane rating is the Research Octane number.

If unleaded petrol with an octane rating of 95 or higher is not available, unleaded petrol with an octane rating of 90 or higher may be temporarily used. However, use of

petrol with an octane rating lower than 95 will detract from engine performance and driveability.

### ■ Fuel requirements for diesel engine

Your engine is designed to use only **diesel** fuel with a specification of **EN590** or an equivalent.

#### CAUTION

- **Never use fuels other than specification EN590 or an equivalent for your vehicle. If an inappropriate fuel is used, it could cause not only lower engine performance but also serious damage to the engine and fuel system. To avoid damaging the engine, you must conform to the following instructions.**
  - Never use petrol or a diesel fuel mixed with petrol.
  - Never use paraffin, heating oils, etc.
  - Never use marine diesel fuel.
  - Never add any fuel additives or cleaning agents to the diesel fuel.
- **Do not let fuel spill on the exterior**

surfaces of the vehicle. Because fuel may damage the paint, be sure to wipe off any spilled fuel quickly. Paint damage caused by spilled fuel is not covered under the SUBARU Limited Warranty.

### ▼ Winter diesel

In order to avoid operational problems at low fuel temperatures, diesel fuels with improved cold flow qualities are available during the winter season. However, the specification of the diesel fuel for the winter season depends on the climate of the area where the vehicle is driven.

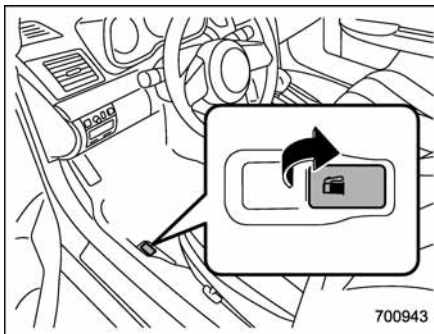
For more details about the winter diesel fuel, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.

## ■ Fuel filler lid and cap

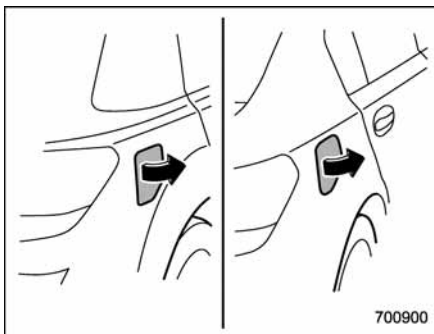
### ▼ Refueling

Only one person should be involved in refueling. Do not allow others to approach the area of the vehicle near the fuel filler pipe while refueling is in progress.

Be sure to observe any other precautions that are posted at the service station.



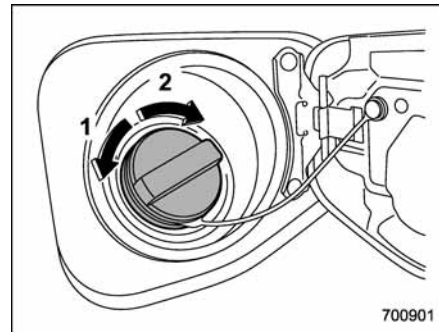
1. To open the fuel filler lid, pull the lid release lever up. The lever is on the floor of the driver's seat.



2. Open the fuel filler lid.

## ⚠ WARNING

Before opening the fuel filler cap, first touch the vehicle body or a metal portion of the fuel pump or similar object to discharge any static electricity that may be present on your body. If your body is carrying an electrostatic charge, there is a possibility that an electric spark could ignite the fuel, which could burn you. To avoid acquiring a new static electric charge, do not get back into the vehicle while refueling is in progress.



- 1) Open
- 2) Close

3. Remove the fuel filler cap by turning it

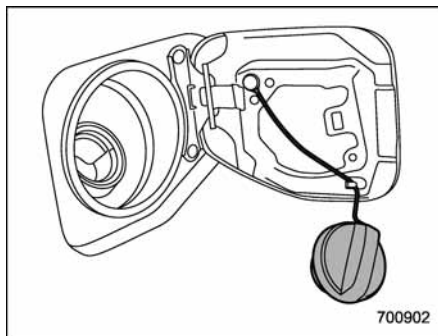
– CONTINUED –



slowly counterclockwise.

**WARNING**

- Fuel vapor is highly flammable. Before refueling, always first stop the engine and close all vehicle doors and windows. Make sure that there are no lighted cigarettes, open flames or electrical sparks in the adjacent area. Only handle fuel out-doors. Quickly wipe up any spilled fuel.
- When opening the cap, grasp it firmly and turn it slowly to the left. Do not remove the cap quickly. Fuel may be under pressure and spray out of the fuel filler neck, especially in hot weather. If you hear a hissing sound while you are removing the cap, wait for the sound to stop and then slowly open the cap to prevent fuel from spraying out and creating a fire hazard.



4. Hook the cord that is attached to the fuel filler cap onto the hook inside the fuel filler lid.

**WARNING**

- When refueling, insert the fuel nozzle securely into the fuel filler pipe. If the nozzle is lifted or not fully inserted, its automatic stopping mechanism may not function, causing fuel to overflow the tank and creating a fire hazard.
- Stop refueling when the automatic stop mechanism on the fuel nozzle activates. If you continue to add fuel, temperature changes or other conditions may cause fuel to overflow from

**the tank and create a fire hazard.**

5. Stop filling the tank after the fuel filler pump automatically stops. Do not add any more fuel.
6. Put the cap back on, turn it clockwise until you hear a clicking noise. Be certain not to catch the tether under the cap while tightening.
7. Close the fuel filler lid completely.

If you spill any fuel on the painted surface, rinse it off immediately. Otherwise, the painted surface could be damaged.

**NOTE**

- You will see the “” sign in the fuel gauge. This indicates that the fuel filler door (lid) is located on the right side of the vehicle.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened until it clicks or if the tether is caught under the cap, the malfunction indicator lamp “” may illuminate. Refer to “Malfunction indicator lamp (Check Engine light)”  3-19.

**CAUTION**

- Never add any cleaning agents to the fuel tank. The addition of a cleaning agent may cause damage to the fuel system.
- After refueling, turn the cap to the right until it clicks to ensure that it is fully tightened. If the cap is not securely tightened, fuel may leak out while the vehicle is being driven or fuel spillage could occur in the event of an accident, creating a fire hazard.
- Do not let fuel spill on the exterior surfaces of the vehicle. Because fuel may damage the paint, be sure to wipe off any spilled fuel quickly. Paint damage caused by spilled fuel is not covered under the SUBARU Limited Warranty.
- We recommend that you always use a genuine SUBARU fuel filler cap. If you use the wrong cap, it may not fit or have proper venting and your fuel tank and emission control system may be damaged. It could also lead to fuel spillage and a fire.
- Immediately put fuel in the tank whenever the low fuel warning

light illuminates. Engine misfires as a result of an empty tank could cause damage to the engine.

**Preparing to drive**

You should perform the following checks and adjustments every day before you start driving.

1. Check that all windows, mirrors, and lights are clean and unobstructed.
2. Check the appearance and condition of the tires. Also check tires for proper inflation.
3. Look under the vehicle for any sign of leaks.
4. Check that the hood, trunk (Sedan) and rear gate (Station wagon) are fully closed.
5. Check the adjustment of the seat.
6. Check the adjustment of the inside and outside mirrors.
7. Fasten your seatbelt. Check that your passengers have fastened their seatbelts.
8. Check the operation of the warning and indicator lights when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position.
9. Check the gauges, indicator and warning lights after starting the engine.

**NOTE**

Engine oil, engine coolant, brake fluid, washer fluid and other fluid levels should be checked daily, weekly or at fuel stops.

**Starting and stopping engine (models without push-button start system)****■ Starting engine****CAUTION**

Do not operate the starter motor continuously for more than 10 seconds. If the engine fails to start after operating the starter for 5 to 10 seconds, wait for 10 seconds or more before trying again.

**▼ MT models****▽ Petrol engine model**

1. Apply the parking brake.
2. Turn off unnecessary lights and accessories.
3. Depress the clutch pedal to the floor and shift the shift lever into neutral. Hold the clutch pedal to the floor while starting the engine.
4. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position and check the operation of the warning and indicator lights. Refer to "Warning and indicator lights" 3-16.
5. Turn the ignition switch to the "START" position **without** depressing the accelera-

tor pedal. Release the key immediately after the engine has started.

If the engine does not start, try the following.

(1) Turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position and wait for at least 10 seconds. After checking that the parking brake is applied, turn the ignition switch to the "START" position while depressing the accelerator pedal slightly (approximately a quarter of the full stroke). Release the accelerator pedal as soon as the engine starts.

(2) If this fails to start the engine, turn the ignition switch back to the "LOCK" position and wait for at least 10 seconds. Then fully depress the accelerator pedal and turn the ignition switch to the "START" position. If the engine starts, quickly release the accelerator pedal.

(3) If this fails to start the engine, turn the ignition switch again to the "LOCK" position. After waiting for 10 seconds or longer, turn the ignition switch to the "START" position without depressing the accelerator pedal.

(4) If the engine still does not start, we recommend that you contact your nearest SUBARU dealer for assistance.

6. Confirm that all warning and indicator lights have turned off after the engine has started. The fuel injection system automatically lowers the idle speed as the engine warms up.

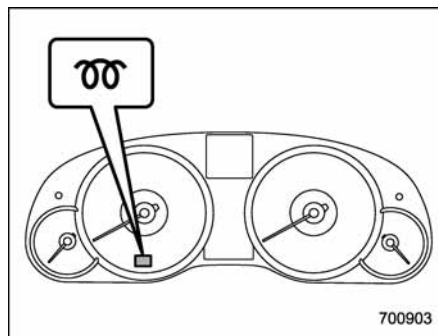
## NOTE

- The engine may be difficult to start when the battery has been disconnected and reconnected (for maintenance or other purposes). This difficulty is caused by the electronically controlled throttle's self-diagnosis function. To overcome it, keep the ignition switch in the "ON" position for approximately 10 seconds before starting the engine.

- For 2.5-liter non-turbo models, to protect the engine while the shift lever is in the neutral position, the engine is controlled so that the engine speed may not become too high even if the accelerator pedal is depressed hard.

## ▽ Diesel engine models

1. Apply the parking brake.
2. Turn off unnecessary lights and accessories.
3. Depress the clutch pedal to the floor and shift the shift lever into neutral. Hold the clutch pedal to the floor while starting the engine.



4. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position and check the operation of the warning and indicator lights. At this time, confirm that the preheating indicator light has illuminated for a few seconds and has turned off. Refer to "Warning and indicator lights" 3-16.

5. Turn the ignition switch to the "START" position **without** depressing the accelerator pedal. Release the key immediately after the engine has started.

6. Confirm that all warning and indicator lights have turned off after the engine has started. The fuel injection system automatically lowers the idle speed as the engine warms up.

## NOTE

- The engine may be difficult to start when the battery has been disconnected and reconnected (for maintenance or other purposes). This difficulty is caused by the electronically controlled throttle's self-diagnosis function. To overcome it, keep the ignition switch in the "ON" position for approximately 10 seconds before starting the engine.

- You may feel vibration during engine idling for several tens of seconds. This vibration is caused by a self-learning procedure of the injector. This learning procedure is necessary to stabilize the best engine performance. Therefore, it does not indicate a malfunction.

## ▼ AT and CVT models

1. Apply the parking brake.
2. Turn off unnecessary lights and accessories.
3. Shift the select lever to the "P" or "N" position (preferably "P" position).
4. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position and check the operation of the warning and indicator lights. Refer to "Warning and indicator lights" 3-16.
5. Turn the ignition switch to the "START" position **without** depressing the accelerator pedal. Release the key immediately

– CONTINUED –

after the engine has started.

If the engine does not start, perform the following procedures.

(1) Turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position and wait for at least 10 seconds. After checking that the parking brake is applied, turn the ignition switch to the "START" position while depressing the accelerator pedal slightly (approximately a quarter of the full stroke). Release the accelerator pedal as soon as the engine starts.

(2) If this fails to start the engine, turn the ignition switch back to the "LOCK" position and wait for at least 10 seconds. Then fully depress the accelerator pedal and turn the ignition switch to the "START" position. If the engine starts, quickly release the accelerator pedal.

(3) If this fails to start the engine, turn the ignition switch again to the "LOCK" position. After waiting for 10 seconds or longer, turn the ignition switch to the "START" position without depressing the accelerator pedal.

(4) If the engine still does not start, we recommend that you contact your nearest SUBARU dealer for assistance.

6. Confirm that all warning and indicator

lights have turned off after the engine has started. The fuel injection system automatically lowers the idle speed as the engine warms up.

While the engine is warming up, make sure that the select lever is at the "P" or "N" position and that the parking brake is applied.



### CAUTION

**If you restart the engine while the vehicle is moving, shift the select lever into the "N" position. Do not attempt to place the select lever of a moving vehicle into the "P" position.**

### NOTE

- The engine may be difficult to start when the battery has been disconnected and reconnected (for maintenance or other purposes). This difficulty is caused by the electronically controlled throttle's self-diagnosis function. To overcome it, keep the ignition switch in the "ON" position for approximately 10 seconds before starting the engine.
- For non-turbo models, to protect the engine/transmission while the select

**lever is in the "P" or "N" position, the engine is controlled so that the engine speed may not become too high even if the accelerator pedal is depressed hard.**

### ■ Stopping engine

The ignition switch should be turned off only when the vehicle is stopped and the engine is idling.



### WARNING

**Do not stop the engine when the vehicle is moving. This will cause loss of power to the power steering and the brake booster, making steering and braking more difficult. It could also result in accidental activation of the "LOCK" position on the ignition switch, causing the steering wheel to lock.**

## Starting and stopping engine (models with push-button start system)

### WARNING

If you wear an implanted pacemaker or an implanted defibrillator, stay at least 22 cm (8.7 in) away from the transmitting antennas installed on the vehicle.

The radio waves from the transmitting antennas on the vehicle could adversely affect the operation of implanted pacemakers and implanted defibrillators.

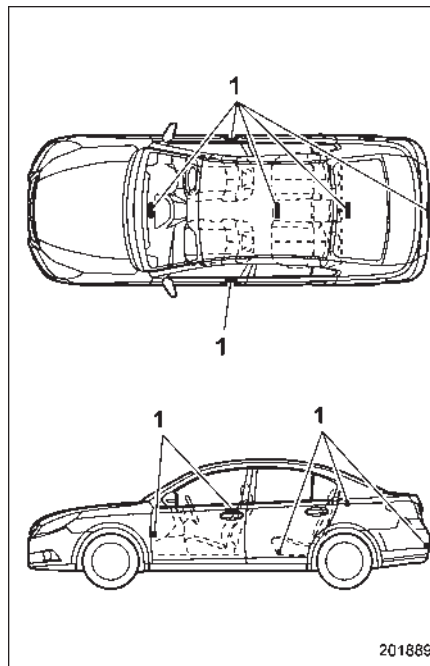
If you wear electric medical equipment other than an implanted pacemaker or an implanted defibrillator, before using the push-button start system, refer to “Radio waves used for the push-button start system” mentioned later, and contact the electric medical equipment manufacturer for more information. The radio waves from the transmitting antennas on the vehicle could adversely affect the operation of the electric medical equipment.

- The operational/non-operational setting for the keyless access function can be changed. For the setting procedure, refer to “Disabling keyless access function” 2-17. The setting can also be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.
- For detailed information about the operation method of starting and stopping the engine while the keyless access functions is switched to the non-operational mode, refer to “When access key does not operate properly” 7-16.

“Radio waves used for the push-button start system”

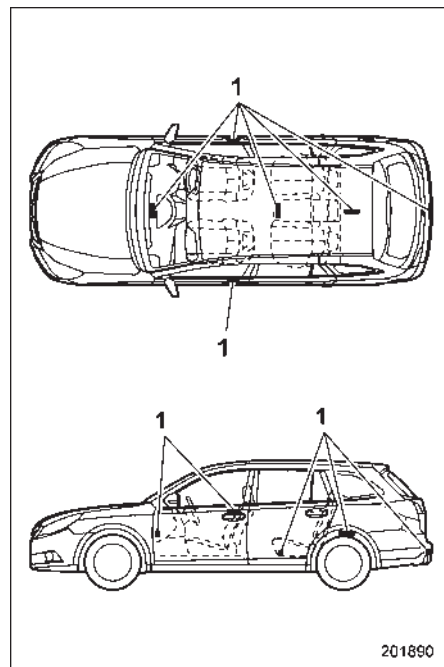
- The push-button start system uses radio waves of the following frequency\* in addition to the radio waves used for the remote keyless entry system functions. The radio waves are periodically output from the antennas installed on the vehicle as shown in the following illustrations.

\*Radio frequency: 134 kHz



Sedan

1) Antenna



**Station wagon**

1) Antenna



### CAUTION

- The push-button start system uses weak radio waves. The status of the access key and the environmental conditions may interfere with the communication between the access key and the vehicle under the following conditions, and it may not be possible to lock or unlock the doors or start the engine.
  - When operating near a facility where strong radio waves are transmitted, such as a broadcast station and power transmission lines
  - When products that transmit radio waves are used, such as an access key or a remote transmitter key of another vehicle
  - When carrying more than one access key
  - When the access key is placed near wireless communication equipment such as a cell phone
  - When the access key is placed near a metallic object
  - When metallic accessories are attached to the access key
- When carrying the access key with electronic appliances such as a laptop computer
- When the battery of the access key is discharged
- Never leave or store the access key inside the vehicle (e.g., on the instrumental panel, inside the glove box, on the seat, in the door pocket, inside the trunk or at the corner of the cargo area) or within 2 m (6.6 ft) around the vehicle (e.g., in the garage). The access key may be locked inside the vehicle, or the battery may discharge rapidly. Note that the push-button ignition switch may not turn on in some cases depending on the location of the access key.
- The keyless access functions can be disabled. We recommend that you disable the functions under the following conditions.
  - When the vehicle is not going to be used for an extended period of time
  - When the keyless access functions are not going to be used

- When the access key needs to be stored inside or near the vehicle for some uncontrollable reason

For the setting procedure, refer to “Disabling keyless access function” 2-17. The setting can also be changed by a SUBARU dealer. For more details, we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer.

- The access key contains electronic components. Observe the following points to prevent malfunctions.
  - Although you can replace the battery of the access key yourself, it is recommended that the battery should be replaced by a SUBARU dealer to avoid the risk of damage at the time of replacement.
  - Do not get the access key wet. If the access key gets wet, wipe it immediately and let it dry completely.
  - Do not apply strong impacts to the access key.
  - Keep the access key away from magnetic sources.

- Never leave the access key in direct sunlight or anywhere that may become hot, such as on the dashboard. It may damage the battery or cause circuit malfunctions.

- Do not wash the access key in an ultrasonic washer.
- Do not leave the access key in humid or dusty locations. Doing so may cause malfunctions.
- Do not leave the access key near personal computers or home electric appliances. Doing so may cause the access key to malfunction, resulting in battery discharge.

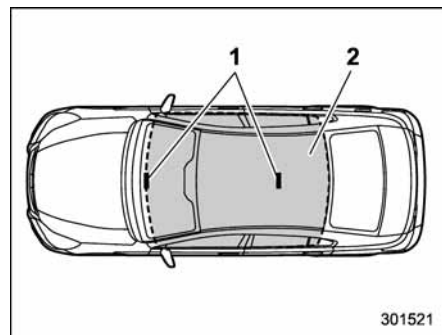
- The access key is always communicating with the vehicle; thus, it is continuously using the battery. Although the life of the battery varies depending on the operating conditions, it is approximately 1 to 2 years. If the battery becomes fully discharged, replace it with a new one.
- If the access key is dropped, the integrated mechanical key inside may become loose. Be careful

#### not to lose the mechanical key.

Once you enter the vehicle carrying the access key, the power can be switched and the engine can be started.

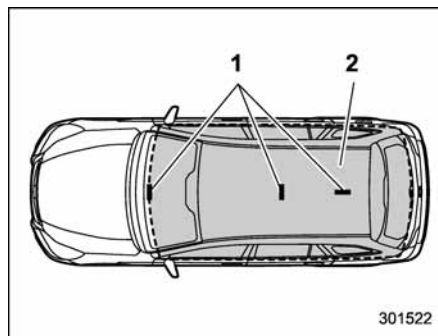


### ■ Operating range for push-button start system



#### Sedan

- 1) Antenna
- 2) Operating range



#### Station wagon

- 1) Antenna
- 2) Operating range

### NOTE

- If the access key is not detected within the operating range of the antennas inside the vehicle, the power switch and the engine start cannot be operated.
- Even when the access key is outside the vehicle, if it is placed too close to the glass, the engine may start.
- Do not leave the access key in the following places. It may become impossible to operate the power switch and the engine start.
  - On the instrument panel
  - On the floor

- Inside the glove box
- Inside the door trim pocket
- On the rear seat
- On the rear shelf (Sedan)
- Inside the trunk (Sedan)
- At the corner of the cargo area (Station wagon)

- When starting the engine, if the battery of the access key is discharged, perform the procedure described in “When access key does not operate properly” 7-16. In such a case, replace the battery immediately. Refer to “Replacing battery of access key” 2-19.

### ■ Starting engine



#### WARNING

- Never start the engine from outside the vehicle. It may result in an unexpected accident.
- If the engine is stopped during driving, the catalyst may overheat and burn.
- Do not leave the engine running in locations with poor ventilation, such as a garage and indoors. The exhaust gas may enter the vehicle or indoors, and it may

result in carbon monoxide poisoning.

- If the indicator on the push-button ignition switch flashes in green after the engine has started, never drive the vehicle. The steering is still locked, and it may result in an unexpected accident.



### CAUTION

- When the operation indicator on the push-button ignition switch is flashing in orange, there may be a malfunction with the vehicle. We recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer immediately.
- If the indicator on the push-button ignition switch is flashing in green after the engine has started, it means that the steering is still locked. While moving the steering wheel right and left, depress the brake pedal, and press the push-button ignition switch.
- When starting the engine, be sure to sit in the driver's seat.
- Do not continue pushing the push-button ignition switch for

more than 10 seconds. Doing so could cause a malfunction. If the engine does not start, stop pushing the push-button ignition switch and turn off the engine. Wait 10 seconds, and then push the push-button ignition switch to start the engine.

- After the engine starts, the engine speed will be kept high until the coolant temperature low indicator light turns off.
- If the battery is discharged, the steering cannot be unlocked. Charge the battery.
- After the battery is discharged and replaced, it may require initialization of the steering lock system to start the engine. In such a case, initialize the steering lock.\*

#### \*Initialization of steering lock

Switch the power to "OFF". Open and close the driver's door, and wait for approximately 10 seconds. When the steering is locked, the initialization is completed.

### NOTE

- When the push-button ignition switch is pressed while depressing the clutch pedal (MT models) or the brake pedal (AT and CVT models), the engine starter operates for a maximum of 10 seconds and after starting the engine, the starter stops automatically.
- Avoid rapid racing and rapid acceleration immediately after the engine has started.
- For a short time after the engine has started, the engine speed is kept high. When the warm-up is completed, the engine speed lowers automatically.
- On rare occasions, it may be difficult to start the engine depending on the fuel and the usage condition (repeated driving of a distance in which the coolant temperature low indicator light does not turn off). In such a case, it is recommended to change the fuel to a different brand.
- On rare occasions, transient knocking may be heard from the engine when the accelerator is operated rapidly such as a rapid start-up and a rapid acceleration. This is not a malfunction.
- The engine starts more easily when the headlights, air conditioner and rear window defogger are turned off.
- When the push-button ignition

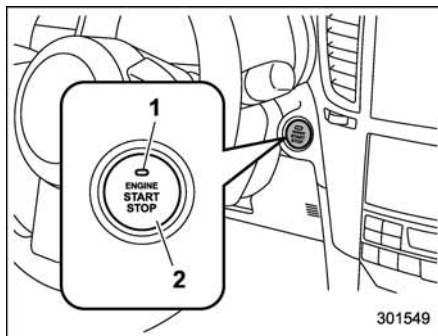
switch is pressed while depressing the clutch pedal (MT models) or the brake pedal (AT and CVT models), the engine can be started regardless of the power status.

- If the immobilizer indicator light illuminates when you attempt to start the engine but the engine does not start, press the push-button ignition switch to switch the power to "OFF" and then try to start the engine again.

- If the engine does not start, press the push-button ignition switch without depressing the clutch pedal (MT models) or the brake pedal (AT and CVT models) to switch the power to "OFF". Then, while depressing the clutch pedal (MT models) or the brake pedal (AT and CVT models) more forcefully, press the push-button ignition switch.

- The engine start procedures may not function depending on the radio wave conditions around the vehicle. In such a case, refer to "When access key does not operate properly" 7-16.

### ▼ MT models



- 1) Operation indicator
- 2) Push-button ignition switch

When the push-button ignition switch is pressed while depressing the clutch pedal, the engine will start. The starting procedure of the engine is as follows.

1. Carry the access key, and sit in the driver's seat.
2. Apply the parking brake.
3. Shift the shift lever in neutral.
4. Depress the brake pedal.
5. Depress the clutch pedal until the indicator on the push-button ignition switch turns green.
6. While depressing the clutch pedal, press the push-button ignition switch.

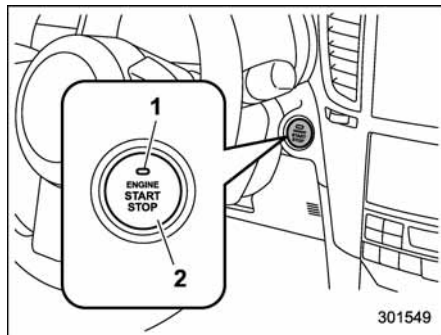
### NOTE

- In case the engine does not start by the normal engine start procedure, move the shift lever to the neutral position, and switch the power to "Acc". Depress the clutch pedal, and press the push-button ignition switch for at least 15 seconds. The engine may start. Only use this engine start procedure in case of emergency.

- For diesel engine models, the engine will not start until the preheating indicator light has turned off.

- For diesel engine models, you may feel vibration during engine idling for several tens of seconds. This vibration is caused by the self-learning procedure of the injector. This learning procedure is necessary for optimum engine performance. This does not indicate a malfunction.

- For 2.5-liter non-turbo models, to protect the engine while the shift lever is in the neutral position, the engine is controlled so that the engine speed may not become too high even if the accelerator pedal is depressed hard.

**▼ AT and CVT models**

- 1) Operation indicator
- 2) Push-button ignition switch

When the push-button ignition switch is pressed while depressing the brake pedal, the engine will start. The starting procedure of the engine is as follows.

1. Carry the access key, and sit in the driver's seat.
2. Apply the parking brake.
3. Shift the select lever in the "P" position. The engine can also start when the select lever is in the "N" position, however, for safety reasons, start in the "P" position.
4. Depress the brake pedal until the operation indicator on the push-button ignition switch turns green. When starting with the select lever in the "N" position, the indicator does not turn green.

5. While depressing the brake pedal, press the push-button ignition switch.

**NOTE**

- In case the engine does not start by the normal engine start procedure, move the select lever to the "P" position, and switch the power to "Acc". Depress the brake pedal, and press the push-button ignition switch for at least 15 seconds. The engine may start. Only use this engine start procedure in case of emergency.
- When the engine is not started, the brake pedal may feel stiff. In such a case, depress the brake pedal more forcefully than usual. Check that the operation indicator on the push-button ignition switch turns green, and press the push-button ignition switch to start the engine.
- For non-turbo models, to protect the engine/transmission while the select lever is in the "P" or "N" position, the engine is controlled so that the engine speed may not become too high even if the accelerator pedal is depressed hard.

**■ Stopping engine**

1. Stop the vehicle completely.
2. Move the select lever to the "P" position (AT and CVT models).
3. Press the push-button ignition switch. The engine will stop, and the power will be switched to "OFF".

**WARNING**

- Do not touch the push-button ignition switch during driving.

When the push-button ignition switch is pressed for 3 seconds or longer, the engine will stop. When the engine stops, the brake booster will not function. A greater foot pressure will be required on the brake pedal.

The power steering system will not operate either. A greater force will be required to steer, and it may result in an unexpected accident.

- If the engine stops during driving, do not operate the push-button ignition switch or open any of the doors until the vehicle is stopped in a safe location. It is dangerous because the steering lock may be activated. Stop the vehicle in a

– CONTINUED –

safe place, and we recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer immediately.

**CAUTION**

For AT and CVT models:

- Do not stop the engine while the select lever is in a position other than the “P” position.
- If the engine is stopped while the select lever is in a position other than the “P” position, the power will be in “Acc”. If the vehicle is left in this condition, the battery may be discharged.

**NOTE**

By pressing the push-button ignition switch for 3 seconds or longer during driving, the engine can be stopped. Do not stop the engine during driving except in an emergency.

**■ When access key does not operate properly**

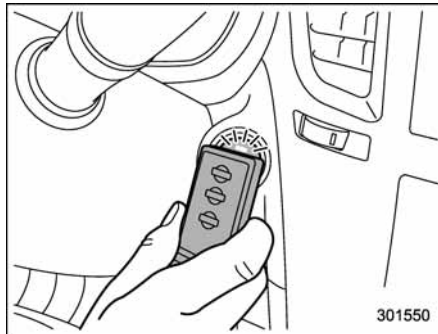
If the engine start procedures cannot be operated because of strong radio noise in the surrounding area or low battery of the access key, try the following to start the

engine. When the battery of the access key is discharged, replace it with a new one.

**▼ Starting engine when access key does not operate properly**

When operating in a location with strong radio noise, or when the battery of the access key is low, the power can be switched to “ON” and the engine can be started by the push-button ignition switch in the following procedures.

1. Apply the parking brake.
2. Shift the shift lever in neutral (MT models) or the select lever in the “P” position (AT and CVT models).
3. Depress the brake pedal.
4. Depress the clutch pedal (MT models).



5. Hold the access key with the buttons

facing you, and touch the push-button ignition switch with it.

When the communication between the access key and the vehicle is completed, a chime (ding) will sound, and the operation indicator on the push-button ignition switch illuminates in green.

6. Within 5 seconds after the operation indicator illuminates in green, while depressing the brake pedal (all models) and the clutch pedal (MT models), press the push-button ignition switch.

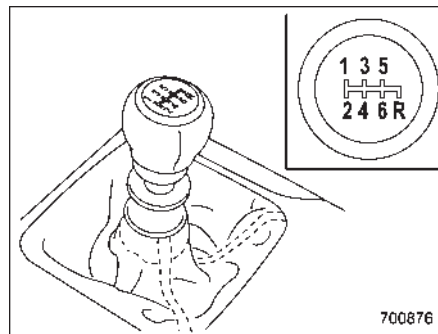
**CAUTION**

Keep metallic objects, magnetic sources and signal transmitters away from between the access key and the push-button ignition switch. They may interfere with the communication between the access key and the push-button ignition switch.

**NOTE**

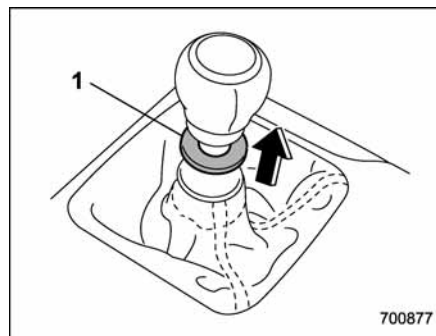
If the engine does not start even though the above procedure was followed precisely, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

## Manual transmission



The manual transmission is a fully synchromeshed, 6-forward-speed and 1-reverse-speed transmission.

The shift pattern is shown on the shift lever knob.



### 1) Slider

You must raise the slider and hold it in that position before you move the shift lever to the "R" position.

To change gears, fully depress the clutch pedal, move the shift lever, and gradually let up on the clutch pedal.

If it is difficult to shift into gear, put the transmission in neutral, release the clutch pedal momentarily, and then try again.

## WARNING

Do not drive the vehicle with the clutch disengaged (i.e., when the clutch pedal is depressed) or with the shift lever in the neutral position. Engine braking has no effect in either of these conditions and the risk of an accident is consequently increased.

## CAUTION

Shift into reverse **ONLY** when the vehicle has completely stopped. It may cause damage to the transmission to try shifting into reverse when the vehicle is moving.

## **Shifting speeds**

### **Recommended shifting speeds**

The best compromise between fuel economy and vehicle performance during normal driving is ensured by shifting up at the speeds listed in the following table.

| Shift up   | km/h (mph) |
|------------|------------|
| 1st to 2nd | 24 (15)    |
| 2nd to 3rd | 40 (25)    |
| 3rd to 4th | 64 (40)    |
| 4th to 5th | 72 (45)    |
| 5th to 6th | 80 (50)    |

### **Maximum allowable speeds**

The following table shows the maximum speeds that are possible with each different gear. The tachometer's needle will enter the red area if these speeds are exceeded.

With the exception of cases where sudden acceleration is required, the vehicle should not be driven with the tachometer's needle inside the red area. Failure to observe this precaution can lead to excessive engine wear and poor fuel economy.

| Gear | Sedan, Wagon         |                        |                    |                      | OUTBACK              |                      |
|------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|      | Petrol engine models |                        |                    | Diesel engine models | Petrol engine models | Diesel engine models |
|      | 2.0 L models         | 2.5 L non-turbo models | 2.5 L turbo models |                      |                      |                      |
| 1st  | 51 (31)              | 52 (32)                | 56 (35)            | 39 (24)              | 51 (32)              | 39 (24)              |
| 2nd  | 90 (56)              | 92 (57)                | 100 (62)           | 78 (48)              | 92 (57)              | 77 (48)              |
| 3rd  | 136 (84)             | 138 (86)               | 151 (94)           | 128 (80)             | 138 (85)             | 128 (79)             |
| 4th  | 181 (113)            | 184 (114)              | 201 (125)          | 174 (108)            | 184 (114)            | 173 (108)            |
| 5th  | 214 (133)            | 217 (135)              | 251 (156)          | 215 (134)            | 217 (134)            | 215 (133)            |
| 6th  | Top speed            | Top speed              | Top speed          | Top speed            | Top speed            | Top speed            |

### **NOTE**

**Never exceed posted speed limits.**

**WARNING**

When shifting down a gear, ensure that the vehicle is not travelling at a speed exceeding the **Maximum Allowable Speed** for the gear which is about to be selected. Failure to observe this precaution can lead to engine over-revving and this in turn can result in engine damage.

In addition, sudden application of engine brakes when the vehicle is travelling on a slippery surface can lead to wheel locking; as a consequence, control of the vehicle may be lost and the risk of an accident increased.

**■ Driving tips**

Do not drive with your foot resting on the clutch pedal and do not use the clutch to hold your vehicle at a standstill on an upgrade. Either of those actions may cause clutch damage.

Do not drive with your hand resting on the shift lever. This may cause wear on the transmission components.

When it is necessary to reduce vehicle speed due to slow traffic, turning corners, or driving up steep hills, downshift to a

lower gear before the engine starts to labor.

On steep downgrades, downshift the transmission to 5th, 4th, 3rd or 2nd gear as necessary; this helps to maintain a safe speed and to extend brake pad life.

In this way, the engine provides a braking effect. Remember, if you “ride” (over use) the brakes while descending a hill, they may overheat and not work properly.

The engine may, on rare occasions, knock when the vehicle rapidly accelerates or rapidly pulls away from a standstill. This phenomenon does not indicate a problem.

**Automatic transmission/Continuously variable transmission**

The automatic transmission is electronically controlled and provides 5 forward speeds and 1 reverse speed. The continuously variable transmission is electronically controlled and provides an infinite number of forward speeds and 1 reverse speed.

Both the automatic transmission and continuously variable transmission have a manual mode.

**WARNING**

Do not shift from the “P” or “N” position into the “D” or “R” position while depressing the accelerator pedal. This may cause the vehicle to jump forward or backward.

**CAUTION**

- Shift into the “P” or “R” position only after the vehicle is completely stopped. Shifting while the vehicle is moving may cause damage to the transmission.
- Do not race the engine for more



than 5 seconds in any position except the “N” or “P” position when the brake is applied or when chocks are used in the wheels. This may cause the transmission fluid to overheat.

- Avoid shifting from one of the forward driving positions into the “R” position or vice versa until the vehicle has completely stopped. Such shifting may cause damage to the transmission.
- When parking the vehicle, first securely apply the parking brake and then place the select lever in the “P” position. Avoid parking for a long time with the select lever in any other position as doing so could result in a dead battery.

## NOTE

• For AT models, when the engine coolant temperature is still low, the transmission will upshift to higher engine speeds than when the coolant temperature is sufficiently high in order to shorten the warm-up time and improve driveability. The gearshift timing will automatically shift to the nor-

mal timing after the engine has warmed up.

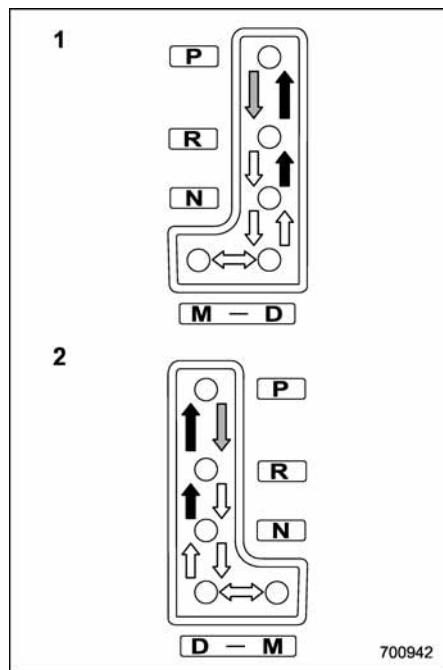
• Immediately after transmission fluid is replaced, you may feel that the transmission operation is somewhat unusual. This results from invalidation of data which the on-board computer has collected and stored in memory to allow the transmission to shift at the most appropriate times for the current condition of your vehicle. Optimized shifting will be restored as the vehicle continues to be driven for a while.

• When driving a vehicle that is equipped with CVT under continuous heavy load conditions such as towing a camper or climbing a long, steep hill, the engine speed or the vehicle speed may automatically be reduced. This is not a malfunction. This phenomenon results from the engine control function maintaining the cooling performance of the vehicle. The engine and vehicle speed will return to a normal speed when the engine is able to maintain the optimum cooling performance after the heavy load decreases. Driving under a heavy load must be performed with extreme care. Do not try to pass a vehicle in front when driving on an uphill slope while towing.

• The continuously variable transmission is a chain type system that

provides superior transmission efficiency for maximum fuel economy. At times, depending on varying driving conditions, a chain operating sound may be heard that is characteristic of this type of system.

## ■ Select lever



- ➡ : With the brake pedal depressed, shift while pressing the button in
- ➡ : Shift while pressing the button in
- ➡ : Shift without pressing the button

- 1) Left-hand drive models
- 2) Right-hand drive models

The select lever has four positions, “P”, “R”, “N”, “D” and also has manual gate for using the manual mode.

### ▼ P (Park)

This position is for parking the vehicle and starting the engine.

In this position, the transmission is mechanically locked to prevent the vehicle from rolling freely.

When you park the vehicle, first apply the parking brake, then shift into the “P” position. Do not hold the vehicle with only the transmission.

To shift the selector lever from the “P” position to any other position, you have to depress the brake pedal fully then push the release button on the selector lever when the ignition switch is in the “ON” position. This prevents the vehicle from lurching when it is started.

### ▼ R (Reverse)

This position is for backing the vehicle.

To shift from the “N” to “R” position, stop the vehicle completely then move the lever to the “R” position while pushing the release button.

When the ignition switch has been turned to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position, movement of the select lever from the “N” to “R”

position is possible for a limited time period by depressing the brake pedal, and then it becomes impossible. For details, refer to “Shift lock function” 7-22.

### ▼ N (Neutral)

This position is for restarting a stalled engine.

In this position the wheels and transmission are not locked. In this position, the transmission is neutral; the vehicle will roll freely, even on the slightest incline unless the parking brake or foot brake is applied. Avoid coasting with the transmission in neutral. Engine braking has no effect in this condition.

## NOTE

**If the select lever is in the “N” position when you stop the engine for parking, you may not subsequently be able to move it to the “R” and “P” positions. If this happens, turn the ignition switch to the “ON” position. You will then be able to move the select lever to the “P” position.**



## WARNING

**Do not drive the vehicle with the select lever in the “N” (neutral) position. Engine braking has no effect in this condition and the risk**

of an accident is consequently increased.

### ▼ D (Drive)

This position is for normal driving. The transmission automatically shifts into a suitable gear according to the vehicle speed and the acceleration you require.

When more acceleration is required in this position, depress the accelerator pedal fully to the floor and hold that position. The transmission will automatically downshift. When you release the pedal, the transmission will return to the original gear position.

To use the manual mode, move the lever from this position into the manual gate.

### NOTE

**For models with SI-DRIVE:**

**When depressing the brake pedal with the select lever in the “D” position after the vehicle has completely stopped, the transmission automatically shifts to neutral. Before driving again, the transmission will engage again approximately 1 second after the brake pedal is released.**

### ▽ While climbing a grade

When driving up a hill, undesired upshift is prevented from taking place when the accelerator is released. This minimizes the chance of subsequent downshifting to a lower gear when accelerating again. This prevents repeated upshifting and downshifting resulting in a smoother operation of the vehicle.

### NOTE

**The transmission may downshift, depending on the way the accelerator pedal is depressed to accelerate the vehicle again.**

### ▽ While going down a hill (AT models)

When you are descending a hill or any other slope while braking with the “S” mode or “S#” mode selected, the transmission may downshift to 4th or 3rd gear depending on how hard you depress the brake pedal, causing engine braking to work. Reacceleration for a short time will cause the transmission to upshift normally.

### ■ Shift lock function

The shift lock function helps prevent the improper operation of the select lever.

- The select lever cannot be operated unless the ignition switch is turned to the “ON” position and the brake pedal is

depressed.

- The select lever cannot be moved from the “P” position to any other position before the brake pedal is depressed. Depress the brake pedal first, and then operate the select lever.

- Only the “P” position allows you to turn the key from the “Acc” position to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position and remove the key from the ignition key cylinder.

- If the ignition switch is turned to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position while the select lever is in the “N” position, the select lever may not be moved to the “P” position after a period of time. Therefore, move the select lever to the “P” position with the brake pedal depressed soon after the ignition switch is turned to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position.

### ▼ Shift lock release

If the select lever cannot be operated, turn the ignition switch back to the “ON” position then move the select lever to the “P” position with the select lever button pressed and brake pedal depressed.

If the select lever does not move after performing the above procedure, perform the following steps.

- **When the select lever cannot be shifted from “P” to “N”:**

Refer to “Shift lock release using the shift lock release button” 7-23.

- **When the select lever cannot be shifted from “N” to “R”, “P”:**

Within 60 seconds after placing the ignition switch in the “Acc” position, move the select lever to the “P” position with the select lever button pressed and brake pedal depressed.

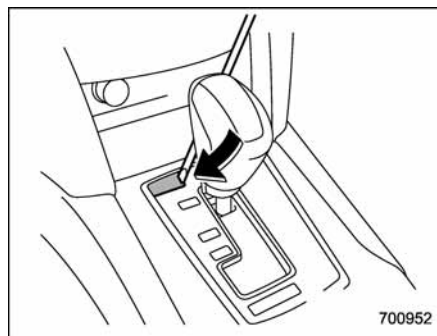
If you must perform the above procedure, the shift lock system (or the vehicle control system) may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer for an inspection as soon as possible.

If the select lever does not move after performing the above procedure, refer to “Shift lock release using the shift lock release button” 7-23.

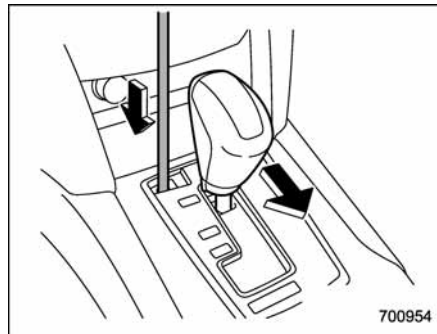
### ▼ Shift lock release using the shift lock release button

Perform the following procedure to release the shift lock.

1. Apply the parking brake and stop the engine.



2. Remove the shift lock cover using a flat-head screwdriver.



3. While depressing the brake pedal, insert the electronic parking brake release tool into the hole, press the shift lock release button using the tool, and then

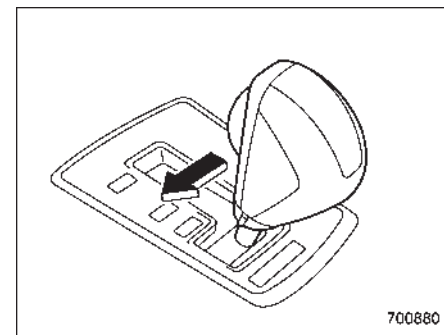
move the select lever.

## NOTE

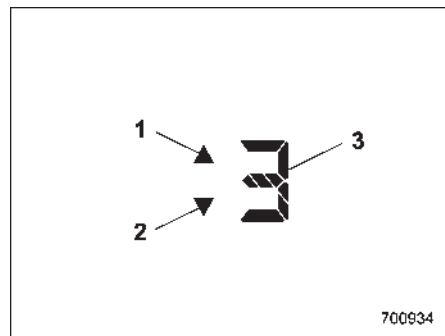
To prevent damage to the shift lock cover, cover the tip of the flat-head screwdriver with vinyl tape or a cloth before removing the cover.

If the select lever does not move after performing the above procedure, the shift lock system may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you contact a SUBARU dealer for an inspection as soon as possible.

## ■ Selection of manual mode



With the vehicle either moving or stationary, move the select lever from the “D” position to the “M” position to select the manual mode.

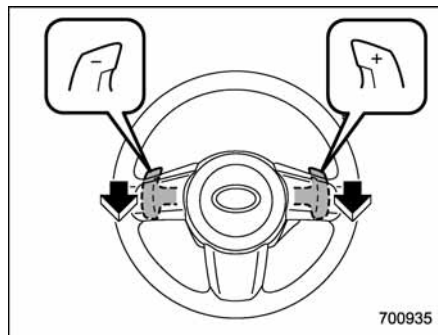


- 1) Upshift indicator
- 2) Downshift indicator
- 3) Gear position indicator

When the manual mode is selected, the gear position indicator and upshift indicator and/or downshift indicator on the combination meter illuminate. The gear position indicator shows the currently selected gear in the 1st-to-5th-gear range (AT models) or 1st-to-6th gear range (CVT models). The upshift and downshift indicators show when a gearshift is possible. When the upshift indicator “ $\triangle$ ” is on, upshifting is possible. When the downshift indicator “ $\nabla$ ” is on, downshifting is possible. When both indicators are on, upshifting and downshifting are both possible. When the vehicle stops (for example, at traffic signals), the downshift indicator

turns off.

Gearshifts can be performed using the paddle shift switch behind the steering wheel.



Pull the “+” of the paddle shift to upshift one level. Also pull the “-” of the paddle shift to downshift one level.

To deselect the manual mode, return the select lever to the “D” position from the “M” position.

While driving with the select lever in the “D” position, if you change gears by paddle shifting, the gear position indicator light illuminates and shows the current gear condition.



**CAUTION**

**Do not place or hang anything on**

the paddle shift levers. Doing so may result in accidental gear shifting.

## NOTE

Please read the following points carefully and bear them in mind when using the manual mode.

- If you attempt to shift down when the engine speed is too high, i.e., when a downshift would push the tachometer needle beyond the red zone, beeps will be emitted to warn you that the downshift is not possible.
- If you attempt to shift up when the vehicle speed is too low, the transmission will not respond.
- You can perform a skip-shift (for example, from 4th to 2nd) by operating the paddle switch twice in rapid succession.
- The transmission automatically selects 1st gear when the vehicle stops moving.
- If the temperature of the transmission fluid becomes too high, the “AT OIL TEMP” warning light will illuminate. Immediately stop the vehicle in a safe place and let the engine idle until the warning light turns off.

## ■ Driving tips

- On a road surface where there is a risk of wheelspin (for example, a snow- or gravel-covered road), you can pull away from a standstill (safely and easily) by first selecting the 2nd gear of the manual mode.
- Always apply the foot or parking brake when the vehicle is stopped in the "D" or "R" position.
- Always apply the parking brake when parking your vehicle. Do not hold the vehicle with only the transmission.
- Do not keep the vehicle in a stationary position on an uphill grade by using the "D" position. Use the brake instead.
- The engine may, on rare occasions, knock when the vehicle rapidly accelerates or rapidly pulls away from a standstill. This phenomenon does not indicate a malfunction.
- A slight reduction in output torque may occur in the models with a 2.5 L turbo or 3.6 L engine before the engine warms up.

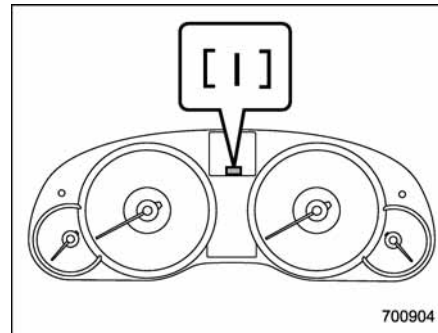
## SI-DRIVE (if equipped)

SI-DRIVE (SUBARU Intelligent Drive) works to maximize engine performance, control and efficiency.

This system consists of three modes: Intelligent (I), Sport (S), and Sport Sharp (S#). By adjusting the SI-DRIVE selector, the character of the power unit changes.

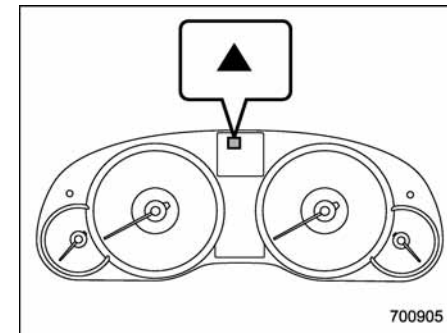
### ■ Intelligent (I) mode

#### ▼ For smooth, efficient performance driving



The Intelligent (I) mode provides well-balanced performance with greater fuel efficiency and smooth driveability without stress. Power delivery is moderate during acceleration for maximum fuel efficiency.

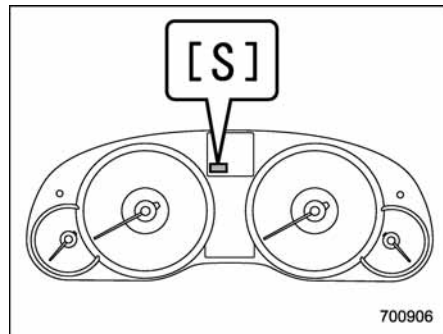
This is ideal for around-town driving and situations that do not require full power output. It provides better control in difficult driving conditions, such as slippery roads or loose surfaces, due to gentler throttle response.



For MT models, when Intelligent (I) mode is selected, a shift-up indicator "▲" on the combination meter will blink to signal the best time to shift gears for maximum fuel efficiency.

## ■ Sport (S) mode

### ▼ For all-around performance driving

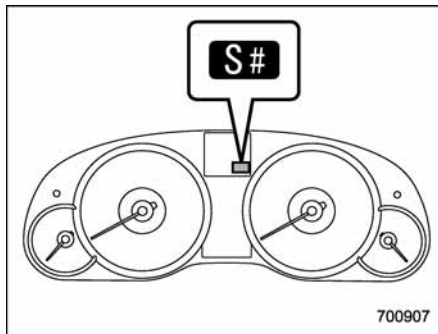


The Sport (S) mode provides the engine power desired by those who want to make the driving experience their own personal adventure.

The linear acceleration characteristic of this versatile mode is ideal for normal driving use.

## ■ Sport Sharp (S#) mode

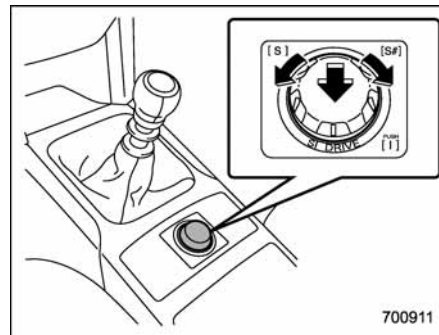
### ▼ For maximum performance driving



For sports-minded drivers, the Sport Sharp (S#) mode offers an exhilarating level of engine performance and control. The throttle becomes more responsive regardless of the engine speed. Delivering maximum driving enjoyment, this mode is ideal for tackling twisting roads and for merging or overtaking other vehicles on the freeway with confidence.

## ■ SI-DRIVE selector

When you rotate the SI-DRIVE selector to the left, the current SI-DRIVE mode changes to Sport (S) mode. When you rotate it to the right, the mode changes to Sport Sharp (S#) mode, and when you push it, the mode changes to Intelligent (I) mode. After performing this operation, the switch returns to its original location.



## NOTE

- The next time you turn on the engine, after you turned off the engine in the Sport Sharp (S#) mode, the SI-DRIVE mode changes to the Sport (S) mode.
- The next time you turn on the engine, after you turned off the engine in the Sport (S) mode or Intelligent (I) mode, the SI-DRIVE mode will stay in



the same mode as when the engine was turned off.

- While the engine is running, if the malfunction indicator lamp/CHECK ENGINE warning light illuminates, the SI-DRIVE mode changes to the Sport (S) mode. In this case, it is not possible to change to the Sport Sharp (S#) mode or Intelligent (I) mode.

- If there is a possibility that the engine could overheat because of a temperature increase of the engine coolant, it is not possible to change to the Sport Sharp (S#) mode. While the vehicle is in the Sport Sharp (S#) mode, it changes to the Sport (S) mode when the engine coolant temperature increases.

- If any of the SI-DRIVE indicators blink, the SI-DRIVE system may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

## Power steering

### ■ For 2.5 L turbo models and Australia petrol engine models

The vehicle is equipped with a hydraulic power steering system. The power steering system operates only when the engine is running. If you lose power steering assist because the engine stops or the system fails to function, you can steer but it will take much more effort.



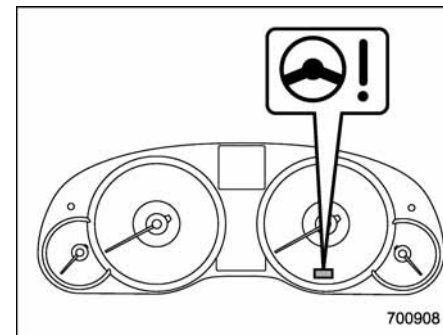
#### CAUTION

**Do not hold the steering wheel at the fully locked position left or right for more than 5 seconds. This may damage the power steering pump.**

### NOTE

Right after the engine has been started and before it has warmed up, you may hear a noise coming from areas adjacent to the power steering pump which is located at the right-front area of the engine compartment. This noise is normal. It does not indicate power steering system trouble.

### ■ For other models



#### Power steering warning light

The vehicle is equipped with an electric power steering system. When the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position, the power steering warning light on the combination meter illuminates to inform the driver that the warning system is functioning properly. Then, if the engine started, the warning light turns off after 2 seconds to inform the driver that the steering power assist is operational.



#### CAUTION

**When the power steering warning light is illuminated, there may be more resistance when the steering wheel is operated. We recommend**



that you drive carefully to the nearest SUBARU dealer and have the vehicle inspected immediately.

## NOTE

If the steering wheel is operated in the following ways, the power steering control system may temporarily limit the power assist in order to prevent the system components, such as the control computer and drive motor, from overheating.

- The steering wheel is operated frequently and widely while the vehicle is maneuvered at extremely low speeds, such as while frequently turning the steering wheel during parallel parking.
- The steering wheel remains in the fully turned position for a long period of time.

At this time, there will be more resistance to steering. However this is not a malfunction. Normal steering force will be restored after the steering wheel is not operated for a while, because the power steering control system cools down. However, if the power steering is operated in a non-standard way such as by causing power assist limitation too frequently, the power steering control system may result in a malfunction.

## Braking

### ■ Braking tips



#### WARNING

Never rest your foot on the brake pedal while driving. This can cause dangerous overheating of the brakes and needless wear on the brake pads and linings.

#### ▼ When the brakes get wet

When driving in rain or after washing the vehicle, the brakes may get wet. As a result, brake stopping distance will be longer. To dry the brakes, drive the vehicle at a safe speed while lightly depressing the brake pedal to heat up the brakes.

#### ▼ Use of engine braking

Remember to make use of engine braking in addition to foot braking. When descending a grade, if only the foot brake is used, the brakes may start working improperly because of brake fluid overheating, caused by overheated brake pads. To help prevent this, shift into a lower gear to get stronger engine braking.

### ▼ Braking when a tire is punctured

Do not depress the brake pedal suddenly when a tire is punctured. This could cause a loss of control of the vehicle. Keep driving straight ahead while gradually reducing speed. Then slowly pull off the road to a safe place.

## ■ Brake system

### ▼ Two separate circuits

Your vehicle has two separate circuit brake systems. Each circuit works diagonally across the vehicle. If one circuit of the brake system should fail, the other half of the system still works. If one circuit fails, the brake pedal will go down much closer to the floor than usual and you will need to press it down much harder. And a much longer distance will be needed to stop the vehicle.

### ▼ Brake booster

The brake booster uses engine manifold vacuum to assist braking force. Do not turn off the engine while driving because that will turn off the brake booster, resulting in poor braking power.

The brakes will continue to work even when the brake booster completely stops functioning. If this happens, however, you will have to depress the pedal much

harder than normal and the braking distance will increase.

### ▼ Brake assist system



#### WARNING

**Do not be overconfident about the brake assist. It is not a system that brings more braking ability to the vehicle beyond its braking capability. Always use the utmost care when driving regarding vehicle speed and safe distance.**



#### CAUTION

**When you need to brake suddenly, continue depressing the brake pedal strongly to bring the effect of the brake assist.**

Brake assist is a driver assistance system. It assists the brake power when the driver cannot depress the brake pedal strongly and the brake power is insufficient.

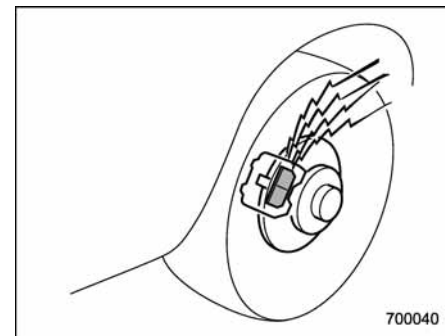
Brake assist generates the brake power according to the speed at which the driver depresses the brake pedal.

## NOTE

When you depress the brake pedal strongly or suddenly, the following phenomena occur. However, even though these occur, they do not indicate any malfunctions, and the brake assist system is operating properly.

- You might feel that the brake pedal is applied by lighter force and generates a greater braking force.
- You might hear sound of the ABS operating from the engine compartment.

## ■ Disc brake pad wear warning indicators



The disc brake pad wear warning indicators on the front right and rear right disc

brakes give a warning noise when the brake pads are worn.

If a squeaking or scraping noise is heard from the disc brakes while braking, we recommend that you immediately have your vehicle checked by your SUBARU dealer.

## **ABS (Anti-lock Brake System)**

The ABS system prevents the lock-up of wheels which may occur during sudden braking or braking on slippery road surfaces. This helps prevent the loss of steering control and directional stability caused by wheel lock-up.

When the ABS system is operating, you may hear a chattering noise or feel a slight vibration in the brake pedal. This is normal when the ABS operates.

The ABS system will not operate when the vehicle speed is below approximately 10 km/h (6 mph).



### **WARNING**

**Always use the utmost care in driving – overconfidence because you are driving with an ABS equipped vehicle could easily lead to a serious accident.**



### **CAUTION**

- **The ABS system does not always decrease stopping distance. You should always maintain a safe following distance from other**

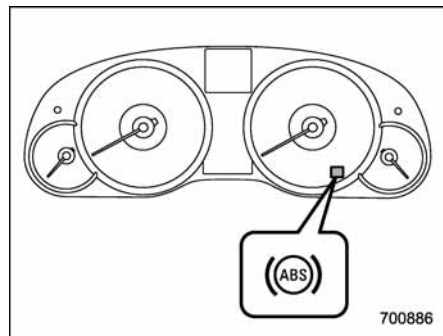
vehicles.

- **When driving on badly surfaced roads, gravel roads, icy roads, or over deep newly fallen snow, stopping distances may be longer for a vehicle with the ABS system than one without. When driving under these conditions, therefore, reduce your speed and leave ample distance from other vehicles.**
- **When you feel the ABS system operating, you should maintain constant brake pedal pressure. Do not pump the brake pedal since doing so may defeat the operation of the ABS system.**

## **■ ABS system self-check**

Just after the vehicle is started, you may feel on the brake pedal a vibration similar to when the ABS operates, and you may also hear the sound of the ABS working from the engine compartment. This is caused by an automatic functional test of the ABS system being carried out and does not indicate any abnormal condition.

## ■ ABS warning light



The ABS warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds.

This is an indication that the ABS system is working properly.

When driving with an insufficient battery voltage such as when the engine is jump started, the ABS warning light may illuminate. This is due to the low battery voltage and does not indicate a malfunction. When the battery becomes fully charged, the light will turn off.



### CAUTION

- If any of the following conditions occur, we recommend that you

have the ABS system repaired at the first available opportunity by your SUBARU dealer.

- The warning light does not illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position.
- The warning light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position, but it does not turn off even when the vehicle speed exceeds approximately 12 km/h (8 mph).
- The warning light illuminates during driving.
- The warning light flashes.
- When the warning light is on (and brake system warning light is off), the ABS function shuts down; however, the conventional brake system continues to operate normally.
- When the warning light is flashing, the ABS system may be malfunctioning. However, the conventional brake system continues to operate normally.

## NOTE

If the warning light behavior is as described below, the ABS system may be considered normal.

- The warning light illuminates right after the engine is started but turns off immediately, remaining off.
- The warning light remains illuminated after the engine has been started, but it turns off when the vehicle speed reaches approximately 12 km/h (8 mph).
- The warning light illuminates during driving, but it turns off immediately and remains off.

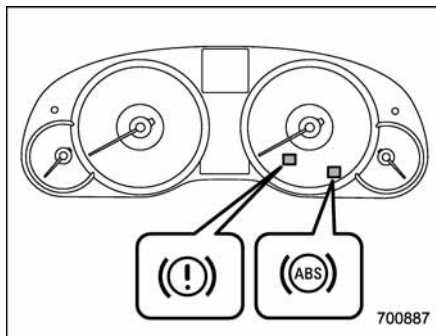
## Electronic Brake Force Distribution (EBD) system

The EBD system maximizes the effectiveness of the brakes by allowing the rear brakes to supply a greater proportion of the braking force. It functions by adjusting the distribution of braking force to the rear wheels in accordance with the vehicle's loading condition and speed.

The EBD system is an integral part of the ABS system and uses some of the ABS system's components to perform its function of optimizing the distribution of braking force. If any of the ABS components used by the EBD function fails, the EBD system also stops working.

When the EBD system is operating, you may hear a chattering noise or feel a slight vibration in the brake pedal. This is normal and does not indicate a malfunction.

### ■ Steps to take if EBD system fails



If a malfunction occurs in the EBD system, the system stops working and the brake system warning light and ABS warning light illuminate simultaneously.

The EBD system may be malfunctioning if the brake system warning light and ABS warning light illuminate simultaneously during driving.

Even if the EBD system fails, the conventional braking system will still function. However, the rear wheels will be more prone to locking when the brakes are applied harder than usual and the vehicle's motion may therefore become somewhat harder to control.

If the brake system warning light and ABS

warning light illuminate simultaneously, take the following steps.

1. Stop the vehicle in the nearest safe, flat place.
2. Shut down the engine, apply the parking brake, and then restart it.
3. Release the parking brake. If both warning lights turn off, the EBD system may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you drive carefully to the nearest SUBARU dealer and have the system inspected.
4. If both warning lights illuminate again and remain illuminated after the engine has been restarted, shut down the engine again, apply the parking brake, and check the brake fluid level. Refer to "Brake fluid" 11-37.
5. If the brake fluid level is not below the "MIN" mark, the EBD system may be malfunctioning. We recommend that you drive carefully to the nearest SUBARU dealer and have the system inspected.
6. If the brake fluid level is below the "MIN" mark, DO NOT drive the vehicle. Instead, we recommend that you have the vehicle towed to the nearest SUBARU dealer for repair.

**WARNING**

- Driving with the brake system warning light illuminated is dangerous. This indicates your brake system may not be working properly. If the light remains illuminated, we recommend that you have the brakes inspected by a SUBARU dealer immediately.
- If at all in doubt about whether the brakes are operating properly, do not drive the vehicle. We recommend that you have your vehicle towed to the nearest SUBARU dealer for repair.

**Vehicle Dynamics Control system****WARNING**

Always use the utmost care in driving – overconfidence because you are driving with a Vehicle Dynamics Control system equipped vehicle could easily lead to a serious accident.

**CAUTION**

- Even if your vehicle is equipped with Vehicle Dynamics Control, winter tires or snow chains should be used when driving on snow-covered or icy roads; in addition, vehicle speed should be reduced considerably. Simply having a Vehicle Dynamics Control system does not guarantee that the vehicle will be able to avoid accidents in any situation.
- Activation of the Vehicle Dynamics Control system is an indication that the road being travelled on has a slippery surface; since having Vehicle Dynamics Control is no guarantee

that full vehicle control will be maintained at all times and under all conditions, its activation should be seen as a sign that the speed of the vehicle should be reduced considerably.

- Whenever suspension components, steering components, or an axle are removed from a vehicle equipped with the Vehicle Dynamics Control system, we recommend that you have an inspection of that system performed by an authorized SUBARU dealer.
- The following precautions should be observed in order to ensure that the Vehicle Dynamics Control system is operating properly.
  - All four wheels should be fitted with tires of the same size, type, and brand. Furthermore, the amount of wear should be the same for all four tires.
  - Keep the tire pressure at the proper level as shown on the label attached to the vehicle's door pillar.
  - Use only the special temporary spare tire to replace a flat

tire. With a temporary spare tire, the effectiveness of the Vehicle Dynamics Control system is reduced and this should be taken into account when driving the vehicle in such a condition.

In the event of wheelspin and/or skidding on a slippery road surface and/or during cornering and/or an evasive maneuver, the Vehicle Dynamics Control system adjusts the engine's output and the wheels' respective braking forces to help maintain traction and directional control.

#### ● **Traction Control Function**

The traction control function is designed to prevent spinning of the driving wheels on slippery road surfaces, thereby helping to maintain traction and directional control. Activation of this function is indicated by flashing of the Vehicle Dynamics Control operation indicator light.

#### ● **Skid Suppression Function**

The skid suppression function is designed to help maintain directional stability by suppressing the wheels' tendency to slide sideways during steering operations. Activation of this function is indicated by flashing of the Vehicle Dynamics Control operation indicator light.

### **NOTE**

- Slight twitching of the brake pedal may be felt when the Vehicle Dynamics Control system operates; a small degree of vehicle or steering wheel shaking may also be noticed in this situation. These are normal characteristics of Vehicle Dynamics Control operation and are no cause for alarm.

- You may briefly hear an operating sound from the engine compartment when starting the engine and when driving off after starting the engine. This noise is generated as a result of a check being performed on the Vehicle Dynamics Control system and is normal.

- Depending on the timing of activation of the brakes, the brake pedal may seem to jolt when you drive off after starting the engine. This too is a consequence of the Vehicle Dynamics Control operational check and is normal.

- In the circumstances listed in the following, the vehicle may be more unstable than it feels to the driver. The Vehicle Dynamics Control System may therefore operate. Such operation does not indicate a system malfunction.

- on gravel-covered or rutted roads
- on unfinished roads
- when the vehicle is towing a trailer
- when the vehicle is fitted with snow tires or winter tires

- Activation of the Vehicle Dynamics Control system will cause operation of the steering wheel to feel slightly different compared to that for normal conditions.

- Even if the vehicle is equipped with a Vehicle Dynamics Control system, it is important that winter tires be used when driving on snow-covered or icy roads. (All four wheels should be fitted with tires of the same size and brand). Furthermore, if snow chains are to be used, they should be fitted on the front wheels. When a vehicle is fitted with snow chains, however, the effectiveness of the Vehicle Dynamics Control system is reduced and this should be taken into account when driving the vehicle in such a condition.

- It is always important to reduce speed when approaching a corner, even if the vehicle is equipped with Vehicle Dynamics Control.

- All four wheels should be fitted with tires of the same size, type, and brand;

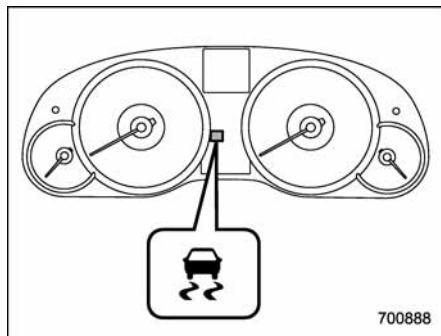


furthermore, the amount of wear should be the same for all four tires. If these precautions are not observed and non-matching tires are used, it is quite possible that the Vehicle Dynamics Control system will be unable to operate correctly as intended.

- Always turn off the engine before replacing a tire. Failure to do so may render the Vehicle Dynamics Control system unable to operate correctly.

## ■ Vehicle Dynamics Control system monitor

- ▼ Vehicle Dynamics Control warning light/Vehicle Dynamics Control operation indicator light



The light illuminates when the ignition

switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off several seconds after the engine has started. This lighting pattern indicates that the Vehicle Dynamics Control system is operating normally.

- ▼ Vehicle Dynamics Control warning light



## CAUTION

Because the Vehicle Dynamics Control system controls each brake through the ABS, whenever the ABS stops operating due to a malfunction in that electrical system, the Vehicle Dynamics Control will also become unable to control all four brakes. Thus Vehicle Dynamics Control system operation halts and the warning light illuminates. Although both the Vehicle Dynamics Control system and the ABS will be inoperable in this situation, it will still be possible to stop the vehicle using normal braking. The Vehicle Dynamics Control system and the ABS do not adversely affect operation of the vehicle in any way when they are inoperable. However should such a situation occur, drive with care and we recommend that you have an authorized SUBARU

**dealer carry out an inspection of those systems at the first available opportunity.**

## NOTE

- When a malfunction has occurred in the Vehicle Dynamics Control electrical system, only the warning light will illuminate. In such an event, the ABS will still be operating normally.
- The warning light will also illuminate when a problem occurs with the ABS or Vehicle Dynamics Control electronic control systems.

The following situations could indicate a malfunction of the Vehicle Dynamics Control system. If any of these situations occur, we recommend that you have an authorized SUBARU dealer carry out an inspection of the system at the first available opportunity.

- The warning light does not illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position.
- The warning light illuminates while the vehicle is being driven.

## NOTE

When the warning light turns on and off in the following way, it indicates that the Vehicle Dynamics Control system



is operating normally.

- Although illuminating after the engine has been started, the warning light quickly turns off and remains off.
- The warning light illuminates when the vehicle is being driven, it then turns off and remains off.

#### ▽ Vehicle Dynamics Control operation indicator light

The indicator light flashes during activation of the skid suppression function and during activation of the traction control function.

#### NOTE

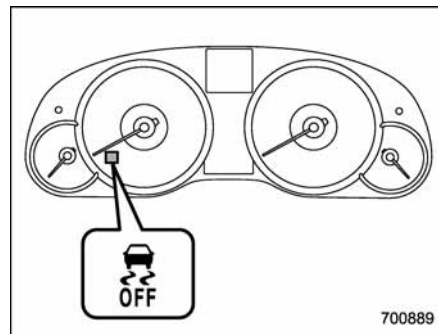
- The indicator light may remain illuminated for a while after the engine has been started, especially in cold weather. This occurs because the engine has not yet warmed up and is completely normal. The light will turn off when the engine has reached a suitable operating temperature.
- When an engine problem occurs and the malfunction indicator lamp/CHECK ENGINE warning light illuminates, the indicator light will also illuminate.

The following two situations could indicate malfunction of the Vehicle Dynamics Control system. If either of these situa-

tions occurs, we recommend that you have an authorized SUBARU dealer carry out an inspection of that system at the first available opportunity.

- The indicator light does not illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position.
- The indicator light fails to turn off after the engine is started, even when several minutes have passed to allow the engine to heat up sufficiently.

#### ▼ Vehicle Dynamics Control OFF indicator light



The light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 2 seconds. The light illuminates when the Vehicle Dynamics Control OFF switch is pressed to deactivate the Vehicle Dynamics Control system.

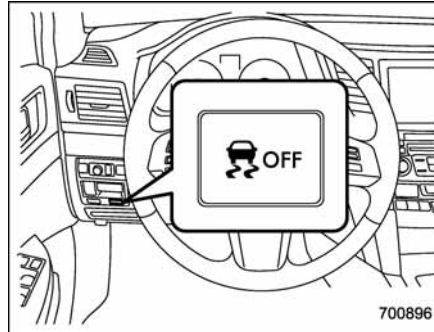
The following two situations could indicate a malfunction of the Vehicle Dynamics Control system. If either of these situations occurs, we recommend that you have an authorized SUBARU dealer carry out an inspection of that system at the first available opportunity.

- The indicator light does not illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to the

ON position.

- The indicator light does not turn off approximately 2 seconds after the ignition switch has been turned to the ON position.

### ■ Vehicle Dynamics Control OFF switch



Pressing the switch to deactivate the Vehicle Dynamics Control system can facilitate the following operations.

- a standing start on a steeply sloping road with a snowy, gravel-covered, or otherwise slippery surface
- extrication of the vehicle when its wheels are stuck in mud or deep snow

When the switch is pressed during engine operation, the Vehicle Dynamics Control OFF indicator light illuminates. The Vehicle Dynamics Control system will be deactivated. When the switch is pressed again to reactivate the Vehicle Dynamics Control system, the indicator light turns off.

You should not deactivate the Vehicle Dynamics Control system except under the above-mentioned situations.

### CAUTION

The Vehicle Dynamics Control system helps prevent unstable vehicle motion such as skidding using control of the brakes and engine power. Do not turn off the Vehicle Dynamics Control system unless it is absolutely necessary. If you must turn off the Vehicle Dynamics Control system, drive very carefully based on the road surface condition.

### NOTE

- When the switch has been pressed to deactivate the Vehicle Dynamics Control system, the Vehicle Dynamics Control system automatically reactivates itself the next time the ignition switch is turned to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position and the engine is restarted.
- If the switch is held down for 10 seconds or longer, the indicator light turns off, the Vehicle Dynamics Control system is activated, and the system ignores any further pressing of the switch. To make the switch usable again, turn the ignition switch to the

“LOCK”/“OFF” position and restart the engine.

- When the switch is pressed to deactivate the Vehicle Dynamics Control system, the vehicle's running performance is comparable with that of a vehicle that does not have a Vehicle Dynamics Control system. Do not deactivate the Vehicle Dynamics Control system except when absolutely necessary.

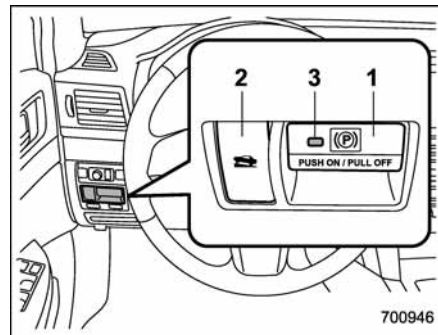
- Even when the Vehicle Dynamics Control system is deactivated, components of the brake control system may still activate. When the brake control system is activated, the Vehicle Dynamics Control operation indicator light illuminates.

## Parking your vehicle

### WARNING

- Never leave unattended children or pets in the vehicle. They could accidentally injure themselves or others through inadvertent operation of the vehicle. Also, on hot or sunny days, the temperature in a closed vehicle could quickly become high enough to cause severe or possibly fatal injuries to them.
- Do not park the vehicle over flammable materials such as dry grass, waste paper or rags, as they may burn easily if they come near hot engine or exhaust system parts.
- Be sure to stop the engine if you take a nap in the vehicle. If engine exhaust gas enters the passenger compartment, occupants in the vehicle could die from carbon monoxide (CO) contained in the exhaust gas.

## ■ Electronic parking brake



- 1) Parking brake switch
- 2) Hill Holder switch
- 3) Indicator light

### WARNING

- Before exiting the vehicle, make sure that you turn off the engine. Otherwise, the parking brake may be released and an accident may occur.
- If the electronic parking brake warning light illuminates, the electronic parking brake system may be malfunctioning. Immediately stop your vehicle in a safe location, use tire stops under the tires to prevent the vehicle from

moving and we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.



### CAUTION

- When the electronic parking brake system has a malfunction and the parking brake cannot be applied, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer immediately for an inspection. If you have to park your vehicle in such conditions, perform the following procedure.
  - Stop your vehicle in a flat location.
  - Shift the shift lever in the “1” or reverse position (MT models).
  - Shift the select lever in the “P” position (AT or CVT models). When the select lever cannot be shifted into the “P” position, you must release shift lock. Refer to “Shift lock function” 7-22.
  - Use tire stops under the tires to prevent the vehicle from moving.

- Never drive while the parking brake is applied because this will cause unnecessary wear on the brake linings. Before starting to drive, always make sure that the parking brake has been released and the brake system warning light has turned off.

Your vehicle is equipped with an electronic parking brake. You can apply/release the parking brake by operating the parking brake switch.

**To apply:** Depress the brake pedal and press the parking brake switch firmly.

**To release:** Pull the parking brake switch toward you while the ignition switch is in the “ON” position and the brake pedal is depressed.

When the parking brake is applied while the ignition switch is in the “ON” position, the brake system warning light and the indicator light on the parking brake switch illuminate. Refer to “Brake system warning light” 3-24.

### NOTE

- For MT models, the parking brake is released while depressing the clutch pedal. However, release the parking brake while depressing the brake pedal

for safety reasons.

- If the parking brake switch is pulled with the ignition switch in the “Acc” or “LOCK”/“OFF” position, the parking brake is not released.
- If the parking brake switch is pulled without depressing the brake pedal (all models) and/or clutch pedal (MT models), the parking brake is not released.
- The electronic parking brake system uses motors to apply the parking brake. Therefore, operating sounds from the motors will be heard when applying or releasing the parking brake. Make sure that the motor sounds are heard when applying or releasing the parking brake. Additionally, the motor sounds will be heard when operating the shift lever or the select lever or depressing the brake pedal. This is not a malfunction. The sounds will occur when the electronic parking brake system automatically controls the motors.
- When the electronic parking brake system has a malfunction or the electronic parking brake operation is prohibited temporarily, if the parking brake switch is operated, a chirp sound is heard and the brake system warning light flashes.
- When you cannot release the parking brake due to, for example, a system

– CONTINUED –

malfunction, you can release it by using the parking brake release tool. Refer to “Electronic parking brake – if the electronic parking brake cannot be released” 9-27.

#### ▼ Automatic release function by accelerator pedal

The electronic parking brake system has an automatic release function. The parking brake will be automatically released by depressing the accelerator pedal. However, the automatic release function does not operate under the following conditions.

- Any door is open.
- The driver's seatbelt is not fastened.

If the parking brake is automatically released, the brake system warning light and the indicator on the parking brake switch turn off.

#### NOTE

Even if you have applied the parking brake by pressing the parking brake switch, the parking brake will be automatically released when the accelerator pedal is depressed.

#### ▼ Hill Holder function

The electronic parking brake system has a Hill Holder function. If the Hill Holder function is activated, the parking brake will be automatically applied when stopping on an uphill slope with the brake pedal depressed. In this case, the brake system warning light and the indicator light on the parking brake switch illuminate.

#### NOTE

- The Hill Holder function may not activate on a gentle uphill slope. In this case, manually apply the electronic parking brake.
- If you do not depress the brake pedal sufficiently, the Hill Holder function may not operate properly. However, this is not a malfunction. When stopping on an uphill slope, depress the brake pedal firmly and release it after the brake system warning light illuminates.
- Depending on the condition of the road surface and braking force, the brakes operate temporarily and feel different than usual.
- When the electronic parking brake system has a malfunction while the Hill Holder function is activated, a chirp sound is heard, the Hill Holder indicator light turns off and the electronic

parking brake warning light illuminates.

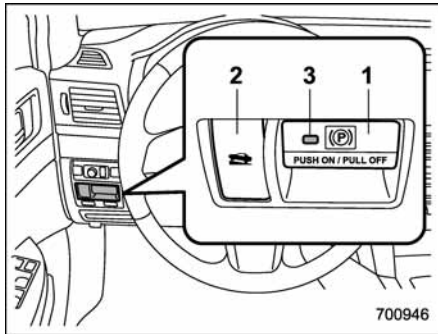
- The Hill Holder function does not reactivate when parking with the electronic parking brake released after the Hill Holder function is activated. If necessary, manually apply the electronic parking brake.
- If the seatbelt is not fastened when the Hill Holder function is activated, the vehicle may not start moving smoothly from a stop, or a noise may be heard from the brake components.

#### ▽ Hill Holder switch



#### WARNING

When stopping on an uphill slope with the Hill Holder function activated, release the brake pedal after the brake system warning light has illuminated. Otherwise, the Hill Holder function may not operate properly and an accident may occur.



- 1) Parking brake switch
- 2) Hill Holder switch
- 3) Indicator light

You can activate/deactivate the Hill Holder function by pressing the Hill Holder switch.

**To activate:** Press the Hill Holder switch.

**To deactivate:** Press the Hill Holder switch again.

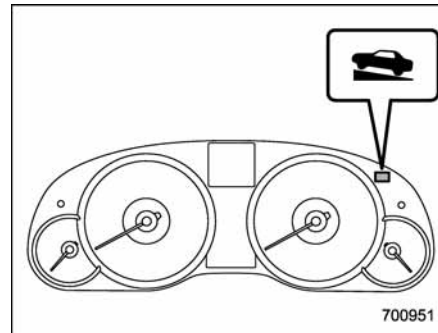
Deactivate the Hill Holder function under the following conditions.

- When towing a trailer
- When carrying a heavy load
- When you do not frequently use the parking brake when stopping on an uphill slope

## NOTE

- If the Hill Holder switch is pressed for more than 30 seconds, the Hill Holder indicator light turns off, electronic parking brake warning light illuminates and the system ignores any further pressing of the switch. To activate the switch again, turn the ignition switch to the “LOCK”/“OFF” position and restart the engine.
- When the Hill Holder function is deactivated while the Hill Holder function has a malfunction, if you press the Hill Holder switch, a chirp sounds.

## ▽ Hill Holder indicator light



When the Hill Holder function is activated, the Hill Holder indicator light illuminates. Refer to “Hill Holder indicator light” 3-27.

## ▼ Emergency brake

### ⚠ CAUTION

Use the emergency brake only in case of an emergency. If the emergency brake is excessively used, the brake parts will wear down faster or the brake may not work sufficiently due to rear wheel brake overheating.

## NOTE

While using the emergency brake, the brake system warning light and the indicator light on the parking brake switch illuminate and a chirp sounds.

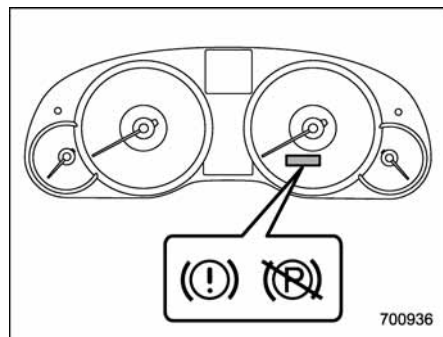
If the foot brake has a malfunction, you can stop the vehicle by pressing the parking brake switch continuously.

While applying the emergency brake, the brake system warning light and the indicator on the parking brake switch illuminate and a chirp sounds.

▼ **Electronic parking brake system warning**

**CAUTION**

If the brake system warning light flashes, the electronic parking brake system may be malfunctioning. Immediately stop your vehicle in the nearest safe location and we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.



If a malfunction occurs in the electronic parking brake system, the electronic parking brake warning light illuminates and/or the brake system warning light flashes. Refer to “Electronic parking brake system warning” 3-26 and “Electronic parking

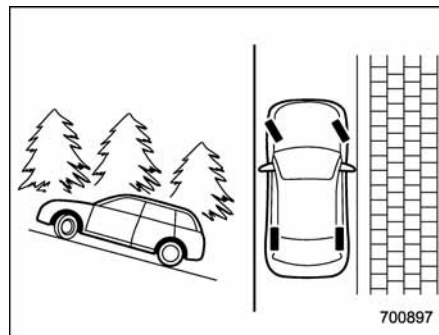
brake warning light” 3-26.

■ **Parking tips**

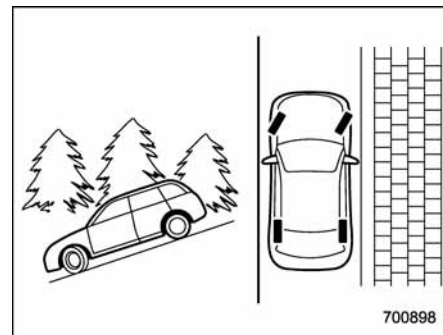
When parking your vehicle, always perform the following items.

- Apply the parking brake.
- For MT models, put the shift lever in the “1” (1st) for upgrade or “R” (Reverse) for a downgrade.
- For AT and CVT models, put the select lever in the “P” (Park) position.

Never rely on the transmission alone to hold the vehicle.



When parking on a hill, always turn the steering wheel. When the vehicle is headed up the hill, the front wheels should be turned away from the curb.



When facing downhill, the front wheels should be turned into the curb.



## Cruise control (if equipped)

Cruise control enables you to maintain a constant vehicle speed without holding your foot on the accelerator pedal and it is operative when the vehicle speed is 40 km/h (25 mph) or more.



### WARNING

Do not use the cruise control under any of the following conditions. These may cause loss of vehicle control.

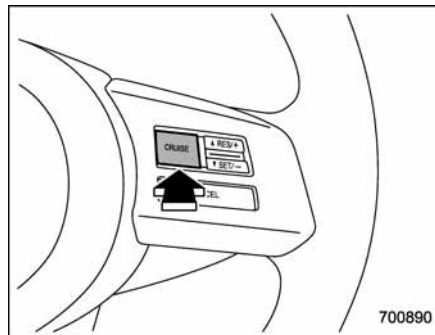
- driving up or down a steep grade
- driving on slippery or winding roads
- driving in heavy traffic
- towing a trailer

### NOTE

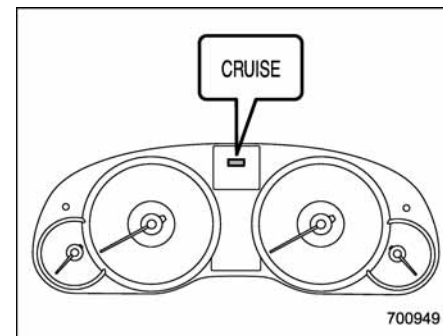
- If you press the “CRUISE” main switch button while turning the ignition switch “ON”, the cruise control function is deactivated and the cruise control indicator light flashes. To reactivate the cruise control function, turn the ignition switch back to the “Acc” or “LOCK”/“OFF” position, and then turn it again to the “ON” position.
- Make sure the “CRUISE” main

switch is turned off when the cruise control is not in use to avoid unintentionally setting of the cruise control.

### ■ To set cruise control

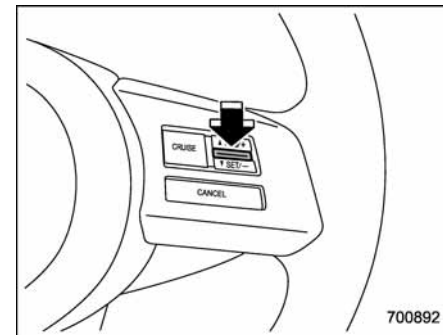


1. Press the “CRUISE” main switch button.



The cruise control indicator light on the combination meter will illuminate.

2. Depress the accelerator pedal until the vehicle reaches to the desired speed.

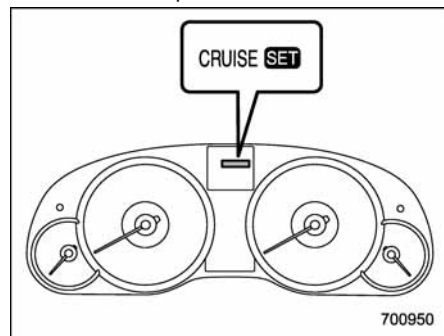


3. Press the “RES/SET” switch to the “SET” side and release it. Then release

– CONTINUED –



the accelerator pedal.



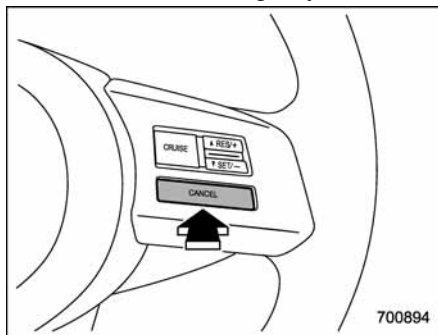
At this time, the cruise control set indicator light is illuminated on the combination meter.

The vehicle will maintain the desired speed.

Vehicle speed can be temporarily increased while driving with the cruise control activated. Simply depress the accelerator pedal to accelerate the vehicle. When the accelerator pedal is released, the vehicle will return to and maintain the previous cruising speed.

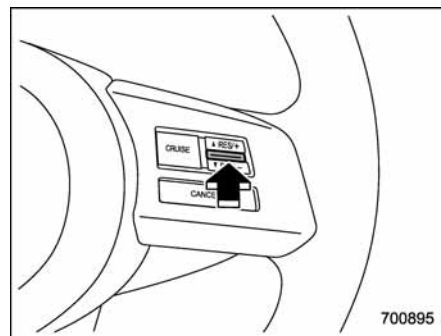
## ■ To temporarily cancel the cruise control

The cruise control can be temporarily canceled in the following ways.



- Press the "CANCEL" button.
- Depress the brake pedal.
- Depress the clutch pedal (MT models only).
- Shift the select lever into the "N" position (AT and CVT models only).
- Shift the shift lever into neutral position (MT models only).

The cruise control set indicator light on the combination meter turns off when the cruise control is canceled.



To resume the cruise control after it has been temporarily canceled and with vehicle speed of approximately 32 km/h (20 mph) or more, press the "RES/SET" switch to the "RES" side to return to the original cruising speed automatically.

The cruise control set indicator light on the combination meter will automatically illuminate at this time.

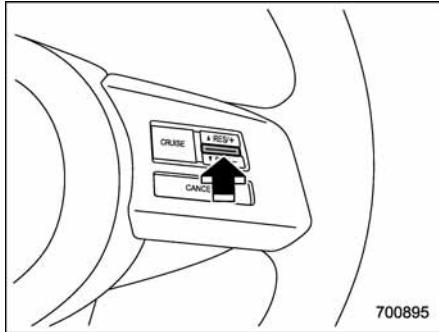
## ■ To turn off the cruise control

There are two ways to turn off the cruise control.

- Press the "CRUISE" main switch button again.
- Turn the ignition switch to the "Acc" or "LOCK"/"OFF" position (but only when the vehicle is completely stopped).

## ■ To change the cruising speed

### ▼ To increase the speed (by the “RES/SET” switch)



Press the “RES/SET” switch to the “RES” side and hold it until the vehicle reaches the desired speed. Then, release the switch. The vehicle speed at that moment will be memorized and treated as the new set speed.

### U.K. models

When the difference between the actual vehicle speed and the set speed is less than 4 mph (6.8 km/h), the set speed can be increased 1 mph (1.6 km/h) each time by pressing the “RES/SET” switch to the “RES” side quickly.

### Except U.K. models

When the difference between the actual vehicle speed and the set speed is less than 4.4 km/h (3 mph), the set speed can be increased 1 km/h (0.6 mph) each time by pressing the “RES/SET” switch to the “RES” side quickly.

### ▼ To increase the speed (by accelerator pedal)

1. Depress the accelerator pedal to accelerate the vehicle to the desired speed.
2. Press the “RES/SET” switch to the “SET” side once. Now the desired speed is set and the vehicle will keep running at that speed without depressing the accelerator pedal.

## NOTE

### ● U.K. models

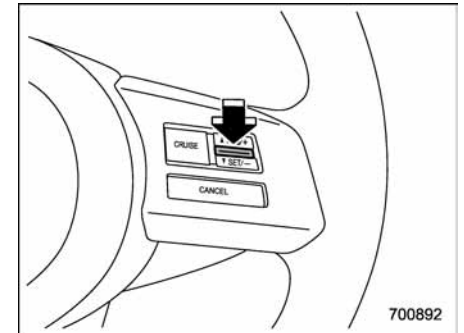
If the difference between the actual vehicle speed when the button is pressed and the speed last time you set is less than 4 mph (6.8 km/h), the vehicle speed will be lowered by 1 mph (1.6 km/h). This occurs because the cruise control system regards this operation as that intended to decrease the vehicle speed.

### ● Except U.K. models

If the difference between the actual

vehicle speed when the button is pressed and the speed last time you set is less than 4.4 km/h (3 mph), the vehicle speed will be lowered by 1 km/h (0.6 mph). This occurs because the cruise control system regards this operation as that intended to decrease the vehicle speed.

### ▼ To decrease the speed (by the “RES/SET” switch)



Press the “RES/SET” switch to the “SET” side and hold it until the vehicle reaches the desired speed. Then, release the switch. The vehicle speed at that moment will be memorized and treated as the new set speed.

### U.K. models

When the difference between the actual vehicle speed and the set speed is less than 4 mph (6.8 km/h), the set speed can be lowered 1 mph (1.6 km/h) each time by pressing the "RES/SET" switch to the "SET" side quickly.

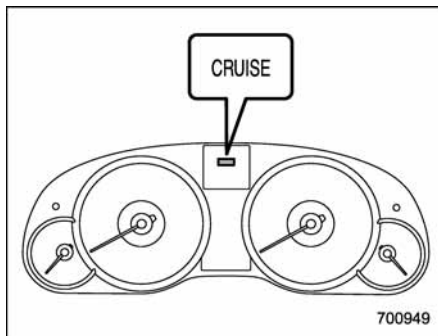
### Except U.K. models

When the difference between the actual vehicle speed and the set speed is less than 4.4 km/h (3 mph), the set speed can be lowered 1 km/h (0.6 mph) each time by pressing the "RES/SET" switch to the "SET" side quickly.

### ▼ To decrease the speed (by brake pedal)

1. Depress the brake pedal to release cruise control temporarily.
2. When the speed decreases to the desired speed, press the "RES/SET" switch to the "SET" side once. Now the desired speed is set and the vehicle will keep running at that speed without depressing the accelerator pedal.

### ■ Cruise control indicator light



The cruise control indicator light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 3 seconds.

The light illuminates when the "CRUISE" main switch is pressed.

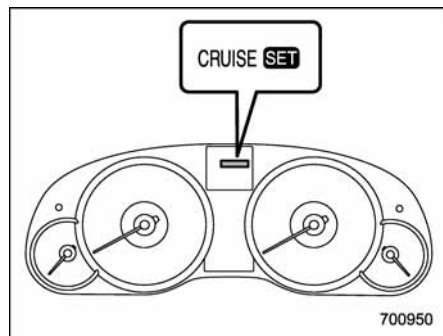
### NOTE

- If you press the "CRUISE" main switch button while turning the ignition switch "ON", the cruise control function is deactivated and the cruise control indicator light flashes. To reactivate the cruise control function, turn the ignition switch back to the "Acc" or "LOCK"/"OFF" position, and then turn it again to the "ON" position.
- If this indicator light and the mal-

function indicator lamp "C" flash simultaneously during driving, we recommend that you have the vehicle checked by your nearest SUBARU dealer.

- If this indicator light does not illuminate even when you press the "CRUISE" main switch, the cruise control system may not operate properly. We recommend that you have your vehicle checked by your nearest SUBARU dealer.

## ■ Cruise control set indicator light



The cruise control set indicator light illuminates when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and turns off after approximately 3 seconds.

The light illuminates when vehicle speed has been set.

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## **New vehicle break-in driving – the first 1,600 km (1,000 miles)**

The performance and long life of your vehicle are dependent on how you handle and care for your vehicle while it is new. Follow these instructions during the first 1,600 km (1,000 miles):

- For petrol engine models, do not allow the engine speed to exceed 4,000 rpm except in an emergency.
- For diesel engine models, do not allow the engine speed to exceed 3,500 rpm except in an emergency.
- Do not drive at one constant engine or vehicle speed for a long time, either fast or slow.
- Avoid starting suddenly and rapid acceleration, except in an emergency.
- Avoid hard braking, except in an emergency.

The same break-in procedures should be applied to an overhauled engine, newly mounted engine or when brake pads or brake linings are replaced with new ones.

## **Fuel economy hints**

The following suggestions will help to save your fuel.

- Select the proper gear position for the speed and road conditions.
- Avoid sudden acceleration or deceleration. Always accelerate gently until you reach the desired speed. Then try to maintain that speed for as long as possible.
- Do not pump the accelerator and avoid racing the engine.
- Avoid unnecessary engine idling.
- Keep the engine properly tuned.
- Keep the tires inflated to the correct pressure shown on the tire placard, which is located under the door latch on the driver's side. Low pressure will increase tire wear and fuel consumption.
- Use the air conditioner only when necessary.
- Keep the front and rear wheels in proper alignment.
- Avoid carrying unnecessary luggage or cargo.
- The indication of the ECO gauge shows a reference for saving fuel. For details, refer to "ECO gauge" 3-15.

## **Engine exhaust gas (carbon monoxide)**



### **WARNING**

- **Never inhale engine exhaust gas.** Engine exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which is dangerous, or even lethal, if inhaled.
- **Always properly maintain the engine exhaust system to prevent engine exhaust gas from entering the vehicle.**
- **Never run the engine in a closed space, such as a garage, except for the brief time needed to drive the vehicle in or out of it.**
- **Avoid remaining in a parked vehicle for a long time while the engine is running. If that is unavoidable, then use the ventilation fan to force fresh air into the vehicle.**
- **Always keep the front ventilator inlet grille free from snow, leaves or other obstructions to ensure that the ventilation system always works properly.**
- **If at any time you suspect that**

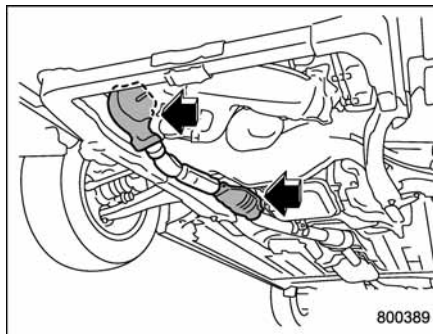
exhaust fumes are entering the vehicle, have the problem checked and corrected as soon as possible. If you must drive under these conditions, drive only with all windows fully open.

- Keep the trunk lid (Sedan) or rear gate (Station wagon) closed while driving to prevent exhaust gas from entering the vehicle.

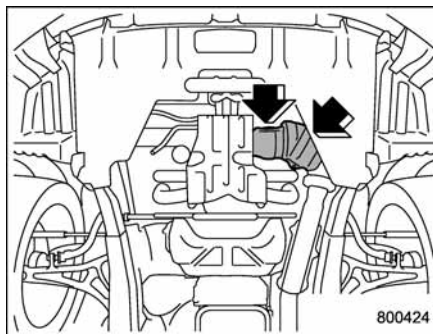
## NOTE

Due to the expansion and contraction of the metals used in the manufacture of the exhaust system, you may hear a crackling sound coming from the exhaust system for a short time after the engine has been shut off. This sound is normal.

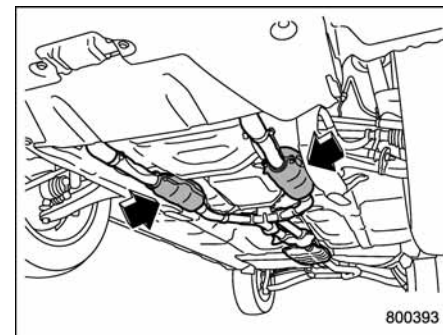
## Catalytic converter



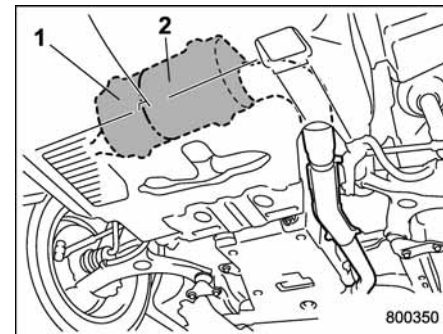
2.0 L and 2.5 L non-turbo models



2.5 L turbo petrol engine models



3.6 L models



**Diesel engine models**

- 1) Catalytic converter
- 2) Diesel particulate filter

The catalytic converter is installed in the exhaust system. It serves as catalyst to

reduce HC, CO and NO<sub>x</sub> in exhaust gases, thus providing cleaner exhaust.

To avoid damage to the catalytic converter:

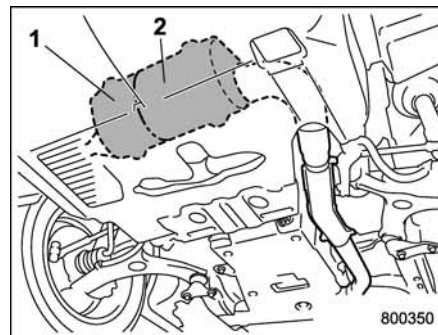
- For petrol engine models, use only unleaded petrol. Even a small amount of leaded fuel will damage the catalytic converter.
- For diesel engine models, use only diesel fuel with a specification of EN590 or an equivalent.
- Never start the engine by pushing or pulling the vehicle.
- Avoid racing the engine.
- Never turn off the ignition switch while the vehicle is moving.
- Keep your engine tuned-up. If you feel the engine running rough (misfiring, back-firing or incomplete combustion), we recommend that you have your vehicle checked and repaired by an authorized SUBARU dealer.
- Do not apply undercoating or rust prevention treatment to the heat shield of catalytic converter and the exhaust system.
- Do not drive with an extremely low fuel level.



### WARNING

- **Avoid fire hazards. Do not drive or park the vehicle anywhere near flammable materials (e.g. grass, paper, rags or leaves), because the catalytic converter operates at very high temperatures.**
- **Keep everyone and flammable materials away from the exhaust pipe while the engine is running. The exhaust gas is very hot.**

## Diesel particulate filter (diesel engine models)



- 1) Catalytic converter
- 2) Diesel particulate filter

The diesel particulate filter is a device that eliminates particulate matter in the exhaust gas of a diesel engine.

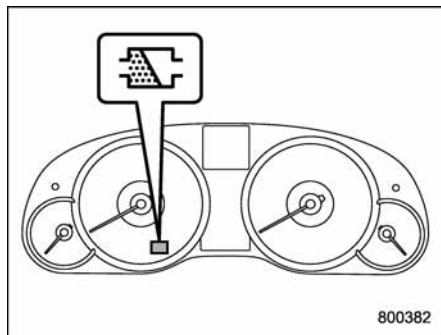
In most cases, the accumulated soot is automatically burned in the filter while driving. However, accumulated soot in the filter is not burned if you drive the vehicle under the following conditions.

- when the vehicle is continuously driven at 15 km/h (9 mph) or less
- when the vehicle is driven without sufficient preheating or the vehicle is repeatedly driven for only a short period



of time

- when the vehicle is idling for a long time



The diesel particulate filter warning light will illuminate when the accumulated particulate matter exceeds the specified limit. When the warning light illuminates, refer to "Diesel particulate filter warning light (diesel engine models)" 3-38.



### **WARNING**

- **Avoid fire hazards. Do not drive or park the vehicle anywhere near flammable materials (e.g., grass, paper, rags or leaves), because the diesel particulate filter operates at very high temperatures.**

- **Keep everyone and flammable materials away from the diesel particulate filter and exhaust pipe while the engine is running. The exhaust gas is very hot.**

### **NOTE**

- While the soot is burning in the diesel particulate filter, the driveability, engine revolutions, engine sound and smell of emission gas may change.
- If any service or maintenance is necessary for the diesel particulate filter, it should be performed by a well-trained expert. In some cases, the work requires maintenance of the on-board computer system using a special tool. Otherwise, the diesel particulate filter warning light will not operate properly. Therefore, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for service or maintenance of the diesel particulate filter. Fully trained mechanics are on standby at the SUBARU dealer to utilize the special tools and spare parts.

## **Periodic inspections**

To keep your vehicle in the best condition at all times, always have the recommended maintenance services listed in the maintenance schedule performed at the specified time or mileage intervals.

## Driving in foreign countries

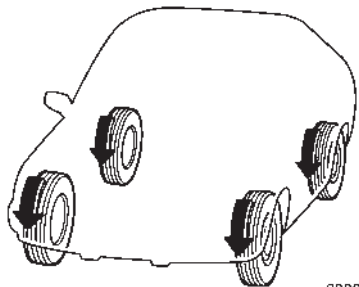
When planning to use your vehicle in another country:

- Confirm the availability of the correct fuel. Refer to "Fuel requirements for petrol engine" 7-2.
- Comply with all regulations and requirements of each country.

## Driving tips for AWD vehicles

### WARNING

- **Always maintain a safe driving speed according to the road and weather conditions in order to avoid having an accident on a sharp turn, during sudden braking or under other similar conditions.**
- **Always use the utmost care in driving – overconfidence because you are driving an All-Wheel Drive vehicle could easily lead to a serious accident.**



800004

### ■ All models except Outback

All-Wheel Drive distributes the engine power to all four wheels. AWD vehicles provide better traction when driving on slippery, wet or snow-covered roads and when moving out of mud, sand or dirt. These vehicles, however, are not designed for off road use. If you do this, the vehicles may experience excessive stress. AWD vehicles should be driven only under the same conditions suitable for ordinary front wheel drive vehicles.

For safety purpose as well as to avoid damaging the AWD system, you should keep the following tips in mind:

- An AWD vehicle is better able to climb steeper roads under snowy or slippery conditions than a front wheel drive vehicle. There is little difference in handling, however, during extremely sharp turns or sudden braking. Therefore, when driving down a slope or turning corners, be sure to reduce your speed and maintain an ample distance from other vehicles.
- Never attempt to drive through pools and puddles, or roads flooded with water. Water entering the engine air intake or the exhaust pipe or water splashing onto electrical parts may damage your vehicle and may cause it to stall.
- An AWD vehicle can be used to

traverse difficult areas covered with snow, mud and slush, or sand and dirt. It is, however, designed as an all-road vehicle and not as an all-terrain vehicle. For this reason, an AWD vehicle should be handled with as much care as an ordinary passenger vehicle.

- Always check your brakes for effectiveness immediately after driving in sand, mud or puddle. Do this by driving slowly and stepping on the brake pedal. Repeat that process several times to dry out the brake discs and brake pads.

- When replacing a tire, make sure you use only the same size, circumference, construction, brand, speed symbol and load index as the original tires listed on the tire placard. Using other sizes, circumferences or construction may result in severe mechanical damage to the drive train of your vehicle and may affect ride, handling, braking, speedometer/odometer calibration, and clearance between the body and tires. It also may be dangerous and lead to loss of vehicle control.

- Always check the cold tire pressure before starting to drive. The recommended tire pressure is provided on the tire placard, which is located on the door pillar on the driver's side.

- If you use a temporary spare tire to replace a flat tire, be sure to use the

original temporary spare tire stored in the vehicle. Using other sizes may result in severe mechanical damage to the drive train of your vehicle.

- Tire chains should always be placed on the front wheels only.

- Frequent driving of an AWD vehicle under hard-driving conditions such as steep hills or dusty roads will necessitate more frequent replacement of engine oil, brake fluid and transmission oil than that specified in "Maintenance schedule" ☞ 11-3.

- There are some precautions that you must observe when towing your vehicle. For detail information, refer to "Towing" ☞ 9-23.

## ■ OUTBACK models

All-Wheel Drive distributes the engine power to all four wheels. In normal driving, however, an AWD vehicle operates almost the same as other vehicles with front wheel drive. AWD vehicles provide better traction when driving on slippery, wet or snow-covered roads and when moving out of mud, sand or dirt.

For safety purpose as well as to avoid damaging the AWD system, you should keep the following tips in mind.

- An AWD vehicle is better able to climb

steeper roads under snowy or slippery conditions than a two wheel drive vehicle. There is little difference in handling, however, during extremely sharp turns or sudden braking. Therefore, when driving down a slope or turning corners, be sure to reduce your speed and maintain an ample distance from other vehicles.

- When replacing a tire, make sure you use only the same size, circumference, construction, brand, speed symbol and load index as the original tires listed on the tire placard. Using other sizes, circumferences or construction may result in severe mechanical damage to the drive train of your vehicle and may affect ride, handling, braking, speedometer/odometer calibration, and clearance between the body and tires. It also may be dangerous and lead to loss of vehicle control.

- Always check the cold tire pressure before starting to drive. The recommended tire pressure is provided on the tire placard, which is located under the door latch on the driver's side.

- If you use a temporary spare tire to replace a flat tire, be sure to use the original temporary spare tire stored in the vehicle. Using other sizes may result in severe mechanical damage to the drive train of your vehicle.

- Tire chains should always be placed on

the front wheels only.

- Frequent driving of an AWD vehicle under hard-driving conditions such as steep hills or dusty roads will necessitate more frequent replacement of engine oil, brake fluid and transmission oil than that specified in the maintenance schedule. Refer to "Maintenance schedule" 11-3.
- There are some precautions that you must observe when towing your vehicle. For detail information, refer to "Towing" 9-23.

## Off road driving



### WARNING

- **Always maintain a safe driving speed according to the road and weather conditions in order to avoid having an accident on a sharp turn, during sudden braking or under other similar conditions.**
- **Always use the utmost care in driving – overconfidence because you are driving an All-Wheel Drive vehicle could easily lead to a serious accident.**

## ■ Except Outback

Your AWD vehicle is neither a conventional off-road vehicle nor an all terrain vehicle. It is a passenger car designed primarily for on-road use. The AWD feature gives it some limited off-road capabilities in situations in which the driving surface is relatively level, obstruction-free and otherwise similar to on-road driving conditions. Operating it under other than those conditions could subject the vehicle to excessive stress which might result in damage not eligible for repair

under warranty. If you do take your SUBARU off road, you should review the common sense precautions in the next section (applicable to the OUTBACK) for general guidance. But please keep in mind that your vehicle's off-road capabilities are more limited than those of the OUTBACK.

Never attempt to drive through pools and puddles, or roads flooded with water. Water entering the engine air intake or the exhaust pipe or water splashing onto electrical parts may damage your vehicle and may cause it to stall.

## ■ Outback

Because of the AWD feature and higher ground clearance than other models, your OUTBACK can be driven on some limited off-roads. But please keep in mind that an AWD SUBARU is a passenger car and is neither a conventional off-road vehicle nor an all-terrain vehicle. If you do take your OUTBACK off-road, certain common sense precautions such as those in the following list should be taken.

- Make certain that you and all of your passengers are wearing seatbelts.
- Carry some emergency equipment, such as a towing rope or chain, a shovel, wheel blocks, first aid kit and cell phone or citizens band radio.

- Drive carefully. Do not take unnecessary risks by driving in dangerous areas or over rough terrain.
- Slow down and employ extra caution at all times. When driving off-road, you will not have the benefit of marked traffic lanes, banked curves, traffic signs and the like.
- Do not drive across steep slopes. Instead, drive either straight up or straight down the slopes. A vehicle can much more easily tip over sideways than it can end over end. Avoid driving straight up or down slopes that are too steep.
- Avoid sharp turning maneuvers, especially at higher speeds.
- Do not grip the inside or spokes of the steering wheel. A bad bump could jerk the wheel and injure your hands. Instead drive with your fingers and thumbs on the outside of the rim.
- If driving through water, such as when crossing shallow streams, first check the depth of the water and the bottom of the stream bed for firmness and ensure that the bed of the stream is flat. Drive slowly and completely through the stream. The water should be shallow enough that it does not reach the vehicle's undercarriage. Water entering the engine air intake or the exhaust pipe or water splashing onto electrical parts may damage your

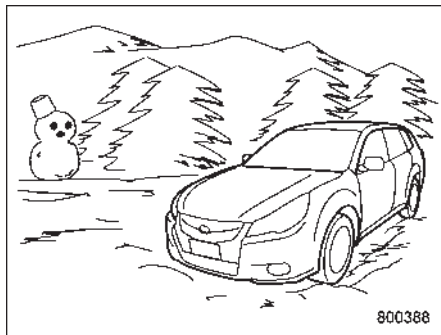
vehicle and may cause it to stall. Never attempt to drive through rushing water, regardless of their depth; it can wash away the ground from under your tires, resulting in possible loss of traction and even vehicle rollover.

- Always check your brakes for effectiveness immediately after driving in sand, mud or water. Do this by driving slowly and stepping on the brake pedal. Repeat that process several times to dry out the brake discs and brake pads.
- Do not drive or park over or near flammable materials such as dry grass or fallen leaves, as they may burn easily. The exhaust system is very hot while the engine is running and right after the engine stops. This could create a fire hazard.
- After driving through tall grass, mud, rock, sand, rivers, etc., check that there is no grass, bush, paper, rags, stones, sand, etc. adhering to or trapped on the underbody. Clear off any such matter from the underbody. If the vehicle is used with these materials trapped or adhering to the underbody, a mechanical breakdown or fire could occur.
- Secure all cargo carried inside the vehicle and make certain that it is not piled higher than the seatbacks. During sudden stops or jolts, unsecured cargo

could be thrown around in the vehicle and cause injury. Do not pile heavy loads on the roof. Those loads raise the vehicle's center of gravity and make it more prone to tip over.

- If you must rock the vehicle to free it from sand or mud, depress the accelerator pedal slightly and move the shift lever/ select lever back and forth between "1"/ "D" and "R" repeatedly. Do not race the engine. For the best possible traction, avoid spinning the wheels when trying to free the vehicle.
- When the road surface is extremely slippery, you can obtain better traction by starting the vehicle with the transmission in 2nd instead of 1st (both for MT, AT and CVT). For AT and CVT models, refer to "Selection of manual mode" 7-23.
- Never equip your vehicle with tires larger than those specified in this manual.
- Wash the vehicle's underbody after off-road driving. Suspension components are particularly prone to dirt buildup, so they need to be washed thoroughly.
- Frequent driving of an AWD vehicle under hard-driving conditions such as rough roads or off roads will necessitate more frequent replacement of engine oil, brake fluid and transmission oil than that specified in the maintenance schedule. Refer to "Maintenance schedule" 11-3.

## Winter driving



### ■ Operation during cold weather

Carry some emergency equipment, such as tire chains, a window scraper, a bag of sand, flares, a small shovel, and jumper cables.

Check the battery and cables. Cold temperatures reduce battery capacity. The battery must be in good condition to provide enough power for cold winter starts.

Use an engine oil of proper grade and viscosity for cold weather. Heavy summer oil will cause harder starting.

Keep the door locks from freezing by

squirting them with deicer or glycerin.

Forcing a frozen door open may damage or separate the rubber weather strips around the door. If the door is frozen, use hot water to melt the ice, and afterwards thoroughly wipe the water away.

Use a windshield washer fluid that contains an antifreeze solution. Do not use engine antifreeze or other substitutes because they may damage the paint of the vehicle.

SUBARU Windshield Washer Fluid contains 58.5% methyl alcohol and 41.5% surfactant, by volume. Its freezing temperature varies according to how much it is diluted, as indicated in the following table.

| Washer Fluid Concentration | Freezing Temperature  |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>30%</b>                 | <b>-12°C (10.4°F)</b> |
| <b>50%</b>                 | <b>-20°C (-4°F)</b>   |
| <b>100%</b>                | <b>-45°C (-49°F)</b>  |

In order to prevent freezing of washer fluid, check the freezing temperatures in the table above when adjusting the fluid concentration to the outside temperature. If you fill the reservoir tank with a fluid with a different concentration from the one used previously, purge the old fluid from

the piping between the reservoir tank and washer nozzles by operating the washer for a certain period of time. Otherwise, if the concentration of the fluid remaining in the piping is too low for the outside temperature, it may freeze and block the nozzles.



### CAUTION

**Adjust the washer fluid concentration appropriately for the outside temperature. If the concentration is inappropriate, sprayed washer fluid may freeze on the windshield and obstruct your view, and the fluid may freeze in the reservoir tank.**

### ▼ Before driving your vehicle

Before entering the vehicle, remove any snow or ice from your shoes because that could make the pedals slippery and driving dangerous.

While warming up the vehicle before driving, check that the accelerator pedal, brake pedal, and all other controls operate smoothly.

Clear away ice and snow that has accumulated under the fenders to avoid making steering difficult. During severe winter driving, stop when and where it is

safe to do so and check under the fenders periodically.

### ▼ Parking in cold weather

Do not use the parking brake when parking for long periods in cold weather since it could freeze in that position. Instead, observe the following.

1. Place the shift lever in "1" or "R" for MT models, or the select lever in "P" for AT and CVT models.
2. Use tire stops under the tires to prevent the vehicle from moving.

When the vehicle is parked in snow or when it snows, raise the wiper blades off the glass to prevent damage to them.

When the vehicle has been left parked after use on roads heavily covered with snow, or has been left parked during a snowstorm, icing may develop on the brake system, which could cause poor braking action. Check for snow or ice buildup on the suspension, disc brakes and brake hoses underneath the vehicle.

If there is caked snow or ice, remove it, being careful not to damage the disc brakes and brake hoses and ABS harness.



### WARNING

**Snow can trap dangerous exhaust gases under your vehicle. Keep snow clear of the exhaust pipe and from around your vehicle if you park the vehicle in snow with the engine running.**

### ▼ Refueling in cold weather

#### ▽ Petrol engine models

To help prevent moisture from forming in the fuel system and the risk of its freezing, use of an antifreeze additive in the fuel tank is recommended during cold weather. Use only additives that are specifically designed for this purpose. When an antifreeze additive is used, its effect lasts longer if the tank is refilled whenever the fuel level reaches half empty.

If your SUBARU is not going to be used for an extended period, it is best to have the fuel tank filled to capacity.

#### ▽ Diesel engine models

For information about refueling in cold weather, refer to "Fuel requirements for diesel engine" 7-2.

### ■ Driving on snowy and icy roads

To prevent skidding and slipping, avoid sudden braking, abrupt acceleration, high-speed driving, and sharp turning when driving on snowy or icy roads.

Always maintain ample distance between your vehicle and the vehicle ahead of you to avoid the need for sudden braking.

To supplement the foot brake, use the engine brake effectively to control the vehicle speed. (Shift into a lower gear when necessary.)

Avoid shifting down abruptly. Such behavior can cause the wheels to lock, possibly leading to loss of vehicle control.

An anti-lock brake system (ABS) enhances your vehicle's braking performance on snowy and icy roads. For information about braking on slippery surfaces, refer to "ABS (Anti-lock Brake System)" 7-30 and "Vehicle Dynamics Control system" 7-33.



### WARNING

**Do not use the cruise control on slippery roads such as snowy or icy roads. This may cause loss of vehicle control.**



### CAUTION

**Avoid prolonged continuous driving in snowstorms. Snow will enter the engine's intake system and may hinder the airflow, which could result in engine shutdown or even breakdown.**

### ▼ Wiper operation when snowing

Before driving in cold weather, make sure the wiper blades are not frozen to the windshield or rear window.

If the wiper blades are frozen to the windshield or rear window, perform the following procedure.

- To thaw the windshield wiper blades, use the defroster with the airflow selection in “” and the temperature set for maximum warmth until the wiper blades are completely thawed. Refer to “Climate control” 3-4-1.
- If your vehicle is equipped with a wiper deicer, use it. It is helpful to thaw the windshield wiper blades. Refer to “Defogger and deicer” 3-56.
- To thaw the rear wiper blade, use the rear window defogger. Refer to “Defogger and deicer” 3-56.

When driving in snow, if frozen snow starts

to stick on the surface of the windshield despite wiper operation, use the defroster with the airflow selection in “” and the temperature set for maximum warmth. After the windshield gets warmed enough to melt the frozen snow on it, wash it away using the windshield washer. Refer to “Windshield washer” 3-54.

Snow stuck on the wiper arm prevents the wiper from working effectively. If snow is stuck on the wiper arm, pull off the road to a safe place, then remove it. If you stop the vehicle at road side, use the hazard warning flasher to alert other drivers. Refer to “Hazard warning flasher” 3-11.

We recommend use of non-freezing type wiper blades (winter blades) during the seasons you could have snow and freezing temperatures.

Blades of this type give superior wiping performance in snowy conditions. Be sure to use blades that are suitable for your vehicle.



### CAUTION

**During high-speed driving, non-freezing type wiper blades may not perform as well as standard wiper blades. If this happens, reduce the vehicle speed.**

### NOTE

**When the season requiring non-freezing type wiper blades is over, replace them with standard wiper blades.**

### ■ Corrosion protection

Refer to “Corrosion protection” 10-4.

### ■ Snow tires



### WARNING

- **When replacing original tires with winter (snow) tires, make sure you use only the same size, construction and load range as the tires listed on the tire placard. Using other sizes and construction may affect speedometer/odometer calibration and clearance between the body and tires. It also may be dangerous and lead to loss of vehicle control.**



- **You must install four winter tires that are of the same size, construction, brand, and load range. Mixing other sizes or constructions may result in severe mechanical damage to the drive train of your vehicle and may affect ride, handling, braking and speedometer/odometer calibration. It also may be dangerous and lead to loss of vehicle control.**
- **Do not use a combination of radial, belted bias or bias tires since it may cause dangerous handling characteristics and lead to an accident.**

In winter, it may be possible to enhance performance through use of tires designed specifically for winter driving conditions. If you choose to install winter tires on your vehicle, be sure to use the correct tire size and type. All four tires must be of the same size, construction, brand and load index and you should never mix radial, belted bias or bias tires since this may result in dangerous handling characteristics. Remember to drive with care at all times regardless of the type of tires on your vehicle.

When using winter tires (speed symbol Q,

T or H) never exceed 160 km/h (99 mph), 190 km/h (118 mph) or 210 km/h (130 mph), respectively.

## ■ Tire chains



### WARNING

**For models with flat tire repair kit:**

**When any of the tires are punctured, you can seal the tire temporarily. However, do not use the tire chain on a sealed tire. If any of the front tires are punctured although it is required to use tire chains, we recommend that you contact the nearest SUBARU dealer.**

Driving on snowy grades or icy roads may require the use of tire chains, in which case put the chains on the front wheels only. Use only chains that are of the correct size for your tires so as not to damage the vehicle body or suspension. When driving with tire chains, drive at speeds below 30 km/h (19 mph).

When a temporary spare tire is on a front wheel, replace the temporary spare tire with the rear tire on the same side of the vehicle, and then fit chains on the front tires.

Always use the utmost care when driving with tire chains – overconfidence because you are driving with tire chains could easily lead to a serious accident.

## ■ Rocking the vehicle

If you must rock the vehicle to free it from snow, sand or mud, depress the accelerator pedal slightly and move the shift lever/select lever back and forth between “1”/“D” and “R” repeatedly. Do not race the engine. For the best possible traction, avoid spinning the wheels when trying to free the vehicle.

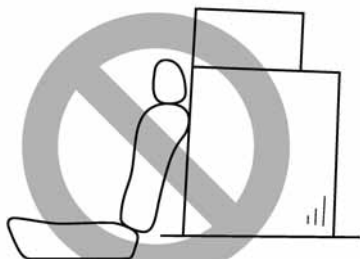
When the road surface is extremely slippery, you can obtain better traction by starting the vehicle with the transmission in 2nd than 1st (both for MT and AT and CVT).

If your vehicle is an AT model or a CVT model, for information about holding the transmission in the 2nd position, refer to “Selection of manual mode” 7-23.

## Loading your vehicle

### WARNING

Never allow passengers to ride on a folded rear seatback, in the trunk or in the cargo area. Doing so may result in serious injury.



100094

### WARNING

Never stack luggage or other cargo higher than the top of the seatback because it could tumble forward and injure passengers in the event of a sudden stop or accident. Keep luggage or cargo low, as close to the floor as possible.

### WARNING

- When you carry something inside the vehicle, secure it whenever you can to prevent it from being thrown around inside the vehicle during sudden stops, sharp turns or in an accident.
- Do not pile heavy loads on the roof. These loads raise the vehicle's center of gravity and make it more prone to tip over.
- Secure long items properly to prevent them from shooting forward and causing serious injury during a sudden stop.
- Do not place anything on the rear shelf behind the rear seatback (Sedan) or the extended cargo area cover (Station wagon). Such items could tumble forward in the

event of a sudden stop or a collision. This could cause serious injury.

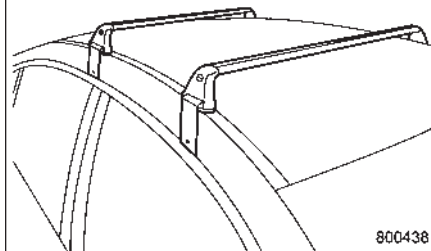
### CAUTION

Do not carry spray cans, containers with flammable or corrosive liquids or any other dangerous items inside the vehicle.

## NOTE

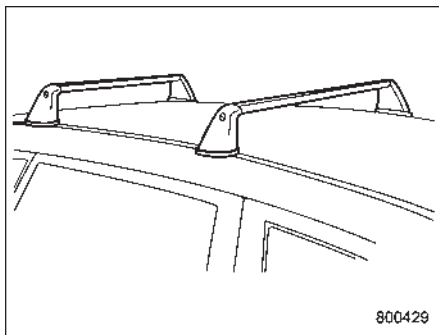
For better fuel economy, do not carry unneeded cargo.

## ■ Roof rack (dealer option)

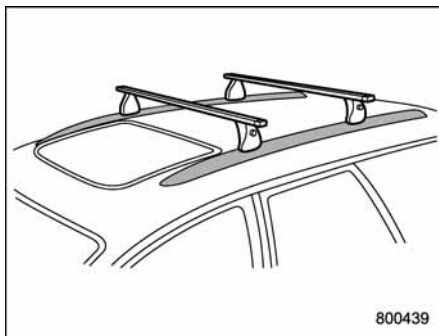


800438

Sedan



Wagon



Outback

**CAUTION**

- For wagon models, the roof mold-

ings must never be used alone to carry cargo. Otherwise, damage to the roof or paint or a dangerous road hazard due to loss of cargo could result.

- For Outback, for cargo carrying purposes, the roof rail must be used together with the roof rack. The roof rail must never be used alone to carry cargo. Otherwise, damage to the roof or paint or a dangerous road hazard due to loss of cargo could result.
- When using the roof rack, make sure that the total weight of the roof rack, carrying attachments and cargo does not exceed the maximum load limit. Overloading may cause damage to the vehicle and create a safety hazard.

Cargo can be carried on the roof after securing the roof rack to the roof. When installing the roof rack on the roof, follow the manufacturer's instructions.

The maximum load limit of the cargo, roof rack and carrying attachments must not exceed **80 kg (176 lbs)**. Place the heaviest load at the bottom, nearest the roof, and evenly distribute the cargo. Always properly secure all cargo.

### ▼ Installing carrying attachments on the roof rack

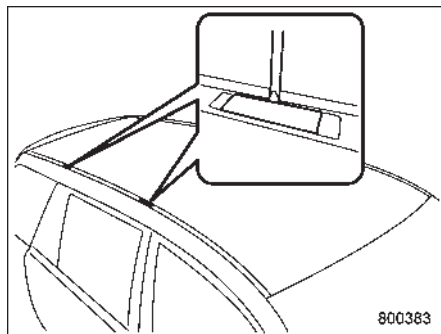
When installing any carrying attachments such as a bike carrier, ski carrier, kayak carrier, cargo basket, etc. on the roof rack, follow the manufacturer's instructions and make sure that the attachments are securely fixed to the roof rack. Use only attachments designed specifically for the roof rack. A roof rack set is designed to carry loads (cargo and attachments) of not more than **75 kg (165 lbs)**. Before operating the vehicle, make sure that the cargo is properly secured on the attachments.

### NOTE

Remember that the vehicle's center of gravity is altered with the weight of the load on the roof, thus affecting the driving characteristics.

**Drive carefully. Avoid rapid starts, hard cornering and abrupt stops. Crosswind effects will be increased.**

### ▼ Removal and installation of the roof rack (wagon models)



Each of the two roof moldings has two mounting points for the roof rack. Each mounting point is fitted with a cover. Use a flat-head screwdriver to remove the covers. When installing the roof rack on the roof moldings, follow the manufacturer's instructions.

## Trailer towing

### WARNING

**For models with flat tire repair kit:**

**When any of the tires are punctured, you can seal the tire temporarily. However, do not tow a trailer when a sealed tire is used. We recommend that you consult the nearest SUBARU dealer for details.**

Your vehicle is designed and intended to be used primarily as a passenger-carrying vehicle. Towing a trailer puts additional loads on your vehicle's engine, drive train, brakes, tires and suspension and has an adverse effect on fuel economy.

In some countries, there are some regulations which you have to obey when towing a trailer. If you do decide to tow a trailer, your safety and satisfaction depend upon proper use of correct equipment and cautious operation of your vehicle. We recommend that you seek the advice of your SUBARU dealer to assist you in purchasing a hitch and other necessary towing equipment appropriate for your vehicle. In addition, be sure to follow the instructions on correct installation and use provided by the trailer and other towing

equipment manufacturers.

SUBARU assumes no responsibility for injuries or vehicle damage that result from trailer towing equipment, or from any errors or omissions in the instructions accompanying such equipment or for your failure to follow the proper instructions.

## ■ Maintenance

If you use your vehicle to tow a trailer, more frequent maintenance will be required due to the additional load. Refer to "Maintenance schedule" 11-3.

Under no circumstances should a trailer be towed with a new vehicle or a vehicle with any new powertrain component (engine, transmission, differential, wheel bearings, etc.) for the first 1,600 km (1,000 miles) of driving.

## ■ Towing weight

Before towing a trailer, we recommend that you confirm the towing capacity and ball coupling load with your nearest SUBARU dealer or the vehicle registration documents and make sure your trailer is within the towing capacity.

The total trailer weight (trailer weight with brakes plus its cargo weight) must never exceed maximum towing weight.

Remember that the ball coupling load will

increase the load on the vehicle. Both the maximum permissible weight (MPW) and maximum permissible rear axle weight (rear MPAW) must not be exceeded.



### WARNING

**Never exceed the maximum towing weight. Exceeding the maximum towing weight could cause personal injury and/or vehicle damage.**

### ▼ Diesel engine models

The stated trailer weights are only valid for elevations up to 1,000 m (3,250 ft) above sea level. At higher altitudes, the engine loses power as the elevation increases, resulting in a reduction of vehicle towing performance. Under these conditions, the "Maximum combined weight" should be reduced by 10% per 1,000 m (3,250 ft) of increased altitude. Please consider weight before driving.

### NOTE

The "Maximum combined weight" is the sum of the "Maximum permissible weight" (MPW) and the "Maximum trailer weight".

### ■ Trailer hitches

The use of a genuine SUBARU trailer hitch is recommended. Genuine SUBARU hitches are available from your SUBARU dealer.

Regularly check that the hitch mounting bolts and nuts are tight.



### CAUTION

**Do not modify the vehicle exhaust system, brake system, or other system when installing a hitch or other trailer towing equipment.**

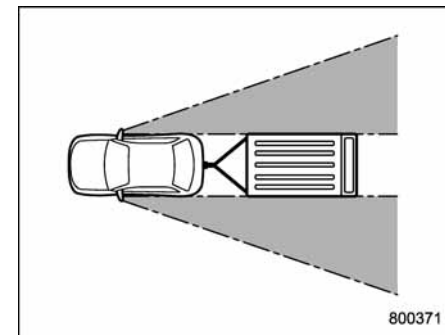
### ■ Trailer safety chains

In case the trailer hitch connector or hitch ball should break or become disconnected, the trailer could get loose and create a traffic safety hazard.

For safety, always connect the towing vehicle and trailer with trailer safety chains. Pass the chains crossing each other under the trailer tongue to prevent the trailer from dropping onto the ground in case the trailer tongue should disconnect from the hitch ball. Allow sufficient slack in the chains taking tight turn situations into account; however, be careful not to let them drag on the ground.

For more information about the safety chain connection, refer to the instructions for your hitch and trailer.

### ■ Side mirrors



Many countries have regulations requiring special outside mirrors when towing a trailer. After hitching a trailer to your vehicle, check that the standard side mirrors provide a good rearward field of view without significant blind spots. If significant blind spots occur with the vehicle's standard side mirrors, use additional outside mirrors that conform with regulations.

## ■ Trailer lights

Connection of trailer lights to your vehicle's electrical system requires modifications to the vehicle's lighting circuit to increase its capacity and accommodate wiring changes. To ensure the trailer lights are connected properly, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer. Check for proper operation of the turn signals and the brake lights each time you hitch up.



### CAUTION

**Direct splicing or other improper connection of trailer lights may damage your vehicle's electrical system and cause a malfunction of your vehicle lighting system.**

## ■ Tires

Make sure that all the tires on your vehicle are inflated to the pressure under towing conditions as shown on the tire placard located under the door striker on the driver's side. Trailer tire condition, size, load rating and proper inflation pressure should be in accordance with the trailer manufacturer's specifications.



### WARNING

**Never tow a trailer when the temporary spare tire is used. The temporary spare tire is not designed to sustain the towing load. Use of the temporary spare tire when towing can result in failure of the spare tire and/or less stability of the vehicle and may lead to an accident.**

## ■ Hitch stabilizer

Snaking movement can also be reduced by hitch stabilizers. The use of a hitch stabilizer is recommended. To purchase and install a hitch stabilizer, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer or professional hitch suppliers.

## ■ Trailer towing tips



### WARNING

- **Never exceed 80 km/h (50 mph) or legal towing speed limit, whichever is lower. Exceeding the speed limit could cause loss of vehicle stability and/or could lead to an accident.**
- **When towing a trailer, steering, stability, stopping distance and**

**braking performance will be different from normal operation. For safety, you should use extra caution when towing a trailer and never speed. You should also keep the following tips in mind.**

If your vehicle is equipped with SI-DRIVE, and when towing a trailer on an uphill slope, do not drive in the Intelligent (I) mode. It is recommend that you drive in the Sport (S) mode, or you may drive in the Sport Sharp (S#) mode.

However, it is possible to tow a trailer in any mode of the SI-DRIVE on a downhill slope.

### ▼ Before starting out on a trip

- Be sure to check regulations concerning the maximum speed or driving restrictions for vehicles towing trailers. If you are driving across several countries, check each country's requirement before leaving home, because regulations may vary.
- Check that the vehicle and vehicle-to-hitch mounting are in good condition. If any problems are apparent, do not tow the trailer.
- Check that the vehicle sits horizontally with the trailer attached. If the vehicle is tipped sharply up at the front and tipped

down at the rear, check that the drawbar weight and the weight on the rear axle do not exceed the maximum permissible rear axle weight.

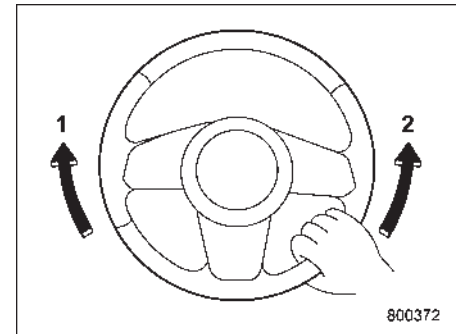
- Check that the tire pressures are correct.
- Check that the vehicle and trailer are connected properly. Confirm that
  - the trailer tongue is connected properly to the hitch ball.
  - the trailer lights connector is connected properly and trailer's brake lights illuminate when the vehicle's brake pedal is depressed, and that the trailer's turn signal lights flash when the vehicle's turn signal lever is operated.
  - the safety chains are connected properly.
  - all cargo in the trailer is secured safely in position.
  - the side mirrors provide a good rearward field of view without a significant blind spot.

#### ▼ Driving with a trailer

- You should allow for considerably more stopping distance when towing a trailer. Avoid sudden braking because it may result in skidding or jackknifing and loss of control.
- Avoid abrupt starts and sudden accel-

erations. If your vehicle has a manual transmission, always start out in first gear and release the clutch at moderate engine revolution.

- Avoid uneven steering, sharp turns and rapid lane changes.
- Slow down before turning. Make a longer than normal turning radius because the trailer wheels will be closer than the vehicle wheels to the inside of the turn. In a tight turn, the trailer could hit your vehicle.
- Sufficient time should be taken to learn the "feel" of the vehicle/trailer combination before starting out on a trip. In an area free of traffic, practice turning, stopping and backing up.
- Crosswinds will adversely affect the handling of your vehicle and trailer, causing sway. Crosswinds can be due to weather conditions or the passing of large trucks or buses. If swaying occurs, firmly grip the steering wheel and slow down immediately but gradually.
- When passing other vehicles, considerable distance is required because of the added weight and length caused by attaching the trailer to your vehicle.



- 1) Left turn
- 2) Right turn

- Backing up with a trailer is difficult and takes practice. When backing up with a trailer, never accelerate or steer rapidly. When turning back, grip the bottom of the steering wheel with one hand and turn it to the left for a left turn, and turn it to the right for a right turn.
- If the ABS warning light illuminates while the vehicle is in motion, stop towing the trailer. We recommend that you have repairs performed immediately by the nearest SUBARU dealer.

#### ▼ Driving on grades

- Before going down a steep hill, slow down and shift into lower gear (if necessary, use 1st gear) in order to utilize the

engine braking effect and prevent overheating of your vehicle's brakes. Do not make sudden downshifts.

- When driving uphill in hot weather, the air conditioner may turn off automatically to protect the engine from overheating.
- When driving uphill in hot weather, pay attention to the following indicators because the engine and transmission are relatively prone to overheating.
  - Coolant temperature high warning light
  - AT OIL TEMP warning light (AT and CVT models)
- If any of the following conditions occur, immediately turn off the air conditioner and stop the vehicle in the nearest safe location. Refer to "If you park your vehicle in case of an emergency" 9-2 and "Engine overheating" 9-23.
  - Coolant temperature high warning light illuminates. Refer to "Coolant temperature low indicator light/Coolant temperature high warning light" 3-20.
  - AT OIL TEMP warning light illuminates (AT and CVT models). Refer to "AT OIL TEMP warning light (AT and CVT models)" 3-22.
- For AT and CVT models, avoid using the accelerator pedal to stay stationary on an uphill slope instead of using the

parking brake or foot brake. That may cause the transmission fluid to overheat.

- For AT and CVT models, place the select lever as follows.  
Uphill slopes: "D" position  
Downhill slopes: A low-speed gear position to use engine braking

#### ▼ Parking on a grade

Always block the wheels under both vehicle and trailer when parking. Apply the parking brake. You should not park on a hill or slope. But if parking on a hill or slope cannot be avoided, you should take the following steps:

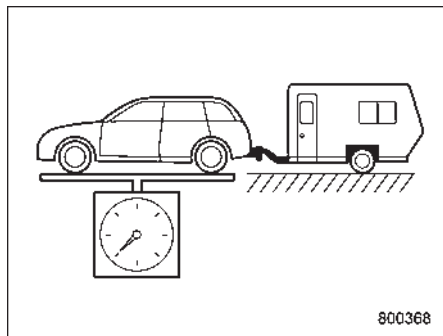
1. Apply the brakes and hold the pedal down.
2. Have someone place wheel blocks under both the vehicle and trailer wheels.
3. When the wheel blocks are in place, release the regular brakes slowly until the blocks absorb the load.
4. Apply the regular brakes and then apply the parking brake; slowly release the regular brakes.
5. Shift into 1st or reverse gear (MT models) or "P" (AT and CVT models) and shut off the engine.

## ■ Additional information for Europe

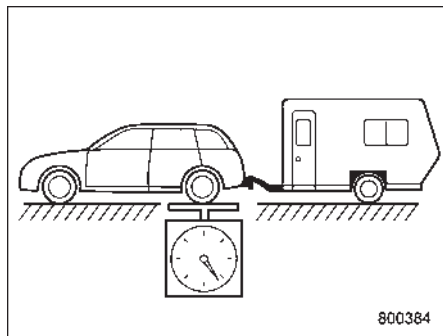
The following information represents the European statutory and regulatory requirements of 95/48/EC (92/21/EEC).



▼ **Maximum permissible vehicle weight (MPW) and maximum permissible rear axle weight (rear MPAW) for trailer towing**



**MPW**



**Rear MPAW**

## 8-22 *Driving tips*

| Model   |                                     |     | MPW at towing (kg) | Rear MPAW at towing (kg) |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Sedan   | 2.0 L petrol engine                 | MT  | 2,000              | 1,100                    |
|         |                                     | CVT | 2,020              |                          |
|         | 2.0 L diesel engine                 | MT  | 2,100              | 1,170                    |
|         | 2.5 L non-turbo petrol engine       | MT  | 2,000              | 1,145                    |
|         |                                     | CVT | 2,030              |                          |
|         | 2.5 L turbo and 3.6 L petrol engine |     | 2,080              |                          |
| Wagon   | 2.0 L petrol engine                 | MT  | 2,020              | 1,145                    |
|         |                                     | CVT | 2,060              |                          |
|         | 2.0 L diesel engine                 | MT  | 2,120              | 1,170                    |
|         | 2.5 L non-turbo petrol engine       |     | 2,080              |                          |
|         | 2.5 L turbo petrol engine           |     | 2,100              | 1,145                    |
| Outback | 2.0 L diesel engine                 | MT  | 2,120              | 1,170                    |
|         | 2.5 L non-turbo petrol engine       | MT  | 2,050              |                          |
|         |                                     | CVT | 2,080              |                          |
|         | 3.6 L petrol engine                 | AT  | 2,120              |                          |

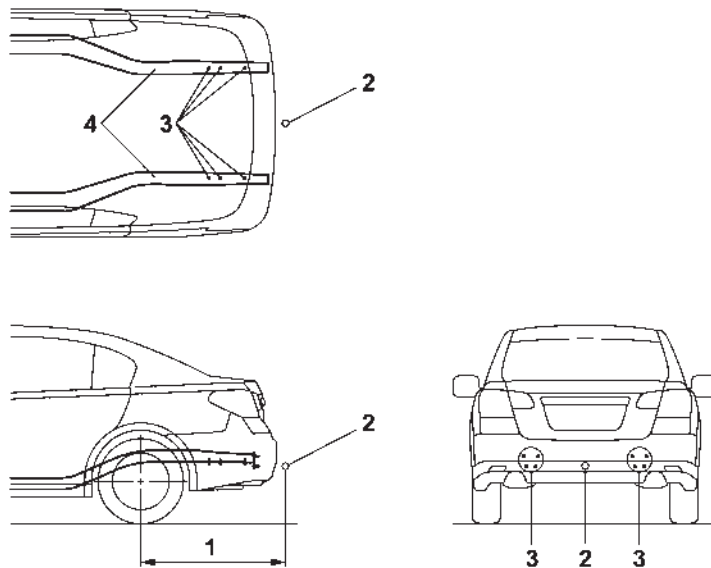
MT: Manual Transmission  
 CVT: Continuously Variable Transmission  
 AT: Automatic Transmission

### ▼ Maximum permissible static vertical load on the coupling device

82 kg

### ▼ Mounting points of the coupling device

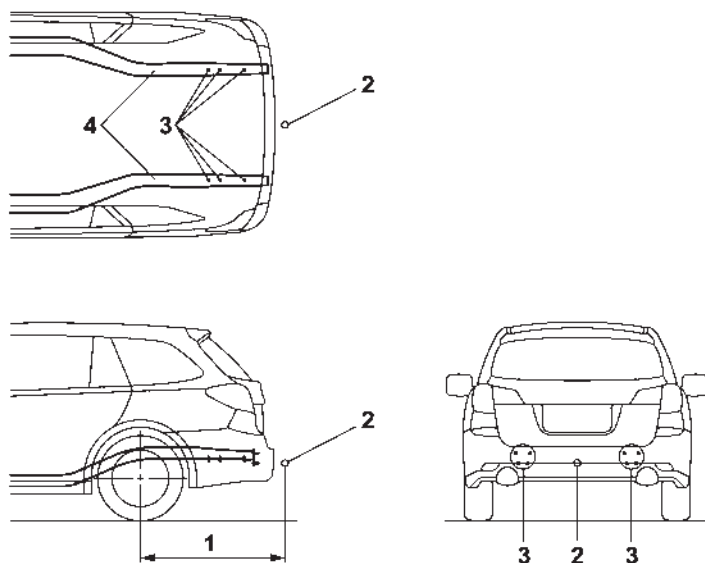
The mounting points of the coupling device are shown in the diagram.



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**Sedan**

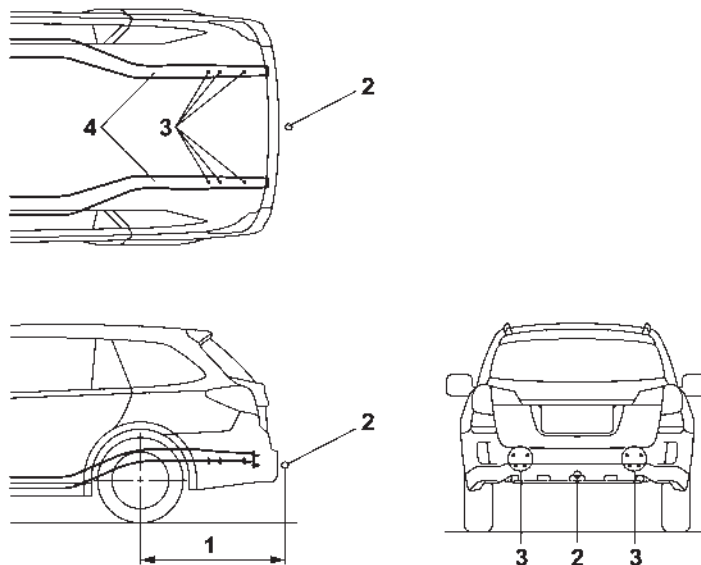
- 1) Maximum permissible overhang of the coupling device: 1,093 mm (43 in)
- 2) Coupling
- 3) Fixing points: Three places under the rear frame and four places on the rear side of the rear frame for each side
- 4) Rear frame



800426

### **Wagon**

- 1) Maximum permissible overhang of the coupling device: 1,139 mm (45 in)
- 2) Coupling
- 3) Fixing points: Three places under the rear frame and four places on the rear side of the rear frame for each side
- 4) Rear frame



800427

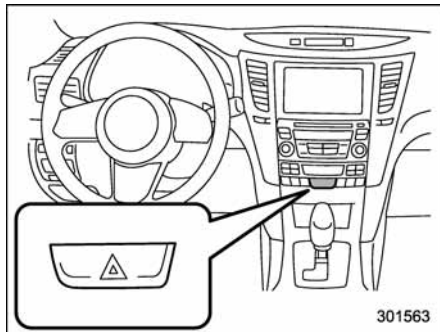
**Outback**

- 1) Maximum permissible overhang of the coupling device: 1,142 mm (45 in)
- 2) Coupling
- 3) Fixing points: Three places under the rear frame and four places on the rear side of the rear frame for each side
- 4) Rear frame

|                                                            |      |
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| Towing with all wheels on the ground .....                                                            | 9-26 |
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| Trunk lid (Sedan models with key cylinder on the trunk lid) – if the trunk lid cannot be opened ..... | 9-29 |
| Rear gate (Station wagon) – if the rear gate cannot be unlocked .....                                 | 9-30 |
| Sunroof – if sunroof cannot be closed .....                                                           | 9-30 |
| Running out of fuel (diesel engine models) .....                                                      | 9-31 |

## If you park your vehicle in case of an emergency



The hazard warning flasher should be used in day or night to warn other drivers when you have to park your vehicle under emergency conditions.

Avoid stopping on the road. It is best to safely pull off the road if a problem occurs.

The hazard warning flasher can be activated regardless of the ignition switch position.

Turn on the hazard warning by pressing the hazard warning flasher switch. Turn it off by pressing the switch again.

### NOTE

When the hazard warning flasher is on, the turn signals do not work.

## Temporary spare tire (if equipped)



### WARNING

Never tow a trailer when the temporary spare tire is used. The temporary spare tire is not designed to sustain the towing load. Use of the temporary spare tire when towing can result in failure of the spare tire and/or less stability of the vehicle and may lead to an accident.



### CAUTION

Never use any temporary spare tire other than the original. Using other sizes may result in severe mechanical damage to the drive train of your vehicle.

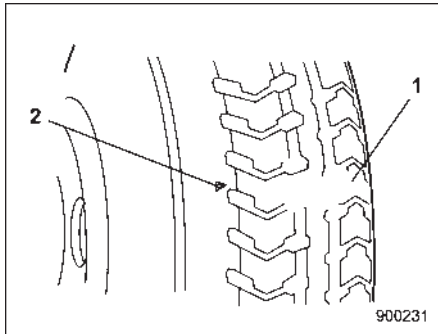
The temporary spare tire is smaller and lighter than a conventional tire and is designed for emergency use only. Remove the temporary spare tire and re-install the conventional tire as soon as possible because the spare tire is designed only for temporary use.

Check the inflation pressure of the tem-

porary spare tire periodically to keep the tire ready for use. The correct pressure is indicated on the tire pressure label located on the door pillar on the driver's side.

When using the temporary spare tire, note the following.

- Do not exceed 80 km/h (50 mph).
- Do not put a tire chain on the temporary spare tire. Because of the smaller tire size, a tire chain will not fit properly.
- Do not use two or more temporary spare tires at the same time.
- Do not drive over obstacles. This tire has a smaller diameter, so road clearance is reduced.



- 1) Tread wear indicator bar
- 2) Indicator location mark

- When the wear indicator appears on

the tread, replace the tire.

- The temporary spare tire must be used only on a rear wheel. If a front wheel tire gets punctured, replace the wheel with a rear wheel and install the temporary spare tire in place of the removed rear wheel.

## Maintenance tools

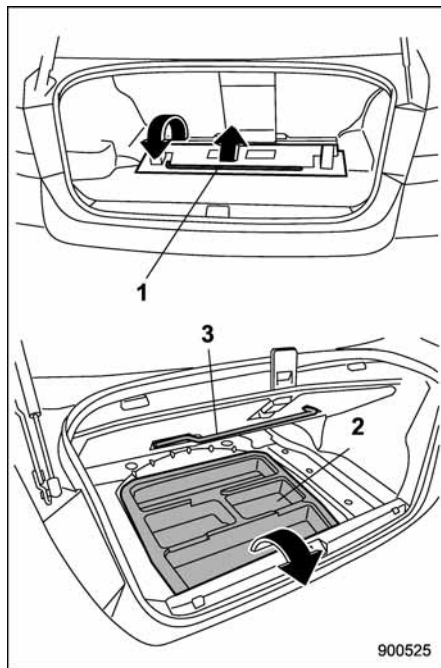
Your vehicle is equipped with the following maintenance tools:

- Jack
- Jack handle
- Screwdriver
- Towing hook (eye bolt)
- Wheel nut wrench
- Electronic parking brake release tool
- Hex-head wrench (models with sun-roof)



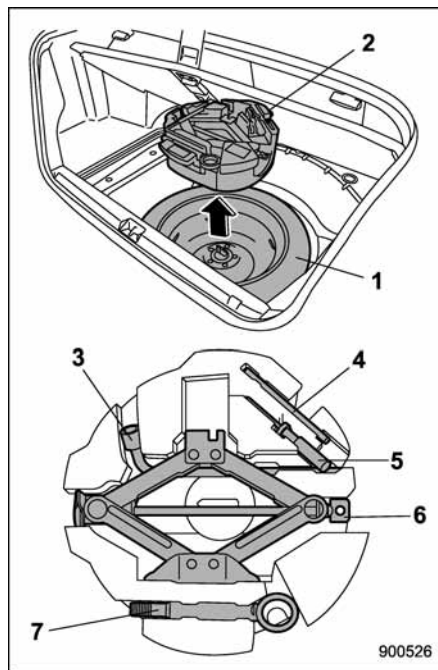
## ■ Sedan

### ▼ Models without flat tire repair kit



- 1) Electronic parking brake release tool
- 2) Under-floor storage compartment (if equipped) (Refer to "Under-floor storage compartment" 6-18.)

### 3) Jack handle



- 1) Spare tire
- 2) Tool bucket
- 3) Wheel nut wrench
- 4) Hex-head wrench (only models with sunroof)
- 5) Screwdriver

- 6) Jack
- 7) Towing hook (eye bolt)

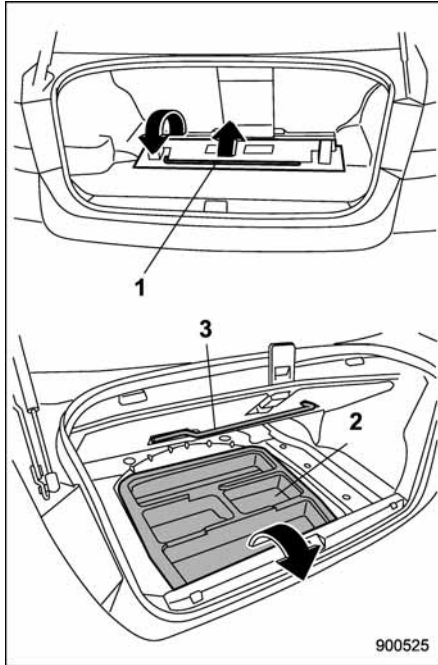
The jack handle is stored on the back of the floor cover of the trunk. The electronic parking brake release tool is stored under the floor of the trunk. The other tools are stored in the tool bucket that is located in the recess of the spare tire wheel.

For the method to use the jack, refer to "Flat tires" 9-8.

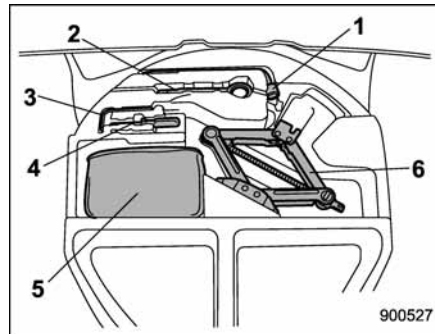
For the method to use the electronic parking brake release tool, refer to "Electronic parking brake – if the electronic parking brake cannot be released" 9-27.

## NOTE

The shape of the storage compartment may be different depending on the model.

▼ **Models with flat tire repair kit**

- 1) Electronic parking brake release tool
- 2) Under-floor storage compartment (Refer to "Under-floor storage compartment" ¶6-18.)
- 3) Jack handle



- 1) Wheel nut wrench
- 2) Towing hook (eye bolt)
- 3) Hex-head wrench (only models with sunroof)
- 4) Screwdriver
- 5) Flat tire repair kit
- 6) Jack

The jack handle is stored on the back of the floor cover of the trunk. The electronic parking brake release tool is stored under the floor of the trunk. The other tools are stored in the lower compartment of the under-floor storage compartment. Refer to "Under-floor storage compartment" ¶6-18.

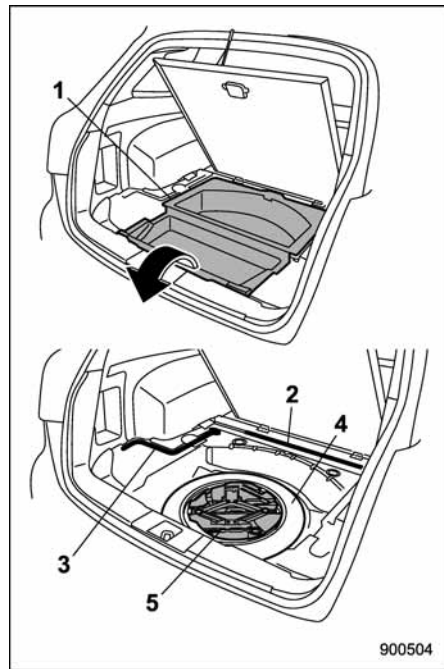
For the method to use the jack, refer to "Flat tires" ¶9-8.

For the method to use the electronic parking brake release tool, refer to "Elec-

tronic parking brake – if the electronic parking brake cannot be released" ¶9-27.

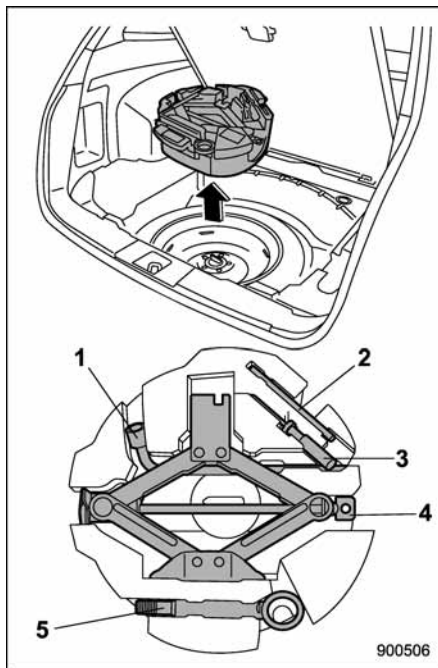
## ■ Station wagon

### ▼ Models without flat tire repair kit



- 1) Under-floor storage compartment (if equipped) (Refer to "Under-floor storage compartment" 9-6-18.)
- 2) Electronic parking brake release tool

- 3) Jack handle
- 4) Spare tire
- 5) Tool bucket



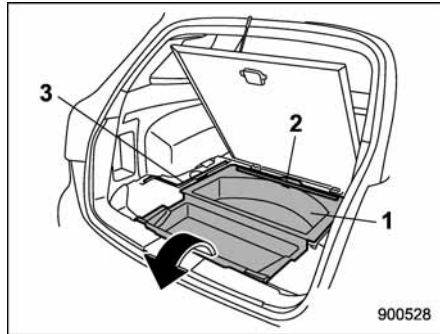
- 1) Wheel nut wrench
- 2) Hex-head wrench (only models with sunroof)
- 3) Screwdriver

- 4) Jack
- 5) Towing hook (eye bolt)

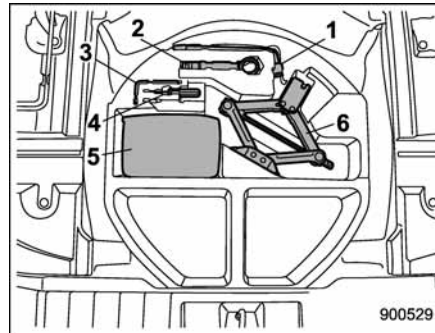
The jack handle is stored under the cargo area. The electronic parking brake release tool is stored under the floor of the cargo area. The other tools are stored in the tool bucket that is located in the recess of the spare tire wheel.

For the method to use the jack, refer to "Flat tires" 9-8.

For the method to use the electronic parking brake release tool, refer to "Electronic parking brake – if the electronic parking brake cannot be released" 9-27.

▼ **Models with flat tire repair kit**

- 1) Under-floor storage compartment (if equipped) (Refer to "Under-floor storage compartment" 6-18.)
- 2) Electronic parking brake release tool
- 3) Jack handle



- 1) Wheel nut wrench
- 2) Towing hook (eye bolt)
- 3) Hex-head wrench (only models with sunroof)
- 4) Screwdriver
- 5) Flat tire repair kit
- 6) Jack

The jack handle is stored under the cargo area. The electronic parking brake release tool is stored under the floor of the cargo area. The other tools are stored in the lower compartment of the under-floor storage compartment. Refer to "Under-floor storage compartment" 6-18.

For the method to use the jack, refer to "Flat tires" 9-8.

For the method to use the electronic parking brake release tool, refer to "Electronic parking brake – if the electronic

parking brake cannot be released" 9-27.

## Flat tires

If you have a flat tire while driving, never brake suddenly; keep driving straight ahead while gradually reducing speed. Then slowly pull off the road to a safe place.

### ■ Changing a flat tire



#### WARNING

- Do not jack up the vehicle on an incline or a loose road surface. The jack can come out of the jacking point or sink into the ground and this can result in a serious accident.
- Use only the jack provided with your vehicle. The jack supplied with the vehicle is designed only for changing a tire. Never get under the vehicle while supporting the vehicle with this jack.



#### WARNING

For Australia and New Zealand, the following instructions are supplied by the Australian/New Zealand Standard™ (AS/NZS 2693:2007). Be sure to obey the following instructions for your safety.

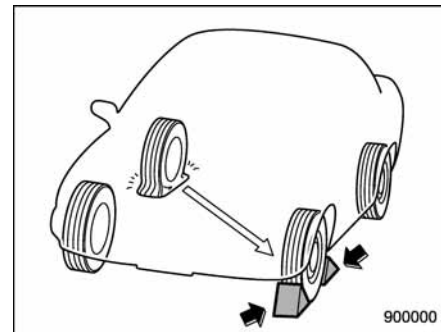
- That the jack should be used on level firm ground wherever possible.
- That it is recommended that the wheels of the vehicle be chocked, and that no person should remain in a vehicle that is being jacked.
- That no person should place any portion of their body under a vehicle that is supported by a jack.

1. Park on a hard, level surface, when-

ever possible, then stop the engine.

2. Apply the parking brake and shift the shift lever to the reverse position (MT models) or the select lever to the “P” (Park) position (AT and CVT models).

3. Turn on the hazard warning flasher and have everyone get out of the vehicle.



4. Put wheel blocks at the front and rear of the tire diagonally opposite the flat tire.

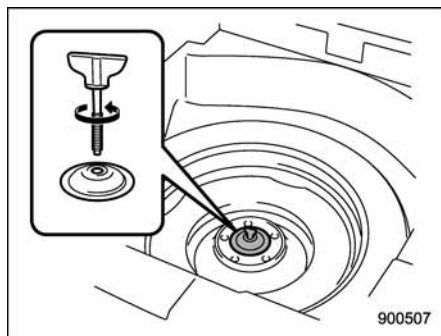
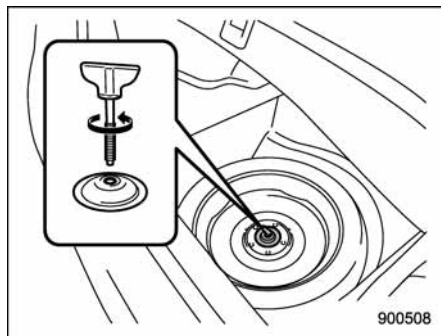
5. Take out the jack, jack handle and wheel nut wrench.

Refer to “Maintenance tools” 9-3.

### NOTE

**Make sure that the jack is well lubricated before using it.**

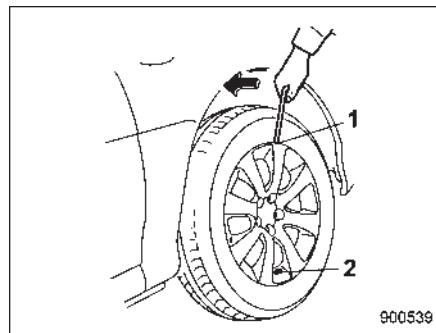
6. Take out the spare tire (if equipped).

**Sedan****Station wagon**

Turn the attaching bolt counterclockwise, then take the spare tire out.

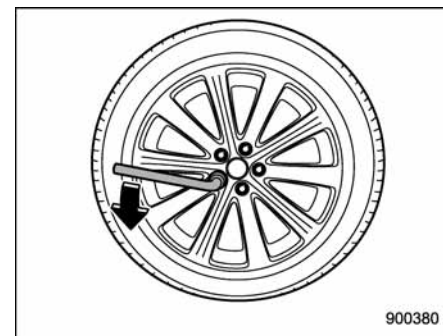
**NOTE**

If the spare tire provided in your vehicle is a temporary spare tire, read carefully "Temporary spare tire" 9-2 and strictly follow the instructions.

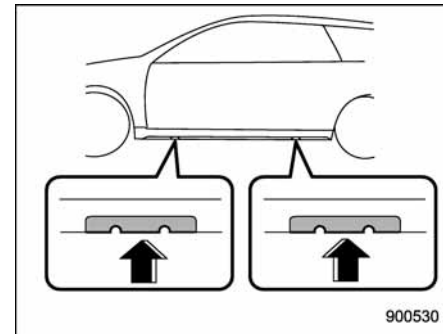


- 1) Notch
- 2) Valve hole

7. If your vehicle has wheel covers, insert a wheel nut wrench into the notch part on the opposite side of the valve hole to remove the wheel cover.



8. Loosen the wheel nuts using the wheel nut wrench but do not remove the nuts.



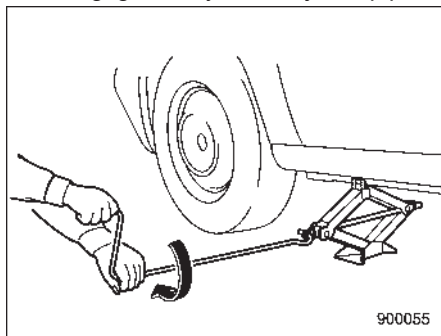
9. Place the jack under the side sill at the front or rear jack-up point closest to the flat tire.

Turn the jackscrew by hand until the jack

– **CONTINUED** –

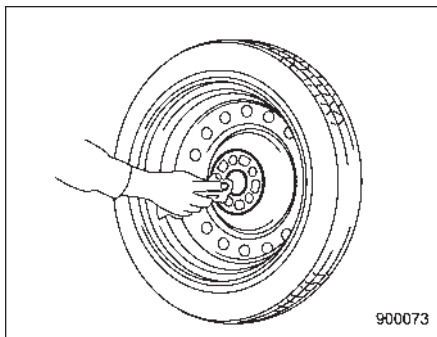
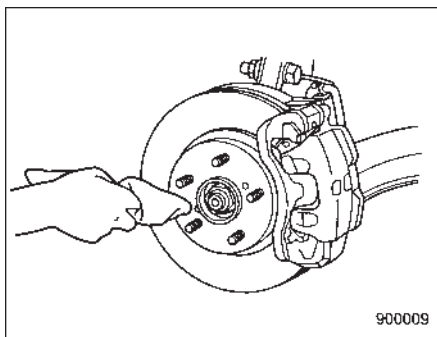
## 9-10 In case of emergency

head engages firmly into the jack-up point.



10. Insert the jack handle into the jack-screw, and turn the handle until the tire clears the ground. Do not raise the vehicle higher than necessary.

11. Remove the wheel nuts and the flat tire.



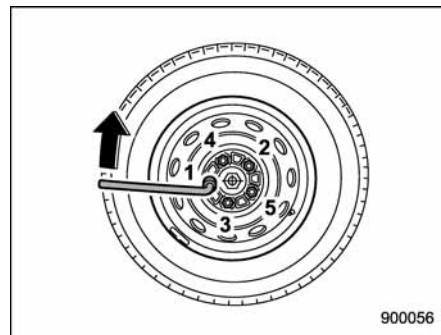
12. Before putting the spare tire on, clean the mounting surface of the wheel and hub with a cloth.

13. Put on the spare tire. Replace the wheel nuts. Tighten them by hand.

**WARNING**

Do not use oil or grease on the wheel studs or nuts when the spare tire is installed. This could cause the nuts to become loose and lead to an accident.

14. Turn the jack handle counterclockwise to lower the vehicle.

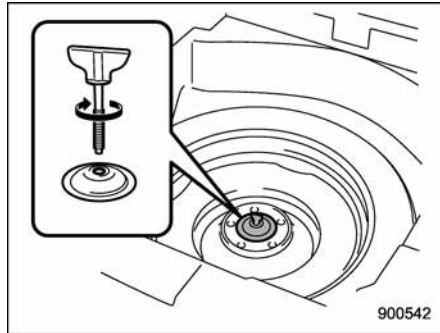


15. Use the wheel nut wrench to securely tighten the wheel nuts to the specified torque, following the tightening order in the illustration.

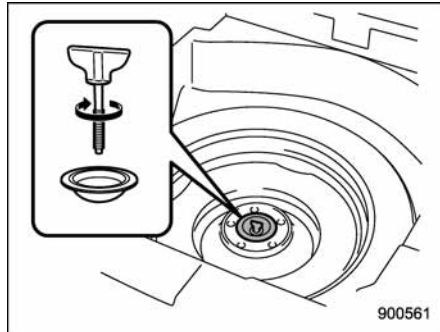
For the wheel nut tightening torque, refer to "Tires"  12-12. Never use your foot on the wheel nut wrench or a pipe extension on the wrench because you may exceed the specified torque. Have the wheel nut



torque checked at the nearest automotive service facility.



Models with 16-inch wheels



Others

16. Only for models without flat tire repair kit, store the flat tire in the spare tire compartment. Put the spacer and tighten the attaching bolt firmly.

Also store the jack, jack handle and wheel nut wrench in their storage locations.

### **WARNING**

Never place a tire or tire changing tools in the passenger compartment after changing wheels. In a sudden stop or collision, loose equipment could strike occupants and cause injury. Store the tire and all tools in the proper place.

### **Sealing flat tire (models with flat tire repair kit)**

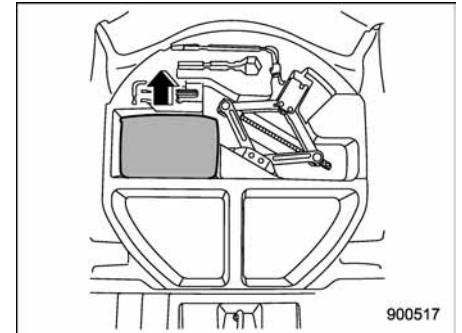
### **WARNING**

 **Read these instructions and warnings carefully before sealing a flat tire.**

**Compliance with these instructions is vital to ensuring vehicle safety. Noncompliance with these instructions means risking tire damage, which can affect vehicle handling**

**and lead to loss of vehicle control. This may result in serious injury or death.**

### **Safety precautions when sealing flat tire**



The models with flat tire repair kit are not equipped with a spare tire. The flat tire repair kit is stored under the floor of the cargo area.

If the tire is punctured, you can seal the flat tire temporarily by using the flat tire repair kit. You can seal a flat tire caused, for example, by nails or similar objects with a small diameter. However, depending on the type and extent of tire damage, some tires can only be partially sealed or not sealed at all, and this condition may

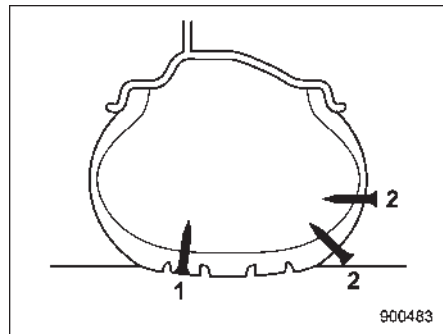


cause a loss of tire pressure. A loss of tire pressure can affect vehicle handling, leading to the loss of vehicle control.

After sealing the flat tire temporarily, change the tires with new ones as soon as possible. We recommend that you have the sealed tire changed by your nearest SUBARU dealer. You may reuse the wheel if the attached sealant is wiped off, but the valve of the wheel must be replaced with a new one.

For tire replacement, refer to "Tire replacement" 11-46.

Observe the following rules when sealing a flat tire.



- 1) Sealing is possible
- 2) Sealing is not possible

**WARNING**

- Do not use the flat tire repair kit in the following cases.
    - The tire has already been damaged as a result of being driven in the under inflated condition.
    - The tire damage is not located within the visible tread of the tire.
    - The tire damage is on the sidewall of the tire.
    - When the tire has been taken off of the wheel.
    - The wheel of the flat tire is damaged.
    - Two or more tires have been punctured.
    - The expiration date of the sealant has passed.
  - When inflating the flat tire, if the tire inflation pressure does not reach 180 kPa (1.8 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 26 psi) within 10 minutes, do not continue to seal the tire. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.
  - Drive with caution and avoid making sudden steering or driving maneuvers.
- Do not exceed a maximum speed of 80 km/h (50 mph).
  - Do not exceed a maximum driving distance of 200 km (125 miles).
  - Do not use tire chains on a sealed tire.
  - Do not tow a trailer.
  - If used for a purpose other than sealing a flat tire, the flat tire repair kit may cause a severe accident or injury due to the fact that compressed air can act as an explosive or propellant.
  - Safely park your vehicle on the roadside so that you do not obstruct the flow of traffic and so that you are able to seal the flat tire without being in danger.
  - Apply the parking brake, even if the vehicle is parked on a level road, to make sure that the vehicle will not move.
  - Stop the engine before sealing the flat tire.
  - Turn on the hazard warning flasher while sealing the flat tire.
  - Do not attempt to remove foreign objects like nails or screws that

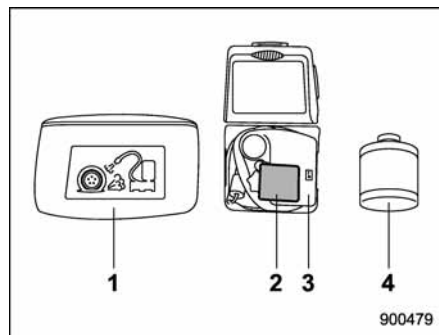
have penetrated the tire. Leave them as they are.

- Never leave the flat tire repair kit unattended while in use.

### CAUTION

- Remember that the flat tire repair kit only provides temporary mobility. Regulations concerning tire repair after usage of flat tire repair kit may differ from country to country. We recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer or tire dealer for advice.
- Store the flat tire repair kit safely and secure it in the cargo area. Storing it anywhere in the passenger compartment is not advisable because it could strike an occupant in the event of a sudden stop or collision and cause injury.
- Use the flat tire repair kit with original vehicle tires only.
- Do not keep the compressor operating for more than 10 minutes, otherwise there is a risk of overheating.

### ▼ Contents of the flat tire repair kit

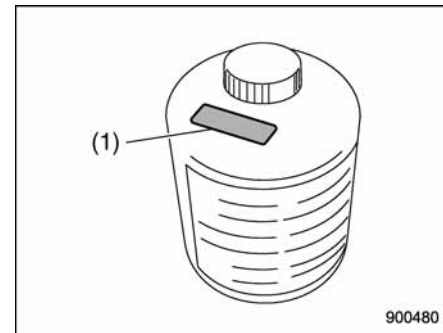


- 1) Bag
- 2) Label (denoting the maximum permissible speed)
- 3) Compressor
- 4) Bottle of the sealant

### WARNING

- Do not drink the sealant. If the sealant is accidentally swallowed, seek medical attention immediately.
- If the sealant splashes onto your skin or eyes, wash it away immediately with plenty of water. If necessary, seek medical attention immediately.
- Keep the flat tire repair kit out of

the reach of children.



- 1) Expiration date

### CAUTION

Replace the sealant bottle with a new one before the expiration date (see the top of the bottle) passes.

### ▼ How to seal the flat tire

To seal the flat tire, perform the following two steps.

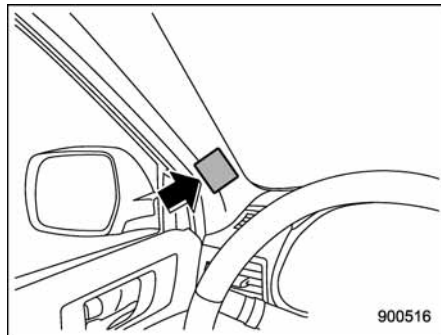
First, pump in the sealant and air (step 1). Drive the vehicle for approximately 3 km (2 miles) so that the sealant can seal the damaged area. Stop the vehicle again, check and, if necessary, adjust the pres-

## 9-14 In case of emergency

sure of the damaged tire (step 2). After that, you can continue to drive carefully no faster than 80 km/h (50 mph) and within the maximum distance of 200 km (125 miles).

Inform all other users of the vehicle that the tire has been temporarily sealed with the flat tire repair kit and make them aware of the special driving conditions to be observed.

### Step 1: Pumping in the sealant and air

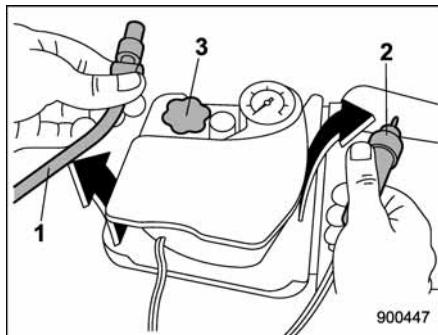


1. Peel off the label denoting the maximum permissible speed (80 km/h / 50 mph) from the casing and attach it as shown in the figure.



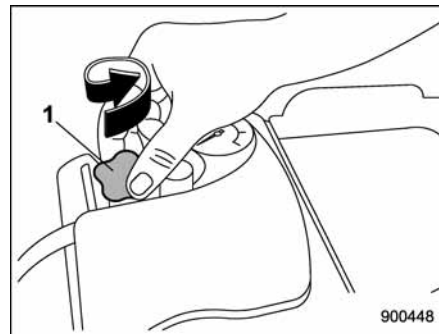
### WARNING

**Do not attach the label to the steering wheel pad or dashboard. If the SRS frontal airbag deploys, the label could interfere with the proper operation and could be propelled inside the vehicle and cause injury. Refer to "SRS frontal airbag" 1-51.**



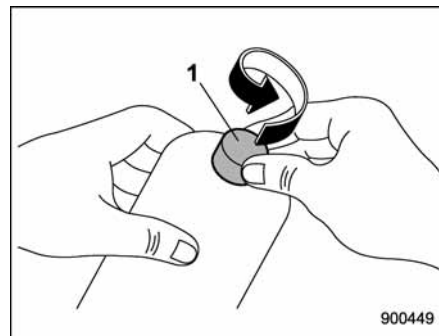
- 1) Hose
- 2) Power plug
- 3) Orange cap

2. Take the hose and power plug with cable out of the flat tire repair kit casing.



- 1) Orange cap

3. Unscrew the orange cap of the bottle holder.

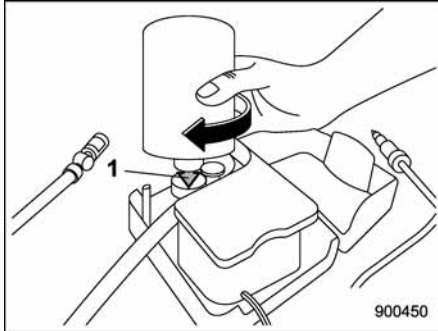


- 1) Red cap

4. Unscrew the red cap of the sealant bottle.

**CAUTION**

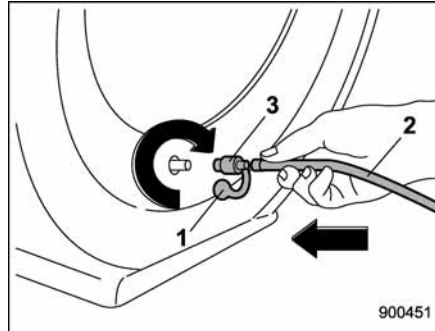
Leave the bottle seal intact. Screwing the bottle onto the bottle holder will pierce the seal of the bottle. Avoid skin contact with the sealant, which contains natural rubber latex.



1) Bottle holder

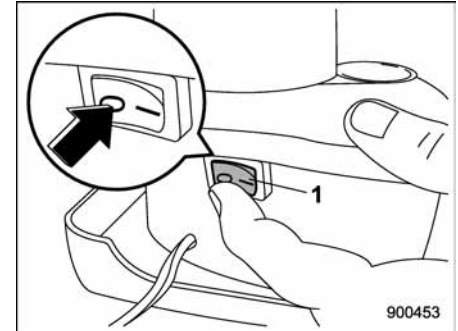
5. Screw the bottle clockwise firmly against the slight resistance of the notches onto the sealing gasket of the bottle holder until it is screwed tight.

6. Remove the valve cap from the damaged tire.



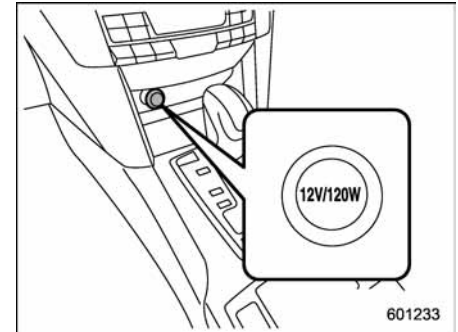
- 1) Protective cap
- 2) Hose
- 3) Pressure relief valve

7. Pull the protective cap off the end of the hose and screw the hose firmly onto the valve of the damaged tire. Ensure that the pressure relief valve is tight.



1) Compressor switch

8. Make sure that the compressor switch is switched to "0".



9. Insert the power plug into the accessory power outlet located below the climate control. Refer to "Accessory power

– **CONTINUED** –

## 9-16 In case of emergency

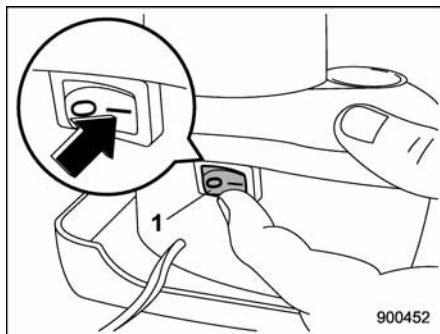
outlets" 6-10.

10. Turn the ignition switch to the "Acc" position.



### WARNING

Running the engine in a non-ventilated or poorly ventilated area (e.g., inside a building) may cause asphyxiation. Do not start the engine.



1) Compressor switch

11. Press the compressor switch to "I".



### CAUTION

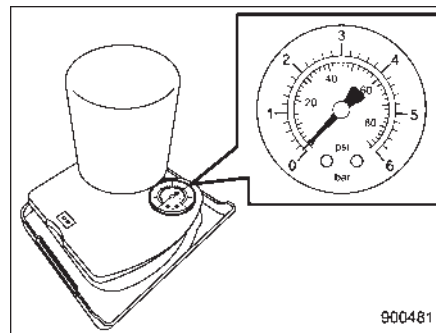
- Before pressing the compressor switch to "I", check the sidewall of the tire prior to inflation. If

there are any cracks, bumps or similar damage, do not attempt to inflate the tire.

- Do not stand directly next to the tire while the compressor is pumping.
- Watch the sidewall of the tire while the compressor is pumping. If any cracks, bumps or similar damage appear, turn off the compressor and let the air out by means of the pressure relief valve. In this case, do not continue to use the tire.

### NOTE

When pumping in the sealant through the tire valve, the pressure may rise up to 600 kPa (6.1 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 87 psi), but it will drop again after 30 seconds.



12. Inflate the tire for no longer than 10 minutes to an inflation pressure of a minimum of 180 kPa (1.8 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 26 psi) and a maximum of the pressure specified for your vehicle.

### NOTE

Turn off the compressor briefly in order to read the actual tire pressure from the pressure gauge.



### WARNING

If the tire inflation pressure does not reach 180 kPa (1.8 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 26 psi) within 10 minutes, the tire may have suffered excessive damage, making a temporary repair impossible. In this case, do not continue to use the

**tire.**

13. Once a tire inflation pressure of at least 180 kPa (1.8 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 26 psi) has been reached, perform the following procedure.

- Switch the compressor to "0".
- Pull the power plug from the accessory power outlet.
- Quickly unscrew the hose from the tire valve and install the protective cap. Fasten the valve cap again.
- Leave the bottle in the holder. This avoids unexpected leakage of sealant residue.
- The kit will be needed again when you check the tire pressure.

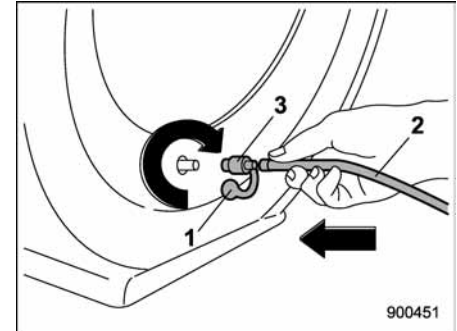
14. Immediately start the engine and drive the vehicle for approximately 3 km (2 miles) so that the sealant can seal the damaged area.

**WARNING**

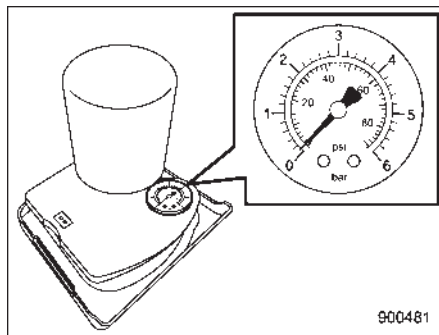
- **Do not drive for more than 10 minutes and do not drive any faster than 80 km/h (50 mph) (observe the label indicating the maximum permissible speed).**
- **Do not use tire chains on a sealed tire.**
- **Do not tow a trailer.**
- **If heavy vibrations, unsteady steering behavior or noises occur while driving, reduce your speed and drive with caution to a location where it is safe for you to stop the vehicle. Recheck the tire and its pressure. If the tire pressure is less than 130 kPa (1.3 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 19 psi) or if there are any cracks, bumps or similar tire damage visible, do not continue to use the tire.**

**Step 2: Adjusting the tire pressure**

1. Stop the vehicle after driving approximately 3 km (2 miles). Check and, if necessary, adjust the pressure of the damaged tire.



- 1) Protective cap
  - 2) Hose
  - 3) Pressure relief valve
2. Remove the protective cap from the end of the hose.
3. Screw the hose firmly onto the valve of the damaged tire.



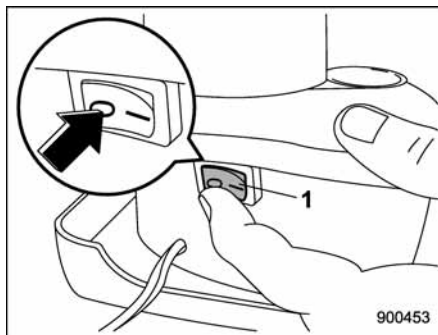
4. Read the tire pressure from the pressure gauge.



**CAUTION**

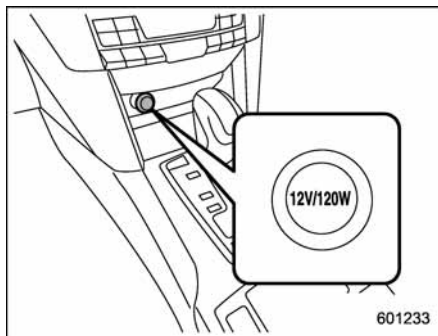
**If the tire check shows that the pressure of the sealant-filled tire is less than 130 kPa (1.3 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 19 psi) or if there are any cracks, bumps or similar tire damage visible, do not continue to use the tire.**

5. If the pressure of the sealant-filled tire is 130 kPa (1.3 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 19 psi) or more, it must now be adjusted to the pressure specified for your vehicle. See the tire pressure label located on the door pillar on the driver's side.



- 1) Compressor switch

6. Make sure that the compressor switch is switched off to "0".



7. Insert the power plug into the accessory power outlet located below the climate controls.

8. Turn the ignition switch to the "Acc" position.



**WARNING**

**Running the engine in a non-ventilated or poorly ventilated area (e.g., inside a building) may cause asphyxiation. Do not start the engine.**

9. Switch the compressor on to "I" and pump the tire up to the specified tire pressure. See the tire pressure label located on the door pillar on the driver's side.

10. Switch the compressor off to "0" and check the tire pressure again. If the tire pressure is too high, deflate the tire to the specified pressure using the pressure relief valve.

11. Once you have inflated the tire to its correct tire pressure, switch off the compressor, pull the plug out of the accessory power outlet, unscrew the hose, fasten the valve cap and install the protective cap.

12. Leave the bottle in the holder and store it safely in the cargo area.



**WARNING**

- **After using the sealant do not drive faster than 80 km/h (50 mph), and the damaged tire must**

be replaced as quickly as possible (within a maximum driving distance of 200 km (125 miles)). Do not continue to drive if heavy vibrations, unsteady steering behavior or noises occur while driving.

- Do not use tire chains on a sealed tire.
- Do not tow a trailer.

13. Drive to the nearest SUBARU dealer or other workshop to have the damaged tire replaced.



### WARNING

Before driving, ensure that the tire is adjusted to the recommended inflation pressure as indicated on the vehicle placard. Monitor the tire pressure until the sealed tire is replaced.

14. Before the tire is removed from the rim, inform your SUBARU dealer or other tire dealer that the tire contains sealant.



### CAUTION

Sealant deposits in a used hose may impair proper functioning of the compressor. Both the bottle of sealant and the hose need to be replaced together after using the flat tire repair kit.

### NOTE

New sealant and replacement parts can be purchased from your authorized repair shop or SUBARU dealer, and they should also be installed into the kit by a specialist. Empty sealant bottles and replacement parts must be returned to your SUBARU dealer or disposed of in compliance with local waste disposal regulations.

### ▼ Technical data of compressor

|                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Line voltage      | DC 12V      |
| Operating voltage | DC 10 – 15V |
| Amperage          | Max. 10A    |

## Jump starting

### ■ Battery Precautions!



### WARNING



Read these instructions carefully:

To ensure safe and correct handling of your battery, read the following precautions carefully before using the battery or inspecting it.



Wear eye protection:

Always wear eye protection when working near your vehicle's battery. Battery fluid contains sulfuric acid, so it can cause blindness if splashed into your eyes. Also, batteries emit highly flammable, explosive hydrogen gas. Eye protection is vital for protection in the event that this gas ignites.



Battery fluid contains sulfuric acid:

Since battery fluid contains sulfuric acid, be sure to wear eye protection



and protective gloves when inspecting your vehicle's battery. Avoid tipping the battery and subjecting it to shocks since this could cause fluid to spill.

Under no circumstances allow battery fluid to make contact with your skin, eyes, or clothing since this can cause blindness and burns. If battery fluid splashes onto your skin, eyes or clothing, wash it away immediately with plenty of water. If battery fluid splashes into your eyes, seek medical attention immediately.

If battery fluid is accidentally swallowed, immediately drink a large amount of milk or water, and seek medical attention immediately.

Battery fluid is corrosive. If it splashes onto your vehicle's paintwork or fabrics, wash it away immediately with plenty of water.



**Keep children away:**

Batteries must be handled only by persons who are aware of the potential hazards. Take particular care to keep children away from your vehicle's battery. Improper handling

can cause blindness and burns.



**Keep flames away:**

Before working on or near your vehicle's battery, extinguish all cigarettes, matches, and lighters. Also, keep the battery away from flammable items and electrical sparks. Since batteries emit highly flammable, explosive hydrogen gas, any flames or sparks in the vicinity could cause an explosion.

When working near your vehicle's battery, take care that metal tools do not short-circuit the battery's (+) and (-) terminals or connect the battery's (+) terminal to the vehicle's body. A short circuit could create electrical sparks and lead to an explosion.

To prevent electrical sparks, all rings, wristwatches, and other metal accessories must be taken off before work is carried out on or near the battery.



**Prevent explosions:**

While being charged, batteries emit highly flammable, explosive hydro-

gen gas. To prevent an explosion, charge your vehicle's battery in a well ventilated area and keep flames away.

## ■ Precautions when jump starting!



### WARNING

- Never attempt jump starting if the discharged battery is frozen. It could cause the battery to burst or explode.
- Be sure the jumper cables and clamps on them do not have loose or missing insulation.  
Do not jump start unless cables in suitable condition are available.
- A running engine can be dangerous. Keep your fingers, hands, clothing, hair and tools away from the cooling fan, belts and any other moving engine parts. Removing rings, watches and ties is advisable.
- Jump starting is dangerous if it done incorrectly. If you are unsure about the proper procedure

**for jump starting, consult a competent mechanic.**

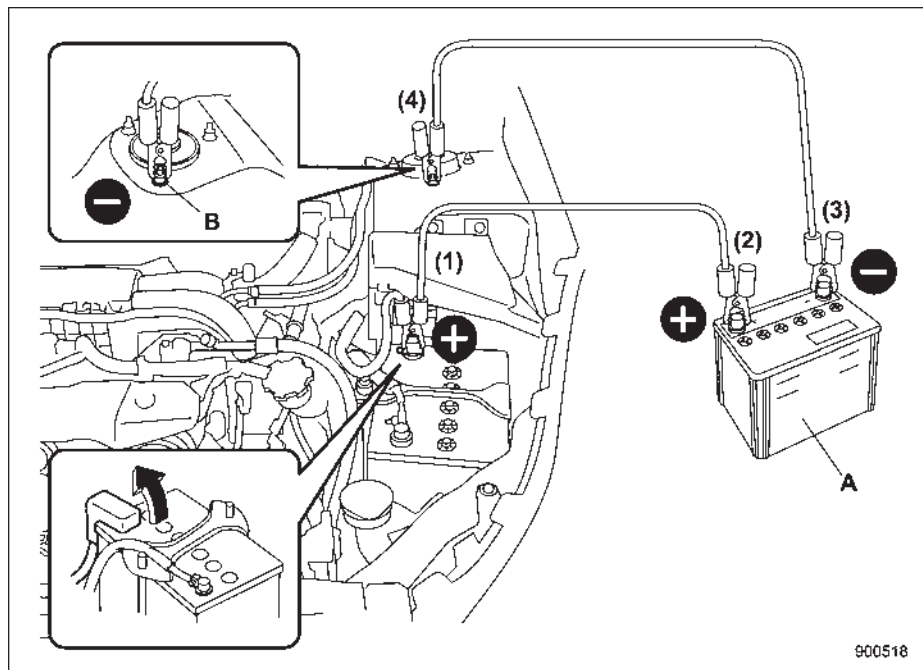
**CAUTION**

**The battery used for boosting must be 12 V. Do not jump start unless you are sure that the booster battery is correct.**

When your vehicle does not start due to a run down (discharged) battery, the vehicle may be jump started by connecting your battery to another battery (called the booster battery) with jumper cables.

### ■ How to jump start

1. Make sure the booster battery is 12 volts and the negative terminal is grounded.
2. If the booster battery is in another vehicle, do not let the two vehicles touch.
3. Turn off all unnecessary lights and accessories.
4. Connect the jumper cables exactly in the sequence illustrated.



- A) Booster battery  
B) Strut mounting nut

(1) Connect one jumper cable to the positive (+) terminal on the discharged battery.

(2) Connect the other end of the jumper cable to the positive (+) terminal of the booster battery.

(3) Connect one end of the other cable to the negative (-) terminal of the booster battery.

(4) Connect the other end of the cable to the strut mounting nut.

Make sure that the cables are not near any moving parts and that the cable clamps are not in contact with any other metal.

5. Start the engine of the vehicle with the booster battery and run it at moderate speed. Then start the engine of the vehicle that has the discharged battery.

6. When finished, carefully disconnect the cables in exactly the reverse order.

## Engine overheating



### WARNING

**Never attempt to remove the radiator cap until the engine has been shut off and has fully cooled down. When the engine is hot, the coolant is under pressure. Removing the cap while the engine is still hot could release a spray of boiling hot coolant, which could burn you very seriously.**

If the engine overheats, safely pull off the road and stop the vehicle in a safe place.

### ■ If steam is coming from the engine compartment

Turn off the engine and get everyone away from the vehicle until it cools down.

### ■ If no steam is coming from the engine compartment

For details about how to check the coolant level or how to add coolant, refer to "Engine coolant" 11-23.

1. Keep the engine running at idling speed.
2. Open the hood to ventilate the engine

compartment. Refer to "Engine hood" 11-11.

Confirm that the cooling fan is turning. If the fan is not turning, immediately turn off the engine and contact your authorized dealer for repair.

3. After the engine coolant temperature has dropped, turn off the engine.

If the coolant temperature high warning light illuminates, turn off the engine.

4. After the engine has fully cooled down, check the coolant level in the reserve tank.

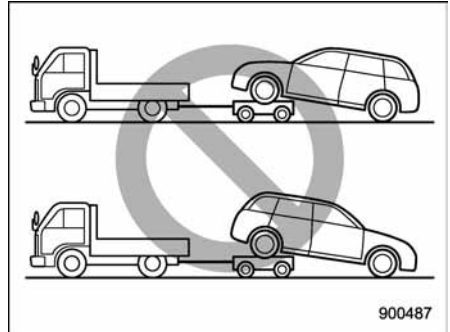
If the coolant level is below the "LOW" mark, add coolant up to the "FULL" mark. Refer to "Engine coolant" 11-23 for detail.

5. If there is no coolant in the reserve tank, add coolant to the reserve tank. Then remove the radiator cap and fill the radiator with coolant.

If you remove the radiator cap from a hot radiator, first wrap a thick cloth around the radiator cap, then turn the cap counter-clockwise slowly without pressing down until it stops. Release the pressure from the radiator. After the pressure has been fully released, remove the cap by pressing down and turning it.

## Towing

If towing is necessary, it is best done by your SUBARU dealer or a commercial towing service. Observe the following procedures for safety.



### WARNING

**Never tow AWD vehicles (including AT, MT and CVT) with the front wheels raised off the ground while the rear wheels are on the ground, or with the rear wheels raised off the ground while the front wheels are on the ground. This will cause the vehicle to spin away due to the operation or deterioration of the center differential.**

## ■ Towing and tie-down hooks

The towing hooks should be used only in an emergency (e.g., to free a stuck vehicle from mud, sand or snow).

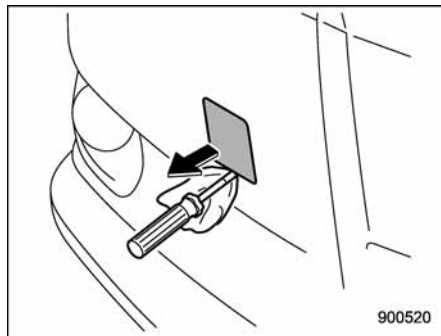


### CAUTION

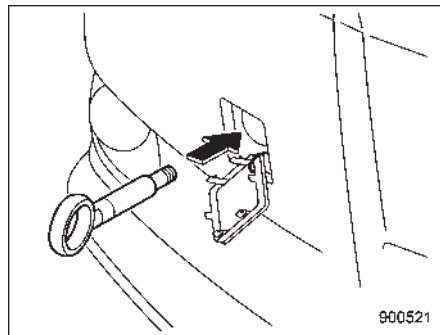
**Use only the specified towing hook and tie-down hook. Never use suspension parts or other parts of the body for towing or tie-down purposes.**

#### Front towing hook:

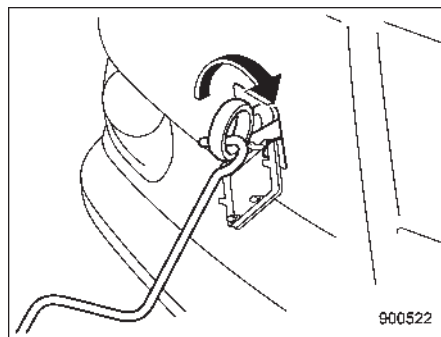
1. Take the towing hook and the screwdriver out of the tool bucket. Take the jack handle out of the trunk (Sedan) or cargo area (Station wagon).



2. Pry off the cover on the front bumper using a flat-head screwdriver, and you will find a threaded hole for attaching the towing hook.



3. Screw the towing hook into the threaded hole until its thread can no longer be seen.



4. Tighten the towing hook securely using the jack handle.

After towing, remove the towing hook from the vehicle and stow it in the tool bucket. Fit the towing hook cover on the bumper.



### WARNING

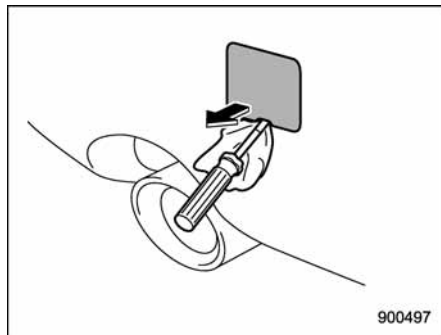
- Do not use the towing hook except when towing your vehicle.
- Be sure to remove the towing hook after towing. Leaving the towing hook mounted on the vehicle could interfere with proper operation of the SRS airbag system in a frontal collision.

**CAUTION**

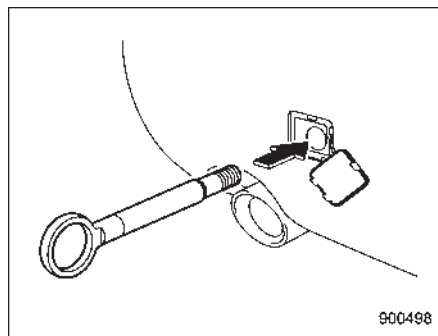
To prevent deformation to the bumper and the towing hook, do not apply excessive lateral load to the towing hook.

**Rear towing hook:**

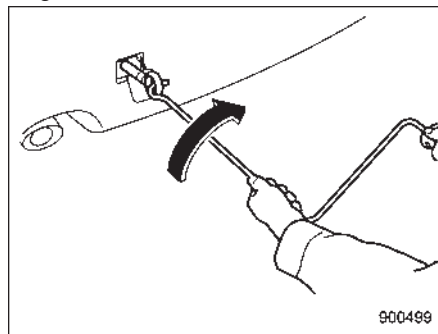
1. Take the towing hook and the screwdriver out of the tool bucket. Take the jack handle out of the trunk (Sedan) or cargo area (Station wagon).



2. Pry off the cover on the rear bumper using a flat-head screwdriver, and you will find a threaded hole for attaching the towing hook.



3. Screw the towing hook into the threaded hole until its thread can no longer be seen.



4. Tighten the towing hook securely using the jack handle.

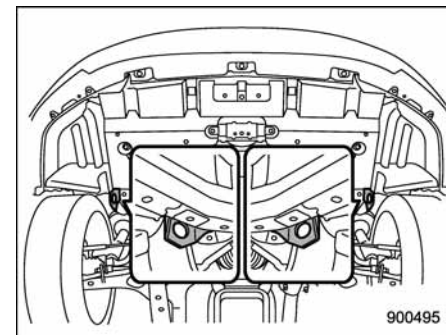
After towing, remove the towing hook from the vehicle and stow it in the tool bucket. Fit the towing hook cover on the bumper.

**WARNING**

- Do not use the towing hook except when towing your vehicle.
- Be sure to remove the towing hook after towing.

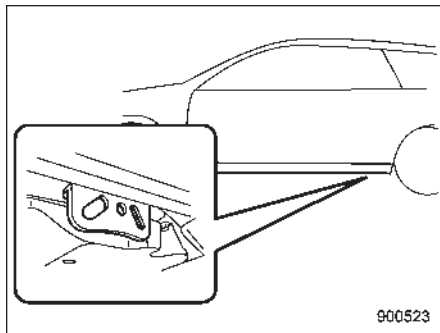
**CAUTION**

To prevent deformation to the bumper and the towing hook, do not apply excessive lateral load to the towing hook.

**Front tie-down hooks:**

The front tie-down hooks are located between each of the front tires and the front bumper.

**Rear tie-down hooks:**



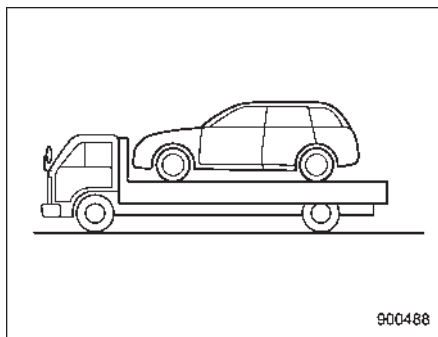
The rear tie-down hooks are located near each of the jack-up reinforcements.



**WARNING**

**Use the rear tie-down hooks only for downward anchoring. If they are used to anchor the vehicle in any other direction, cables may slip off the hooks, possibly causing a dangerous situation.**

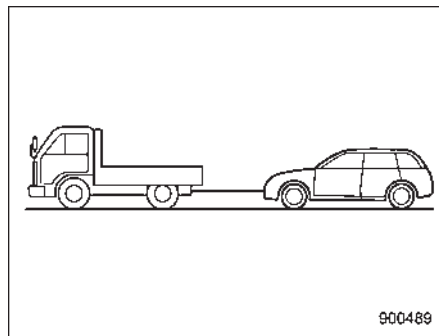
**■ Using a flat-bed truck**



This is the best way to transport your vehicle. Use the following procedures to ensure safe transportation.

1. Shift the select lever into the "P" position for AT and CVT models or the shift lever into "1st" for MT models.
2. Apply the parking brake.
3. Secure the vehicle onto the carrier properly with safety chains. Each of safety chain should be equally tightened and care must be taken not to pull the chains so tightly that the suspension bottoms out.

**■ Towing with all wheels on the ground**



1. Release the parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
2. The ignition switch should be in the "Acc" position while the vehicle is being towed.
3. Take up slack in the towline slowly to prevent damage to the vehicle.



**WARNING**

- **Never turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK"/"OFF" position while the vehicle is being towed because the steering wheel and the direction of the wheels will be locked.**

- Remember that the brake booster and power steering do not function when the engine is not running. Because the engine is turned off, it will take greater effort to operate the brake pedal and steering wheel.

**CAUTION**

- If transmission failure occurs, transport your vehicle on a flat-bed truck.
- Do not run the engine while being towed in this method. Transmission damage could result if the vehicle is towed with engine running.
- For AT and CVT models, the traveling speed must be limited to less than 30 km/h (20 mph) and the traveling distance to less than 50 km (31 miles). For greater speeds and distances, transport your vehicle on a flat-bed truck.

## Electronic parking brake – if the electronic parking brake cannot be released

**WARNING**

- When the electronic parking brake cannot be released, the electronic parking brake system may malfunction. Driving in such conditions may cause an unexpected accident. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for inspection as soon as possible.
- You can release the electronic parking brake by using the electronic parking brake release tool in case of an emergency. However, after releasing the electronic parking brake by using the electronic parking brake release tool, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for inspection as soon as possible.
- Release the electronic parking brake by using the electronic parking brake release tool on a level road. Otherwise, the vehicle may move, which could cause an accident.

- When releasing the electronic parking brake by using the electronic parking brake release tool, always perform the following items.

- Shift the shift lever in the “1” or “R” position (MT models).
- Shift the select lever in the “P” position (AT and CVT models).
- Use tire stops under the tires.

- When releasing the electronic parking brake by using the electronic parking brake release tool, make sure that the ignition switch is in the “LOCK”/“OFF” position. Otherwise, the electronic parking brake system may operate and the electronic parking brake release tool may rotate and an unexpected accident may occur.

**CAUTION**

- Under certain weather conditions (rain, snow, sandstorm, etc.), do not release the electronic parking brake by using the electronic parking brake release tool. If water or dust enters the device, the device may malfunction.



- If the cap cannot be removed, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for inspection.
- After releasing the electronic parking brake by using the electronic parking brake release tool, make sure that the cap is reinstalled to the parking brake release device. If the cap is not reinstalled, water or dust enters the device and the device may malfunction.

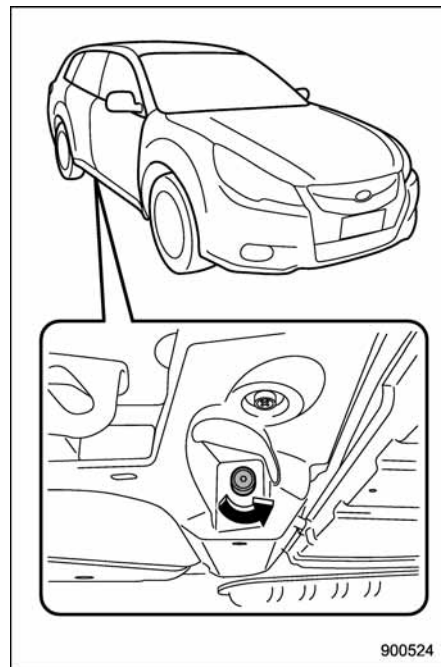
## NOTE

It may be difficult to release the electronic parking brake by using the electronic parking brake release tool. We recommend that you have your SUBARU dealer release the electronic parking brake if necessary.

In the event that you cannot release the electronic parking brake by pulling the electronic parking brake switch or by depressing the accelerator pedal, you can release the electronic parking brake manually by using the electronic parking brake release tool.

1. Shift the shift lever in the "1" or "R" position (MT models) or the select lever in the "P" position (AT and CVT models).

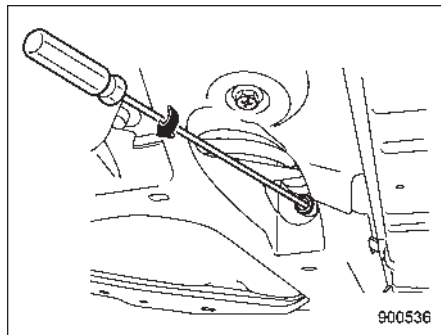
2. Turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK"/"OFF" position.
3. Make sure that the brake system warning light and the indicator light on the parking brake switch have turned off.
4. Use tire stops under the tires to prevent the vehicle from moving.
5. Take out the electronic parking brake release tool. Refer to "Maintenance tools" 9-3.



6. Insert the electronic parking brake release tool into the cap of the parking brake release device.

7. Remove the cap of the parking brake release device by turning the electronic parking brake release tool counterclock-

wise.



8. Break the white film and insert the electronic parking brake release tool into the parking brake release device.

9. Turn the electronic parking brake release tool clockwise approximately 200 to 250 rotations.

10. To confirm that the electronic parking brake is released, shift the shift lever or the select lever to the "N" position, slightly move the tire stops and have someone push the vehicle slightly while you remain in the driver's seat. If the vehicle moves, the electronic parking brake has been released.

11. Readjust the tire stops.

12. Reinstall the cap to the parking brake release device.

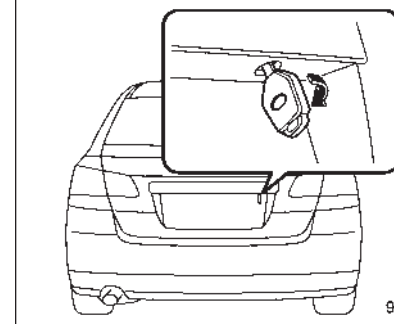


### CAUTION

- Do not turn the electronic parking brake release tool counterclockwise or turn it around more than 300 times. Doing so may result in a malfunction of the electronic parking brake.
- Do not use electric power tools to turn the electronic parking brake release tool. Doing so may result in a malfunction of the electronic parking brake.

### Trunk lid (Sedan models with key cylinder on the trunk lid) – if the trunk lid cannot be opened

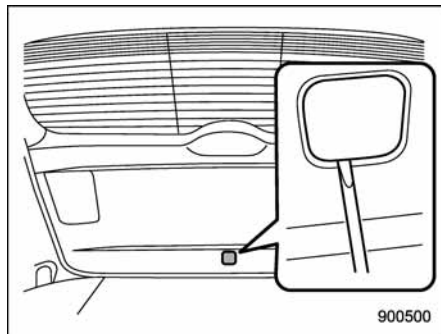
The trunk lid can also be opened using the key.



To open the trunk lid, insert the key into the key cylinder and turn it clockwise.

## Rear gate (Station wagon) – if the rear gate cannot be unlocked

In the event that you cannot unlock the rear gate by operating the power door locking switches, keyless access with push-button start system or the remote keyless entry system, you can unlock it from inside the cargo area.



1. Remove the access cover at the bottom-center of the rear gate trim.

### NOTE

**For models with the double locking system, the rear gate lock release lever is still shielded with an anti-theft cover. So, remove the anti-theft cover using a Phillips screwdriver to access the rear**

gate lock release lever.

2. Locate the rear gate lock release lever behind the rear gate trim panel.



### CAUTION

**Never operate the rear gate lock release lever with your fingers because doing so may cause an injury. Always use a flat-head screwdriver or a similar tool.**

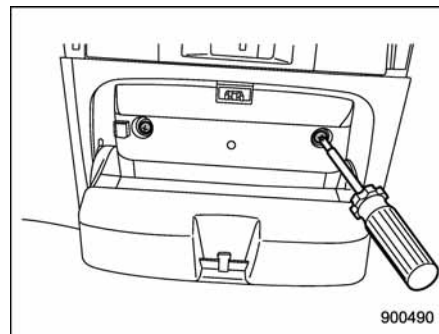


3. To unlock the rear gate, turn the lever to the right position using a flat-head screwdriver or a similar tool.
4. Open the rear gate from outside by raising the rear gate handle.

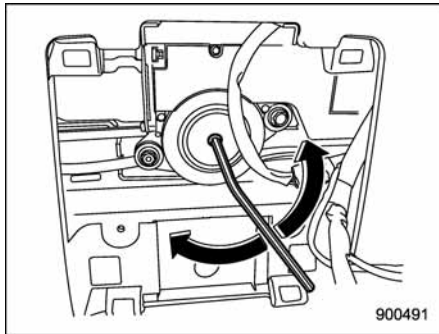
## Sunroof – if sunroof cannot be closed

If the sunroof cannot be closed with the sunroof switch, you can close the sunroof manually.

1. Take out the hex-head wrench and screwdriver from the tool bucket.
2. Open the overhead console. Refer to "Overhead console" 6-7.



3. Remove the two screws that retain the sunroof switch body. Then, remove the sunroof switch.



4. Insert the wrench in the end of the motor shaft.

To lower the sunroof, turn the wrench clockwise.

To close the sunroof, turn the wrench counterclockwise.

We recommend that you have your vehicle checked and repaired by an authorized SUBARU dealer.

## Running out of fuel (diesel engine models)

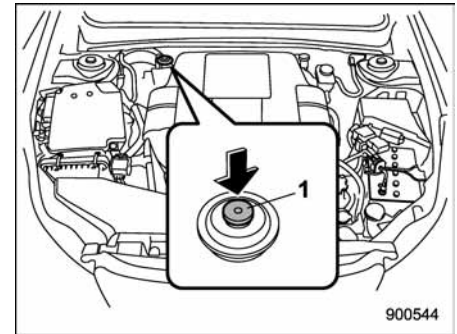
### CAUTION

- Do not try to start the engine before refueling and operating the priming pump. Doing so could damage the engine and fuel system.
- Do not operate the starter motor for more than 30 seconds of total time. Doing so could overheat the starter motor and discharge the vehicle battery.

Perform the following procedure to restart the engine.

1. Refuel your vehicle.

For the fuel requirements and refueling procedure, refer to "Fuel" 7-2.



1) Priming pump

2. Operate the priming pump located in the front passenger's side of the engine compartment by depressing the pumping knob until you feel strong resistance to bleed the trapped air from the fuel system.

3. Try to start the engine within 15 seconds of starter motor operation.

If the engine does not start, perform step 2 once again and restart the engine within 15 seconds of starter motor operation.

If the engine still does not start the second time, we recommend that you contact your nearest SUBARU dealer for assistance.

4. After starting the engine, depress the accelerator pedal lightly until the engine runs smoothly. Also, confirm that all warning and indicator lights have turned

## 9-32 *In case of emergency*

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off. The fuel injection system automatically lowers the idle speed as the engine warms up.

|                                      |             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Exterior care</b> .....           | <b>10-2</b> |
| Washing.....                         | 10-2        |
| Waxing and polishing.....            | 10-3        |
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| <b>Corrosion protection</b> .....    | <b>10-4</b> |
| Most common causes of corrosion..... | 10-4        |
| To help prevent corrosion.....       | 10-4        |

|                                                                                                                                          |             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Cleaning the interior</b> .....                                                                                                       | <b>10-5</b> |
| Seat fabric.....                                                                                                                         | 10-5        |
| Leather seat materials.....                                                                                                              | 10-5        |
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| Climate control panel, audio panel, instrument<br>panel, console panel, switches, combination<br>meter, and other plastic surfaces ..... | 10-6        |
| Navigation monitor (if equipped) .....                                                                                                   | 10-6        |

## Exterior care

### ■ Washing



#### CAUTION

- When washing the vehicle, the brakes may get wet. As a result, the brake stopping distance will be longer. To dry the brakes, drive the vehicle at a safe speed while lightly depressing the brake pedal to heat up the brakes.
- Do not wash the engine compartment and area adjacent to it. If water enters the engine air intake, electrical parts or the power steering fluid reservoir (if equipped), it will cause engine trouble or a malfunction of the power steering.
- Do not use any organic solvents when washing the surface of the bulb assembly cover. However, if a detergent with organic solvents is used to wash the cover surface, completely rinse off the detergent with water. Otherwise, the cover surface may be damaged.
- Models with automatic rain sen-

sing windshield wipers: When washing the vehicle, turn the wiper switch to the "OFF" position. If the wiper switch is in the "AUTO" position, the wipers may operate unexpectedly while washing the vehicle and cause injury.

- **Station wagon models only:** Since your vehicle is equipped with a rear wiper, automatic car-wash brushes could become tangled around it, damaging the wiper arm and other components. Ask the automatic car-wash operator not to let the brushes touch the wiper arm or to fix the wiper arm on the rear window glass with adhesive tape before operating the machine.

### NOTE

When having your vehicle washed in an automatic car wash:

- Make sure beforehand that the car wash is of suitable type.
- When washing a vehicle equipped with automatic rain sensing windshield wipers, make sure that the wiper switch is in the "OFF" position. If the wiper switch is in the "AUTO" position, the

wipers may operate unexpectedly while washing the vehicle and the wiper blades could be damaged.

The best way to preserve your vehicle's beauty is frequent washing. Wash the vehicle at least once a month to avoid contamination by road grime.

Wash dirt off with a wet sponge and plenty of lukewarm or cold water. Do not wash the vehicle with hot water and in direct sunlight.

Salt, chemicals, insects, tar, soot, tree sap, and bird droppings should be washed off by using a light detergent, as required. If you use a light detergent, make certain that it is a neutral detergent. Do not use strong soap or chemical detergents. All cleaning agents should be promptly flushed from the surface and not allowed to dry there. Rinse the vehicle thoroughly with plenty of lukewarm water. Wipe the remaining water off with a chamois or soft cloth.

### ▼ Washing the underbody

Chemicals, salts and gravel used for deicing road surfaces are extremely corrosive, accelerating the corrosion of underbody components, such as the exhaust system, fuel and brake lines, brake cables, floor pan and fenders, and sus-

pension.

Thoroughly flush the underbody and inside of the fenders with lukewarm or cold water at frequent intervals to reduce the harmful effects of such agents.

Mud and sand adhering to the underbody components may accelerate their corrosion.

After driving off-road or on muddy or sandy roads, wash the mud and sand off the underbody.

Carefully flush the suspension and axle parts, as they are particularly prone to mud and sand buildup. Do not use a sharp-edged tool to remove caked mud.



### CAUTION

- **Be careful not to damage brake hoses, sensor harnesses, and other parts when washing suspension components.**
- **Be careful not to flush the engine bottom for a long time. It may cause damage of some electrical parts.**

### ▼ Using a warm water washer

- Keep a good distance of 30 cm (12 in) or more between the washer nozzle and the vehicle.

- Do not wash the same area continuously.

- If a stain will not come out easily, wash by hand. Some warm water washers are of the high temperature, high pressure type, and they can damage or deform the resin parts such as moldings, or cause water to leak into the vehicle.

### ■ Waxing and polishing

Always wash and dry the vehicle before waxing and polishing.

Use a good quality polish and wax and apply them according to the manufacturer's instructions. Wax or polish when the painted surface is cool.

Be sure to polish and wax the chrome trim, as well as the painted surfaces. Loss of wax on a painted surface leads to loss of the original luster and also quickens the deterioration of the surface. It is recommended that a coat of wax be applied at least once a month, or whenever the surface no longer repels water.

If the appearance of the paint has diminished to the point where the luster or tone cannot be restored, lightly polish the surface with a fine-grained compound. Never polish just the affected area, but include the surrounding area as well. Always polish in only one direction. A

No. 2000 grain compound is recommended. Never use a coarse-grained compound. Coarser grained compounds have a smaller grain-size number and could damage the paint. After polishing with a compound, coat with wax to restore the original luster. Frequent polishing with a compound or an incorrect polishing technique will result in removing the paint layer and exposing the undercoat. When in doubt, we recommend that you always contact your SUBARU dealer or an auto paint specialist.



### CAUTION

**Do not use any agents with organic solvents on the surface of the bulb assembly cover. However, if a polish or wax with organic solvents is applied to the cover surface, completely wipe off the polish or wax. Otherwise, the cover surface may be damaged.**

### NOTE

**Be careful not to block the windshield washer nozzles with wax when waxing the vehicle.**



## ■ Cleaning aluminum wheels

- Promptly wipe the aluminum wheels clean of any kind of grime or agent. If dirt is left on too long, it may be difficult to clean off.
- Do not use soap containing grit to clean the wheels. Be sure to use a neutral cleaning agent, and later rinse thoroughly with water. Do not clean the wheels with a stiff brush or expose them to a high-speed washing device.
- Clean the vehicle (including the aluminum wheels) with water as soon as possible when it has been splashed with sea water, exposed to sea breezes, or driven on roads treated with salt or other agents.

## Corrosion protection

Your SUBARU has been designed and built to resist corrosion. Special materials and protective finishes have been used on most parts of the vehicle to help maintain fine appearance, strength, and reliable operation.

### ■ Most common causes of corrosion

The most common causes of corrosion are:

1. The accumulation of moisture retaining dirt and debris in body panel sections, cavities, and other areas.
2. Damage to paint and other protective coatings caused by gravel and stone chips or minor accidents.

Corrosion is accelerated on the vehicle when:

1. It is exposed to road salt or dust control chemicals, or used in coastal areas where there is more salt in the air, or in areas where there is considerable industrial pollution.
2. It is driven in areas of high humidity, especially when temperatures range just above freezing.
3. Dampness in certain parts of the vehicle remains for a long time, even

though other parts of the vehicle may be dry.

4. High temperatures will cause corrosion to parts of the vehicle which cannot dry quickly due to lack of proper ventilation.

### ■ To help prevent corrosion

Wash the vehicle regularly to prevent corrosion of the body and suspension components. Also, wash the vehicle promptly after driving on any of the following surfaces:

- roads that have been salted to prevent them from freezing in winter
- mud, sand or gravel
- coastal roads

After the winter has ended, it is recommended that the underbody be given a very thorough washing.

Before the beginning of winter, check the condition of underbody components, such as the exhaust system, fuel and brake lines, brake cables, suspension, steering system, floor pan, and fenders. If any of them are found to be rusted, they should be given an appropriate rust prevention treatment or should be replaced. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer to perform this kind of

maintenance and treatment if you need assistance.

Repair chips and scratches in the paint as soon as you find them.

Check the interior of the vehicle for water and dirt accumulation under the floor mats because that could cause corrosion. Occasionally check under the mats to make sure the area is dry.

Keep your garage dry. Do not park your vehicle in a damp, poorly ventilated garage. In such a garage, corrosion can be caused by dampness. If you wash the vehicle in the garage or put the vehicle into the garage when wet or covered with snow, that can cause dampness.

If your vehicle is operated in cold weather and/or in areas where road salts and other corrosive materials are used, the door hinges and locks and hood latch should be inspected and lubricated periodically.

## Cleaning the interior

Use a soft, damp cloth to clean the climate control panel, audio equipment, instrument panel, center console, combination meter panel, and switches. (Do not use organic solvents.)

### ■ Seat fabric

Remove loose dirt, dust or debris with a vacuum cleaner. If the dirt is caked on the fabric or hard to remove with a vacuum cleaner, use a soft brush then vacuum it. Wipe the fabric surface with a tightly wrung cloth and dry the seat fabric thoroughly. If the fabric is still dirty, wipe using a solution of mild soap and lukewarm water then dry thoroughly.

If the stain does not come out, try a commercially available fabric cleaner. Use the cleaner on a hidden place and make sure it does not affect the fabric adversely. Use the cleaner according to its instructions.

### NOTE

**When cleaning the seat, do not use benzine, paint thinner, or any similar materials.**

### ■ Leather seat materials

The leather used by SUBARU is a high quality natural product which will retain its distinctive appearance and feel for many years with proper care.

Allowing dust or road dirt to build up on the surface can cause the material to become brittle and to wear prematurely. Regular cleaning with a soft, moist, natural fiber cloth should be performed monthly, taking care not to soak the leather or allow water to penetrate the stitched seams.

A mild detergent suitable for cleaning woolen fabrics may be used to remove difficult dirt spots, rubbing with a soft, dry cloth afterwards to restore the luster. If your SUBARU is to be parked for a long time in bright sunlight, it is recommended that the seats and head restraints be covered, or the windows shaded, to prevent fading or shrinkage.

Minor surface blemishes or bald patches may be treated with a commercial leather spray lacquer. You will discover that each leather seat section will develop soft folds or wrinkles, which is characteristic of genuine leather.

### ■ Synthetic leather upholstery

The synthetic leather material used on the SUBARU may be cleaned using mild soap

or detergent and water, after first vacuuming or brushing away loose dirt. Allow the soap to soak in for a few minutes and wipe off with a clean, damp cloth. Commercial foam-type cleaners suitable for synthetic leather materials may be used when necessary.

### **NOTE**

**Strong cleaning agents such as solvents, paint thinners, window cleaner or fuel must never be used on leather or synthetic interior materials.**

### **■ Climate control panel, audio panel, instrument panel, console panel, switches, combination meter, and other plastic surfaces**

Use a soft, damp cloth to clean the climate control panel, audio equipment, instrument panel, center console, combination meter panel, and switches.

### **NOTE**

**Do not use organic solvents such as paint thinners or fuel, or strong cleaning agents that contain those solvents.**

### **■ Navigation monitor (if equipped)**

To clean the navigation monitor, wipe it with a silicone cloth or with a soft cloth. If the navigation monitor is extremely dirty, clean it with a soft cloth moistened with neutral detergent then carefully wipe off any remaining detergent.

### **NOTE**

- **Do not spray neutral detergent directly onto the monitor. Doing so could damage the monitor's components.**
- **Do not wipe the monitor with a hard cloth. Doing so could scratch the monitor.**
- **Do not use cleaning fluid that contains thinner, fuel, or any other volatile substance. Such cleaning fluid could erase the lettering on the switches at the bottom of the monitor.**

|                                                                                                                    |       |                                                       |       |
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## Maintenance schedule

To keep your vehicle in proper operating condition and to assure peak performance at all times, the recommended maintenance service should be performed in accordance with the maintenance schedule.

### NOTE

The frequency of scheduled inspection and maintenance services as set forth is minimal. However, it may be necessary that they be performed more frequently depending on road conditions, weather, atmospheric conditions and vehicle usage. These conditions may differ from one country to another. Therefore there may be special requirement in your country. We recommend that you ask your authorized SUBARU dealer for the actual maintenance schedule applied to your vehicle.

Continue periodic maintenance beyond 120,000 km (75,000 miles) or 96 months by returning to the second column of the maintenance schedule and adding 120,000 km (75,000 miles) or 96 months to the column headings.

Symbols used:

**R**: Replace

**I**: Inspect, and then adjust, correct or replace if necessary.

**P**: Perform

**(R), (I)**: Recommended service for safe vehicle operation

| MAINTENANCE ITEM |                   | MAINTENANCE INTERVAL<br>(Number of months or km (miles), whichever occurs first) |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |     | REMARKS     |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-------------|
|                  |                   | Months                                                                           |     | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 60 | 72 | 84  | 96  |             |
|                  |                   | × 1,000 km                                                                       | 5   | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 | 105 | 120 |             |
|                  |                   | × 1,000 miles                                                                    | 3   | 9  | 19 | 28 | 38 | 47 | 56 | 66  | 75  |             |
| 1                | Engine oil        | 3.6 L models                                                                     | (R) | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R   | R   | See NOTE 1) |
|                  |                   | Except 3.6 L models                                                              |     | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R   | R   |             |
| 2                | Engine oil filter | 3.6 L models                                                                     | (R) | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R   | R   | See NOTE 1) |
|                  |                   | Except 3.6 L models                                                              |     | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R   | R   |             |

– CONTINUED –

## 11-4 Maintenance and service

| MAINTENANCE ITEM |                                                                                              |                                                             | MAINTENANCE INTERVAL<br>(Number of months or km (miles), whichever occurs first)                                                                                             |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |     | REMARKS                                        |     |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|------------------------------------------------|-----|
|                  |                                                                                              |                                                             | Months                                                                                                                                                                       |   | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 60 | 72 | 84  |                                                | 96  |
|                  |                                                                                              |                                                             | × 1,000 km                                                                                                                                                                   | 5 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 | 105 |                                                | 120 |
|                  |                                                                                              |                                                             | × 1,000 miles                                                                                                                                                                | 3 | 9  | 19 | 28 | 38 | 47 | 56 | 66  |                                                | 75  |
| 3                | Drive belt(s)<br>(except cam-shaft)                                                          | Petrol engine models (ex-<br>cept 3.6 L models)             |                                                                                                                                                                              | I | I  | I  | I  | I  | I  | I  | I   |                                                |     |
|                  |                                                                                              | 3.6 L petrol engine mod-<br>els and diesel engine<br>models |                                                                                                                                                                              | I | I  | I  | I  | I  | I  | I  | I   | Replace every<br>160,000 km<br>(100,000 miles) |     |
| 4                | Camshaft drive belt (timing belt) for Europe<br>(2.0 L and 2.5 L petrol engine models only)  |                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                              |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |     | Replace every<br>160,000 km<br>(100,000 miles) |     |
| 5                | Camshaft drive belt (timing belt) for General<br>(2.0 L and 2.5 L petrol engine models only) |                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                              |   | I  |    | I  |    | I  | R  | I   | Replace every<br>105,000 km (66,000<br>miles)  |     |
| 6                | Cooling system, hoses and connections                                                        |                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                              |   | I  |    | I  |    | I  |    | I   |                                                |     |
| 7                | Replace engine coolant (SUBARU Super<br>Coolant or equivalent)                               |                                                             | 1st replacement: <b>132 months (11 years)/220,000 km (137,500 miles)</b><br>On and after the 2nd replacement: <b>Every 72 months (6 years)/120,000<br/>km (75,000 miles)</b> |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |                                                |     |
| 8                | Fuel system, lines and connections                                                           |                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                              |   | I  |    | I  |    | I  |    | I   | See NOTE 2)                                    |     |
| 9                | Fuel filter                                                                                  | Petrol engine models                                        |                                                                                                                                                                              |   |    |    |    |    | R  |    |     | Replace every<br>90,000 km (56,000<br>miles)   |     |
|                  |                                                                                              | Diesel engine models                                        |                                                                                                                                                                              |   |    |    | R  |    |    |    | R   |                                                |     |
| 10               | Air cleaner element                                                                          |                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                              | I | I  | R  | I  | I  | R  | I  | R   | See NOTE 3)                                    |     |
| 11               | Spark plugs                                                                                  | Petrol engine models                                        |                                                                                                                                                                              |   |    |    |    |    |    | R  |     | Replace every<br>105,000 km (66,000<br>miles)  |     |

| MAINTENANCE ITEM |                                                                                   | MAINTENANCE INTERVAL<br>(Number of months or km (miles), whichever occurs first) |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |     | REMARKS                                          |     |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|--------------------------------------------------|-----|
|                  |                                                                                   | Months                                                                           |   | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 60 | 72 | 84  |                                                  | 96  |
|                  |                                                                                   | × 1,000 km                                                                       | 5 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 | 105 |                                                  | 120 |
|                  |                                                                                   | × 1,000 miles                                                                    | 3 | 9  | 19 | 28 | 38 | 47 | 56 | 66  |                                                  | 75  |
| 12               | Transmission/differential (front & rear) lubricants (gear oil)                    |                                                                                  |   | I  |    | R  |    | I  |    | R   | See NOTE 4)                                      |     |
| 13               | Automatic transmission fluid                                                      |                                                                                  |   | I  |    | R  |    | I  |    | R   | See NOTE 4)                                      |     |
| 14               | Continuously variable transmission fluid                                          |                                                                                  |   | I  |    | I  |    | I  |    | I   | See NOTE 6)                                      |     |
| 15               | Brake fluid                                                                       |                                                                                  |   | R  |    | R  |    | R  |    | R   | See NOTE 5)                                      |     |
| 16               | Disc brake pads and discs/Front and rear axle boots and axle shaft joint portions |                                                                                  | I | I  | I  | I  | I  | I  | I  | I   | See NOTE 2)                                      |     |
| 17               | Brake lining and drums (including parking brake linings and drums)                |                                                                                  |   | I  |    | I  |    | I  |    | I   | See NOTE 2)                                      |     |
| 18               | Inspect brake lines and check operation of parking and service brake system       |                                                                                  |   | P  |    | P  |    | P  |    | P   | See NOTE 2)                                      |     |
| 19               | Clutch system                                                                     |                                                                                  |   | I  |    | I  |    | I  |    | I   | Adjust pedal free play at 1,600 km (1,000 miles) |     |
| 20               | Steering and suspension system                                                    |                                                                                  |   | I  |    | I  |    | I  |    | I   | See NOTE 2)                                      |     |
| 21               | Front and rear wheel bearing lubricant                                            |                                                                                  |   |    |    |    |    |    |    | (I) |                                                  |     |
| 22               | Air filtration system (air filter) for Europe                                     |                                                                                  | I | R  | I  | R  | I  | R  | I  | R   | See NOTE 3)                                      |     |
| 23               | Air filtration system (air filter) for General                                    | Replace every 12 months or 12,000 km (7,500 miles) whichever comes first         |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |     | See NOTE 3)                                      |     |



**NOTE**

- 1) When the vehicle is used under severe driving conditions mentioned in the following examples\*, the engine oil and oil filter should be changed more frequently.
- 2) When the vehicle is used under severe driving conditions mentioned in the following examples\*, inspection should be performed at every 15,000 km (9,000 miles) or 12 months whichever occurs first.
- 3) When the vehicle is used under severe driving conditions mentioned in the following examples\*, the air cleaner element and air filter should be replaced more frequently.
- 4) When the vehicle is frequently operated under severe driving conditions, such as towing a trailer or driving on sand, replacement of automatic transmission fluid, differential gear oil (front and rear) and manual transmission gear oil should be performed more frequently.
- 5) When the vehicle is used under following areas, change fluid every 15,000 km (9,000 miles) or 12 months whichever occurs first.
  - (1) High humidity areas
  - (2) Mountainous areas
- 6) When the vehicle is used under the severe driving conditions mentioned in the following examples\*, the continuously variable transmission fluid should be changed every 45,000 km (28,000 miles).

\* Examples of severe driving conditions:

- (1) Operating in extremely cold weather (Items 1, 2 and 20 only)
- (2) Towing a trailer (Items 1, 2, 12, 13, 14, 16 and 18 only)
- (3) Repeated short trips (Items 1, 2, 16 and 17 only)
- (4) Driving in dusty roads (Items 10, 16, 17, 20 and 21 only)
- (5) Driving in rough and/or muddy roads (items 16, 17 and 20 only)
- (6) Driving in areas using road salt or other corrosive materials (items 8, 16, 17, 18 and 20 only)
- (7) Living in coastal areas (items 8, 16, 17, 18 and 20 only)

## Maintenance precautions

When maintenance and service are required, it is recommended that all work be done by an authorized SUBARU dealer.

If you perform maintenance and service by yourself, you should familiarize yourself with the information provided in this section on general maintenance and service for your SUBARU.

Incorrect or incomplete service could cause improper or unsafe vehicle operation. Any problems caused by improper maintenance and service performed by you are not eligible for warranty coverage.



### WARNING

- Always select a safe area when performing maintenance on your vehicle.
- Always be very careful to avoid injury when working on the vehicle. Remember that some of the materials in the vehicle may be hazardous if improperly used or handled, for example, battery acid.
- Your vehicle should only be serviced by persons fully competent to do so. Serious personal injury

may result to persons not experienced in servicing vehicles.

- Always use the proper tools and make certain that they are well maintained.
- Never get under the vehicle supported only by a jack. Always use safety stands to support the vehicle.
- Never keep the engine running in a poorly ventilated area, such as a garage or other closed areas.
- Do not smoke or allow open flames around the fuel or battery. This will cause a fire.
- Because the fuel system is under pressure, we recommend that you have the fuel filter replaced by your SUBARU dealer.
- Wear adequate eye protection to guard against getting oil or fluids in your eyes. If something does get in your eyes, thoroughly wash them out with clean water.
- Do not tamper with the wiring of the SRS airbag system or seatbelt pretensioner system, or attempt to take its connectors apart, as that may activate the system or it can render it inop-

erative when it should be operative. NEVER use a circuit tester for these wiring. If your SRS airbag or seatbelt pretensioner needs service, we recommend that you consult your nearest SUBARU dealer.

## ■ Before checking or servicing in the engine compartment

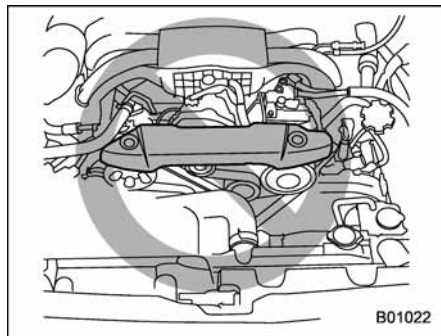


### WARNING

- Always stop the engine and apply the parking brake to prevent the vehicle from moving.
- Always let the engine cool down. Engine parts become very hot when the engine is running and remain hot for some time after the engine is stopped.
- Do not spill engine oil, engine coolant, brake fluid or any other fluid on hot engine components. This may cause a fire.

- Always remove the key from the ignition switch. When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position, the cooling fan may operate suddenly even when the engine is stopped.

■ **When checking or servicing in the engine compartment (2.0 L petrol engine models and 2.5 L non-turbo models)**



**CAUTION**

Do not contact the belt cover while checking the components in the engine compartment. Doing so may cause your hand to slip off the belt

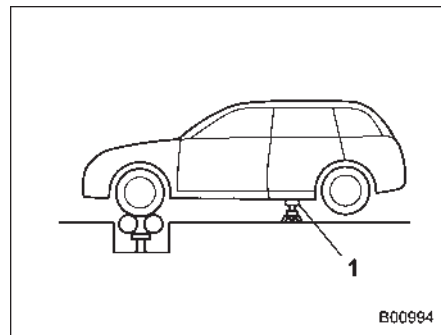
cover and result in an unexpected injury.

■ **When checking or servicing in the engine compartment while the engine is running**



**WARNING**

A running engine can be dangerous. Keep your fingers, hands, clothing, hair and tools away from the cooling fan, belts and any other moving engine parts. Removing rings, watches and ties is advisable.



1) Safety stand

For any maintenance and inspection performed on AWD vehicles which requires a running engine and all four wheels turning, jack up all four wheels or use free rollers to prevent the vehicle from moving. Never race the engine or brake suddenly.



**CAUTION**

Your vehicle cannot be changed over from AWD to FWD. If any maintenance or inspection requires a running engine and all four wheels turning, be sure to jack up all four wheels or use free rollers.

## Maintenance tips

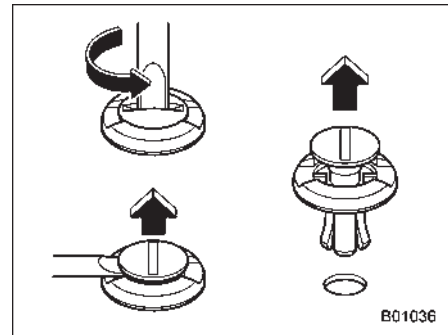
Some clips and fender linings must be removed before replacing the air cleaner elements or specific bulbs.

### ■ Removing and reinstalling clips

#### ▼ Removing clips

There are several types of clips used for your vehicle.

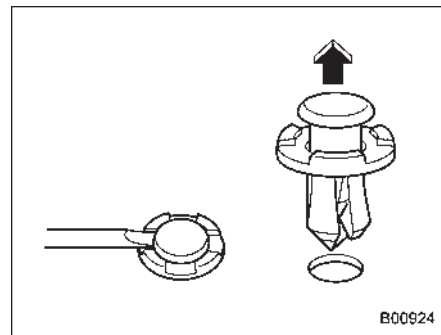
#### ▽ Type A clips



1. Turn the clips counterclockwise using a flat-head screwdriver until the center portion of the clip is raised.
2. Remove the clips with a flat-head screwdriver using leverage.

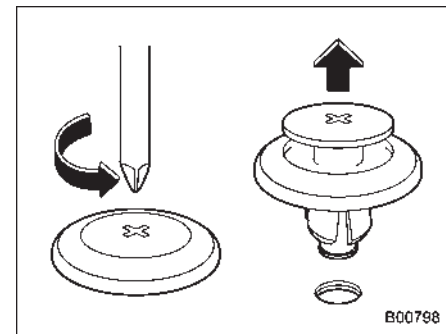
3. Remove the entire clip by pulling it up.

#### ▽ Type B clips



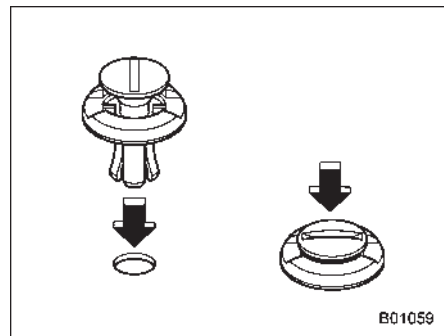
1. Pull out the center portion of the clip using a flat-head screwdriver as shown in the illustration.
2. Pull the protruded center portion to remove the entire body of the clip.

#### ▽ Type C clips

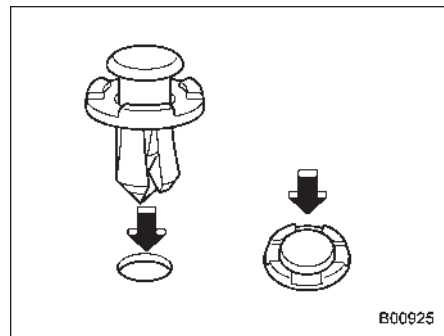


1. Turn the clip counterclockwise using a Phillips screwdriver until the center portion of the clip is raised.
2. Remove the entire clip by pulling it up.

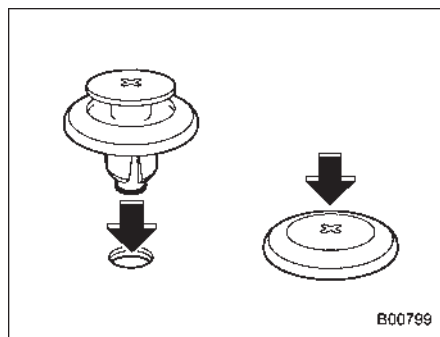
▼ Reinstalling clips



Type A clips



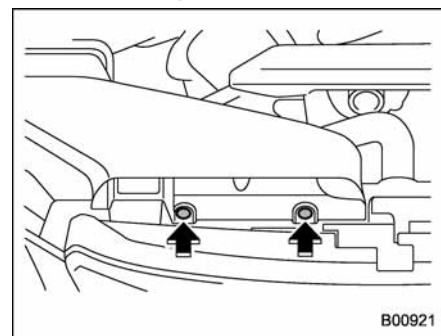
Type B clips



Type C clips

Insert the clip without the center portion first and then push the center portion of the clip into the hole.

■ Removing air intake duct

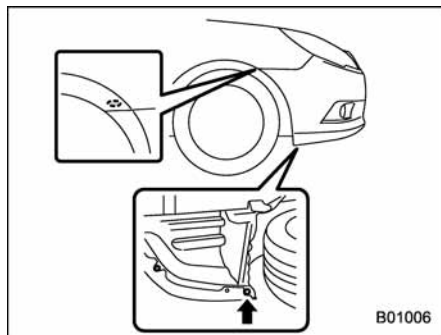


Use a screwdriver to undo the clips on the air intake duct, then remove the air intake duct. Refer to "Type A clips" 11-9.

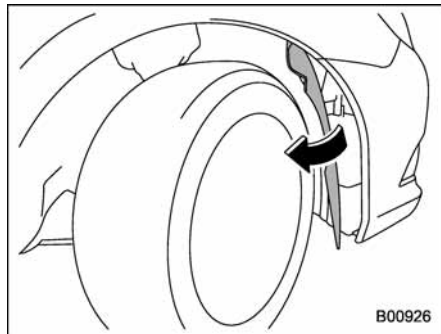
■ Pulling off the fender lining

It is necessary to pull off the fender lining when replacing some bulbs.

1. Start the engine and turn the steering wheel fully in the opposite direction of the bulb to be replaced.
2. Stop the engine.



3. Remove the clip from the fender lining. Refer to "Type B clips" 11-9.

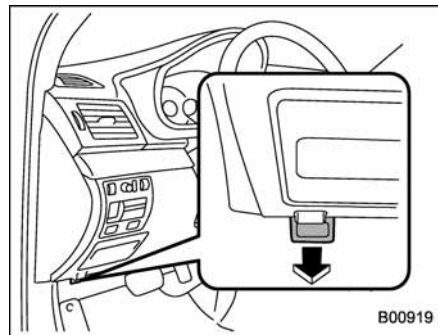


4. Pull off the fender lining.

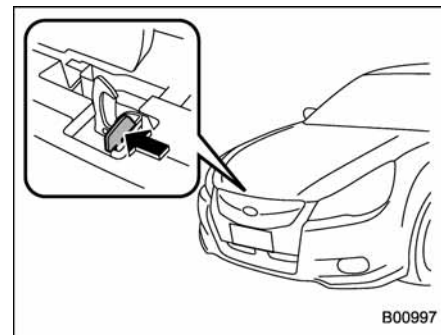
## Engine hood

### To open the hood:

1. If the wiper blades are lifted off the windshield, return them to their original positions.



2. Pull the hood lock release knob under the instrument panel.



3. Release the secondary hood release by moving the lever between the front grille and the hood toward the left.
4. Lift up the hood.

### To close the hood:

1. Lower the hood to a height of approximately 15 cm (5.9 in) above its closed position and then let it drop.
2. After closing the hood, be sure the hood is securely locked.

If this does not close the hood, release it from a slightly higher position. Do not push the hood forcibly to close it. It could deform the metal.

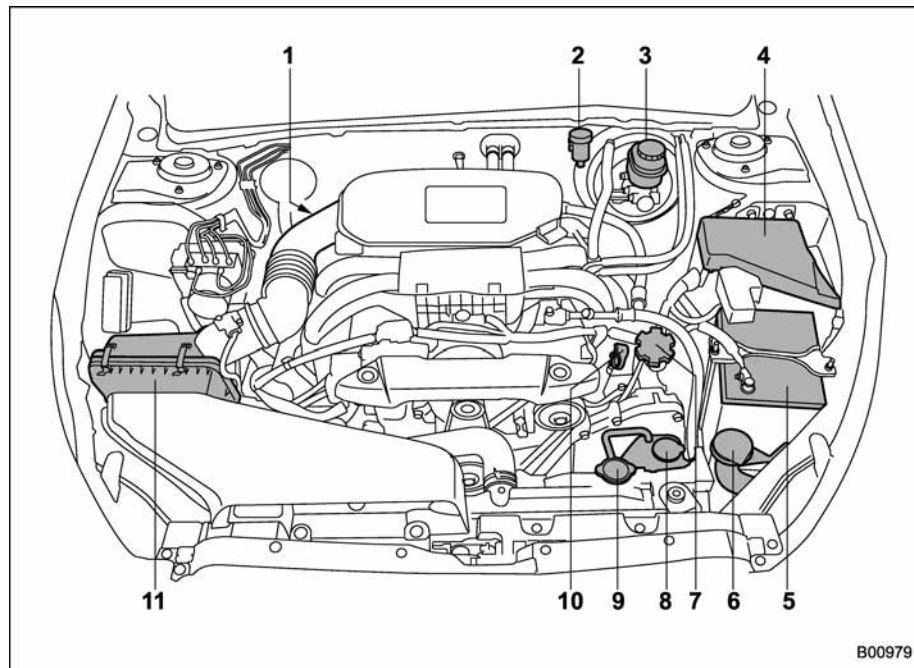


### **WARNING**

Always check that the hood is properly locked before you start driving. If it is not, it might fly open while the vehicle is moving and block your view, which may cause an accident and serious bodily injury.

## Engine compartment overview

### ■ 2.0 L petrol engine models

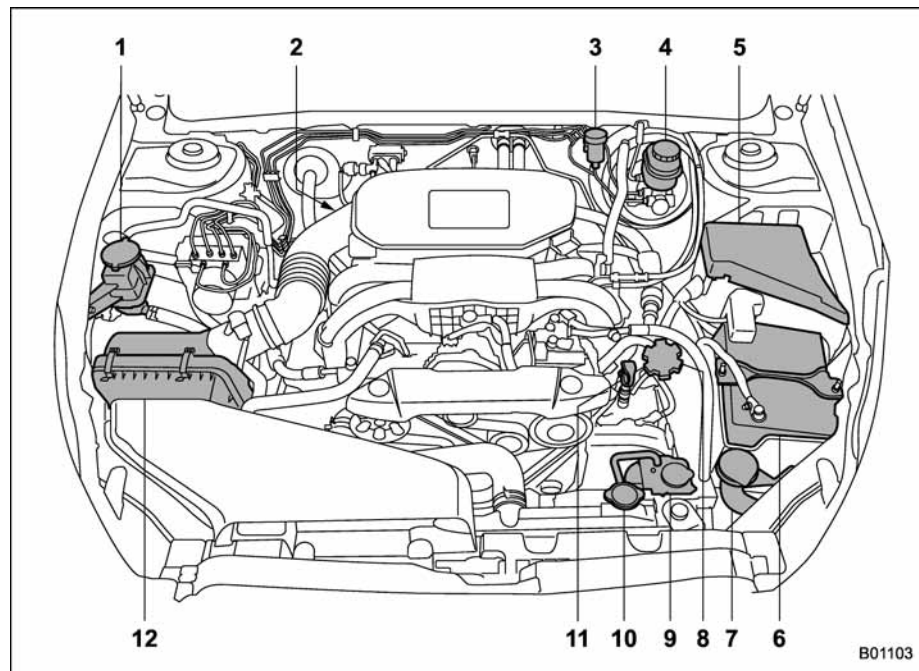


- 1) Manual transmission oil level gauge (MT) (page 11-32)
- 2) Clutch fluid reservoir (MT) (page 11-38)
- 3) Brake fluid reservoir (page 11-37)
- 4) Fuse box (page 11-55)
- 5) Battery (page 11-54)
- 6) Windshield washer tank (page 11-48)
- 7) Engine oil filler cap (page 11-18)
- 8) Engine coolant reservoir (page 11-23)
- 9) Radiator cap (page 11-23)
- 10) Engine oil level gauge (page 11-18)
- 11) Air cleaner case (page 11-25)

The illustration above is for left-hand drive models. The locations of item No. 2 (clutch fluid reservoir) and No. 3 (brake fluid reservoir) for right-hand drive models are the opposite of those shown here.



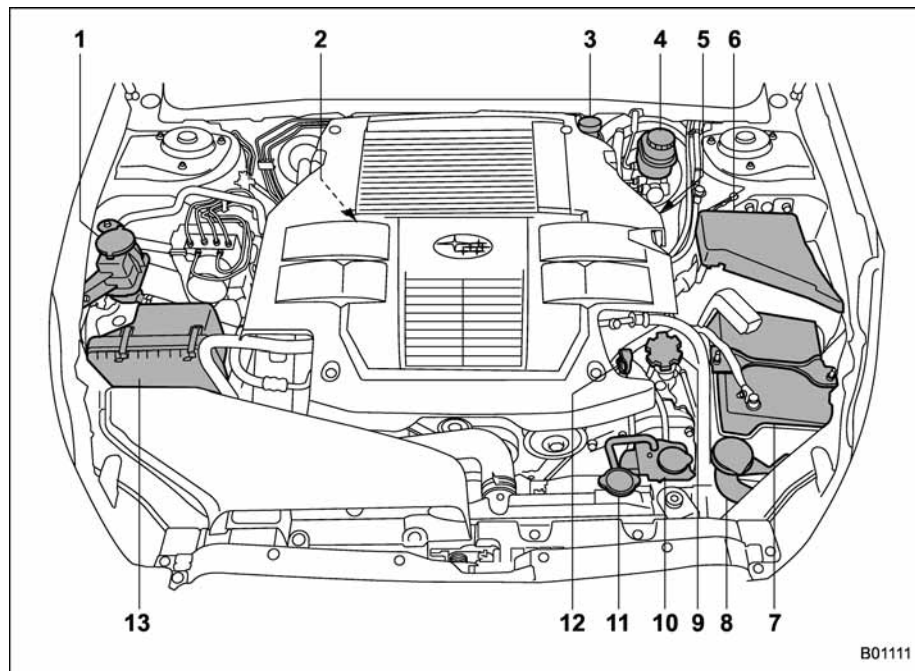
■ **2.5 L non-turbo models**



- 1) Power steering fluid reservoir (Australia models) (page 11-36)
- 2) Manual transmission oil level gauge (MT) (page 11-32)
- 3) Clutch fluid reservoir (MT) (page 11-38)
- 4) Brake fluid reservoir (page 11-37)
- 5) Fuse box (page 11-55)
- 6) Battery (page 11-54)
- 7) Windshield washer tank (page 11-48)
- 8) Engine oil filler cap (page 11-18)
- 9) Engine coolant reservoir (page 11-23)
- 10) Radiator cap (page 11-23)
- 11) Engine oil level gauge (page 11-18)
- 12) Air cleaner case (page 11-25)

The illustration above is for left-hand drive models. The locations of item No. 3 (clutch fluid reservoir) and No. 4 (brake fluid reservoir) for right-hand drive models are the opposite of those shown here.

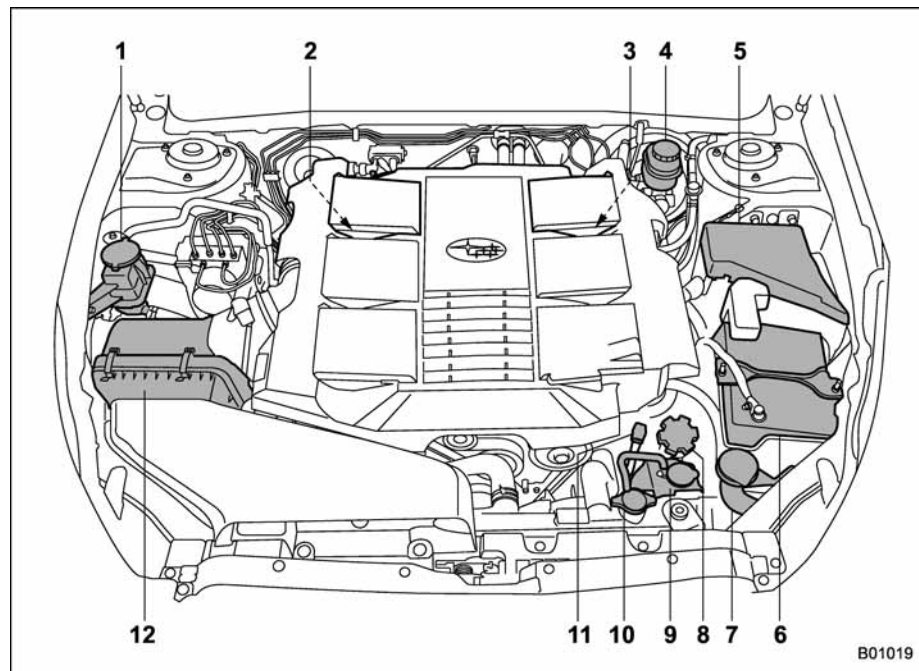
## ■ 2.5 L turbo models



The illustration above is for left-hand drive models. The locations of item No. 3 (clutch fluid reservoir) and No. 4 (brake fluid reservoir) for right-hand drive models are the opposite of those shown here.

- 1) Power steering fluid reservoir (page 11-36)
- 2) Manual transmission oil level gauge (MT) (page 11-32) or Differential gear oil level gauge (AT) (page 11-34)
- 3) Clutch fluid reservoir (page 11-38)
- 4) Brake fluid reservoir (page 11-37)
- 5) Automatic transmission fluid level gauge (AT) (page 11-33)
- 6) Fuse box (page 11-55)
- 7) Battery (page 11-54)
- 8) Windshield washer tank (page 11-48)
- 9) Engine oil filler cap (page 11-18)
- 10) Engine coolant reservoir (page 11-23)
- 11) Radiator cap (page 11-23)
- 12) Engine oil level gauge (page 11-18)
- 13) Air cleaner case (page 11-25)

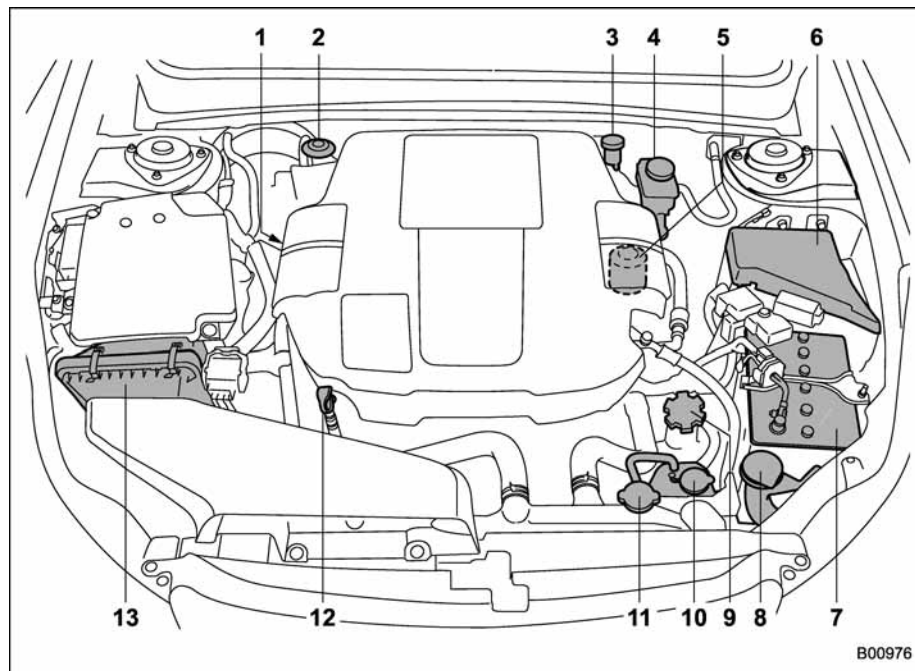
■ **3.6 L models**



- 1) Power steering fluid reservoir (Australia models) (page 11-36)
- 2) Differential gear oil level gauge (AT) (page 11-34)
- 3) Automatic transmission fluid level gauge (page 11-33)
- 4) Brake fluid reservoir (page 11-37)
- 5) Fuse box (page 11-55)
- 6) Battery (page 11-54)
- 7) Windshield washer tank (page 11-48)
- 8) Engine oil filler cap (page 11-18)
- 9) Engine coolant reservoir (page 11-23)
- 10) Radiator cap (page 11-23)
- 11) Engine oil level gauge (page 11-18)
- 12) Air cleaner case (page 11-25)

The illustration above is for left-hand drive models. The location of item No. 4 (brake fluid reservoir) for right-hand drive models is the opposite of that shown here.

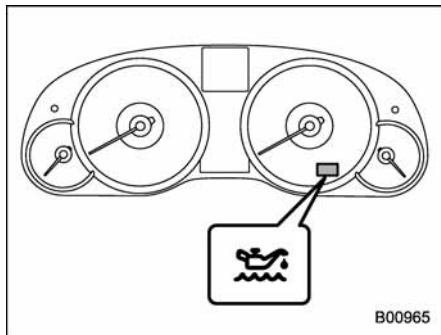
## ■ Turbo diesel engine models



- 1) Manual transmission oil level gauge (page 11-32)
- 2) Priming pump (page 9-31)
- 3) Clutch fluid reservoir (page 11-38)
- 4) Brake fluid reservoir (page 11-37)
- 5) Engine oil filter (page 11-20)
- 6) Fuse box (page 11-55)
- 7) Battery (page 11-54)
- 8) Windshield washer tank (page 11-48)
- 9) Engine oil filler cap (page 11-18)
- 10) Engine coolant reservoir (page 11-23)
- 11) Radiator cap (page 11-23)
- 12) Engine oil level gauge (page 11-18)
- 13) Air cleaner case (page 11-25)

The illustration above is for left-hand drive models. The locations of item No. 2 (priming pump), No. 3 (clutch fluid reservoir) and No. 4 (brake fluid reservoir) for right-hand drive models are the opposite of those shown here.

## Engine oil



### NOTE

- When the engine low oil level warning light illuminates, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.
- The engine oil consumption rate is not stabilized, and therefore cannot be determined until the vehicle has traveled at least several thousand kilometers. When the vehicle is used under severe driving conditions, such as those mentioned earlier in this chapter, engine oil is consumed or deteriorated more quickly than under normal driving conditions. Please check and replace it more frequently than usual.

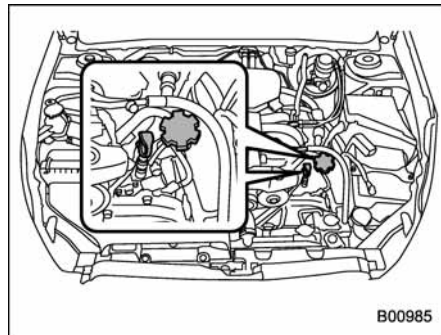
- For petrol engine models, if the oil consumption rate is unusually large after the stabilized period, for example more than 1 liter per 2,000 kilometers, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

## ■ Checking the oil level

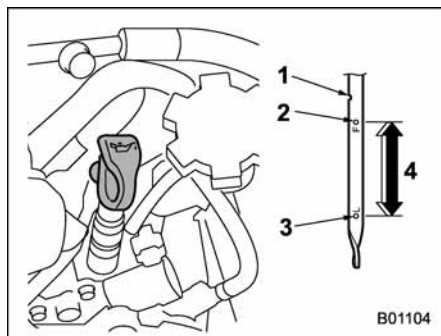
### ▼ Petrol engine

Check the engine oil level at each fuel stop.

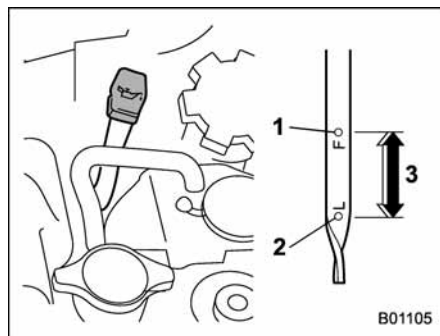
1. Park the vehicle on a level surface and stop the engine. If you check the oil level just after stopping the engine, wait a few minutes for the oil to drain back into the oil pan before checking the level.



2. Pull out the level gauge, wipe it clean, and insert it again.
3. Be sure the level gauge is correctly inserted until it stops with the graphic symbol “” on its top appearing as shown in the illustration.

**Except 3.6 L models**

- 1) Notch
- 2) Full level
- 3) Low level
- 4) Approximately 1.0 liter (1.1 US qt, 0.9 Imp qt) from low level to full level

**3.6 L models**

- 1) Full level
- 2) Low level
- 3) Approximately 1.0 liter (1.1 US qt, 0.9 Imp qt) from low level to full level

4. Pull out the level gauge again and check the oil level on it. If it is below the low level (L), add oil to bring the level up to the full level (F).

**CAUTION**

- Use only engine oil with the recommended grade and viscosity.
- Be careful not to spill engine oil when adding it. If oil touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If

engine oil gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.

**NOTE**

- Just after driving or while the engine is warm, the engine oil level reading may be in a range between the upper level and the notch mark. This is caused by thermal expansion of the engine oil.
- To prevent overfilling the engine oil, do not add any additional oil above the full level when the engine is cold.

**▼ Diesel engine**

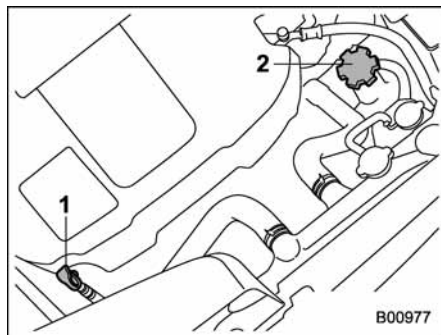
Check the engine oil level at each fuel stop.

1. Park the vehicle on a level surface.
2. Keep the engine idling until the idle speed stabilizes. When starting the engine from the completely cold state, continue warming up the engine until it reaches the normal operating temperature range, as notified by the turning off of the coolant temperature low indicator light that has illuminated in blue on the combination meter. After that, stop the engine and wait for 5 minutes.



## NOTE

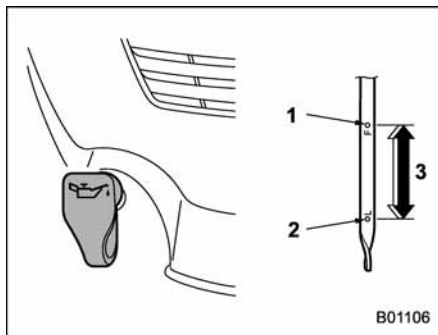
For diesel engine models, make sure to check the engine oil level 5 minutes after the engine stops. Waiting any longer will prevent accurate oil level measurement.



- 1) Engine oil level gauge
- 2) Engine oil filler cap

3. Pull out the level gauge, wipe it clean, and insert it again.

4. Be sure the level gauge is correctly inserted until it stops with the graphic symbol "油" on its top appearing as shown in the illustration.



- 1) Full level
- 2) Low level
- 3) Approximately 1.0 liter (1.1 US qt, 0.9 Imp qt) from low level to full level

5. Pull out the level gauge again and check the oil level on it. If it is below the low level, it is necessary to add engine oil to bring the level up to the full level.

6. To add engine oil, remove the engine oil filler cap and slowly pour engine oil through the filler neck.



## CAUTION

- Use only engine oil with the recommended grade and viscosity.
- Be careful not to spill engine oil when adding it. If oil touches the

exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If engine oil gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.

## NOTE

To prevent overfilling the engine oil, do not add any additional oil above the full level.

7. Restart the engine and keep the engine idling until the idle speed stabilizes.

8. Stop the engine. After 5 minutes, check the oil level again.

## Changing the oil and oil filter

Change the oil and oil filter according to the maintenance schedule.

The engine oil and oil filter must be changed more frequently than listed in the maintenance schedule, when short trips are frequently made, when towing a trailer, or when driving in extremely cold weather.

## NOTE

- Changing the engine oil and oil filter should be performed by a well-trained expert. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for changing

the engine oil and oil filter. Fully trained mechanics are on standby at a SUBARU dealer to utilize the special tools, spare parts and recommended oil for this work, and also, used oils are properly disposed of.

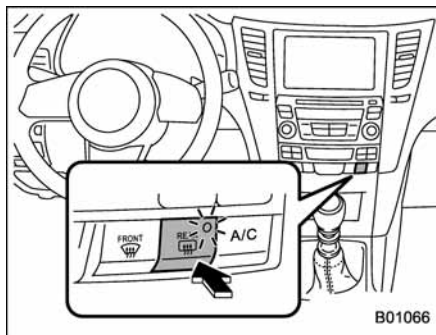
- If performing oil replacement yourself, observe the local regulations and dispose of waste oil properly.
- For diesel engine models, the engine oil replacement data that is stored in the on-board computer should be reset using a special tool every time engine oil and the oil filter are replaced. If the data is not reset, the diesel particulate filter warning light does not operate properly. To reset the data of the on-board computer without a special tool, see the following item.

#### ▼ Resetting the oil replacement data (diesel engine models)

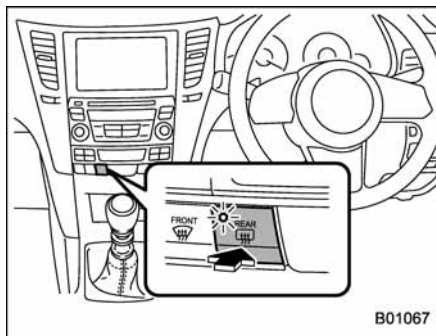
After engine oil and the oil filter have been replaced, the oil replacement data should be reset. To reset the data without a special tool, perform the following procedures.

1. Depress the brake pedal.
2. Start the engine, and keep it in idling.
3. Release the clutch pedal.
4. With depressing the brake pedal, perform the following:

- (1) Push the rear window defogger switch to ON.

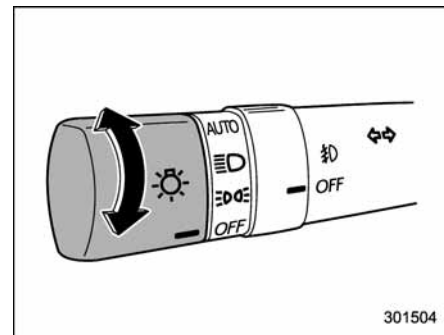


Left-hand drive models



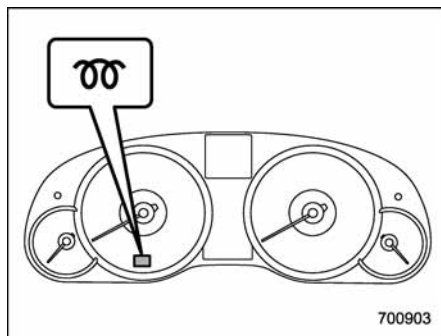
Right-hand drive models

- (2) Turn the headlight switch to the  position.



- (3) Push the rear window defogger switch to OFF.
- (4) Turn the headlight switch to OFF.
- (5) Repeat steps 1) through 4) once more, and go to next step.
- (6) Release the brake pedal.





5. Preheating indicator light will blink approximately 5 seconds when the data was reset successfully.

## NOTE

- Each step between 1) through 6) must be operated within 4 seconds.
- If the resetting procedure was unsuccessful, repeat steps 1) through 5) after performing the following items.
  - Wait for 30 seconds with engine idling.
  - Turn the engine off, and restart the engine after waiting 15 seconds.

## ■ Recommended grade and viscosity

### ⚠ CAUTION

Use only engine oil with the recommended grade and viscosity.

Refer to “Engine oil” 12-6.

## NOTE

Engine oil viscosity (thickness) affects fuel economy. Oils of lower viscosity provide better fuel economy. However, in hot weather, oil of higher viscosity is required to properly lubricate the engine.

## ■ Synthetic oil

You can use synthetic engine oil that meets the same requirements given for conventional engine oil. When using synthetic oil, you must use oil of the same classification, viscosity and grade shown in this Owner's Manual. Refer to “Lubricants” 12-6. Also, you must follow the oil and filter changing intervals shown in the maintenance schedule. Refer to “Maintenance schedule” 11-3.

## NOTE

Synthetic oil of the grade and viscosity noted in chapter 12 is the recommended engine oil for optimum engine performance. Conventional oil may be used with no detriment to engine durability or driveability.

## Cooling system



### WARNING

Never attempt to remove the radiator cap until the engine has been shut off and has cooled down completely. Since the coolant is under pressure, you may suffer serious burns from a spray of boiling hot coolant when the cap is removed.



### CAUTION

- The cooling system has been filled at the factory with a high quality, corrosion-inhibiting, year-round coolant which provides protection against freezing down to  $-36^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-33^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). Make sure to always use genuine SUBARU Super Coolant or an equivalent (non-amine type coolant).
- If the coolant requires water dilution, be sure to use soft water (or clear and drinkable water) and to follow the required dilution ratio.
- Mixing with a different coolant

and/or hard water may result in problems including, but not limited to, shortened engine component life, cooling system clogging, coolant leaks and engine damage from overheating. Therefore, never mix different kinds of coolant and/or hard water even if freezing temperatures are not expected.

- Do not splash the engine coolant over painted parts. The alcohol contained in the engine coolant may damage the paint surface.

## Cooling fan, hose and connections

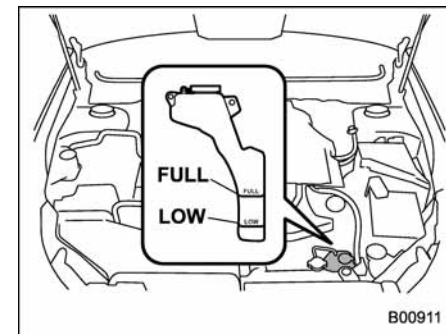
Your vehicle employs an electric cooling fan which is thermostatically controlled to operate when the engine coolant reaches a specific temperature.

If the radiator cooling fan does not operate even when the coolant temperature high warning light illuminates, the cooling fan circuit may be defective. Check the fuse and replace it if necessary. Refer to "Fuses" 11-55 and "Fuses and circuits" 12-14. If the fuse is not blown, we recommend that you have the cooling system checked by your SUBARU dealer.

If frequent addition of coolant is necessary, there may be a leak in the engine cooling system. It is recommended that the cooling system and connections be checked for leaks, damage, or looseness.

## Engine coolant

### ▼ Checking the coolant level



Check the coolant level at each fuel stop.

1. Check the coolant level on the outside of the reservoir while the engine is cool.
2. If the level is close to or lower than the "LOW" level mark, add coolant up to the "FULL" level mark. If the reserve tank is empty, remove the radiator cap and refill as required.
3. After refilling the reserve tank and the radiator, reinstall the cap and check that

the rubber gaskets inside the radiator cap are in the proper position.



### CAUTION

- Be careful not to spill engine coolant when adding it. If coolant touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If engine coolant gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.
- Do not splash the engine coolant over painted parts. The alcohol contained in the engine coolant may damage the paint surface.

### ▼ Changing the coolant



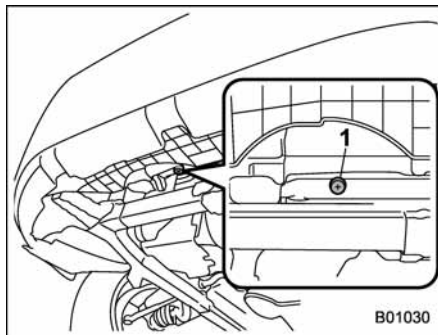
### WARNING

Never attempt to remove the radiator cap until the engine has been shut off and has cooled down completely. Since the coolant is under pressure, you may suffer serious burns from a spray of boiling hot coolant when the cap is removed.

Change the engine coolant using the following procedures according to the

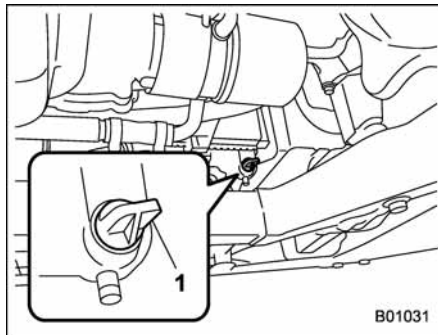
maintenance schedule.

1. Remove the under cover.



2.0 L and 2.5 L models

- 1) Drain plug



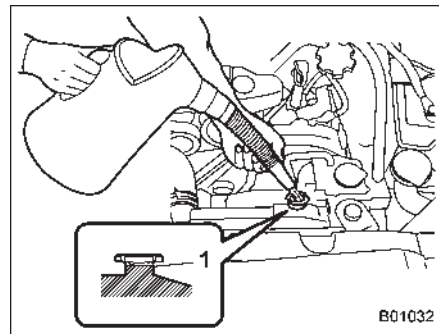
3.6 L models

- 1) Drain plug

2. Place a proper container under the drain plug and loosen the drain plug.

3. Loosen the radiator cap to drain the coolant from the radiator. Then drain the coolant from the reserve tank. Tighten the drain plug securely.

4. Install the under cover.

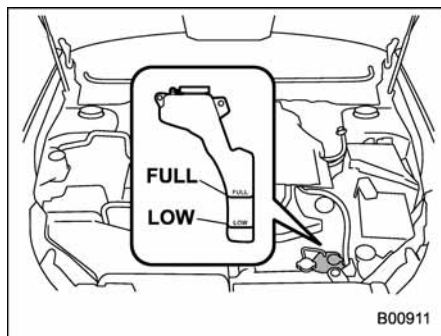


- 1) Fill up to this level

5. Slowly pour the coolant and fill to the radiator filler neck. Do not pour the coolant too quickly, as this may lead to insufficient air bleeding and trapped air in the system.

### NOTE

For guidelines on coolant quantity (including the coolant in the reservoir tank), refer to “Engine coolant” 12-10.



6. Pour the coolant and fill to the reservoir tank's "FULL" level mark.



### CAUTION

- Be careful not to spill engine coolant when adding it. If coolant touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If engine coolant gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.
- Do not splash the engine coolant over painted parts. The alcohol contained in the engine coolant may damage the paint surface.

7. Put the radiator cap back on and tighten firmly. At this time, make sure that

the rubber gasket in the radiator cap is correctly in place.

8. Start and run the engine for more than 5 minutes at 2,000 to 3,000 rpm.

9. Stop the engine and wait until the coolant cools down [50 to 60°C (122 to 140°F)]. If there is any loss of coolant, add coolant to the radiator's filler neck and to the reserve tank's "FULL" level.

10. Put the radiator cap and reservoir cap back on and tighten firmly.

## Air cleaner element

The air cleaner element functions as a filter screen. When the element is perforated or removed, engine wear will be excessive and engine life shortened.

It is unnecessary to clean or wash the air cleaner element.



### WARNING

**Do not operate the engine with the air cleaner element removed. The air cleaner element not only filters intake air but also stops flames if the engine backfires. If the air cleaner element is not installed when the engine backfires, you could be burned.**

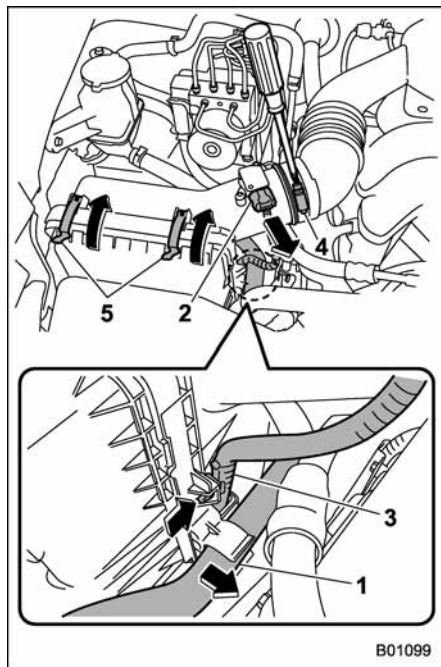


### CAUTION

**When replacing the air cleaner element, we recommend that you use a genuine SUBARU air cleaner element. If it is not used, there is the possibility of causing a negative effect to the engine.**

## Replacing the air cleaner element

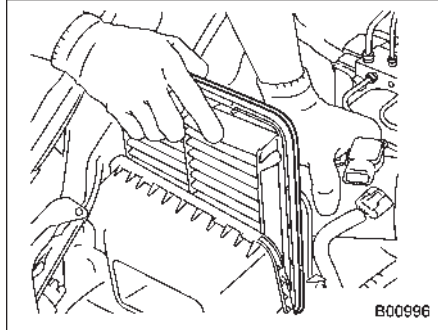
### Non-turbo models



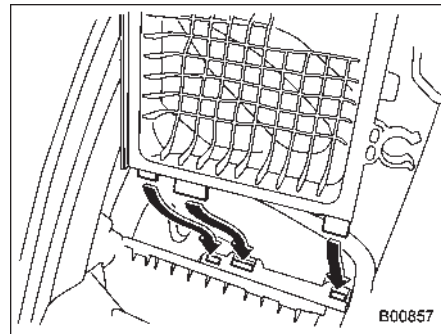
- 1) Hydraulic hose (models with a hydraulic power steering system)
- 2) Connector

- 3) Connector cable
- 4) Clamp
- 5) Clips

1. For models with a hydraulic power steering system, remove the hydraulic hose in the power steering system from the clip on the right side of the air cleaner case.
2. Unplug the connector that is attached to the top of the air cleaner case.
3. To remove the connector cable from the air cleaner case, remove the clip that is attached to the connector cable from the guide lug on the right side of the air cleaner case.
4. Loosen the screw on the clamp.
5. Unsnap the two clips holding the air cleaner case cover.

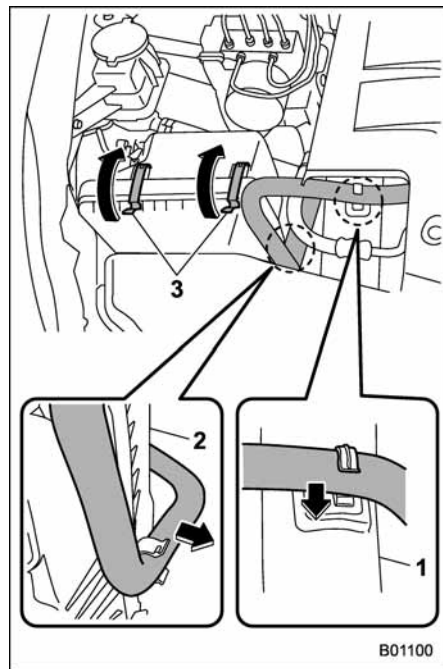


6. Open the air cleaner case and remove the air cleaner element.
7. Clean the inside of the air cleaner case and case cover with a damp cloth and install a new air cleaner element.



8. To install the air cleaner case, insert the three projections on the air cleaner case into the slits on the air cleaner case cover.
9. Install the removed or loosened parts in the reverse order of removal.

## ▼ Turbo petrol engine models



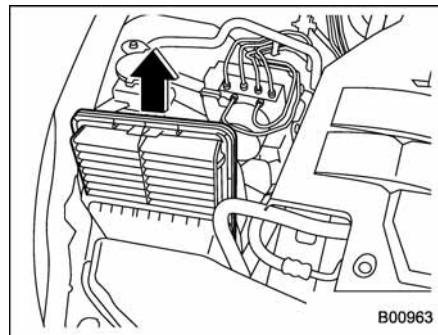
- 1) Air intake duct
- 2) Air cleaner case
- 3) Clamp

1. Remove the hydraulic hose in the power steering system from the clip on

the air intake duct.

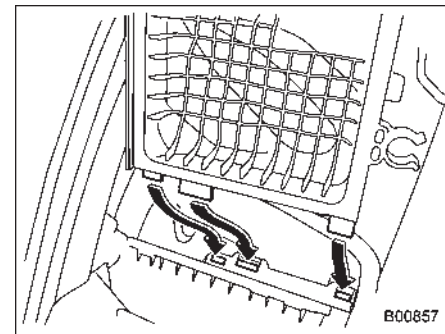
2. Remove the hydraulic hose from the clip on the right side of the air cleaner case.

3. Unsnap the two clamps holding the air cleaner case cover.



4. Open the air cleaner case and remove the air cleaner element.

5. Clean the inside of the air cleaner case and case cover with a damp cloth and install a new air cleaner element.

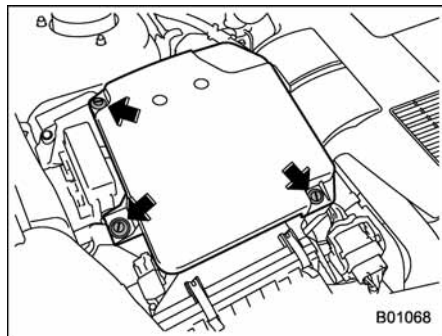


6. If the air cleaner case has been removed, insert the three projections on the air cleaner case into the slits on the air cleaner case cover.

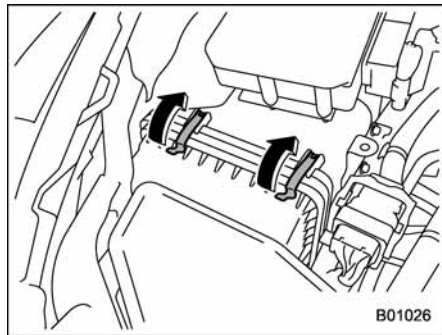
7. Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.



▼ **Diesel engine models**

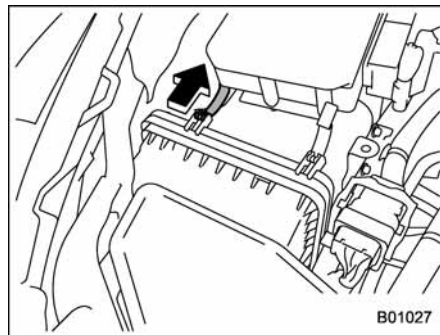


1. Use a screwdriver to remove the clips on the cover of the engine control unit, then remove the cover of the engine control unit. Refer to "Type A clips" 11-9.

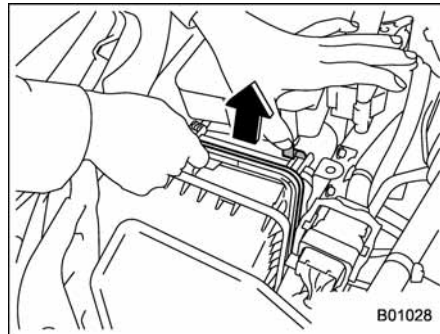


2. Unsnap the two clamps holding the air

cleaner case cover.



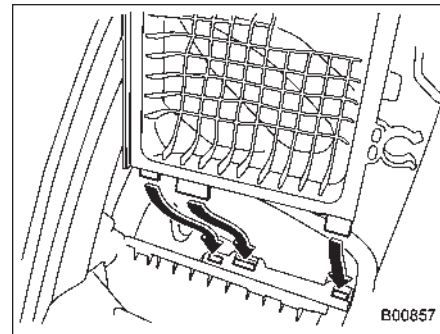
3. Open the air cleaner case, and then hook the clamps onto the bracket of the engine control unit.



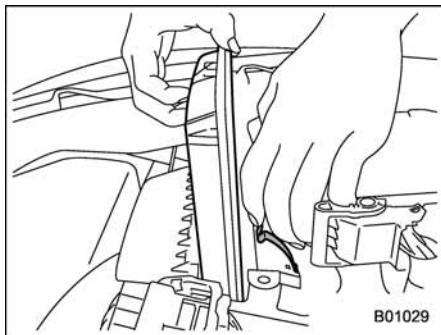
4. Remove the air cleaner element by covering the clamp with a hand, to avoid

scratching the air cleaner element.

5. Clean the inside of the air cleaner case and case cover with a damp cloth.



6. If the air cleaner case has been removed, insert the three projections on the air cleaner case into the slits on the air cleaner case cover.



7. Install the air cleaner element by covering the clamp with a hand, to avoid scratching the air cleaner element.

8. Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.

## Spark plugs (petrol engine models)

It may be difficult to replace the spark plugs. It is recommended that you have the spark plugs replaced by your SUBARU dealer.

The spark plugs should be replaced according to the maintenance schedule. Refer to "Maintenance schedule" 11-3.

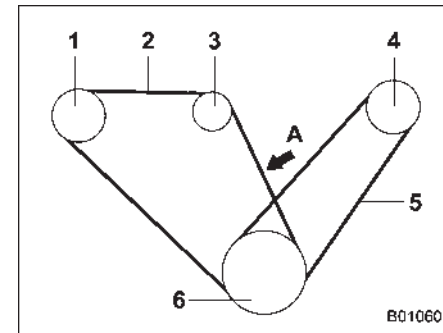
## Recommended spark plugs

Refer to "Electrical system" 12-11.

## Drive belts

### Models with a hydraulic power steering system

#### Except 3.6 L models



- 1) Power steering pump pulley
- 2) Front side belt
- 3) Alternator pulley
- 4) Air conditioner compressor pulley
- 5) Rear side belt
- 6) Crank pulley
- A) 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf)



### CAUTION

The drive belt, which runs in conjunction with the following components, must be used within the



specified deflection.

- Power steering pump pulley
- Alternator pulley
- Crank pulley

Check the deflection of the drive belt. If there is any looseness, cracks, wear or unusual noise on front side belt, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

Continuing to use the vehicle with the belt outside of the specification may cause the engine to malfunction and the above components to malfunction.

To check the tension of the front side belt, place a straightedge (ruler) across two adjacent pulleys (alternator and crank pulley) and apply a force of 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf) midway between the pulleys by using a spring scale. Belt deflection should be the amount specified. If the front side belt is loose, cracked, or worn, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

mm (in)

|   | Deflection                 |                             |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | New belt                   | Used belt                   |
| A | 7.0 – 9.0<br>(0.28 – 0.35) | 9.0 – 11.0<br>(0.35 – 0.43) |

The rear side belt is a stretch-type belt, therefore the deflection and tension do not need to be checked. If there are cracks or wear confirmed on the belts and a squeaking sound is heard from them, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

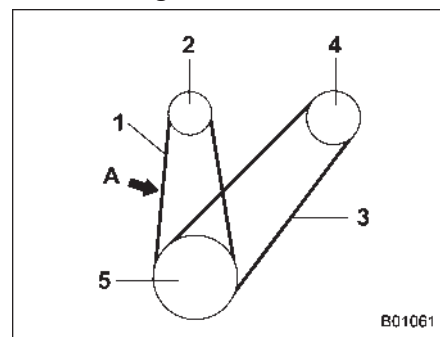
### ▼ 3.6 L models

It is unnecessary to check the deflection of the drive belt periodically because your engine is equipped with an automatic belt tension adjuster. However, replacement of the belt should be done according to the maintenance schedule. We recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for replacement.

If the drive belt is loose, cracked or worn, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

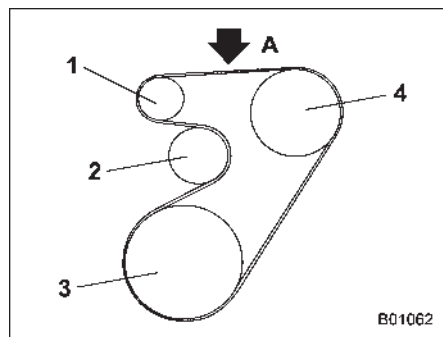
## ■ Models with an electric power steering system

### ▼ Petrol engine models



### Except 3.6 L models

- 1) Front side belt
  - 2) Alternator pulley
  - 3) Rear side belt
  - 4) Air conditioner compressor pulley
  - 5) Crank pulley
- A) 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf)

**3.6 L models**

- 1) Alternator pulley
- 2) Tensioner pulley
- 3) Crank pulley
- 4) Air conditioner compressor pulley
- A) 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf)

**CAUTION**

The front side belt, which runs in conjunction with the following components, must be used within the specified deflection.

- Alternator pulley
- Crank pulley

Check the deflection of the front side belt and if there is any looseness, cracks, wear or unusual noise on the front side belt, we recom-

**mend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.**

**Continuing to use the vehicle with the belt outside of the specification may cause the engine to malfunction and the above components to malfunction.**

To check the deflection of the front side belt, place a straightedge (ruler) across two adjacent pulleys (alternator pulley and crank pulley) and apply a force of 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf) midway between the pulleys by using a spring scale. The belt deflection should be the amount specified. If the front side belt is loose, cracked or worn, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

mm (in)

|                     | Deflection                 |                            |
|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|                     | New belt                   | Used belt                  |
| Except 3.6 L models | 4.0 – 6.0<br>(0.16 – 0.24) | 6.0 – 8.0<br>(0.24 – 0.31) |
| 3.6 L models        | 3.0 – 4.0<br>(0.12 – 0.16) | 6.0 – 7.0<br>(0.24 – 0.28) |

The rear side belt is a stretch-type belt, therefore the deflection does not need to be checked. If there are cracks or wear confirmed on the belts and a squeaking sound is heard from them, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

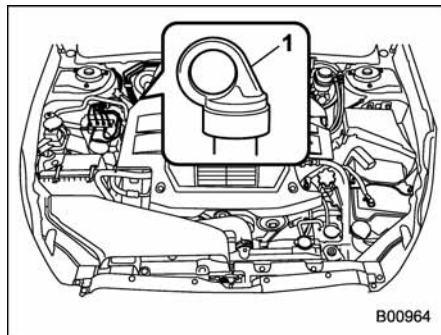
▼ **Diesel engine models**

It is unnecessary to check the deflection of the drive belt periodically because your engine is equipped with an automatic belt tension adjuster. However, replacement of the belt should be done according to the maintenance schedule. We recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for replacement.

If the drive belt is loose, cracked or worn, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

## Manual transmission oil

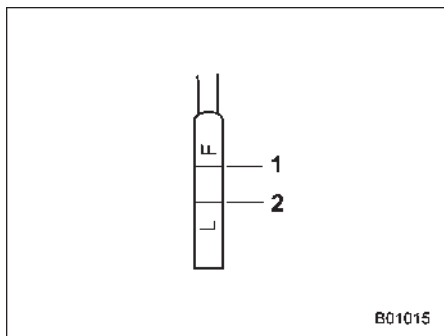
### ■ Checking the oil level



- 1) Yellow handle

Check the oil level monthly.

1. Park the vehicle on a level surface and stop the engine.
2. Pull out the level gauge, wipe it clean, and insert it again.



- 1) Upper level
- 2) Lower level

3. Pull out the level gauge again and check the oil level on it. If it is below the lower level, add oil through the level gauge hole to bring the level up to the upper level.



### CAUTION

Be careful not to spill manual transmission oil when adding it. If oil touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If oil gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.

### ■ Recommended grade and viscosity

Each oil manufacturer has its own base oils and additives. Never use different brands together. For details, refer to "Manual transmission, front differential and rear differential gear oil" 12-8.

## Automatic transmission fluid

### ■ Checking the fluid level

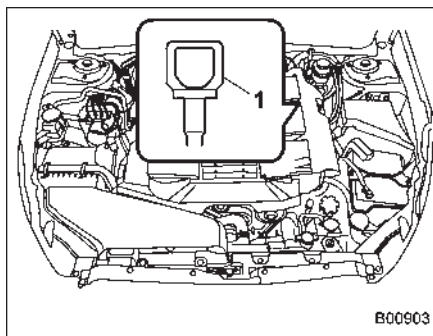
The automatic transmission fluid expands largely as its temperature rises; the fluid level differs according to fluid temperature. Therefore, there are two different scales for checking the level of hot fluid and cold fluid on the level gauge.

Though the fluid level can be checked without warming up the fluid on the "COLD" range, it is recommended to check the fluid level when the fluid is at the operating temperature.

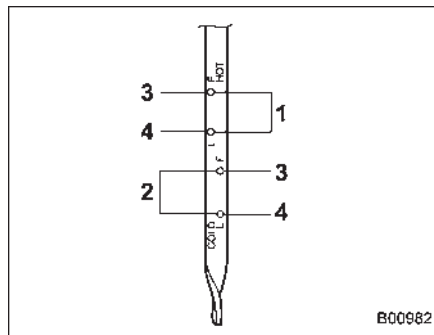
### ▼ Checking the fluid level when the fluid is hot

Check the fluid level monthly.

1. Drive the vehicle several kilometers (miles) to raise the temperature of the transmission fluid up to normal operating temperature; 70 to 80°C (158 to 176°F) is normal.
2. Park the vehicle on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
3. First shift the select lever in each position. Then shift it in the "P" position, and run the engine at idling speed.



1) Yellow handle



- 1) HOT range
- 2) COLD range
- 3) Upper level
- 4) Lower level

4. Pull out the level gauge and check the

fluid level on the gauge. If it is below the lower level on the "HOT" range, add the recommended automatic transmission fluid up to the upper level.

### ▼ Checking the fluid level when the fluid is cold

When the fluid level has to be checked without time to warm up the automatic transmission, check to see that the fluid level is between the lower level and upper level on the "COLD" range. If it is below that range, add fluid up to the upper level. Be careful not to overfill.



### CAUTION

Be careful not to spill automatic transmission fluid when adding it. If automatic transmission fluid touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If automatic transmission fluid gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.

## ■ Recommended fluid

Refer to "Fluids" 12-9.

### NOTE

Using any non-specified type of automatic transmission fluid could result in damage inside the transmission. When replacing the automatic transmission fluid, be sure to use the specified type.

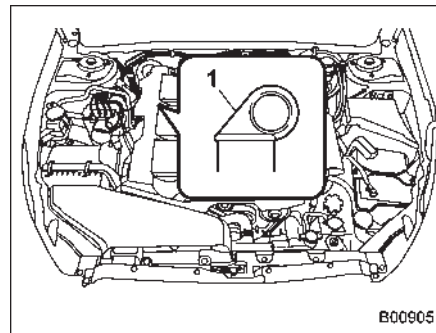
## Continuously variable transmission fluid

There is no fluid level gauge. It is unnecessary to check the continuously variable transmission fluid level. However, if necessary, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for inspection.

## Front differential gear oil (AT and CVT models)

### ■ Checking the oil level

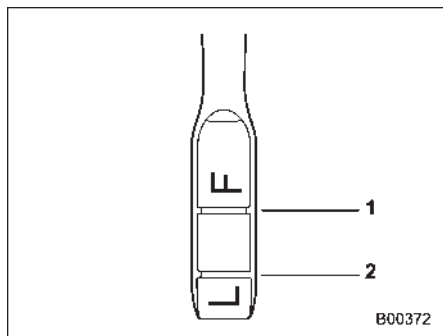
#### ▼ AT models



1) Yellow handle

Check the differential oil level monthly.

1. Park the vehicle on a level surface and stop the engine.
2. Pull out the level gauge, wipe it clean, and insert it again.



- 1) Upper level
- 2) Lower level

3. Pull out the level gauge again and check the oil level on it. If it is below the lower level, add oil to bring the level up to the upper level.



### CAUTION

Be careful not to spill front differential gear oil when adding it. If oil touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If oil gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.

### ▼ CVT models

There is no oil level gauge. To check the front differential gear oil level, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for inspection.

### ■ Recommended grade and viscosity

Each oil manufacturer has its own base oils and additives. Never use different brands together. For details, refer to "Manual transmission, front differential and rear differential gear oil" 12-8.

### Rear differential gear oil

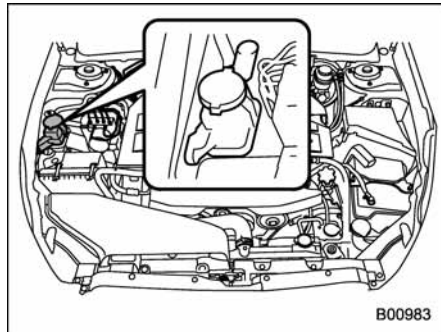
There is no oil level gauge. To check the rear differential gear oil level, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for inspection.

### ■ Recommended grade and viscosity

Each oil manufacturer has its own base oils and additives. Never use different brands together. For details, refer to "Manual transmission, front differential and rear differential gear oil" 12-8.

## Power steering fluid (if equipped)

### ■ Checking the fluid level



#### WARNING

Be careful not to burn yourself because the fluid may be hot.

#### CAUTION

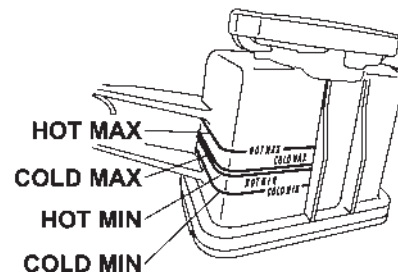
- When power steering fluid is being added, use only clean fluid, and be careful not to allow any dirt into the tank. And never use different brands together.
- Be careful not to spill power

steering fluid when adding it. If power steering fluid touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If power steering fluid gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.

The power steering fluid expands greatly as its temperature rises; the fluid level differs according to fluid temperature. Therefore, the reservoir tank has two different checking ranges for hot and cold fluids.

Check the power steering fluid level monthly.

1. Park the vehicle on a level surface, and stop the engine.



2. Check the fluid level of the reservoir tank.

When the fluid is hot after the vehicle has been run: Check that the oil level is between "HOT MIN" and "HOT MAX" on the surface of the reservoir tank.

When the fluid is cool before the vehicle is run: Check that the oil level is between "COLD MIN" and "COLD MAX" on the surface of the reservoir tank.

3. If the fluid level is lower than the applicable "MIN" line, add the recommended fluid as necessary to bring the level between the "MIN" and "MAX" line.

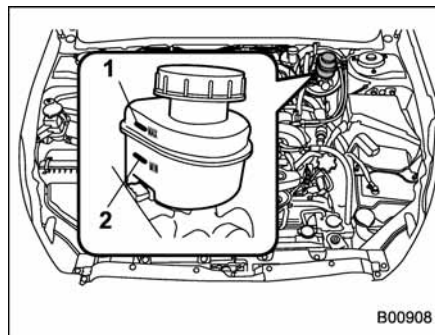
If the fluid level is extremely low, it may indicate possible leakage. We recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for an inspection.

## ■ Recommended fluid

Refer to "Fluids" 12-9.

## Brake fluid

### ■ Checking the fluid level



- 1) "MAX" level mark
- 2) "MIN" level mark

Check the fluid level monthly.

Check the fluid level on the outside of the reservoir. If the level is below "MIN", add the recommended brake fluid to "MAX".

Use only brake fluid from a sealed container.



### WARNING

- Never let brake fluid contact your eyes because brake fluid can be harmful to your eyes. If brake fluid gets in your eyes, immediately flush them thoroughly with

clean water. For safety, when performing this work, wearing eye protection is advisable.

- Brake fluid absorbs moisture from the air. Any absorbed moisture can cause a dangerous loss of braking performance.
- If the vehicle requires frequent refilling, there may be a leak. If you suspect a problem, we recommend that you have the vehicle checked at your SUBARU dealer.



### CAUTION

- When adding brake fluid, be careful not to allow any dirt into the reservoir.
- Never splash the brake fluid over painted surfaces or rubber parts. Alcohol contained in the brake fluid may damage them.
- Be careful not to spill brake fluid when adding it. If brake fluid touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If brake fluid gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.

– CONTINUED –



## ■ Recommended brake fluid

Refer to "Fluids" 12-9.

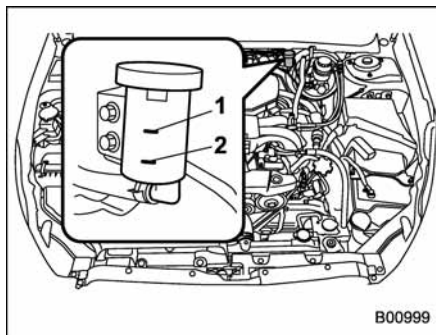


### CAUTION

Never use different brands of brake fluid together. Also, avoid mixing DOT 3 and DOT 4 brake fluids even if they are the same brand.

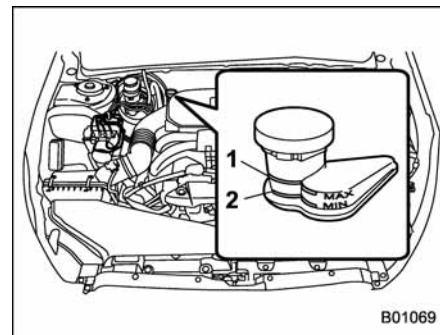
## Clutch fluid (MT models)

### ■ Checking the fluid level



#### Left-hand drive models

- 1) "MAX" level mark
- 2) "MIN" level mark



#### Right-hand drive models

- 1) "MAX" level mark
- 2) "MIN" level mark

Check the fluid level on the outside of the reservoir. If the level is below "MIN" level mark, add the recommended clutch fluid to "MAX" level mark.

Use only clutch fluid from a sealed container.



### WARNING

Never let clutch fluid contact your eyes because clutch fluid can be harmful to your eyes. If clutch fluid gets in your eyes, immediately flush them thoroughly with clean water. For safety, when performing this work, wearing eye protection is

advisable.



### CAUTION

- Clutch fluid absorbs moisture from the air. Any absorbed moisture can cause improper clutch operation.
- If the vehicle requires frequent refilling, there may be a leak. If you suspect a problem, we recommend that you have the vehicle checked at your SUBARU dealer.
- When clutch fluid is added, be careful not to allow any dirt into the tank.
- Never splash the clutch fluid over painted surfaces or rubber parts. Alcohol contained in the clutch fluid may damage them.
- Be careful not to spill clutch fluid when adding it. If clutch fluid touches the exhaust pipe, it may cause a bad smell, smoke, and/or a fire. If clutch fluid gets on the exhaust pipe, be sure to wipe it off.

## ■ Recommended clutch fluid

Refer to "Fluids" 12-9.



### CAUTION

**Never use different brands of clutch fluid together. Also, avoid mixing DOT 3 and DOT 4 brake fluids even if they are the same brand.**

## Brake booster

If the brake booster does not operate as described in the following, we recommend that you have it checked by your SUBARU dealer.

1. With the engine off, depress the brake pedal several times, applying the same pedal force each time. The distance the pedal travels should not vary.
2. With the brake pedal depressed, start the engine. The pedal should move slightly down to the floor.
3. With the brake pedal depressed, stop the engine and keep the pedal depressed for 30 seconds. The pedal height should not change.
4. Start the engine again and run for approximately 1 minute then turn it off. Depress the brake pedal several times to check the brake booster. The brake booster operates properly if the pedal stroke decreases with each depression.

### NOTE

When you depress the brake pedal strongly or suddenly, the following phenomena occur. However, even though these occur, they do not indicate any malfunctions, and the brake assist system is operating properly.

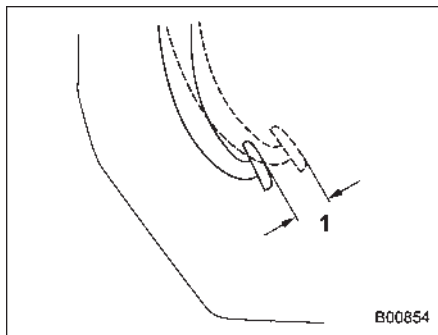
- You might feel that the brake pedal is applied by lighter force and generates a greater braking force.
- You might hear the sound of ABS operating from the engine compartment.

Brake assist is not a system that brings more braking ability to the vehicle beyond its breaking capability.

## Brake pedal

Check the brake pedal free play and reserve distance according to the maintenance schedule.

### ■ Checking the brake pedal free play

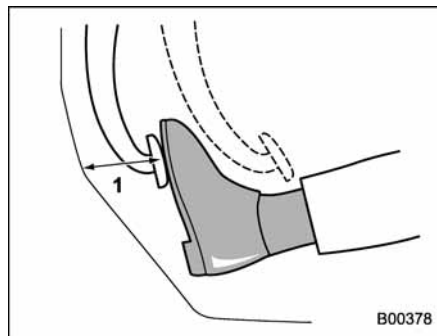


- 1) 2.0 – 5.0 mm (0.08 – 0.18 in)

Stop the engine and firmly depress the brake pedal several times. Then, check the amount of free play by pulling up the brake pedal with a force of less than 10 N (1 kgf, 2 lbf).

If the free play is not within proper specification, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

### ■ Checking the brake pedal reserve distance



- 1) Left-hand drive models:  
More than 65 mm (2.56 in)  
Right-hand drive models:  
More than 85 mm (3.35 in)

Depress the pedal with a force of approximately 294 N (30 kgf, 66 lbf) and measure the distance between the upper surface of the pedal pad and the floor.

When the measurement is smaller than the specification, or when the pedal does not operate smoothly, we recommend that you contact with your SUBARU dealer.

## Clutch pedal (MT models)

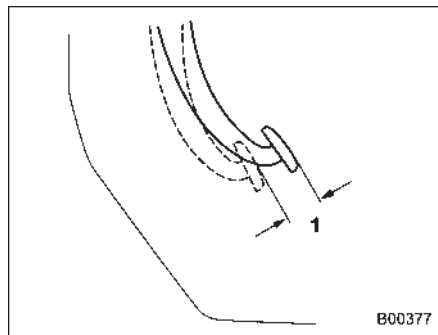
Check the clutch pedal free play and reserve distance according to the maintenance schedule.

### ■ Checking the clutch function

Check the clutch engagement and disengagement.

1. With the engine idling, check that there are no abnormal noises when the clutch pedal is depressed, and that shifting into 1st or reverse feels smooth.
2. Start the vehicle by releasing the pedal slowly to check that the engine and transmission smoothly couple without any sign of slippage.

### ■ Checking the clutch pedal free play

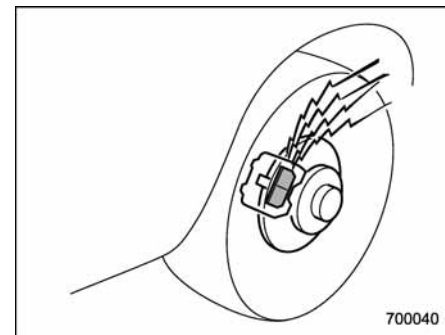


1) 5 – 11 mm (0.19 – 0.43 in)

Lightly depress the clutch pedal down with your finger until you feel resistance, and check the free play.

If the free play is not within proper specification, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

## Replacement of brake pad and lining



The right front disc brake and the right rear disc brake have audible wear indicators on the brake pads. If the brake pads wear close to their service limit, the wear indicator makes a very audible scraping noise when the brake pedal is applied.

If you hear this scraping noise each time you apply the brake pedal, we recommend that you have the brake pads serviced by your SUBARU dealer as soon as possible.



**CAUTION**

**If you continue to drive despite the scraping noise from the audible brake pad wear indicator, it will**

– CONTINUED –

result in the need for costly brake rotor repair or replacement.

## ■ Breaking-in of new brake pads and linings

When replacing the brake pad or lining, we recommend that you use only genuine SUBARU parts. After replacement, the new parts must be broken in as follows.

### ▼ Brake pad and lining

While maintaining a speed of 50 to 65 km/h (30 to 40 mph), step on the brake pedal lightly. Repeat this five or more times.

### ▼ Parking brake lining

We recommend that you have the break-in maintenance for the parking brake linings performed by a SUBARU dealer.

## Tires and wheels

### ■ Types of tires

You should be familiar with type of tires present on your vehicle.

#### ▼ All season tires

All season tires are designed to provide an adequate measure of traction, handling and braking performance in year-round driving including snowy and icy road conditions. However all season tires do not offer as much traction performance as winter (snow) tires in heavy or loose snow or on icy roads.

All season tires are identified by "ALL SEASON" and/or "M+S" (Mud & Snow) on the tire sidewall.

#### ▼ Summer tires

Summer tires are high-speed capability tires best suited for highway driving under dry conditions.

Summer tires are inadequate for driving on slippery roads such as on snow-covered or icy roads.

If you drive your vehicle on snow-covered or icy roads, we strongly recommend the use of winter (snow) tires.

When installing winter tires, be sure to replace all four tires.

#### ▼ Winter (snow) tires

Winter tires are best suited for driving on snow-covered and icy roads. However winter tires do not perform as well as summer tires and all season tires on roads other than snow-covered and icy roads.

### ■ Tire inspection

Check on a daily basis that the tires are free from serious damage, nails, and stones. At the same time, check the tires for abnormal wear.

We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer immediately if you find any problem.

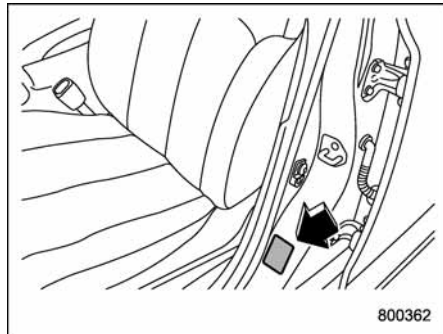
### NOTE

● **When the wheels and tires strike curbs or are subjected to harsh treatment as when the vehicle is driven on a rough surface, they can suffer damage that cannot be seen with the naked eye. This type of damage does not become evident until time has passed. Try not to drive over curbs, potholes or on other rough surfaces. If doing so is unavoidable, keep the vehicle's speed down to a walking pace or less, and approach the curbs as squarely as possible. Also, make sure the tires are not pressed against the curb when you park the vehicle.**

● If you feel unusual vibration while driving or find it difficult to steer the vehicle in a straight line, one of the tires and/or wheels may be damaged. We recommend that you drive slowly to the nearest authorized SUBARU dealer and have the vehicle inspected.

## ■ Tire pressures and wear

Maintaining the correct tire pressures helps to maximize the tires' service lives and is essential for good running performance. Check and, if necessary, adjust the pressure of each tire (including the spare - if equipped) at least once a month (for example, during a fuel stop) and before any long journey.



Check the tire pressures when the tires are cold. Use a pressure gauge to adjust

the tire pressures to the values shown on the tire placard. The tire placard is located on the door pillar on the driver's side.

Driving even a short distance warms up the tires and increases the tire pressures. Also, the tire pressures are affected by the outside temperature. It is best to check tire pressure outdoors before driving the vehicle.

When a tire becomes warm, the air inside it expands, causing the tire pressure to increase. Be careful not to mistakenly release air from a warm tire to reduce its pressure.

## NOTE

- The air pressure in a tire increases by approximately 30 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 4.3 psi) when the tire becomes warm.
- The tires are considered cold when the vehicle has been parked for at least three hours or has been driven less than 1.6 km (1 mile).



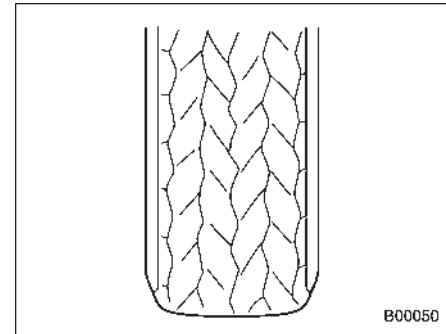
## WARNING

Do not let air out of warm tires to adjust pressure. Doing so will result in low tire pressure.

Incorrect tire pressures detract from con-

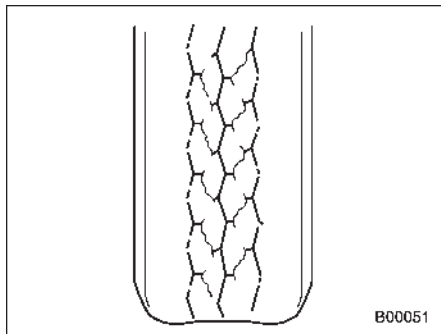
trollability and ride comfort, and they cause the tires to wear abnormally.

- **Correct tire pressure** (tread worn evenly)



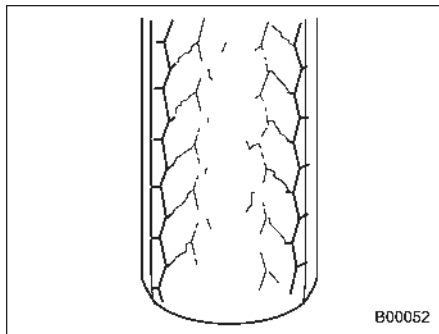
Roadholding is good, and steering is responsive. Rolling resistance is low, so fuel consumption is also lower.

- **Abnormally low tire pressure** (tread worn at shoulders)



Rolling resistance is high, so fuel consumption is also higher.

- **Abnormally high tire pressure** (tread worn in center)



Ride comfort is poor. Also, the tire magnifies the effects of road surface bumps and dips, possibly resulting in vehicle damage.

If the tire placard shows tire pressures for the vehicle when fully loaded and for the vehicle when towing a trailer, adjust the tire pressures to the values that match current loading conditions.



### **WARNING**

**Driving at high speeds with excessively low tire pressures can cause the tires to deform severely and to rapidly become hot. A sharp increase in temperature could cause**

**tread separation, and destruction of the tires. The resulting loss of vehicle control could lead to an accident.**

### **■ Wheel balance**

Each wheel was correctly balanced when your vehicle was new, but the wheels will become unbalanced as the tires become worn during use. Wheel imbalance causes the steering wheel to vibrate slightly at certain vehicle speeds and detracts from the vehicle's straight-line stability. It can also cause steering and suspension system problems and abnormal tire wear. If you suspect that the wheels are not correctly balanced, we recommend that you have them checked and adjusted by your SUBARU dealer. Also have them adjusted after tire repairs and after tire rotation.

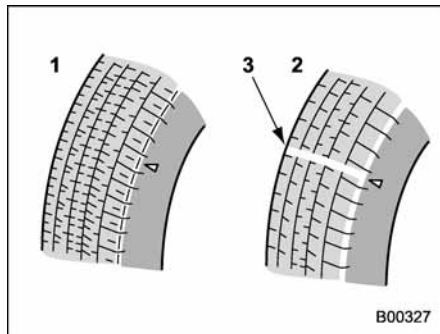
### **NOTE**

**Loss of correct wheel alignment\* causes the tires to wear on one side and reduces the vehicle's running stability. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer if you notice abnormal tire wear.**

\*: The suspension system is designed to hold each wheel at a certain alignment (relative to

the other wheels and to the road) for optimum straight-line stability and cornering performance.

## ■ Wear indicators



- 1) New tread
- 2) Worn tread
- 3) Tread wear indicator

Each tire incorporates a tread wear indicator, which becomes visible when the depth of the tread grooves decreases to 1.6 mm (0.063 in). A tire must be replaced when the tread wear indicator appears as a solid band across the tread.



### **WARNING**

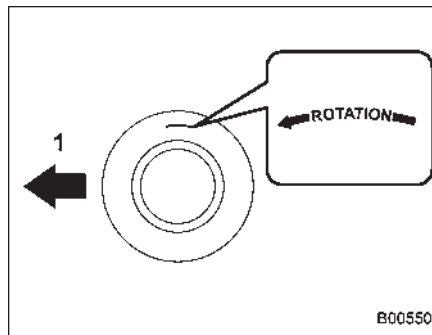
**When a tire's tread wear indicator becomes visible, the tire is worn**

**beyond the acceptable limit and must be replaced immediately. With a tire in this condition, driving at high speeds in wet weather can cause the vehicle to hydroplane. The resulting loss of vehicle control can lead to an accident.**

## NOTE

For safety, inspect tire tread regularly and replace the tires before their tread wear indicators become visible.

## ■ Tire rotation direction mark



**Example of tire rotation direction mark**

- 1) Front

If the tire has the rotation direction

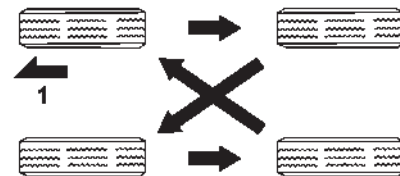
specification, the tire rotation direction mark is placed on its sidewall.

When you install a tire that has the tire rotation direction mark, install the tire with the direction mark facing forward.

## ■ Tire rotation

### NOTE

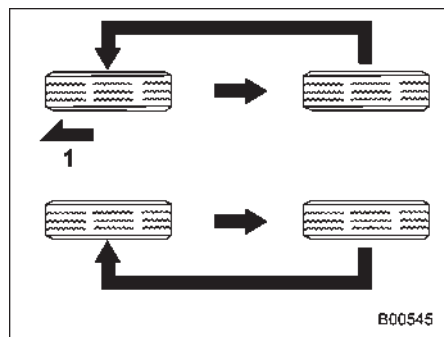
For models with flat tire repair kit, it may be difficult to rotate the tires. We recommend that you have the tires rotated by your SUBARU dealer.



**Vehicles equipped with 4 non-unidirectional tires**

- 1) Front





**Vehicles equipped with unidirectional tires**

1) Front

Tire wear varies from wheel to wheel. To maximize the life of each tire and ensure that the tires wear uniformly, it is best to rotate the tires every 10,000 km (6,200 miles). Move the tires to the positions shown in the illustration each time they are rotated.

Replace any damaged or unevenly worn tire at the time of rotation. After tire rotation, adjust the tire pressures and make sure the wheel nuts are correctly tightened.

After driving approximately 1,000 km (600 miles), check the wheel nuts again and retighten any nut that has become loose.

## ■ Tire replacement

The wheels and tires are important and integral parts of your vehicle's design; they cannot be changed arbitrarily. The tires fitted as standard equipment are optimally matched to the characteristics of the vehicle and were selected to give the best possible combination of running performance, ride comfort, and service life. It is essential for every tire to have a size and construction matching those shown on the tire placard and to have a speed symbol and load index matching those shown on the tire placard.

Using tires of a non-specified size detracts from controllability, ride comfort, braking performance, speedometer accuracy and odometer accuracy. It also creates incorrect body-to-tire clearances and inappropriately changes the vehicle's ground clearance.

All four tires must be the same in terms of manufacturer, brand (tread pattern), construction, and size. You are advised to replace the tires with new ones that are identical to those fitted as standard equipment.

For safe vehicle operation, SUBARU recommends replacing all four tires at the same time.



## WARNING

- All four tires must be the same in terms of manufacturer, brand (tread pattern), construction, degree of wear, speed symbol, load index and size. Mixing tires of different types, sizes or degrees of wear can result in damage to vehicle's powertrain. Use of different types or sizes of tires can also dangerously reduce controllability and braking performance and can lead to an accident.
- Use only radial tires. Do not use radial tires together with belted bias tires and/or bias-ply tires. Doing so can dangerously reduce controllability, resulting in an accident.

## ■ Wheel replacement

When replacing wheels due, for example, to damage, make sure the replacement wheels match the specifications of the wheels that are fitted as standard equipment. Replacement wheels are available from SUBARU dealers.



### WARNING

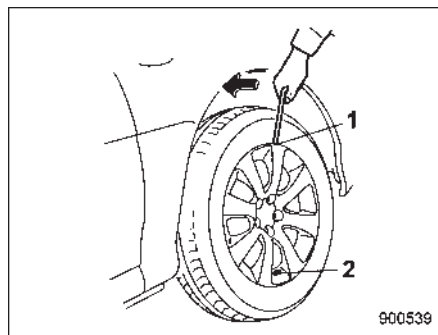
Use only those wheels that are specified for your vehicle. Wheels not meeting specifications could interfere with brake caliper operation and may cause the tires to rub against the wheel well housing during turns. The resulting loss of vehicle control could lead to an accident.

## NOTE

When any of the wheels are removed and replaced for tire rotation or to change a flat tire, always check the tightness of the wheel nuts after driving approximately 1,000 km (600 miles). If any nut is loose, tighten it to the specified torque.

## ■ Wheel covers (if equipped)

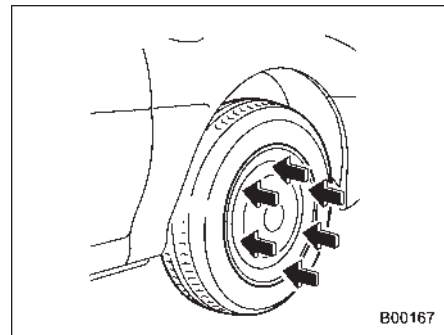
### ▼ Removing the wheel cover



- 1) Notch
- 2) Valve hole

Insert a wheel nut wrench into the notch part on the opposite side of the valve hole to remove the wheel cover.

### ▼ Installing the wheel cover



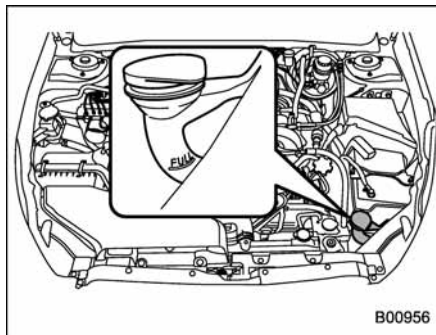
Align the valve with the valve hole in the cover, then fit the cover on the wheel by tapping your hand evenly around the circumference of the cover.

## Aluminum wheels (if equipped)

Aluminum wheels can be scratched and damaged easily. Handle them carefully to maintain their appearance, performance, and safety.

- When any of the wheels are removed and replaced for tire rotation or to change a flat, always check the tightness of the wheel nuts after driving approximately 1,000 km (600 miles). If any nut is loose, tighten it to the specified torque.
- Never apply oil to the threaded parts, wheel nuts, or tapered surface of the wheel.
- Never let the wheel rub against sharp protrusions or curbs.
- Be sure to fit tire chains on uniformly and completely around the tire, otherwise the chains may scratch the wheel.
- When wheel nuts, balance weights, or the center cap is replaced, we recommend that you replace them with genuine SUBARU parts designed for aluminum wheels.

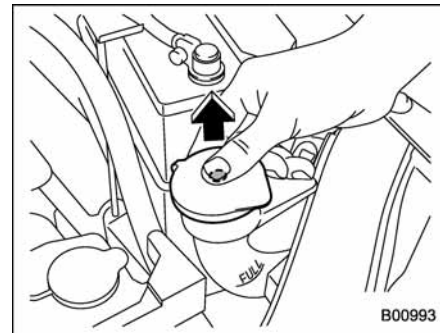
## Windshield washer fluid



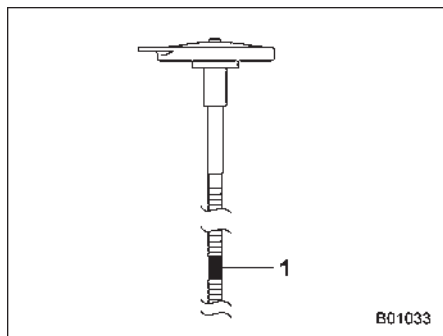
If you spray washer fluid on the windshield but the supply of washer fluid appears to diminish, check the level of washer fluid in the tank.

To check the fluid level, perform the following procedure.

1. Remove the washer tank filler cap.

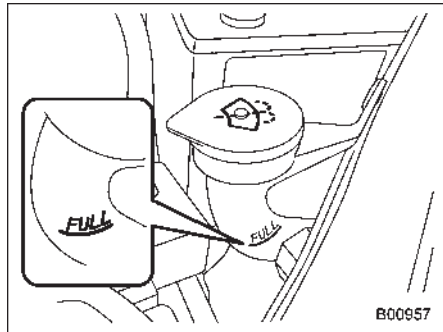


2. Pull up the washer tank filler cap with the center of the cap pressed with your finger.



1) Black part

3. Check the amount of fluid remaining in the level gauge with the center of the washer tank filler cap pressed.



4. If the level is near the black part, add fluid until it reaches the "FULL" mark on

the tank.

Use windshield washer fluid. If windshield washer fluid is unavailable use clean water.

In areas where water freezes in winter, use an anti-freeze type windshield washer fluid. SUBARU Windshield Washer Fluid contains 58.5% methyl alcohol and 41.5% surfactant, by volume. Its freezing temperature varies according to how much it is diluted, as indicated in the following table.

| Washer Fluid Concentration | Freezing Temperature |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 30%                        | -12°C (10.4°F)       |
| 50%                        | -20°C (-4°F)         |
| 100%                       | -45°C (-49°F)        |

In order to prevent freezing of washer fluid, check the freezing temperatures in the table above when adjusting the fluid concentration to the outside temperature.

If you fill the reservoir tank with a fluid with a different concentration from the one used previously, purge the old fluid from the piping between the reservoir tank and washer nozzles by operating the washer for a certain period of time. Otherwise, if the concentration of the fluid remaining in the piping is too low for the outside

temperature, it may freeze and block the nozzles.



### CAUTION

- **Adjust the washer fluid concentration appropriately for the outside temperature. If the concentration is inappropriate, sprayed washer fluid may freeze on the windshield and obstruct your view, and the fluid may freeze in the reservoir tank.**
- **Never use engine coolant as washer fluid because it could cause paint damage.**

## Replacement of wiper blades

Grease, wax, insects, or other material on the windshield or the wiper blade results in jerky wiper operation and streaking on the glass. If you cannot remove the streaks after operating the windshield washer or if the wiper operation is jerky, clean the outer surface of the windshield (or rear window) and the wiper blades using a sponge or soft cloth with a neutral detergent or mild abrasive cleaner. After cleaning, rinse the windshield and wiper blades with clean water. The windshield is clean if beads do not form when you rinse the windshield with water.



### CAUTION

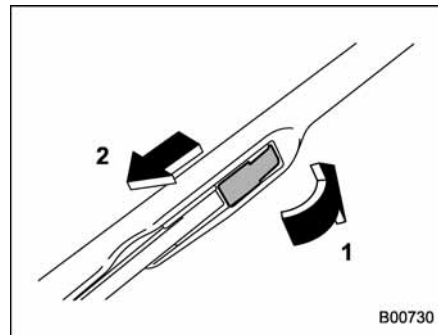
- Do not clean the wiper blades with fuel or a solvent, such as paint thinner or benzine. This will cause deterioration of the wiper blades.
- While removing the wiper blades from the wiper arms, do not return the wiper arms to the original positions. Otherwise, the windshield surface may be scratched.
- When returning the raised wiper arms to the original positions,

carefully return the wiper arms on the windshield by hand. You should not return the wiper arms to the windshield only by the return spring. Otherwise, the wiper arms may be deformed and/or the windshield surface may be scratched.

If you cannot eliminate the streaking even after following this method, replace the wiper blades using the following procedures.

## Windshield wiper blade assembly

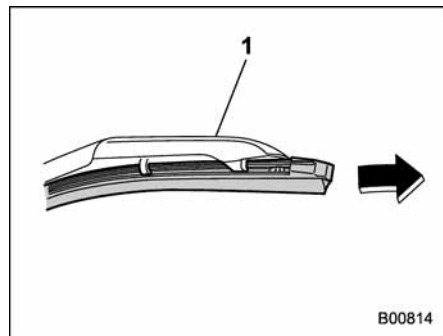
1. Raise the wiper arm off the windshield.



- 1) Open the cover
- 2) Pull down the wiper blade

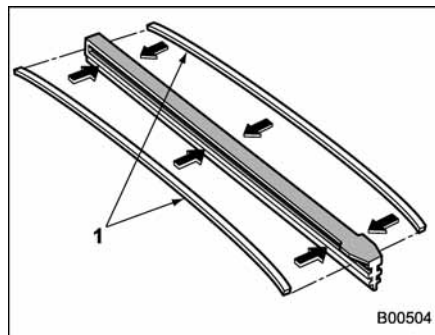
2. Remove the wiper blade assembly by opening the cover and pulling it down in the direction shown in the illustration.
3. Install the wiper blade assembly to the wiper arm. Make sure that it locks in place.
4. Hold the wiper arm by hand and slowly lower it in position.

## ■ Windshield wiper blade rubber



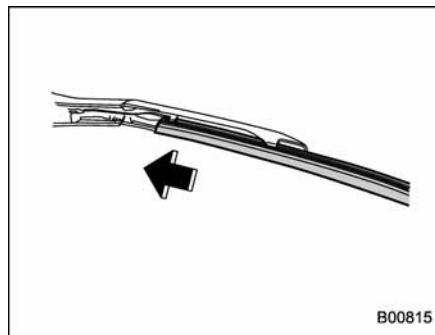
1) Support

1. Grasp the locked end of the blade rubber assembly and pull it firmly until the stoppers on the rubber are free of the support.



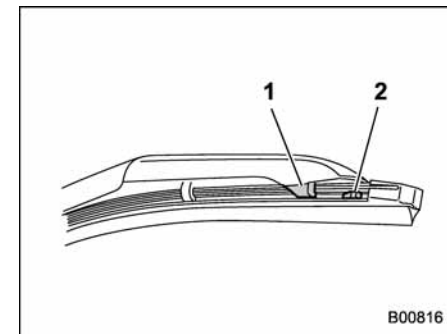
1) Metal spines

2. If the new blade rubber is not provided with two metal spines, remove the metal spines from the old blade rubber and install them in the new blade rubber.



3. Align the claws of the support with the

grooves in the rubber and slide the blade rubber assembly into the support until it locks.

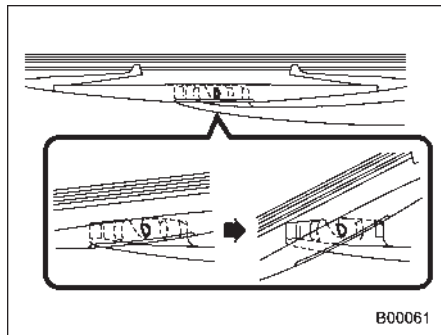


- 1) Claw
- 2) Stopper

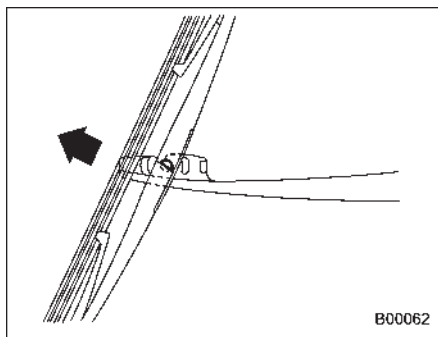
4. Be sure to position the claws at the end of the support between the stoppers on the rubber as shown. If the rubber is not retained properly, the wiper blade may scratch the windshield.

### ■ Rear window wiper blade assembly (Station wagon)

1. Raise the wiper arm off the rear window.

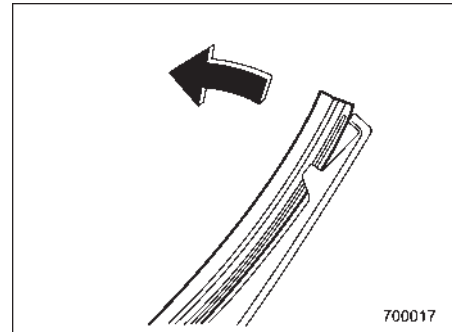


2. Turn the wiper blade assembly counterclockwise.

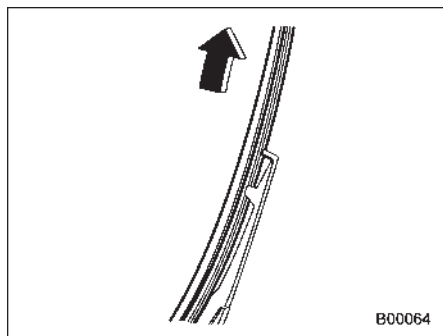


3. Pull the wiper blade assembly toward you to remove it from the wiper arm.
4. Install the wiper blade assembly to the wiper arm. Make sure that it locks in place.
5. Hold the wiper arm by hand and slowly lower it in position.

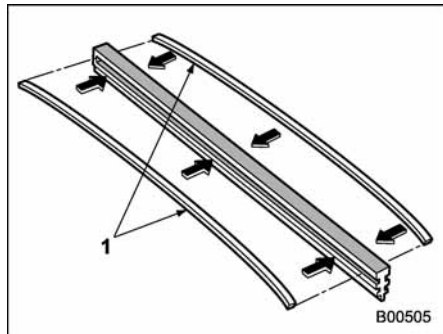
### ■ Rear window wiper blade rubber (Station wagon)



1. Pull out the end of the blade rubber assembly to unlock it from the plastic support.



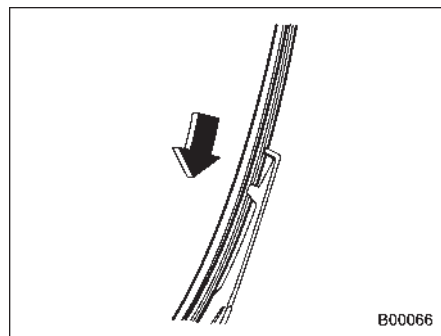
2. Pull the blade rubber assembly out of the plastic support.



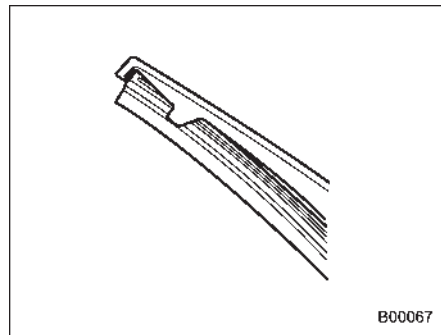
1) Metal spines

3. If the new blade rubber is not provided with two metal spines, remove the metal spines from the old blade rubber and

install them in the new blade rubber.



4. Align the claws of the plastic support with the grooves in the blade rubber assembly, then slide the blade rubber assembly into place.



Securely retain both ends of the rubber

with the stoppers on the plastic support ends. If the rubber is not retained properly, the wiper may scratch the rear window glass.



## Battery

### ■ Battery Precautions!

#### WARNING



Read these instructions carefully:

To ensure safe and correct handling of your battery, read the following precautions carefully before using the battery or inspecting it.



**Wear eye protection:**

Always wear eye protection when working near your vehicle's battery. Battery fluid contains sulfuric acid, so it can cause blindness if splashed into your eyes. Also, batteries emit highly flammable, explosive hydrogen gas. Eye protection is vital for protection in the event that this gas ignites.



**Battery fluid contains sulfuric acid:**

Since battery fluid contains sulfuric acid, be sure to wear eye protection

and protective gloves when inspecting your vehicle's battery. Avoid tipping the battery and subjecting it to shocks since this could cause fluid to spill.

Under no circumstances allow battery fluid to make contact with your skin, eyes, or clothing since this can cause blindness and burns. If battery fluid splashes onto your skin, eyes or clothing, wash it away immediately with plenty of water. If battery fluid splashes into your eyes, seek medical attention immediately.

If battery fluid is accidentally swallowed, immediately drink a large amount of milk or water, and seek medical attention immediately.

Battery fluid is corrosive. If it splashes onto your vehicle's paintwork or fabrics, wash it away immediately with plenty of water.



**Keep children away:**

Batteries must be handled only by persons who are aware of the potential hazards. Take particular care to keep children away from your vehicle's battery. Improper handling

can cause blindness and burns.



**Keep flames away:**

Before working on or near your vehicle's battery, extinguish all cigarettes, matches, and lighters. Also, keep the battery away from flammable items and electrical sparks. Since batteries emit highly flammable, explosive hydrogen gas, any flames or sparks in the vicinity could cause an explosion.

When working near your vehicle's battery, take care that metal tools do not short-circuit the battery's (+) and (-) terminals or connect the battery's (+) terminal to the vehicle's body. A short circuit could create electrical sparks and lead to an explosion.

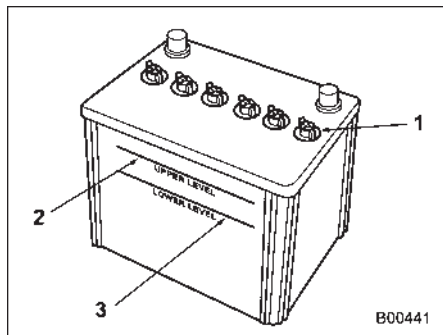
To prevent electrical sparks, all rings, wristwatches, and other metal accessories must be taken off before work is carried out on or near the battery.



**Prevent explosions:**

While being charged, batteries emit highly flammable, explosive hydro-

gen gas. To prevent an explosion, charge your vehicle's battery in a well ventilated area and keep flames away.



- 1) Cap
- 2) Upper level
- 3) Lower level

It is unnecessary to periodically check the battery fluid level or periodically refill with distilled water.

However, if the battery fluid level is below the lower level, remove the cap. Fill to the upper level with distilled water.

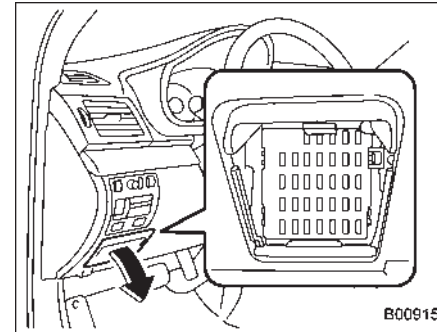
### CAUTION

Never use more than 10 amperes when charging the battery because it will shorten battery life.

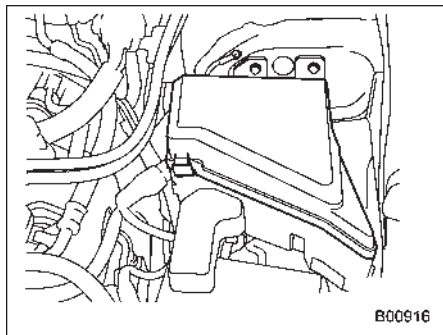
### CAUTION

Never replace a fuse with one having a higher rating or with material other than a fuse because serious damage or a fire could result.

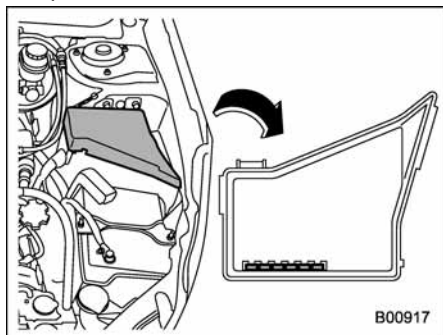
The fuses are designed to melt during an overload to prevent damage to the wiring harness and electrical equipment. The fuses are located in two fuse boxes.



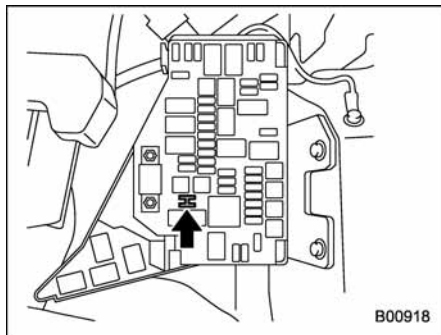
One is located under the instrument panel behind the fuse box cover on the driver's seat side. To remove the cover, pull it out.



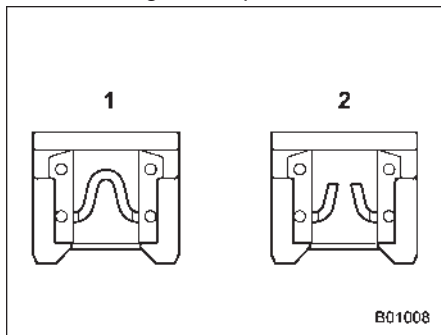
The other one is housed in the engine compartment.



The spare fuses are stored in the main fuse box cover in the engine compartment.



The fuse puller is stored in the main fuse box in the engine compartment.

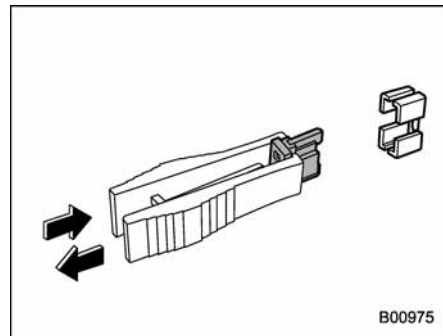


- 1) Good
- 2) Blown

If any lights, accessories or other electrical controls do not operate, inspect the

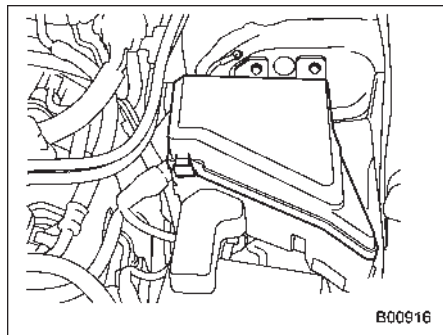
corresponding fuse. If a fuse has blown, replace it.

1. Turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK"/"OFF" position and turn off all electrical accessories.
2. Remove the cover.
3. Determine which fuse may be blown. Look at the back side of each fuse box cover and refer to "Fuses and circuits" 12-14.



4. Pull out the fuse with the fuse puller.
5. Inspect the fuse. If it has blown, replace it with a spare fuse of the same rating.
6. If the same fuse blows again, this indicates that its system has a problem. We recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer for repairs.

## Main fuse



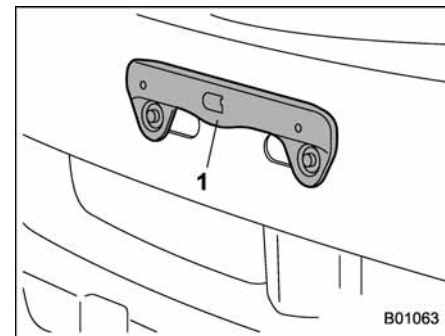
### Main fuse box

The main fuses are designed to melt during an overload to prevent damage to the wiring harness and electrical equipment. Check the main fuses if any electrical component fails to operate (except the starter motor) and other fuses are good. A melted main fuse must be replaced. Use only replacements with the same specified rating as the melted main fuse. If a main fuse blows after it is replaced, we recommend that you have the electrical system checked by your nearest SUBARU dealer.

## Installation of accessories

We recommend that you always consult your SUBARU dealer before installing fog lights or any other electrical equipment in your vehicle. Such accessories may cause the electronic system to malfunction if they are incorrectly installed or if they are not suited for the vehicle. We recommend that you install only genuine SUBARU accessories on your vehicle. Also, we recommend that you always consult your SUBARU dealer before installing a radio in your vehicle.

## Installation of license plate (3.6 L Australia models and 3.6 L Middle East models)



- 1) License plate bracket (front)

When installing the front license plate, use a bracket for the license plate.



### CAUTION

**Do not install the front license plate without a bracket because the cooling efficiency of the vehicle will decrease, possibly resulting in engine overheating and other malfunctions.**

## Replacing bulbs



### WARNING

Bulbs may become very hot while illuminated. Before replacing bulbs, turn off the lights and wait until the bulbs cool down. Otherwise, there is the risk of sustaining a burn injury.



### CAUTION

Replace any bulb only with a new bulb of the specified wattage. Using a bulb of different wattage could result in a fire. For the specified wattage of each bulb, refer to “Bulb chart” 12-18.

## ■ Headlights (models with HID headlights)



### WARNING

High-intensity-discharge (HID) bulbs are used for the low beams of the headlights. These HID bulbs use an extremely high voltage. To avoid the risk of an electric shock and resulting serious injury, you should not attempt to replace them. Neither should you attempt to replace the high-beam bulbs, remove/refit the headlight assemblies, or remove any headlight-assembly components. For replacement of the headlight bulbs (low-beam and high-beam), removal and installation of the headlight assemblies, and removal of headlight-assembly components, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.

## ■ Headlights (models without HID headlights)



### CAUTION

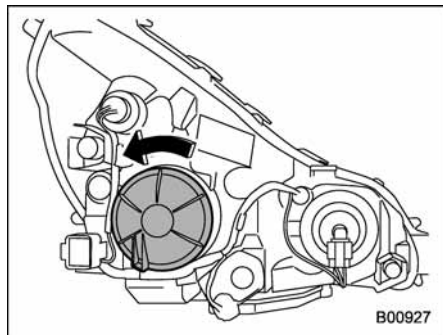
Halogen headlight bulbs become very hot while in use. If you touch the bulb surface with bare hands or greasy gloves, fingerprints or grease on the bulb surface will develop into hot spots, causing the bulb to break. If there are fingerprints or grease on the bulb surface, wipe them away with a soft cloth moistened with alcohol.

## NOTE

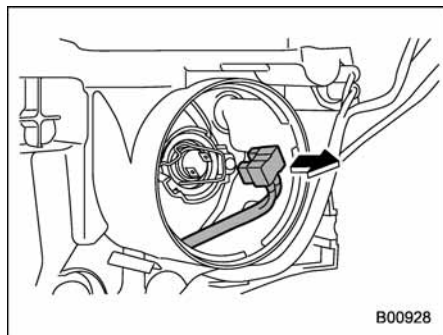
- If headlight aiming is required, we recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for proper adjustment of the headlight aim.
- It may be difficult to replace the bulbs. We recommend that you have the bulbs replaced by your SUBARU dealer if necessary.

### ▼ Low beam light bulbs

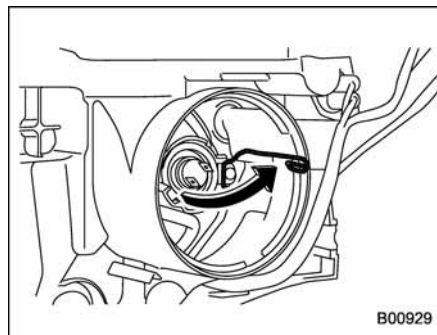
1. Pull off the fender lining. For details, refer to "Pulling off the fender lining" 11-10.



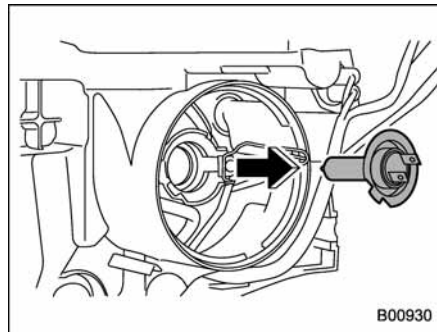
2. Remove the bulb cover, by turning it counterclockwise.



3. Disconnect the electrical connector.



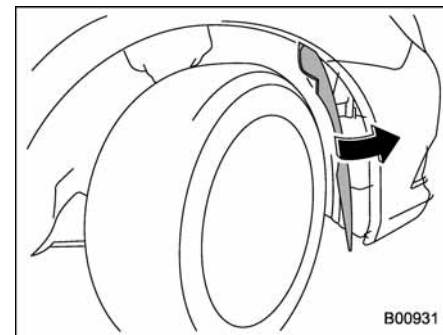
4. Remove the retainer spring.



5. Replace the bulb, then set the retainer spring securely.

6. Reconnect the electrical connector.

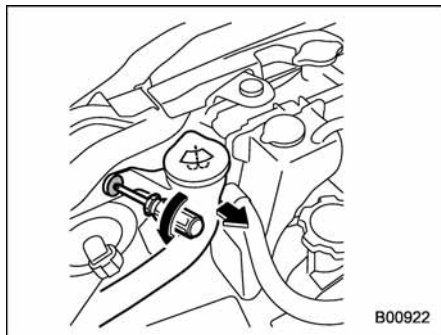
7. Install the bulb cover.



8. After replacing the bulb, reattach the fender lining.

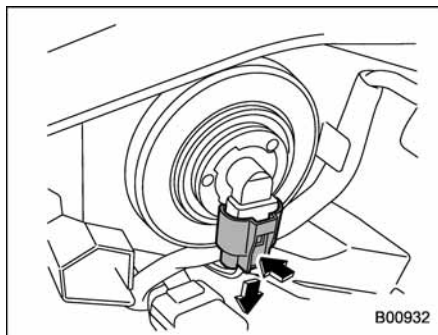
### ▼ High beam light bulbs

1. Remove the air intake duct (right-hand side). For the method to remove the air intake duct, refer to "Removing air intake duct" 11-10.

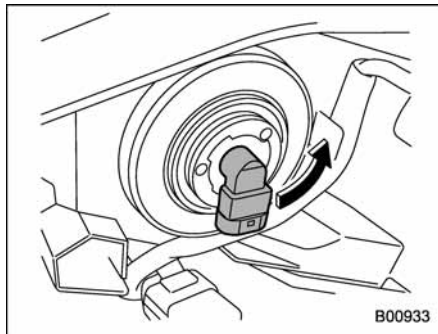


Left-hand side

2. Use a screwdriver to remove the secured clip of the washer tank. To make it easy to access the bulb, move the washer tank to the horizontal direction (left-hand side).



3. Disconnect the electrical connector from the bulb.



4. Remove the bulb from the headlight assembly by turning it counterclockwise.

5. Replace the bulb with new one. At this time, use care not to touch the bulb

surface.

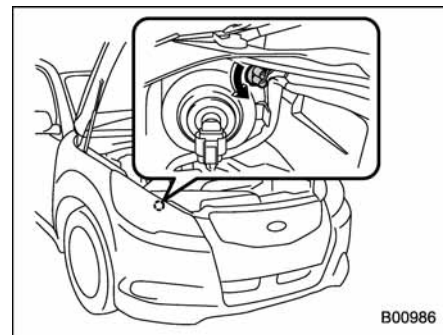
6. Reconnect the electrical connector.

7. To install the bulb to the headlight assembly, turn it clockwise until it clicks.

8. Install the air intake duct with clips (right-hand side).

9. Set the washer tank to the original place and secure it by clip (left-hand side).

### ■ Front position light



1. Turn the socket counterclockwise and pull it out.

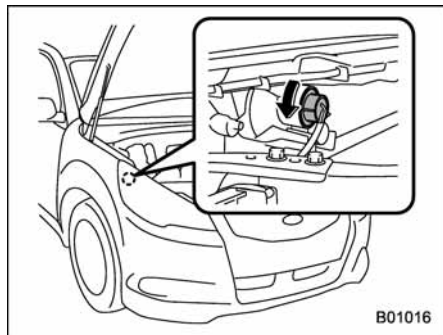
2. Pull out the bulb from the socket and replace the bulb with a new one.



## ■ Front turn signal light

### NOTE

It may be difficult to replace the bulbs. We recommend that you have the bulbs replaced by your SUBARU dealer if necessary.



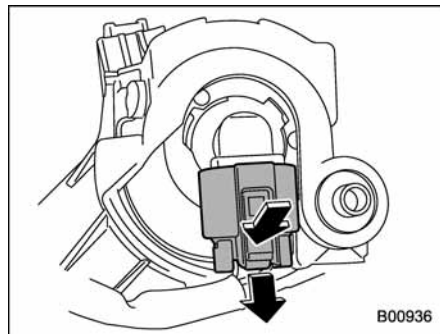
1. Turn the socket counterclockwise and pull it out.
2. Pull out the bulb from the socket and replace the bulb with a new one.

## ■ Front fog light

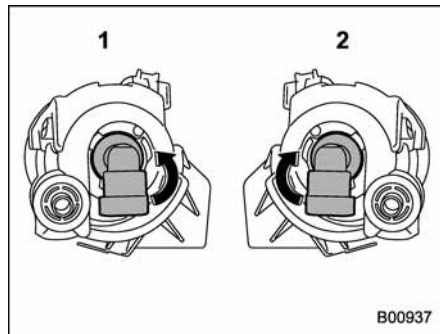
### NOTE

It may be difficult to replace the bulbs. We recommend that you have the bulbs replaced by your SUBARU dealer if necessary.

1. Pull off the fender lining. Refer to "Pulling off the fender lining" 11-10.

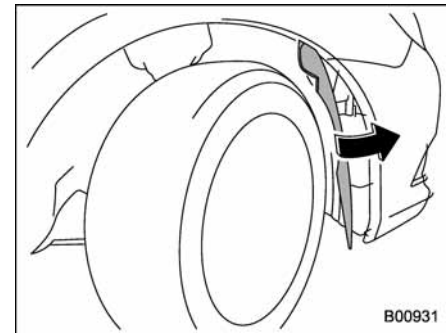


2. Disconnect the electrical connector.



- 1) For left-hand side
- 2) For right-hand side

3. Turn the socket clockwise (right-hand side) or counterclockwise (left-hand side).
4. Pull out the socket.
5. Pull out the bulb from the socket and replace the bulb with a new one.



6. After replacing the bulb, reattach the fender lining.

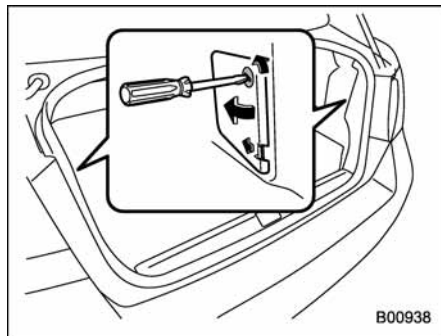


## Rear combination lights

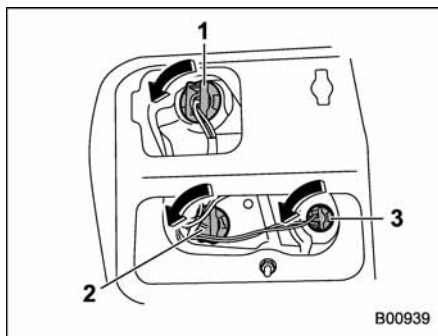
### ▼ Sedan

#### NOTE

It may be difficult to replace the bulbs. We recommend that you have the bulbs replaced by your SUBARU dealer if necessary.



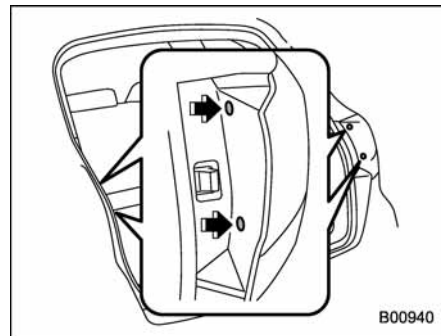
1. Turn the knobs of the cover 90 degrees counterclockwise to remove the cover.



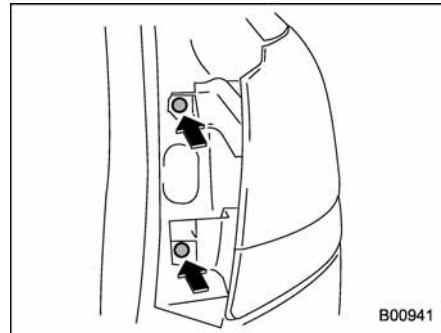
- 1) Brake/tail light
- 2) Rear turn signal light
- 3) Back-up light

2. Remove the bulb holder from the rear combination light assembly by turning it counterclockwise. Use pliers if necessary.
3. Pull the bulb out of the bulb holder and replace it with a new one.
4. Set the bulb holder into the rear combination light assembly and turn it clockwise until it locks.
5. Securely lock the cover against the trunk trim.

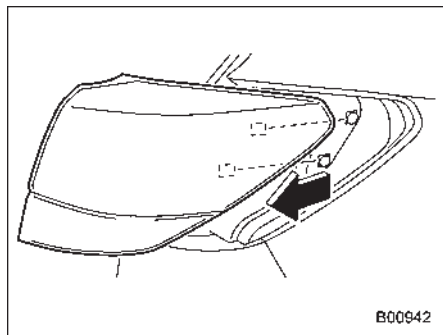
### ▼ Station wagon



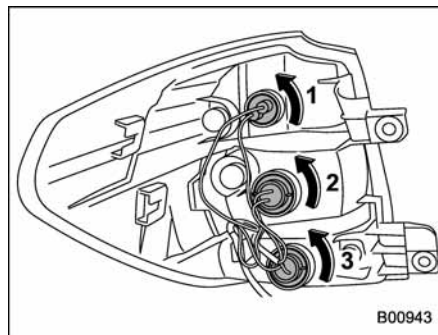
1. Undo the clips. For the method to undo the clips, refer to "Type C clips" 11-9.
2. Remove the cover.



3. Remove the upper and lower screws.



4. Slide the rear combination light assembly straight rearward and remove it from the vehicle.

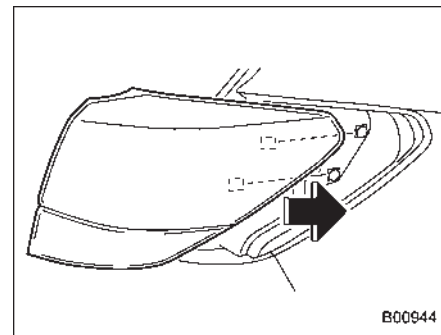


- 1) Tail light
- 2) Brake light
- 3) Rear turn signal light

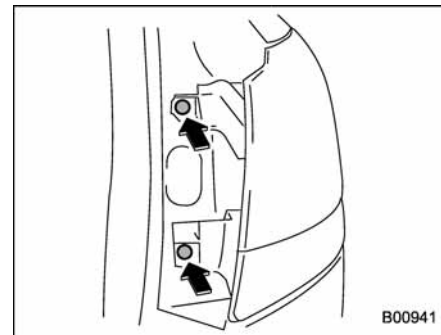
5. Remove the bulb holder from the rear combination light assembly by turning it counterclockwise.

6. Pull the bulb out of the bulb holder and replace it with a new one.

7. Set the bulb holder into the rear combination light assembly and turn it clockwise until it locks.



8. Reinstall the rear combination light assembly by sliding the two-pronged part of the combination light assembly securely to each holder of the vehicle side.

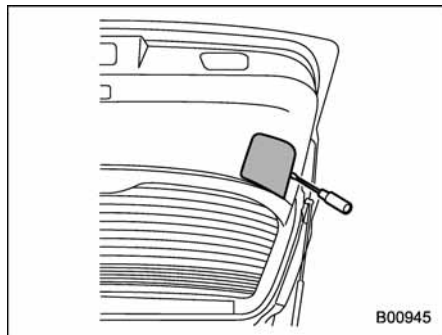


9. Tighten the upper and lower screws.

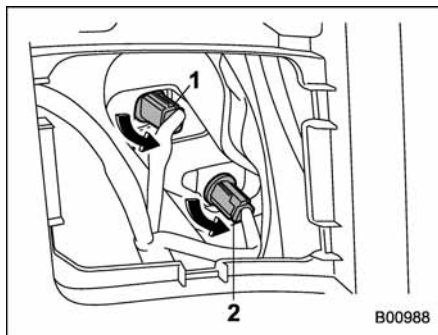
10. Reinstall the side cover.

– CONTINUED –

■ **Tail/Back-up light/Rear fog light (Station wagon – if equipped)**

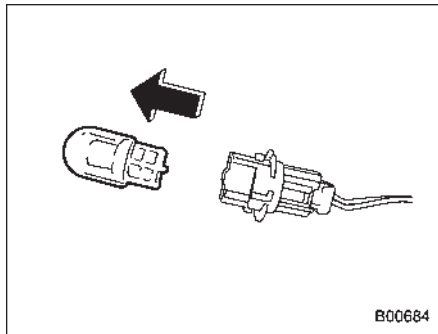


1. Apply a flat-head screwdriver to the light cover as shown in the illustration, and pry the light cover off from the rear gate trim.



- 1) Back-up/Rear fog light
- 2) Tail light

2. Turn the bulb socket counterclockwise and remove it.



3. Pull the bulb out of the bulb socket and replace it with a new one.

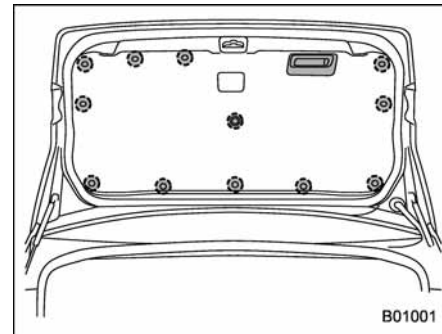
4. Install the bulb socket by turning it clockwise.
5. Install the light cover on the rear gate.

■ **Tail/Rear fog light (Sedan)**

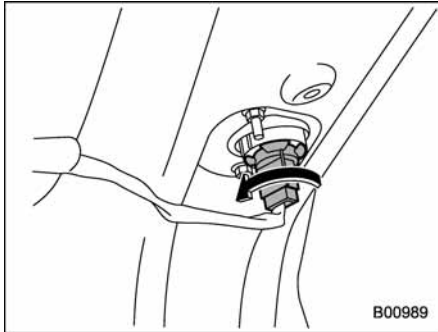
**NOTE**

It may be difficult to replace the bulbs. We recommend that you have the bulbs replaced by your SUBARU dealer if necessary.

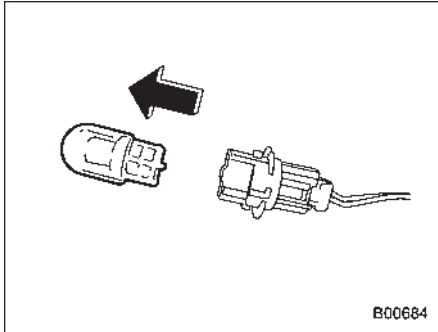
1. Open the trunk.



2. Remove the trunk trim lining by removing the 12 clips and the trunk trim handle.



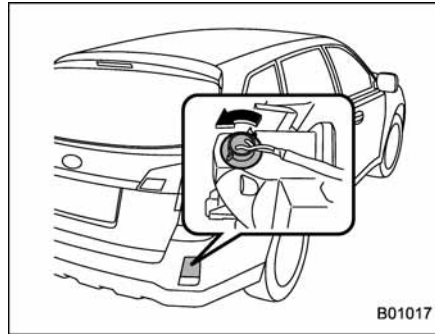
3. Turn the bulb socket counterclockwise and remove it.



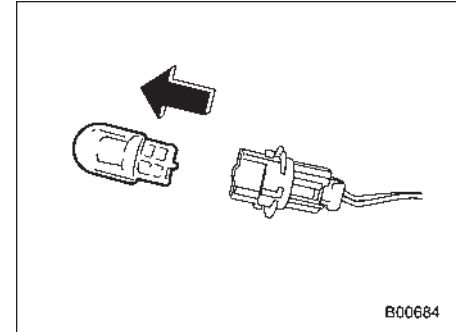
4. Pull the bulb out of the bulb socket and replace it with a new one.
5. Install the bulb socket by turning it clockwise.

6. Reinstall the trunk trim lining.

### ■ Rear fog light (Outback – if equipped)



1. Turn the socket located behind the rear bumper counterclockwise, and then pull it out to remove.



2. Pull the bulb out of the bulb socket and replace it with a new one.
3. Install the bulb socket by turning it clockwise.

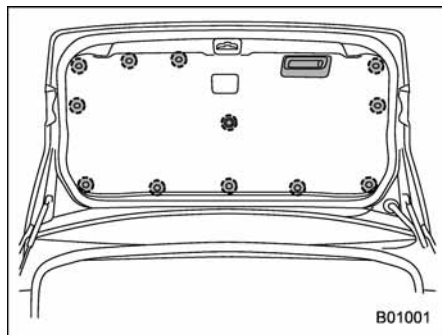
### ■ License plate light

#### ▼ Sedan

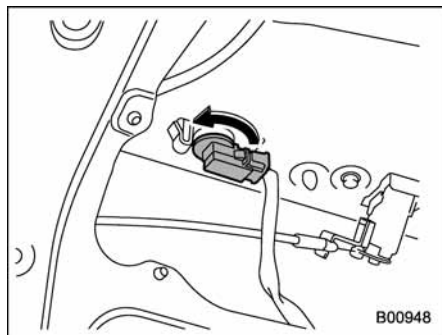
#### NOTE

It may be difficult to replace the bulbs. We recommend that you have the bulbs replaced by your SUBARU dealer if necessary.

1. Open the trunk.



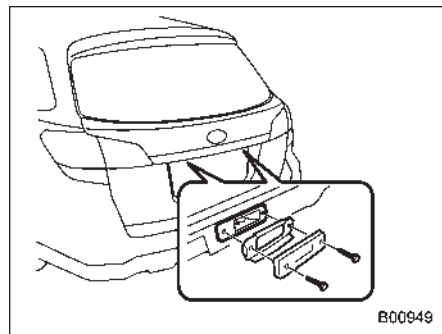
2. Remove the trunk trim lining by removing the 12 clips and the trunk trim handle.



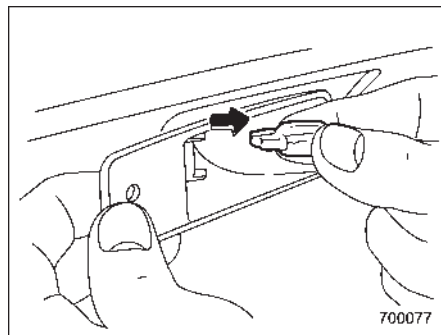
3. Turn the bulb socket counterclockwise and remove it.
4. Pull the bulb out of the bulb socket and

- replace it with a new one.
5. Install the bulb socket by turning it clockwise.
  6. Reinstall the trunk trim lining.

▼ **Station wagon**

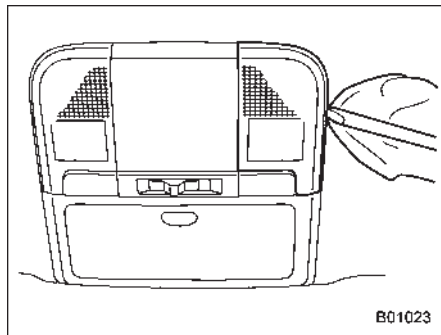


1. Remove the mounting screws using a Phillips screwdriver.
2. Remove the lens.

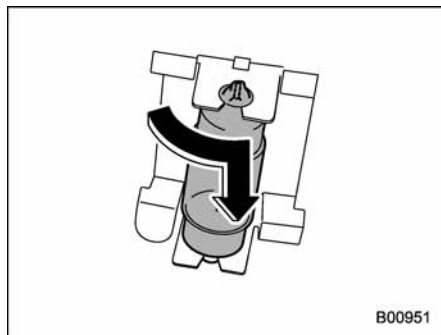


3. Pull the bulb out of the socket.
4. Install a new bulb.
5. Reinstall the lens.
6. Tighten the mounting screws.

## ■ Map light



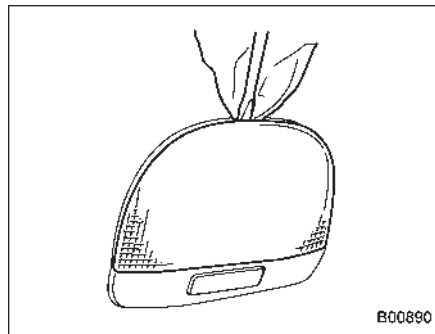
1. Remove the lens by prying the edge of the lens with a flat-head screwdriver.



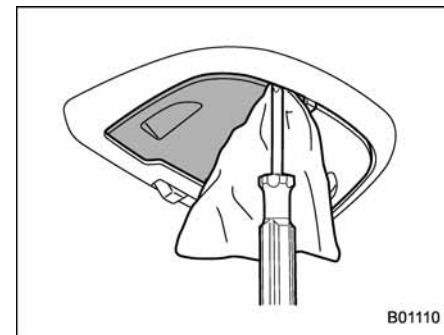
2. Turn the bulb until the flat surfaces at its ends are aligned vertically.

3. Pull the bulb straight downward to remove it.
4. Install a new bulb.
5. Reinstall the lens.

## ■ Dome light

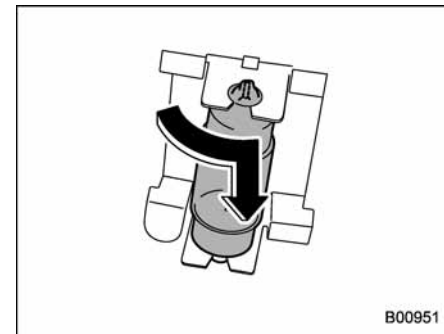


Type A



Type B

1. Remove the lens by prying the edge of the lens with a flat-head screwdriver.



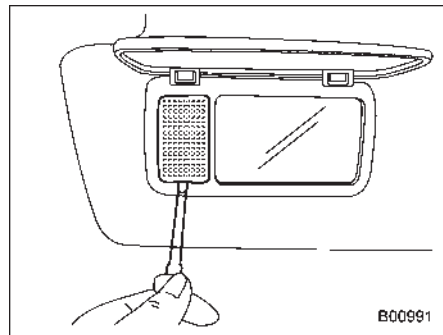
2. Turn the bulb until the flat surfaces at its ends are aligned vertically.
3. Pull the bulb straight downward to remove it.

– CONTINUED –

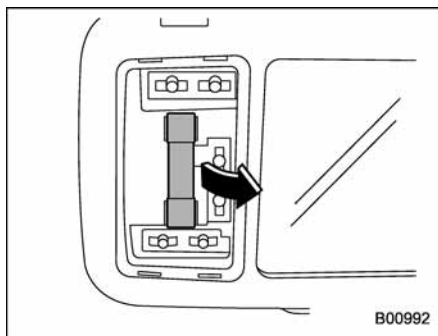
remove it.

4. Install a new bulb.
5. Reinstall the lens.

### ■ Vanity mirror light

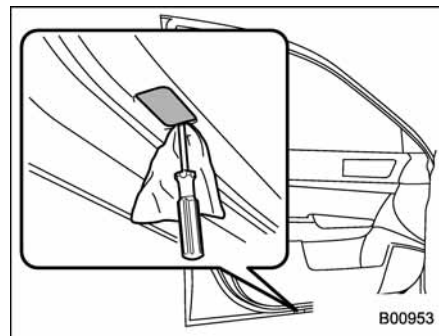


1. Remove the lens by prying the edge of the lens with a flat-head screwdriver.

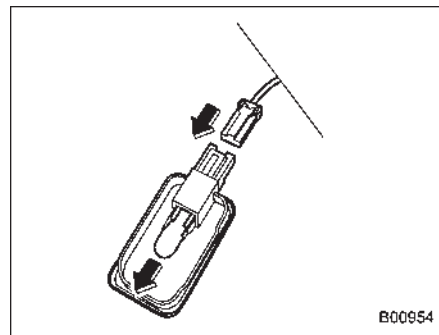


2. Pull the bulb out of the socket.
3. Install a new bulb.
4. Reinstall the lens.

### ■ Door step light



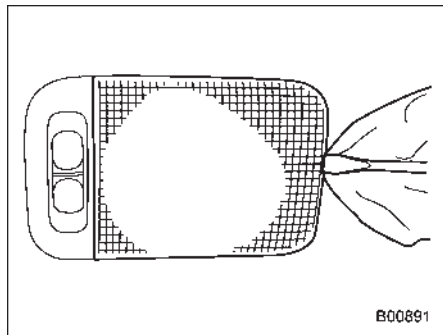
1. Remove the lens by prying the edge of the lens with a flat-head screwdriver.



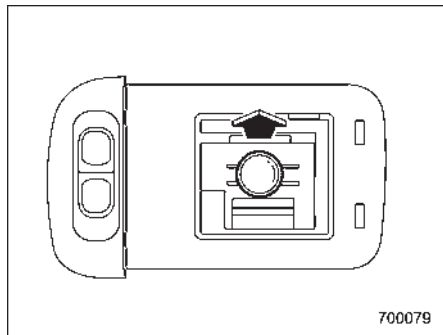
2. Pull the bulb out of the socket.
3. Install a new bulb.

4. Reinstall the lens.

### ■ Cargo area light (Station wagon)

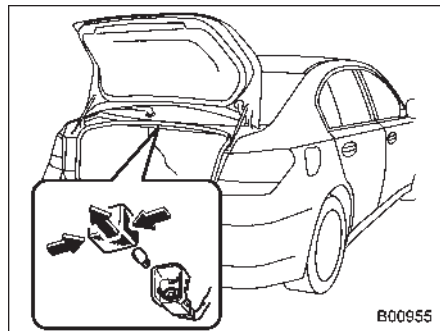


1. Remove the lens by prying the edge of the lens with a flat-head screwdriver.



2. Pull the bulb out of the socket.
3. Install a new bulb.
4. Reinstall the lens.

### ■ Trunk light (Sedan)



1. Push both sides of the light cover, and then remove the cover by pulling it out.
2. Pull the bulb out of the socket.
3. Install a new bulb.
4. Reinstall the cover.

### ■ Other lights on the vehicle

It may be difficult to replace the bulbs of other lights on the vehicle. We recommend that you have the bulbs replaced by your SUBARU dealer if necessary.



|                             |             |                                                       |              |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Specifications</b> ..... | <b>12-2</b> | <b>Fuses and circuits</b> .....                       | <b>12-14</b> |
| Dimensions.....             | 12-2        | Fuse panel located in the passenger compartment ..... | 12-14        |
| Engine .....                | 12-5        | Fuse panel located in the engine compartment .....    | 12-16        |
| Fuel .....                  | 12-5        | <b>Bulb chart</b> .....                               | <b>12-18</b> |
| Lubricants.....             | 12-6        | <b>Vehicle identification</b> .....                   | <b>12-22</b> |
| Fluids .....                | 12-9        | For vehicle body.....                                 | 12-22        |
| Engine coolant.....         | 12-10       | For engine.....                                       | 12-23        |
| Electrical system.....      | 12-11       |                                                       |              |
| Tires .....                 | 12-12       |                                                       |              |
| Wheel alignment .....       | 12-12       |                                                       |              |

Specifications

These specifications are subject to change without notice.

■ Dimensions

▼ Sedan

| mm (in)                        |       |                                                          |     |                 |     |             |    |                                                                         |       |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-------------|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Item                           |       | Petrol engine models                                     |     |                 |     |             |    | Diesel engine models                                                    |       |
|                                |       | 2.0 L                                                    |     | 2.5 L non-turbo |     | 2.5 L turbo |    | 3.6 L                                                                   | 2.0 L |
| Drive system                   |       | AWD                                                      |     |                 |     |             |    |                                                                         |       |
| Transmission type              |       | MT                                                       | CVT | MT              | CVT | AT          | MT | AT                                                                      | MT    |
| Overall length                 |       | 4,730 (186.2)<br>4,745 (186.8)* <sup>5</sup>             |     |                 |     |             |    |                                                                         |       |
| Overall width                  |       | 1,780 (70.1)                                             |     |                 |     |             |    |                                                                         |       |
| Overall height                 |       | 1,505 (59.3)                                             |     |                 |     |             |    |                                                                         |       |
| Wheelbase                      |       | 2,750 (108.3)                                            |     |                 |     |             |    |                                                                         |       |
| Tread                          | Front | 1,545 (60.8)* <sup>2</sup><br>1,530 (60.2)* <sup>3</sup> |     | 1,530 (60.2)    |     |             |    | 1,545 (60.8)* <sup>2</sup><br>1,530 (60.2)* <sup>3</sup> * <sup>4</sup> |       |
|                                | Rear  | 1,550 (61.0)* <sup>2</sup><br>1,535 (60.4)* <sup>3</sup> |     | 1,535 (60.4)    |     |             |    | 1,550 (61.0)* <sup>2</sup><br>1,535 (60.4)* <sup>3</sup> * <sup>4</sup> |       |
| Ground clearance* <sup>1</sup> |       | 150 (5.9)                                                |     |                 |     |             |    |                                                                         |       |

\*1: Measured with vehicle empty

\*2: Models with 16-inch wheel tires

\*3: Models with 17-inch wheel tires

\*4: Models with 18-inch wheel tires

\*5: Australia models with the front license plate bracket on the standard bumper

AT: Automatic Transmission

MT: Manual Transmission

CVT: Continuously Variable Transmission

AWD: All-Wheel Drive

▼ **Wagon**

|                                |       |                                                          |     |                                                          |     |              |                                                                         | mm (in)                                                                 |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------|-----|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Item                           |       | Petrol engine models                                     |     |                                                          |     |              | Diesel engine models                                                    |                                                                         |
|                                |       | 2.0 L                                                    |     | 2.5 L non-turbo                                          |     | 2.5 L turbo  |                                                                         | 2.0 L                                                                   |
| Drive system                   |       | AWD                                                      |     |                                                          |     |              |                                                                         |                                                                         |
| Transmission type              |       | MT                                                       | CVT | MT                                                       | CVT | AT           | MT                                                                      | MT                                                                      |
| Overall length                 |       | 4,775 (188.0)<br>4,785 (188.4)* <sup>5</sup>             |     |                                                          |     |              |                                                                         |                                                                         |
| Overall width                  |       | 1,780 (70.1)                                             |     |                                                          |     |              |                                                                         |                                                                         |
| Overall height                 |       | 1,535 (60.4)                                             |     |                                                          |     |              |                                                                         |                                                                         |
| Wheelbase                      |       | 2,750 (108.3)                                            |     |                                                          |     |              |                                                                         |                                                                         |
| Tread                          | Front | 1,545 (60.8)* <sup>2</sup><br>1,530 (60.2)* <sup>3</sup> |     | 1,530 (60.2)                                             |     |              | 1,545 (60.8)* <sup>2</sup><br>1,530 (60.2)* <sup>3</sup> * <sup>4</sup> |                                                                         |
|                                | Rear  | 1,545 (60.8)* <sup>2</sup><br>1,530 (60.2)* <sup>3</sup> |     | 1,530 (60.2)* <sup>3</sup><br>1,535 (60.4)* <sup>4</sup> |     | 1,535 (60.4) |                                                                         | 1,545 (60.8)* <sup>2</sup><br>1,535 (60.4)* <sup>3</sup> * <sup>4</sup> |
| Ground clearance* <sup>1</sup> |       | 150 (5.9)                                                |     |                                                          |     |              |                                                                         |                                                                         |

\*1: Measured with vehicle empty

\*2: Models with 16-inch wheel tires

\*3: Models with 17-inch wheel tires

\*4: Models with 18-inch wheel tires

\*5: Australia models with the front license plate bracket on the standard bumper

AT: Automatic Transmission

MT: Manual Transmission

CVT: Continuously Variable Transmission

AWD: All-Wheel Drive

## 12-4 Specifications

### ▼ OUTBACK

|                                |       | mm (in)                                                    |                              |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Item                           |       | Low-ground clearance models                                | High-ground clearance models |
| Drive system                   |       | AWD                                                        |                              |
| Overall length                 |       | 4,775 (188.0) <sup>*2</sup><br>4,790 (188.6) <sup>*3</sup> |                              |
| Overall width                  |       | 1,820 (71.7)                                               |                              |
| Overall height                 |       | 1,605 (63.2)                                               | 1,615 (63.6)                 |
| Wheelbase                      |       | 2,745 (108.1)                                              |                              |
| Tread                          | Front | 1,540 (60.6)                                               | 1,535 (60.4)                 |
|                                | Rear  | 1,540 (60.6)                                               | 1,530 (60.2)                 |
| Ground clearance <sup>*1</sup> |       | 200 (7.9)                                                  | 213 (8.4)                    |

\*1: Measured with vehicle empty

\*2: Except Australia models and Middle East models

\*3: Australia models and Middle East models

AWD: All-Wheel Drive

## ■ Engine

| Engine model            | Petrol engine                                                          |                           |                               |                                                                        | Diesel engine                                                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                         | EJ204<br>(2.0 L, DOHC,<br>non-turbo)                                   | EJ253<br>(2.5 L, SOHC)    | EJ255<br>(2.5 L, DOHC, turbo) | EZ36<br>(3.6 L, DOHC,<br>non-turbo)                                    | EE20Z<br>(2.0 L, DOHC, turbo)                                          |
| Engine type             | Horizontally opposed, liquid cooled 4 cylinder, 4-stroke petrol engine |                           |                               | Horizontally opposed, liquid cooled 6 cylinder, 4 stroke petrol engine | Horizontally opposed, liquid cooled 4 cylinder, 4-stroke diesel engine |
| Displacement cc (cu-in) | 1,994 (121.7)                                                          | 2,457 (149.9)             |                               | 3,630 (221.5)                                                          | 1,998 (121.9)                                                          |
| Bore × Stroke mm (in)   | 92.0 × 75.0<br>(3.62 × 2.95)                                           | 99.5 × 79.0 (3.92 × 3.11) |                               | 92.0 × 91.0<br>(3.62 × 3.58)                                           | 86.0 × 86.0<br>(3.39 × 3.39)                                           |
| Compression ratio       | 10.2 : 1                                                               | 10.0 : 1                  | 8.4 : 1                       | 10.5 : 1                                                               | 16.0 : 1                                                               |
| Firing order            | 1 – 3 – 2 – 4                                                          |                           |                               | 1 – 6 – 3 – 2 – 5 – 4                                                  | 1 – 3 – 2 – 4                                                          |

## ■ Fuel

| Vehicle model        |                  |                  | Fuel requirement                                                          | Fuel tank capacity                    |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Petrol engine models | Non-turbo models | Australia models | <b>Unleaded</b> petrol with Research Octane number <b>90 or higher</b>    | 65 liters (17.2 US gal, 14.3 Imp gal) |
|                      |                  | Other models     | <b>Unleaded</b> petrol with Research Octane number <b>95 or higher</b> *1 |                                       |
|                      | Turbo models     |                  |                                                                           |                                       |
| Diesel engine models |                  |                  | Diesel fuel with a specification of <b>EN590</b> or an equivalent         |                                       |

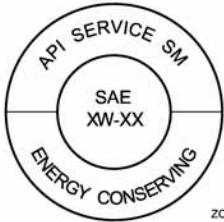
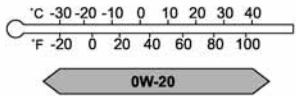
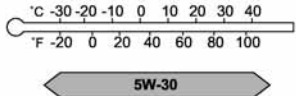
\*1: If the specified grade fuel is not available, refer to "Fuel" 7-2.

## 12-6 Specifications

### ■ Lubricants

#### ▼ Engine oil

#### ▽ Petrol engine models

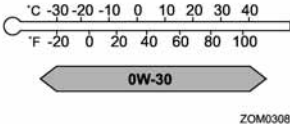
|                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Oil grade*1                                  | <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>ZOM0297</p> </div> <div>or</div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>ZOM0293</p> </div> <div>or</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>—</p> </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 10px;"> <div>API classification SM or SN with the words "ENERGY CONSERVING" or "RESOURCE CONSERVING"</div> <div>ILSAC GF-4 or GF-5, which can be identified with the ILSAC certification mark (Starburst mark)</div> <div>ACEA specification A3 or A5</div> </div> |
| SAE viscosity No. and applicable temperature | <div style="display: flex;"> <div style="flex: 1;">2.0 L models</div> <div style="flex: 2;">  <p>ZOM0307</p> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>0W-20 synthetic</b> oil is recommended for optimum engine performance and protection.</p> <p>5W-30 or 5W-40 conventional oil may be used if replenishment is needed, but it should be changed to 0W-20 synthetic oil at the next oil change.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                              | <div style="display: flex;"> <div style="flex: 1;">2.5 L and 3.6 L models</div> <div style="flex: 2;">  <p>ZOM0305</p> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>5W-30 synthetic</b> oil is recommended for optimum engine performance and protection.</p> <p>5W-30 or 5W-40 conventional oil may be used if replenishment is needed, but it should be changed to 5W-30 synthetic oil at the next oil change.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

|                |                        |            |                                    |
|----------------|------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| Oil capacity*2 | 2.0 L models           |            | 4.2 liters (4.4 US qt, 3.7 Imp qt) |
|                | 2.5 L non-turbo models |            |                                    |
|                | 2.5 L turbo models     | 5AT models |                                    |
|                |                        | 6MT models | 4.3 liters (4.5 US qt, 3.8 Imp qt) |
|                | 3.6 L models           |            | 6.5 liters (6.9 US qt, 5.7 Imp qt) |

\*1: For the API specification and the ILSAC specification, the recommended oil grades can be identified by looking for its original marks indicated on the oil container.

\*2: The indicated oil quantity is only a guideline and is estimated based on a case when the engine oil is changed with an oil filter. After refilling the engine with oil, the oil level should be checked using an oil level gauge. For more details about maintenance and service, refer to "Engine oil" 11-18.

### ▽ Diesel engine models

|                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Oil grade                                    | ACEA specification C2 or C3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| SAE viscosity No. and applicable temperature |  <p><b>0W-30 synthetic</b> oil is recommended for optimum engine performance and protection.</p> <p>5W-30 conventional oil may be used if replenishment is needed, but it should be changed to 0W-30 synthetic oil at the next oil change.</p> |  |
| Oil capacity*                                | 5.9 liters (6.2 US qt, 5.2 Imp qt)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |

\*: The indicated oil quantity is only a guideline and is estimated based on a case when the engine oil is changed with an oil filter. After refilling the engine with oil, the oil level should be checked using an oil level gauge. For more details about maintenance and service, refer to "Engine oil" 11-18.

## 12-8 Specifications

### ▼ Manual transmission, front differential and rear differential gear oil

| Oil grade                                    | API classification GL-5                                                                                                             |                                                           |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| SAE viscosity No. and applicable temperature | <p>°C: -30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40</p> <p>°F: -20 0 20 40 60 80 100</p> <p>90</p> <p>85W</p> <p>80W</p> <p>75W/90</p> <p>ZCMB0306</p> |                                                           |
| Oil capacity* <sup>1</sup>                   | —                                                                                                                                   |                                                           |
|                                              | Manual transmission oil                                                                                                             | 3.7 liters (3.9 US qt, 3.3 Imp qt)                        |
|                                              | Front differential gear oil (AT and CVT models)                                                                                     | 1.4 liters (1.5 US qt, 1.2 Imp qt)                        |
|                                              | Rear differential gear oil                                                                                                          | 0.8 liters (0.8 US qt, 0.7 Imp qt)                        |
|                                              |                                                                                                                                     | Remarks* <sup>2</sup>                                     |
|                                              |                                                                                                                                     | "Manual transmission oil" ⑩ 11-32                         |
|                                              |                                                                                                                                     | "Front differential gear oil (AT and CVT models)" ⑩ 11-34 |
|                                              |                                                                                                                                     | "Rear differential gear oil" ⑩ 11-35                      |

\*1: The indicated oil quantity is only a guideline. The necessary quantity for replacement may differ slightly depending on the temperature and other factors. After refilling the gearbox with oil, the oil level should be checked.

\*2: For more details about maintenance and service, refer to the indicated section.



## Fluids

| Fluid                                                 | Fluid type* <sup>1</sup>                                                                                                                            | Fluid capacity* <sup>2</sup>          | Remarks* <sup>3</sup>                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Automatic transmission fluid (5AT models)             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· SUBARU ATF</li> <li>· IDEMITSU ATF HP</li> </ul>                                                           | 9.8 liters (10.4 US qt, 8.6 Imp qt)   | "Automatic transmission fluid" ⑩11-33                                                                               |
| Continuously variable transmission fluid (CVT models) | We recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer.                                                                                                   | 12.5 liters (13.2 US qt, 11.0 Imp qt) | "Continuously variable transmission fluid" ⑩11-34                                                                   |
| Power steering fluid (if equipped)                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· SUBARU ATF</li> <li>· IDEMITSU ATF HP</li> <li>· "Dexron III" Type Automatic Transmission Fluid</li> </ul> | 0.7 liter (0.7 US qt, 0.6 Imp qt)     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· "Power steering" ⑩7-27</li> <li>· "Power steering fluid" ⑩11-36</li> </ul> |
| Brake fluid                                           | FMVSS No. 116, fresh DOT 3 or DOT 4 brake fluid                                                                                                     | —                                     | "Brake fluid" ⑩11-37                                                                                                |
| Clutch fluid (MT models)                              | FMVSS No. 116, fresh DOT 3 or DOT 4 brake fluid                                                                                                     | —                                     | "Clutch fluid (MT models)" ⑩11-38                                                                                   |

\*1: Use one of the indicated types of fluid.

\*2: The indicated fluid quantity is only a guideline. The necessary quantity for replacement may differ slightly depending on the temperature and other factors.

\*3: For more details about maintenance and service, refer to the indicated section.

## ■ Engine coolant

| Vehicle model        |                        |            | Coolant capacity                   | Coolant type         |
|----------------------|------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Petrol engine models | 2.0 L models           | 6MT models | 6.5 liters (6.9 US qt, 5.7 Imp qt) | SUBARU Super Coolant |
|                      |                        | CVT models | 6.4 liters (6.8 US qt, 5.6 Imp qt) |                      |
|                      | 2.5 L non-turbo models | 6MT models | 6.5 liters (6.9 US qt, 5.7 Imp qt) |                      |
|                      |                        | CVT models | 6.4 liters (6.8 US qt, 5.6 Imp qt) |                      |
|                      | 2.5 L turbo models     | 6MT models | 6.6 liters (7.0 US qt, 5.8 Imp qt) |                      |
|                      |                        | 5AT models | 6.9 liters (7.3 US qt, 6.1 Imp qt) |                      |
|                      | 3.6 L models           |            | 6.6 liters (7.0 US qt, 5.8 Imp qt) |                      |
| Diesel engine models |                        |            | 8.6 liters (9.1 US qt, 7.6 Imp qt) |                      |

The indicated coolant quantity is only a guideline. The necessary quantity for replacement may differ slightly depending on the temperature and other factors. For more details about maintenance and service, refer to "Cooling system" 11-23.

## ■ Electrical system

|                                    |                      |                                                        |                        |                   |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Battery type and capacity (5HR)    | Petrol engine models | Europe, China, Latin America, Russia and Israel models | MT models              | 12V-48AH (55D23R) |
|                                    |                      |                                                        | 3.6 L models           | 12V-64AH (95D26R) |
|                                    |                      |                                                        | Other models           | 12V-52AH (65D23R) |
|                                    |                      | Middle East models                                     | 2.0 L and 2.5 L models | 12V-48AH (55D23R) |
|                                    |                      |                                                        | 3.6 L models           | 12V-52AH (65D23R) |
|                                    |                      | Australia models                                       | 2.5 L models           | 12V-48AH (55D23R) |
|                                    |                      |                                                        | 3.6 L models           | 12V-52AH (65D23R) |
|                                    |                      | Other models                                           | 2.0 L and 2.5 L models | 12V-48AH (55D23R) |
|                                    |                      |                                                        | 3.6 L models           | 12V-52AH (65D23R) |
|                                    | Diesel engine models | 12V-64AH (95D26R)                                      |                        |                   |
| Alternator                         |                      | Petrol engine models                                   | 12V-130A               |                   |
|                                    |                      | Diesel engine models                                   | 12V-170A               |                   |
| Spark plugs (petrol engine models) |                      | 2.5 L non-turbo models                                 | SIFR6A11 (NGK)         |                   |
|                                    |                      | 2.5 L turbo models                                     | SILFR6B8 (NGK)         |                   |
|                                    |                      | 2.0 L models and 3.6 L models                          | SILFR6C11 (NGK)        |                   |

AT: Automatic Transmission

MT: Manual Transmission

CVT: Continuously Variable Transmission

## 12-12 Specifications

### ■ Tires

For the tire specifications, see the tire pressure label located on the door pillar on the driver's side.

|                             |                                    |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Wheel nut tightening torque | 120 N·m (12 kgf·m, 89 lbf·ft)*1 *2 |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|

\*1: This torque is equivalent to applying approximately 40 to 50 kgf (88 to 110 lbf) at the end of the wheel nut wrench. If you have tightened the wheel nuts by yourself, have the tightening torque checked at the nearest automotive service facility as soon as possible.

\*2: For the wheel nut tightening procedure, refer to "Changing a flat tire" 9-8.

### ■ Wheel alignment

#### Sedan

| Item     |       | Petrol engine models                                               |                                      |                |       | Diesel engine models                    |
|----------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------|-----------------------------------------|
|          |       | 2.0 L                                                              | 2.5 L non-turbo                      | 2.5 L turbo    | 3.6 L | 2.0 L                                   |
| Toe      | Front | 0 ± 3 mm (0 ± 0.12 in), Toe angle (sum of both wheels): 0° ± 0°15' |                                      |                |       |                                         |
|          | Rear  | 0 ± 3 mm (0 ± 0.12 in), Toe angle (sum of both wheels): 0° ± 0°15' |                                      |                |       |                                         |
| Camber*4 | Front | -0°30' ± 0°45'                                                     | -0°30' ± 0°45'*2<br>-0°15' ± 0°45'*3 | -0°15' ± 0°45' |       | -0°30' ± 0°45'*1 *2<br>-0°15' ± 0°45'*3 |
|          | Rear  | -1°05' ± 0°45'                                                     | -1°05' ± 0°45'*2<br>-1°10' ± 0°45'*3 | -1°10' ± 0°45' |       | -1°05' ± 0°45'*1 *2<br>-1°10' ± 0°45'*3 |

\*1: Models with 16-inch wheel tires

\*2: Models with 17-inch wheel tires

\*3: Models with 18-inch wheel tires

\*4: The difference between right-hand camber and left-hand camber should be within 45' or less.

### Wagon

| Item                 |       | Petrol engine models                                                                       |                                                                            |                                | Diesel engine models                                                               |
|----------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                      |       | 2.0 L                                                                                      | 2.5 L non-turbo                                                            | 2.5 L turbo                    | 2.0 L                                                                              |
| Toe                  | Front | $0 \pm 3$ mm ( $0 \pm 0.12$ in), Toe angle (sum of both wheels): $0^\circ \pm 0^\circ 15'$ |                                                                            |                                |                                                                                    |
|                      | Rear  | $0 \pm 3$ mm ( $0 \pm 0.12$ in), Toe angle (sum of both wheels): $0^\circ \pm 0^\circ 15'$ |                                                                            |                                |                                                                                    |
| Camber <sup>*4</sup> | Front | $-0^\circ 30' \pm 0^\circ 45'$                                                             | $-0^\circ 30' \pm 0^\circ 45'^{*2}$<br>$-0^\circ 15' \pm 0^\circ 45'^{*3}$ | $-0^\circ 15' \pm 0^\circ 45'$ | $-0^\circ 30' \pm 0^\circ 45'^{*1}$ $^{*2}$<br>$-0^\circ 15' \pm 0^\circ 45'^{*3}$ |
|                      | Rear  | $-0^\circ 50' \pm 0^\circ 45'$                                                             | $-0^\circ 50' \pm 0^\circ 45'^{*2}$<br>$-1^\circ 00' \pm 0^\circ 45'^{*3}$ | $-1^\circ 00' \pm 0^\circ 45'$ | $-0^\circ 50' \pm 0^\circ 45'^{*1}$ $^{*2}$<br>$-1^\circ 00' \pm 0^\circ 45'^{*3}$ |

\*1: Models with 16-inch wheel tires

\*2: Models with 17-inch wheel tires

\*3: Models with 18-inch wheel tires

\*4: The difference between right-hand camber and left-hand camber should be within 45' or less.

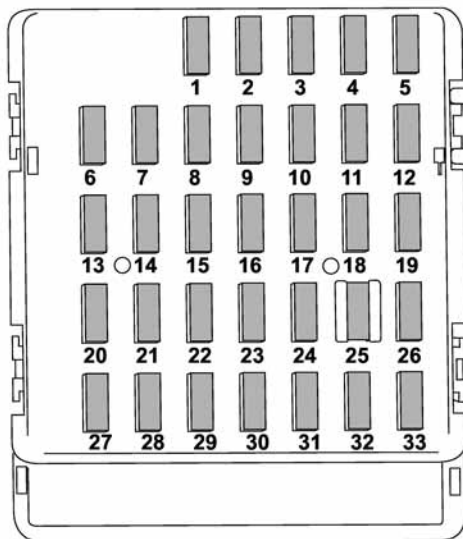
### Outback

| Item                 |       | Low-ground clearance "200 mm (7.9 in)" models                                                     | High-ground clearance "213 mm (8.4 in)" models |
|----------------------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Toe                  | Front | $0 \pm 3$ mm ( $0 \pm 0.12$ in), Toe angle (sum of both wheels): $0^\circ \pm 0^\circ 15'$        |                                                |
|                      | Rear  | $3 \pm 3$ mm ( $0.12 \pm 0.12$ in), Toe angle (sum of both wheels): $0^\circ 15' \pm 0^\circ 15'$ |                                                |
| Camber <sup>*4</sup> | Front | $-0^\circ 20' \pm 0^\circ 45'$                                                                    | $-0^\circ 10' \pm 0^\circ 45'$                 |
|                      | Rear  | $-0^\circ 25' \pm 0^\circ 45'$                                                                    | $-0^\circ 05' \pm 0^\circ 45'$                 |

\*4: The difference between right-hand camber and left-hand camber should be within 45' or less.

## Fuses and circuits

### ■ Fuse panel located in the passenger compartment



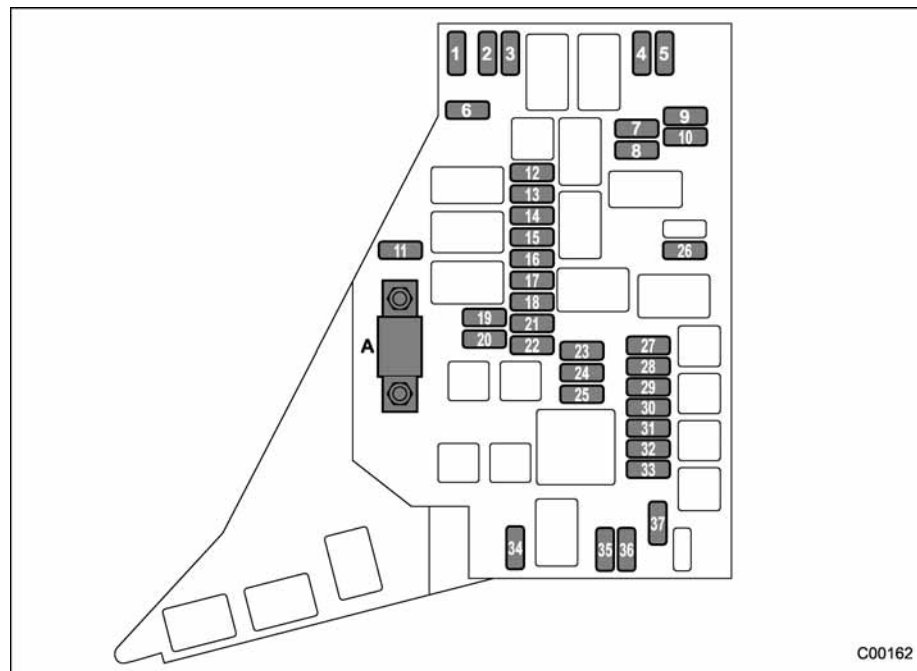
C00123

| Fuse panel | Fuse rating | Circuit                                                                                                          |
|------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1          | 15A         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Trailer hitch connector</li> <li>Rear fog light</li> </ul>                |
| 2          | 20A         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rear power window (left side)</li> </ul>                                  |
| 3          | 20A         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power window (driver's side)</li> </ul>                                   |
| 4          | 7.5A        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Navigation system</li> <li>Front wiper deicer</li> <li>Sunroof</li> </ul> |
| 5          | 7.5A        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Combination meter</li> </ul>                                              |
| 6          | 7.5A        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote control rear view mirrors</li> </ul>                               |
| 7          | 7.5A        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Integrated unit</li> </ul>                                                |
| 8          | 15A         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stop light</li> </ul>                                                     |
| 9          | 15A         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Seat heater relay</li> </ul>                                              |
| 10         | 7.5A        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power supply (battery)</li> </ul>                                         |
| 11         | 7.5A        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn signal unit</li> </ul>                                               |
| 12         | 15A         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Integrated unit</li> <li>Automatic transmission unit</li> </ul>           |
| 13         | 20A         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Socket</li> </ul>                                                         |

| Fuse panel | Fuse rating | Circuit                                                      |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 14         | Empty       |                                                              |
| 15         | 20A         | • Rear power window (right side)                             |
| 16         | Empty       |                                                              |
| 17         | 15A         | • Front wiper deicer                                         |
| 18         | 7.5A        | • Back-up light                                              |
| 19         | 7.5A        | • Electronic parking brake unit<br>• Hill Holder system unit |
| 20         | 10A         | • Accessory power outlet                                     |
| 21         | 7.5A        | • Starter relay                                              |
| 22         | 15A         | • Air conditioner                                            |
| 23         | Empty       |                                                              |
| 24         | 15A         | • Audio<br>• Navigation system                               |
| 25         | 15A         | • SRS airbag system                                          |
| 26         | 7.5A        | • Main fan relay                                             |
| 27         | 30A         | • Power window relay                                         |
| 28         | Empty       |                                                              |

| Fuse panel | Fuse rating | Circuit                                                 |
|------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 29         | 20A         | • Power window (passenger's side)                       |
| 30         | Empty       |                                                         |
| 31         | 7.5A        | • Automatic air conditioner unit                        |
| 32         | 7.5A        | • Steering lock unit                                    |
| 33         | 7.5A        | • ABS/Vehicle dynamics control unit<br>• Power steering |

# ■ Fuse panel located in the engine compartment



C00162

A) Main fuse

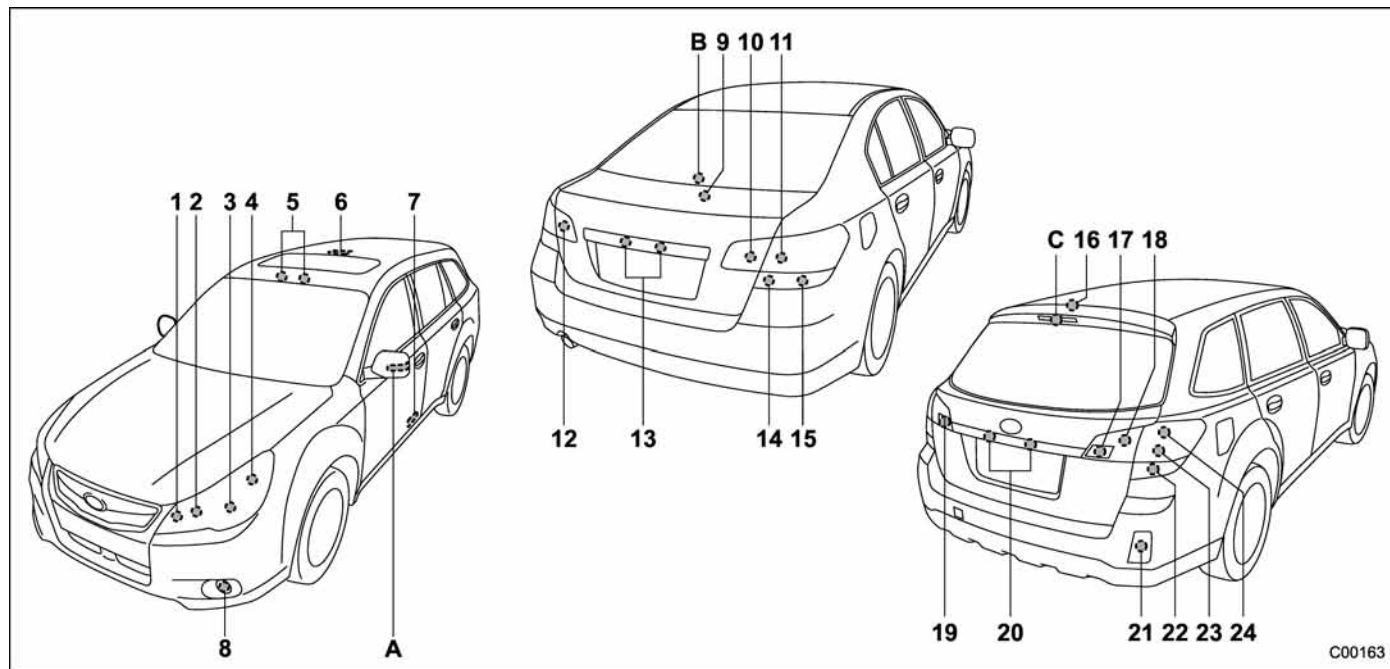
| Fuse panel | Fuse rating | Circuit                                           |
|------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| 1          | 7.5A        | ● CVT control unit                                |
| 2          | 7.5A        | ● Horn (right side)                               |
| 3          | 7.5A        | ● Horn (center)                                   |
| 4          | 15A         | ● Low beam headlight (right side)                 |
| 5          | 15A         | ● Low beam headlight (left side)                  |
| 6          | 20A         | ● Fuel pump                                       |
| 7          | 10A         | ● High beam headlight (left side)                 |
| 8          | 10A         | ● High beam headlight (right side)                |
| 9          | 20A         | ● Continuously variable transmission control unit |
| 10         | 7.5A        | ● Alternator                                      |
| 11         | 30A         | ● PTC heater (diesel engine models)               |
| 12         | 20A         | ● Sunroof                                         |
| 13         | 7.5A        | ● Engine control unit                             |



| Fuse panel | Fuse rating | Circuit                                                           |
|------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 14         | 15A         | ● Engine control unit                                             |
| 15         | 15A         | ● Ignition coil                                                   |
| 16         | 15A         | ● Engine control unit                                             |
| 17         | 15A         | ● Engine control unit                                             |
| 18         | 10A         | ● Automatic transmission control unit                             |
| 19         | 10A         | ● Illumination                                                    |
| 20         | 10A         | ● Rear combination light                                          |
| 21         | 15A         | ● Turn and hazard warning flasher (body control unit)             |
| 22         | 20A         | ● Door lock (body control unit)                                   |
| 23         | 15A         | ● Rear wiper<br>● Rear washer                                     |
| 24         | 10A         | ● Front washer                                                    |
| 25         | 30A         | ● Front wiper                                                     |
| 26         | 25A         | ● Rear window defogger<br>● Mirror heater<br>● Front wiper deicer |
| 27         | 10A         | ● Secondary air combination valve (2.0 L models)                  |
| 28         | 15A         | ● Blower fan                                                      |
| 29         | 15A         | ● Blower fan                                                      |

| Fuse panel | Fuse rating | Circuit                             |
|------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 30         | 25A         | ● Audio unit                        |
| 31         | 25A         | ● Sub fan                           |
| 32         | 25A         | ● Main fan                          |
| 33         | 30A         | ● ABS/Vehicle dynamics control unit |
| 34         | 7.5A        | ● Glow plug (diesel engine models)  |
| 35         | 10A         | ● Fog light (right side)            |
| 36         | 10A         | ● Fog light (left side)             |
| 37         | 10A         | ● Back-up (body control unit)       |

## Bulb chart



### NOTE

Lights from A to C are the LED (Light Emitting Diode) type. We recommend that you consult your SUBARU dealer for replacement.

|                                                           | <b>Wattage</b> | <b>Bulb No.*</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1) High beam headlight                                    | 12V-60W        | HB3              |
| 2) Front position light                                   | 12V-5W         | W5W              |
| 3) Low beam headlight                                     |                |                  |
| Models with HID headlights                                | 12V-35W        | D2S              |
| Models without HID headlights                             | 12V-55W        | H7               |
| 4) Front turn signal light                                | 12V-21W        | WY21W            |
| 5) Map light                                              | 12V-8W         |                  |
| 6) Dome light                                             | 12V-8W         |                  |
| 7) Door step light                                        | 12V-5W         |                  |
| 8) Front fog light                                        | 12V-51W        | 9006 (HB4)       |
| 9) Trunk light (Sedan)                                    | 12V-5W         | W5W              |
| 10) Tail light (models without a rear fog light) (Sedan)  | 12V-5W         | W21/5W           |
| Rear fog light (RHD models with a rear fog light) (Sedan) | 12V-21W        | W21W             |
| 11) Brake/Tail light (Sedan)                              | 12V-21W/5W     | W21/5W           |
| 12) Tail light (models without a rear fog light) (Sedan)  | 12V-5W         | W21/5W           |
| Rear fog light (LHD models with a rear fog light) (Sedan) | 12V-21W        | W21W             |
| 13) Licence plate light (Sedan)                           | 12V-5W         | W5W              |
| 14) Back-up light (Sedan)                                 | 12V-16W        | W16W             |
| 15) Rear turn signal light (Sedan)                        | 12V-21W        | WY21W            |
| 16) Cargo area light (Station wagon)                      | 12V-13W        | W5W              |

|                                                                                        | Wattage | Bulb No.* |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| 17) Back-up light (RHD models without a rear fog light and LHD models) (Station wagon) | 12V-21W | W21W      |
| Rear fog light (RHD models with a rear fog light) (Station wagon)                      | 12V-21W | W21W      |
| 18) Tail light (Station wagon)                                                         | 12V-5W  | W5W       |
| 19) Back-up light (LHD models without a rear fog light and RHD models) (Station wagon) | 12V-21W | W21W      |
| Rear fog light (LHD models with a rear fog light) (Station wagon)                      | 12V-21W | W21W      |
| 20) Licence plate light (Station wagon)                                                | 12V-5W  | W5W       |
| 21) Rear fog light (RHD models with a rear fog light) (Station wagon)                  | 12V-21W | W21W      |
| 22) Rear turn signal light (Station wagon)                                             | 12V-21W | WY21W     |
| 23) Brake light (Station wagon)                                                        | 12V-21W | W21W      |
| 24) Tail light (Station wagon)                                                         | 12V-5W  | W5W       |
| A) Side turn signal light                                                              | —       | —         |
| B) High mount stop light (Sedan)                                                       | —       | —         |
| C) High mount stop light (Station wagon)                                               | —       | —         |

\*: ECE specification



## WARNING

- **Bulbs may become very hot while illuminated. Before replacing bulbs, turn off the lights and wait until the bulbs cool down. Otherwise, there is a risk of sustaining a burn injury.**
- **For models with HID low beam headlights, observe the following precautions. Not doing so may result in an electric shock that could cause serious injury because the HID bulbs use an extremely high voltage.**
  - **Do not replace any headlight bulbs (both low beam and high beam) by yourself.**
  - **Do not remove/restore the headlight assemblies by yourself.**
  - **Do not remove any headlight-assembly components by yourself.**

**For replacement, we recommend that you contact your SUBARU dealer.**

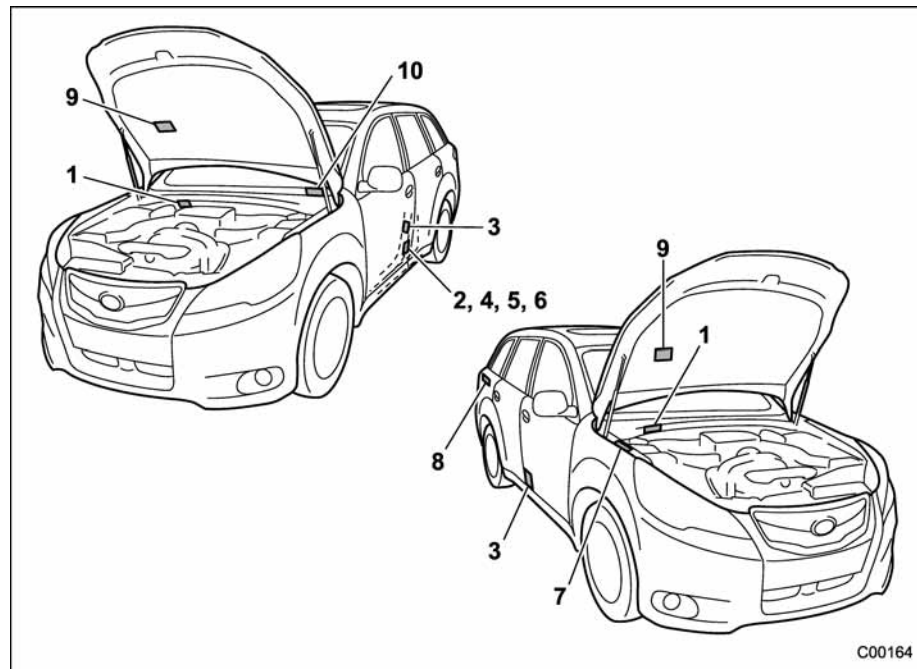


**CAUTION**

Replace any bulb only with a new bulb of the specified wattage. Using a bulb of different wattage could result in a fire.

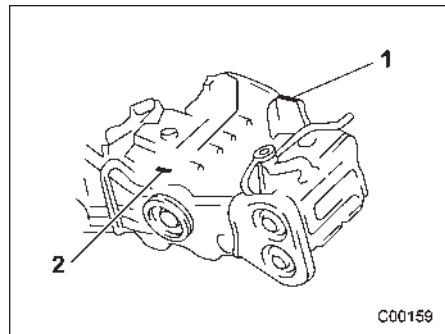
## Vehicle identification

### ■ For vehicle body

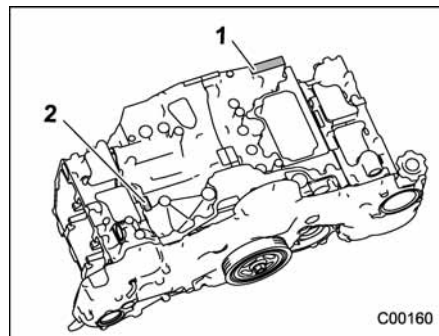


- 1) Vehicle identification number
- 2) ID label (Europe models)
- 3) Tire inflation pressure label
- 4) Year of manufacture label (Middle East models)
- 5) Model number label (General models)
- 6) Built date label (Australia models)
- 7) ADR compliance plate (Australia models)
- 8) Fuel label
- 9) Air conditioner label
- 10) Vehicle identification number plate (if equipped)

C00164

**■ For engine****▼ Petrol engine**

- 1) Engine serial number (punch mark)
- 2) Engine type (casting) crankcase upper side

**▼ Diesel engine**

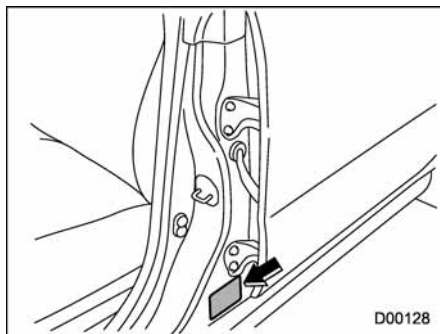
- 1) Engine serial number (punch mark)
- 2) Engine type (casting) crankcase upper side

|                                                                                                                            |       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
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## Year of manufacture (Middle East models only)



The calendar year when your vehicle was manufactured is indicated in the “Year of manufacture label” attached to the driver’s door jam.

## Speed limit, maximum torque and maximum power at rpm (Middle East models only)

### Sedan

| Model                              | 2.0 L                 |           | 2.5 L non-turbo       | 2.5 L turbo                   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
|                                    | MT                    | CVT       | CVT                   | AT                            |
| Speed limit km/h (mph)             | 210 (130)             | 203 (126) | 210 (130)             | 245 (152)                     |
| Maximum torque N·m (kgf·m, lbf·ft) | 196 (20.0, 145)/3,000 |           | 229 (23.4, 169)/4,000 | 350 (35.7, 258)/2,400 - 5,200 |
| Maximum power kW (PS, HP)          | 110 (150, 148)/6,000  |           | 123 (167, 165)/5,600  | 195 (265, 262)/5,600          |

- The performance data above is the numeric value measured according to the GSO-ISO-1585-2008 quality norm.
- The performance data above is the numeric value measured from petrol with an octane rating of 95 (Research Octane number).

### Outback

| Model                              | 2.5 L                 |           | 3.6 L                 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
|                                    | MT                    | CVT       | AT                    |
| Speed limit km/h (mph)             | 201 (125)             | 198 (123) | 230 (143)             |
| Maximum torque N·m (kgf·m, lbf·ft) | 229 (23.4, 169)/4,000 |           | 350 (35.7, 258)/4,400 |
| Maximum power kW (PS, HP)          | 123 (167, 165)/5,600  |           | 191 (260, 256)/5,600  |

- The performance data above is the numeric value measured according to the GSO-ISO-1585-2008 quality norm.
- The performance data above is the numeric value measured from petrol with an octane rating of 95 (Research Octane number).

## Fuel consumption and CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions (EU only)

### Petrol engine models that conform to “Euro 5”

| Model and Type |     | Fuel consumption according to Regulation<br>(EC) No. 715/2007-692/2008 (L/100km) |             |       | CO <sub>2</sub> -emissions according to Regulation<br>(EC) No. 715/2007-692/2008 (g/km) |             |       |
|----------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|
|                |     | Urban                                                                            | Extra-urban | Total | Urban                                                                                   | Extra-urban | Total |
| 2.0i Sedan     | 6MT | 11.8                                                                             | 6.7         | 8.5   | 273                                                                                     | 155         | 198   |
|                | CVT | 10.8                                                                             | 6.4         | 8.0   | 250                                                                                     | 148         | 185   |
| 2.0i Wagon     | 6MT | 11.7                                                                             | 6.8         | 8.6   | 271                                                                                     | 158         | 199   |
|                | CVT | 10.8                                                                             | 6.5         | 8.1   | 250                                                                                     | 151         | 187   |
| 2.5i Sedan     | CVT | 11.0                                                                             | 6.2         | 8.0   | 256                                                                                     | 145         | 185   |
| 2.5i Wagon     | CVT | 11.1                                                                             | 6.4         | 8.1   | 257                                                                                     | 149         | 188   |
| 2.5i-S Sedan   | CVT | 11.2                                                                             | 6.4         | 8.2   | 261                                                                                     | 150         | 190   |
| 2.5i-S Wagon   | CVT | 11.3                                                                             | 6.8         | 8.4   | 263                                                                                     | 157         | 196   |
| 2.5i Outback   | 6MT | 11.7                                                                             | 6.8         | 8.6   | 270                                                                                     | 158         | 199   |
|                | CVT | 11.3                                                                             | 6.7         | 8.4   | 262                                                                                     | 155         | 194   |
| 3.6R Outback   | 5AT | 14.4                                                                             | 7.5         | 10.0  | 334                                                                                     | 174         | 232   |

## 13-4 Supplement

### Diesel engine models that conform to “Euro 5”

| Model and Type |     | Fuel consumption according to Regulation<br>(EC) No. 715/2007-692/2008 (L/100km) |             |       | CO <sub>2</sub> -emissions according to Regulation<br>(EC) No. 715/2007-692/2008 (g/km) |             |       |
|----------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|
|                |     | Urban                                                                            | Extra-urban | Total | Urban                                                                                   | Extra-urban | Total |
| 2.0D Sedan     | 6MT | 7.5                                                                              | 5.1         | 5.9   | 196                                                                                     | 133         | 156   |
| 2.0D Wagon     | 6MT | 7.6                                                                              | 5.3         | 6.1   | 199                                                                                     | 139         | 161   |
| 2.0D-S Sedan   | 6MT | 7.9                                                                              | 5.3         | 6.3   | 207                                                                                     | 140         | 165   |
| 2.0D-S Wagon   | 6MT | 7.9                                                                              | 5.5         | 6.4   | 207                                                                                     | 146         | 168   |
| 2.0D Outback   | 6MT | 7.7                                                                              | 5.6         | 6.4   | 201                                                                                     | 147         | 167   |

# Declaration of conformity in accordance with the radio and telecommunications terminal equipment directive 1999/5/EC

## ■ Transmitter for the keyless entry system



CALSONIC KANSEI

CalsonicKansei Corp.  
2-1917, Nishin-cho, Kita-ku, Suitama-shi, Suitama-ken  
331-8501, Japan  
TEL.: +81-48-666-0073 FAX.: +81-48-661-1026

### DECLARATION of CONFORMITY

We, CalsonicKansei Corp. of the above address, hereby declare, at our sole responsibility, that the following product conforms to the Essential Requirements of the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC in accordance with the tests conducted to the appropriate requirements of the relevant standards, as listed herewith.

Product:

Keyless Entry System (Transmitter)

Model/ Type Number:

TF001

Directive and Standards used:

Radio: EN 300 220-1 V2.1.1 (2006-04)  
EN 300 220-2 V2.1.2 (2007-06)  
EMC: EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1 (2008-04)  
EN 301 489-3 V1.4.1 (2002-08)  
Safety: EN 60965:2002 + Amd.1:2006  
Incl. EN00065:2002+Amd.11:2008

Year of affixing CE marking: 2009

Signature

: *Sakae Tsuyakubo*

Name

: Sakae Tsuyakubo

Position

: Deputy General Manager  
Electric Design Group

Date

: December 16, 2009

CAUTION - Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type.  
CAUTION - Do not exposed to excessive heat such as sunshine, fire or the like.

D00184

## Receiver for the keyless entry system

  
 Calsonic Kansei Corp.  
 2-1917, Nishino-cho, Kita-ku, Sakai-shi, Sakai-ken  
 591-8501, Japan  
 TEL.: +81-48-660-4073 FAX: +81-48-661-1026

### DECLARATION of CONFORMITY

We, Calsonic Kansei Corp. of the above address, hereby declare, at our sole responsibility, that the following product conforms to the Essential Requirements of the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC in accordance with the tests conducted to the appropriate requirements of the relevant standards, as listed herewith.

|                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Product:</b>                      | Keyless Entry System (Receiver)                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Model/ Type Number:</b>           | GSREU32                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Directive and Standards used:</b> | Radio: EN 300 220-1 V2.1.1 (2006-04)<br>EN 300 220-2 V2.1.2 (2007-06)<br>EMC : EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1(2008-04)<br>EN 301 489-3 V1.4.1 (2002-08)<br>Safety: EN 60965 :2002 + Amd.1 :2006<br>Incl. EN60965:2002+Amd.1:2008 |

Year of affixing CE marking: 2009

|           |                                                   |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Signature | : <i>Sakae Tsuchikubo</i>                         |
| Name      | : Sakae Tsuchikubo                                |
| Position  | : Deputy General Manager<br>Electric Design Group |
| Date      | : December 16, 2009                               |

## ■ Integrated unit (car immobilizer)



MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION  
HIMEJI WORKS  
840 CHUYODA-MACHI, HIMEJI, HYOGO, 670-8677 JAPAN  
Tel: 81-79-258-8594, Fax: 81-79-294-9929

### DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We, Mitsubishi Electric Corp., Himeji Works of the above address, hereby declare, at our sole responsibility, that the following product conforms to the Essential Requirements of the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC in accordance with the tests conducted to the appropriate requirements of the relevant standards, as listed herewith.

Product: Integrated unit (Car Immobilizer)

Model/ Type Number: IMB521-04

Directive and Standards used: Radio: EN 300 330-1 V1.3.2: 2002-12  
EN 300 330-2 V1.3.1: 2006-04

EMC: EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1: 2008-04  
EN 301 489-3 V1.4.1: 2002-08

LYD: EN 60665: 2002+Amend.1: 2006

Year of affixing CE marking: 2009

CE

Signature : *Toshio Koga*  
Name : Toshio Koga  
Position : Manager, Body Control Units Design Section I  
Electronic Control Modules Dept. B  
Date : May 11, 2009

D00179

Integrated unit (car immobilizer) for models without “Keyless access with push-button start system”

## ■ Immobilizer



FUJI HEAVY INDUSTRIES LTD. SUBARU ENGINEERING DIVISION  
1-15-1, KAWAUCHI 4-CHOME, YAMAGUCHI-KU, YAMAGUCHI 750-8586, JAPAN TEL: 81-83-821-2822

## R&amp;TTE Declaration of Conformity

We,

Manufacturer's Name: Fuji Heavy Industries Ltd.  
Manufacturer's Address: 1-1-1, Nishimiyuku, Shimizu, Tokyo 150-8516, Japan

hereby declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

Product Name: Immobilizer  
Product Model: SSPIMB01

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant requirements of the R&TTE Directive (1999/5/EC). The product is compliant with the following standards and/or other normative documents:

-Health & safety requirements: EN60950-1: 2001  
-EMC requirements: EN50149-1 V1.1.1 & EN50149-3 V1.1.1  
-Effective uses of radio spectrum: EN300 310-2 V1.1.1.

Supplementary information:

\* CE mark



\* Kenzoku status intended for use:

EU and EFTA

Date:

January 9, 2007

Signature:

*Kazuo Ohgawa*  
Kazuo Ohgawa

D00141

### Immobilizer for models with “Keyless access with push-button start system”

Hereby, Fuji Heavy Industries Ltd., declares that this SSPIMB01 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

## ■ LF Oscillator



**FUJI HEAVY INDUSTRIES LTD. SUBARU ENGINEERING DIVISION**  
 1-1-1, Higashi 2-chome, Shizuoka, Tokyo, 416-8516 Japan

### R&TTE Declaration of Conformity

We,

Manufacturer's Name: Fuji Heavy Industries Ltd.  
 Manufacturer's Address: 1-1-1, Higashi 2-chome, Shizuoka, Tokyo, 416-8516 Japan

hereby declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

Product Name: LF Oscillator  
 Product Model: SSPLF01  
 to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant requirements of the R&TTE Directive (1999/5/EC). The product is compliant with the following standards and/or CE or normative documents:

- Health & safety requirements: EN60950-1:2005  
 EMC requirements: EN601 489-1 V1.6.1 & EN601 489-3 V1.4.1  
 Electromagnetic compatibility: EN550 230-2 V1.3.1

Supplementary information:

CE mark

\* Member states intended for use: EU and EFTA

Date:

January 9, 2007

Signature:

*Kazuo Ogawa*  
 Kazuo Ogawa

D00142

### LF Oscillator for models with "Keyless access with push-button start system"

Hereby, Fuji Heavy Industries Ltd., declares that this SSPLF01 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

- CONTINUED -



## ■ Bluetooth® module

Panasonic Corporation  
Automotive Systems Company

4-2-1, Bando-cho, Tsurumi-ku, Yokohama City, 224-8520, Japan

## DECLARATION of CONFORMITY

We, **Panasonic Corporation, Automotive Systems Company** of the above address, hereby declare, at our sole responsibility that the following product conforms to the Essential Requirements of the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC in accordance with the tests conducted to the appropriate requirements of the relevant standards as listed below:

Product:

Bluetooth module

Model/Type Number:

CSLZZ0000035 / CSLZZ0000037

\*V-Model No. CSLZZ0000035 declared to as the FCC Part 15 Class B, Type 1 Bluetooth Module. CSLZZ0000037 has an additional Class 2 Bluetooth module in it. CSLZZ0000035 has the function of a slave module, and CSLZZ0000037 is an Icy-BLE. CSLZZ0000037 does not have the function of a slave module. The electrical parts of the two models are identical.

Directive and Standards used:

Radio: EN300 328 V1.3.1; 2006-10

EMC: EN301 489-1 V1.8.1; 2008-04

EN301 489-17 V2.1.1; 2009-05

LVD: IEC 60950-1; 2005, Second Edition

EN 60950-1:2006+Amd.11:2009

IEC 60665:2001+Amd.1:2005 /

EN 60665:2002+A1:2006+A11:2008

Year of affixing CE marking: 2007

CE

Signature:



Name:

Takahisa Sakai

Position:

Senior Engineer

Date:

July 9, 2010

D00196

## Technical information and instruction of the radio and telecommunication devices for China models

### Transmitter

#### 民用无线控制装置的规格

- 使用频率: 433.92MHz
- 发射功率小于10mW (e. r. p)
- 占用带宽不大于400kHz
- 杂散辐射等其他技术指标请参照信部无〔2005〕423号文件
- 有关本控制器使用方法等请参照车主使用手册。
- CM11 ID: 2007DJ4539
- 不得擅自更改发射频率、加大发射功率 (包括额外加装射频功率放大器), 不得擅自外接天线或改用其它发射天线;
- 使用时不得对各种合法的无线电通信业务产生有害干扰; 一旦发现有害干扰现象时, 应立即停止使用, 并采取措施消除干扰后方可继续使用;
- 使用微功率无线电设备, 必须忍受各种无线电业务的干扰或工业、科学及医疗应用设备的辐射干扰;
- 不得在飞机和机场附近使用。

D00169

### Immobilizer

#### 电子防盗锁系统 (不具备无钥匙进入及按钮启动系统) 的规格

- 使用频率: 134.45kHz
- 磁场强度小于72dB  $\mu$  A/m (10米处场强, 准峰值)
- 杂散辐射等其他技术指标请参照信部无〔2005〕423号文件
- 有关本电子防盗锁系统 (不具备无钥匙进入及按钮启动系统) 的使用方法等请参照车主使用手册。
- 不得擅自更改发射频率、加大发射功率 (包括额外加装射频功率放大器), 不得擅自外接天线或改用其它发射天线;
- 使用时不得对各种合法的无线电通信业务产生有害干扰; 一旦发现有害干扰现象时, 应立即停止使用, 并采取措施消除干扰后方可继续使用;
- 使用微功率无线电设备, 必须忍受各种无线电业务的干扰或工业、科学及医疗应用设备的辐射干扰;
- 不得在飞机和机场附近使用。

D00166

### Push-button ignition switch

#### 按钮式点火开关的规格

- 使用频率: 134.2kHz
- 磁场强度发射限值: 67.7dB  $\mu$  A/m (10米处场强, 准峰值)
- 杂散辐射等其他技术指标请参照信部无〔2005〕423号文件
- 不得擅自更改发射频率、加大发射功率 (包括额外加装射频功率放大器), 不得擅自外接天线或改用其它发射天线;
- 使用时不得对各种合法的无线电通信业务产生有害干扰; 一旦发现有害干扰现象时, 应立即停止使用, 并采取措施消除干扰后方可继续使用;
- 使用微功率无线电设备, 必须忍受各种无线电业务的干扰或工业、科学及医疗应用设备的辐射干扰;
- 不得在飞机和机场附近使用。

D00170

## Access key

### 无线遥控电子钥匙（无钥匙进入系统）的规格

- 使用频率：315.12MHz
- 发射功率小于10mW (e. r. p)
- 占用带宽不大于400kHz
- 杂散辐射等其他技术指标请参照信部无[2005] 423号文件
- 有关本钥匙（无钥匙进入系统）的使用方法等请参照车主使用手册。
- 不得擅自更改发射频率、加大发射功率（包括额外加装射频功率放大器），不得擅自外接天线或改用其它发射天线；
- 使用时不得对各种合法的无线电通信业务产生有害干扰；一旦发现有干扰现象时，应立即停止使用，并采取措施消除干扰后方可继续使用；
- 使用微功率无线电设备，必须忍受各种无线电业务的干扰或工业、科学及医疗应用设备的辐射干扰；
- 不得在飞机和机场附近使用。

D00171

## Antenna for keyless access

### 无线遥控钥匙天线的规格

- 使用频率：134.2kHz
- 磁场强度发射限值：67.7dB  $\mu$  A/m（10米处场强，准峰值）
- 杂散辐射等其他技术指标请参照信部无[2005] 423号文件
- 不得擅自更改发射频率、加大发射功率（包括额外加装射频功率放大器），不得擅自外接天线或改用其它发射天线；
- 使用时不得对各种合法的无线电通信业务产生有害干扰；一旦发现有干扰现象时，应立即停止使用，并采取措施消除干扰后方可继续使用；
- 使用微功率无线电设备，必须忍受各种无线电业务的干扰或工业、科学及医疗应用设备的辐射干扰；
- 不得在飞机和机场附近使用。

D00172

## Bluetooth® module

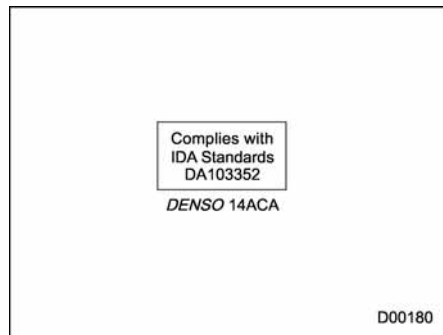
### Bluetooth® 模块

- 使用频率：2.4 - 2.4835GHz
- 等效全向辐射功率(EIRP)：  
天线增益 $\leq 10$ dBi时： $\leq 100$ mW 或 $\leq 20$ dBm
- 最大功率谱密度：  
天线增益 $\leq 10$ dBi时： $\leq 20$ dBm / MHz (EIRP)
- 载频容限：20ppm
- 杂散发射（辐射）功率  
（对应载波 $\pm 2.5$ 倍信道带宽以外）：  
杂散辐射等其他技术指标请参照2002/353号文件
- 不得擅自更改发射频率、加大发射功率（包括额外加装射频功率放大器），不得擅自外接天线或改用其它发射天线；
- 使用时不得对各种合法的无线电通信业务产生有害干扰；一旦发现有干扰现象时，应立即停止使用，并采取措施消除干扰后方可继续使用；
- 使用微功率无线电设备，必须忍受各种无线电业务的干扰或工业、科学及医疗应用设备的辐射干扰；
- 不得在飞机和机场附近使用。

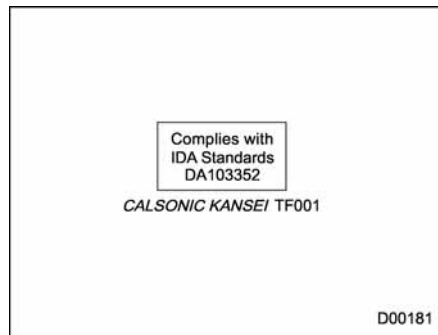
D00195

## Technical information for Singapore models

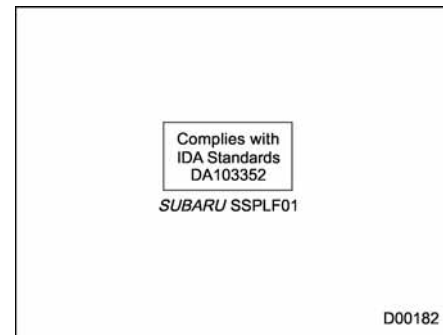
### ■ Access key



### ■ Remote keyless entry transmitter



### ■ Keyless access with push-button start system



## ■ Bluetooth® module

Complies with  
IDA Standards  
DA103352

Panasonic CQ-EF1872AD

D00193

## Technical information for Israel models

### ■ Bluetooth® module

יצרן: פנסוניק

מספר דגם: 86201-AJ410

ארץ ייצור: סין

שם וכתובת היבואן:

יפנאוטו – חברה ישראלית לרכב בע"מ

רח' המסגר 30

תל אביב

ישראל

D00194



## A

|                                         |            |
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## GAS STATION REFERENCE

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### ■ Fuel:

#### ▼ Non-turbo petrol engine models

##### ▽ Australia models

Use only **unleaded** petrol with **90 Octane or higher**. This octane rating is the Research Octane number. For optimum engine performance and driveability, it is recommended that you use premium grade unleaded petrol.

##### ▽ Other models

Use only **unleaded** petrol. The use of unleaded petrol with **95 Octane or higher** is recommended. This octane rating is the Research Octane number. If unleaded petrol with 95 Octane or higher is not available, unleaded petrol with 90 Octane or higher may be used.

#### ▼ Turbo petrol engine models

Use only **unleaded** petrol with **95 Octane or higher**. This octane rating is the Research Octane number. If unleaded petrol with 95 Octane or higher is not readily available in your area, refer to “Fuel requirements for petrol engine” 7-2.

#### ▼ Diesel engine models

Use only **diesel** fuel with a specification of **EN590 or an equivalent**.

### ■ Fuel capacity:

65 liters (17.2 US gal, 14.3 Imp gal)

### ■ Engine oil:

#### ▼ Petrol engine

Use only the following oils.

- API classification SM or SN with the words “ENERGY CONSERVING” or “RESOURCE CONSERVING”
- or ILSAC GF-4 or GF-5, which can be identified with the ILSAC certification mark (Starburst mark)
- or ACEA specification A3 or A5

For the complete viscosity requirements, refer to “Petrol engine models” 12-6.

#### ▼ Diesel engine

Use only ACEA specification C2 or C3.

For the complete viscosity requirements, refer to “Diesel engine models” 12-7.

■ **Engine oil capacity:**

|                      |                        |            |                                    |
|----------------------|------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| Petrol engine models | 2.0 L models           |            | 4.2 liters (4.4 US qt, 3.7 Imp qt) |
|                      | 2.5 L non-turbo models |            |                                    |
|                      | 2.5 L turbo models     | 5AT models |                                    |
|                      |                        | 6MT models | 4.3 liters (4.5 US qt, 3.8 Imp qt) |
|                      | 3.6 L models           |            | 6.5 liters (6.9 US qt, 5.7 Imp qt) |
| Diesel engine models |                        |            | 5.9 liters (6.2 US qt, 5.2 Imp qt) |

The indicated oil quantity is only a guideline and is estimated based on a case when the engine oil is changed with an oil filter. After refilling the engine with oil, the oil level should be checked using an oil level gauge. For more details about maintenance and service, refer to “Engine oil” 11-18.

■ **Cold tire pressure:**

See the label located under the driver’s door latch.