

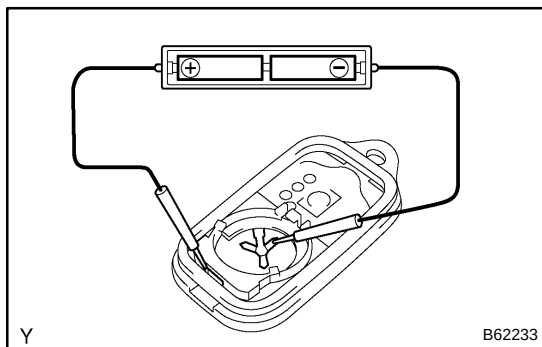
DOOR CONTROL TRANSMITTER INSPECTION

730E8-02

1. INSPECT DOOR CONTROL TRANSMITTER

(a) Inspect operation of the transmitter.

- (1) Remove the battery (lithium battery) from the transmitter (See page 73-13).
- (2) Install a new or normal battery (lithium battery).



HINT:

When a new or normal battery is not available, connect 2 new 1.5 V batteries in series, connect the battery positive (+) to the battery receptacle side terminal and battery negative (-) to the bottom terminal, then apply 3 V voltage to the transmitter.

- (3) In a location that is approx. 1 m (3.28 ft) away from the driver side outside door handle in the right direction, point the key plate of the transmitter at the vehicle and check operation of the transmitter by pressing a transmission switch on the transmitter body.

Standard:

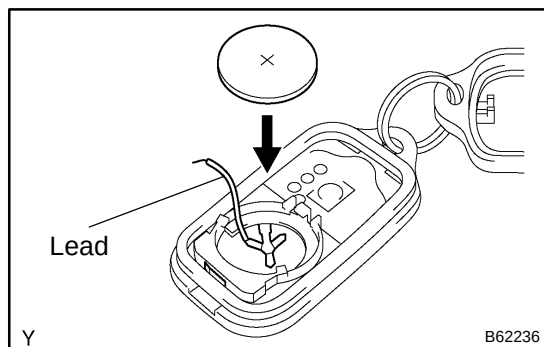
The door lock can be operated via the remote control.

HINT:

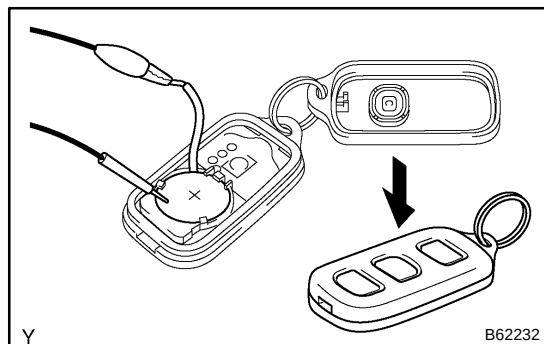
- The minimum operational distance differs, depending on the operator, the way the transmitter is held, and the location.
 - Since the transmitter uses faint electric waves, the operational distance might be shortened if noise or strong electric wave occurs in the area where the frequency is used.
- (4) Install the battery (lithium battery).
- (b) Inspect the battery capacity.

HINT:

- The capacity of the battery can be determined only when the battery is installed in the transmitter. For a lithium battery used in the transmitter, a voltage of more than 2.5 V is shown on the tester until the energy is completely consumed, while no battery is installed in the transmitter. Therefore, it is necessary to measure the voltage while the battery is installed in transmitter (a resistance of 1.2 kΩ is applied to the battery) when checking the amount of energy left in the battery.
 - If the transmitter is faulty, the amount of energy left in the battery might not be checked correctly.
- (1) Remove the battery (lithium battery) from the transmitter (See page 73-13).



- (2) Connect the lead to the negative (-) terminal of the transmitter and install the battery.



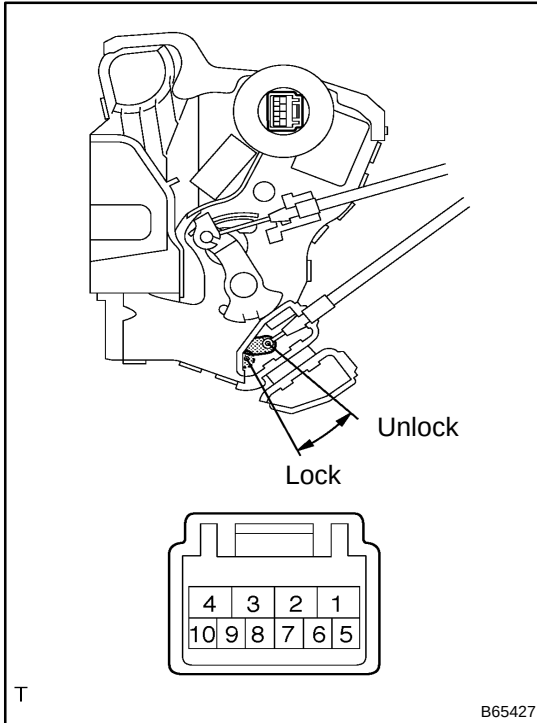
- (3) Connect the tester positive (+) probe to the positive (+) battery (lithium battery) and the tester negative (-) probe to the lead respectively.
- (4) Press one of the transmission switches on the transmitter for approx. 1 second.
- (5) Press the transmission switch on the transmitter again to check the voltage.

Standard: 2.2 V or higher

HINT:

- When the temperature of the battery is low, the inspection can not be made correctly. When the outcome of the test is less than 2.2 V, conduct the test again after leaving the battery in a place at 18°C (64°F) for more than 30 minutes.
 - The automatic power-off function causes the voltage of the battery to be 2.5 V or more (a voltage with no resistance applied to the battery) when 0.8 seconds have passed after the switch is pressed. Therefore, make sure to read the voltage just after the switch is pressed.
 - Since high voltage might be shown once or twice after the battery returns to the specified temperature, the inspection should be made with the voltage shown after the switch is pressed at least 3 times.
- (6) Disconnect the lead.
- (7) Set the battery (lithium battery) in the transmitter.

INSPECTION



- 1. INSPECT FRONT DOOR W/MOTOR LOCK ASSY LH**
 (a) Apply battery voltage and inspect operation of the door lock motor.

Standard:

Measurement Condition	Specified Condition
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 4 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 1	Lock
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 1 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 4	Unlock

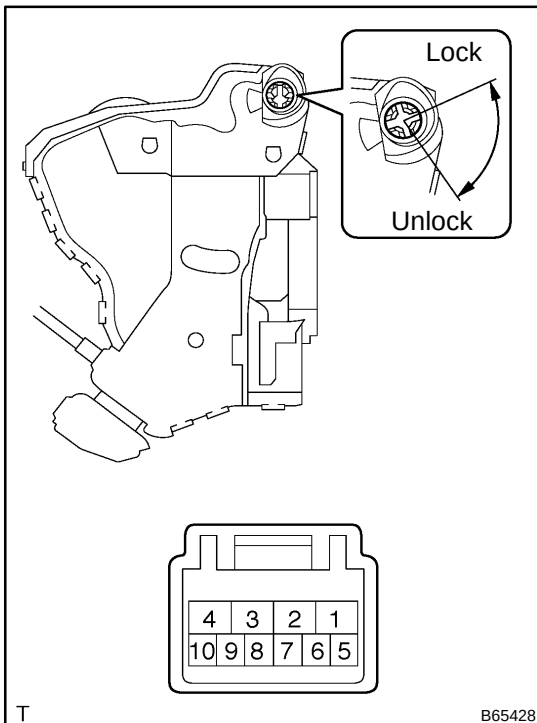
If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

- (b) Inspect the resistance of the position switch.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Door Lock Position	Specified Condition
7 - 8	Lock	10 k Ω or higher
	Unlock	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

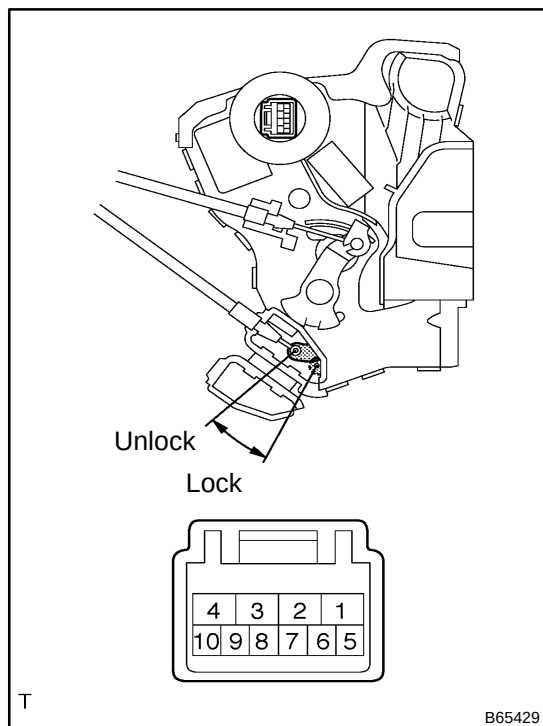


- (c) Inspect the resistance of the door lock and unlock switch.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Door Lock Position	Specified Condition
7 - 9	Lock	Below 1 Ω
7 - 9, 7 - 10	OFF	-
7 - 10	Unlock	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.



2. INSPECT FRONT DOOR W/MOTOR LOCK ASSY RH

- (a) Apply battery voltage and inspect operation of the door lock motor.

Standard:

Measurement Condition	Specified Condition
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 4 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 1	Lock
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 1 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 4	Unlock

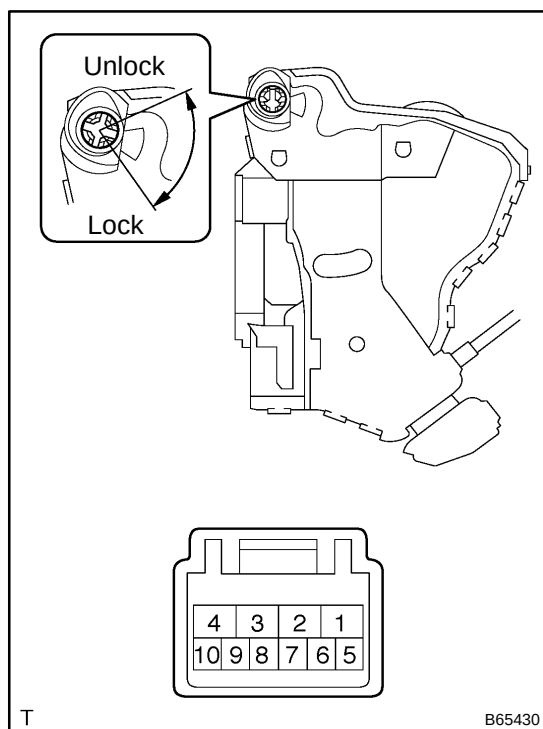
If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

- (b) Inspect the resistance of the position switch.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Door Lock Position	Specified Condition
7 - 8	Lock	10 kΩ or higher
	Unlock	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

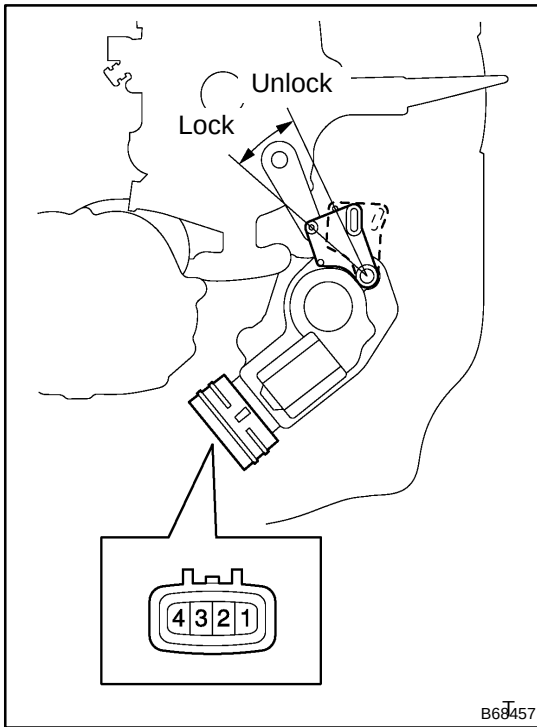


- (c) Inspect the resistance of the door lock and unlock switch.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Door Lock Position	Specified Condition
6 - 8	Lock	Below 1 Ω
5 - 8, 6 - 8	OFF	-
5 - 8	Unlock	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.



- 3. INSPECT REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR ASSY LH**
 (a) Apply battery voltage and inspect operation of the door lock motor.

Standard:

Measurement Condition	Specified Condition
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 2 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 3	Lock
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 3 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 2	Unlock

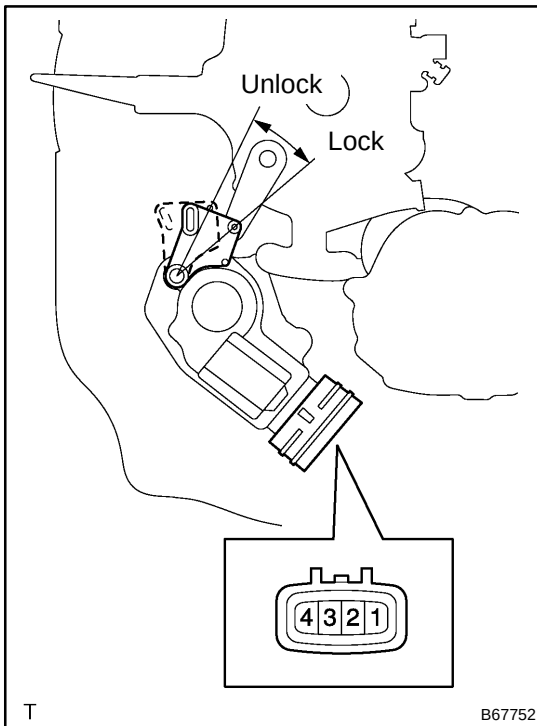
If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

- (b) Inspect the resistance of the position switch.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Door Lock Position	Specified Condition
1 - 4	Lock	10 kΩ or higher
	Unlock	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.



- 4. INSPECT REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR ASSY RH**
 (a) Apply battery voltage and inspect operation of the door lock motor.

Standard:

Measurement Condition	Specified Condition
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 2 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 3	Lock
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 3 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 2	Unlock

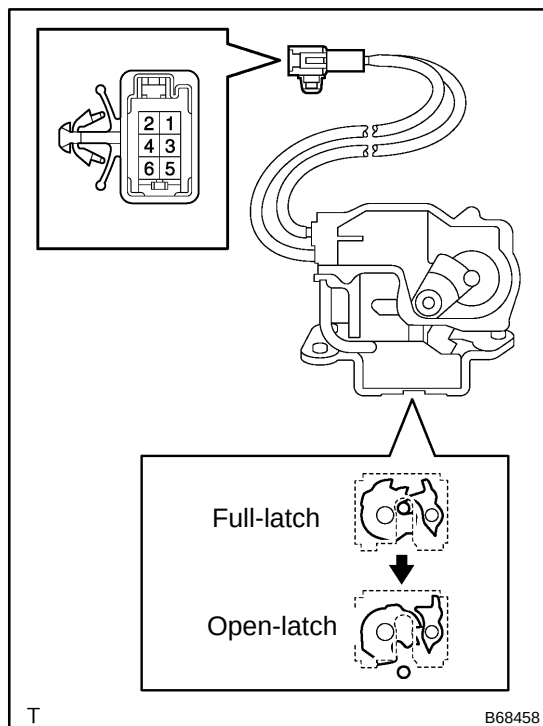
If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

- (b) Inspect the resistance of the position switch.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Door Lock Position	Specified Condition
1 - 4	Lock	10 kΩ or higher
	Unlock	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.



5. INSPECT BACK DOOR LOCK ASSY (W/O CLOSER)

(a) Check operation of the door lock.

- (1) Using a screwdriver, push the latch in order to put the back door lock in the locked condition (full-latch position).
- (2) Connect the battery positive (+) lead to terminal 3 and the battery negative (-) lead to terminal 1. Then, check operation of the latch.

Standard: The latch turns to the open-latch position

If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

- (3) Inspect motor operation when battery voltage is applied to the terminals.

Standard:

Measurement Condition	Specified Condition
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 3 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 1	Clockwise (Motor in normal rotation)
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 1 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 3	Counterclockwise (Motor in reverse rotation)

If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

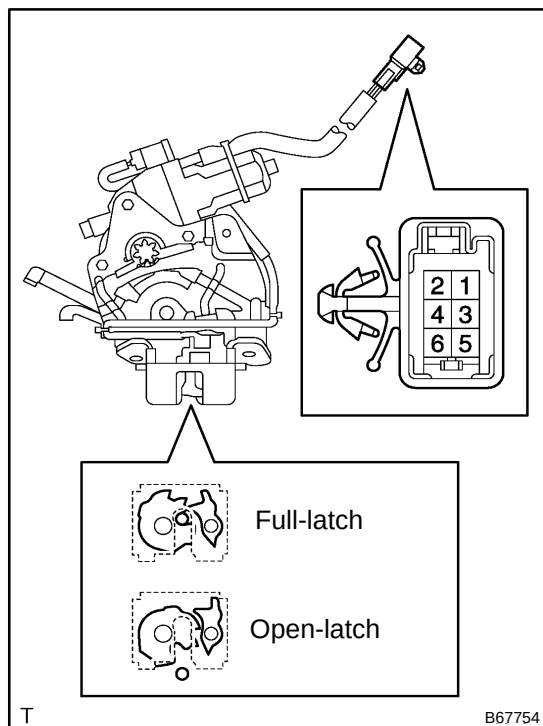
(b) Check the back door courtesy switch resistance.

- (1) Check the resistance between the terminals of the courtesy switch.

Standard:

Door Lock Latch Position	Terminal No.	Specified Condition
Open-latch position	5 - 6	Below 1 Ω
Full-latch position		10 k Ω or higher

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.



6. INSPECT BACK DOOR LOCK ASSY (W/ CLOSER)

(a) Check operation of the door lock.

- (1) Using a screwdriver, push the latch in order to put the back door lock in the locked condition (full-latch position).
- (2) Connect the battery positive (+) lead to terminal 1 and the battery negative (-) lead to terminal 2. Then, check operation of the latch.

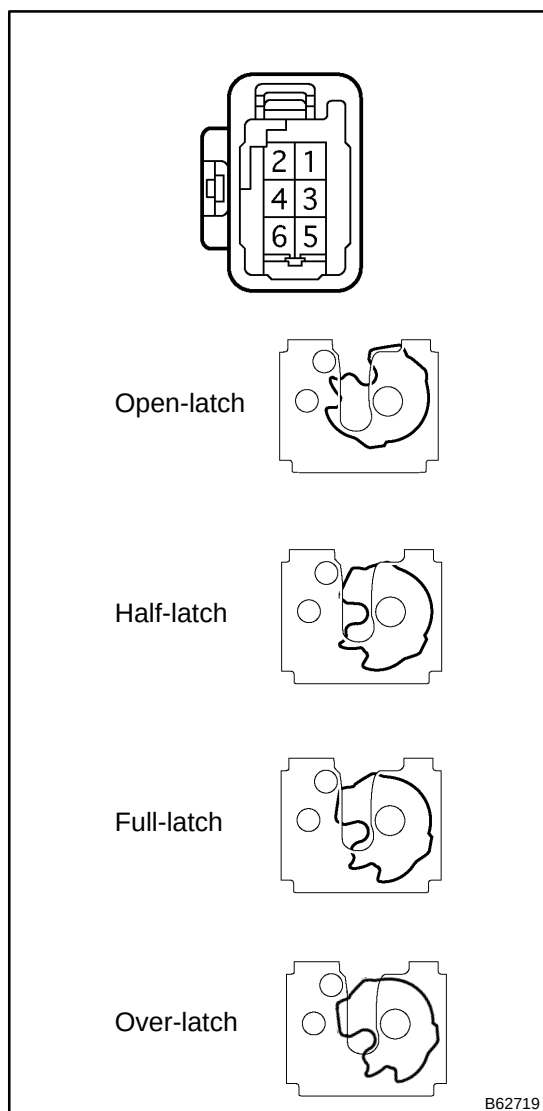
Standard: The latch turns to the open-latch position

- (3) Inspect motor operation when battery voltage is applied to the terminals.

Standard:

Measurement Condition	Specified Condition
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 2 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 1	Clockwise (Motor in normal rotation)
Battery positive (+) → Terminal 1 Battery negative (-) → Terminal 2	Counterclockwise (Motor in reverse rotation)

If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.



(b) Check the back door courtesy switch resistance.

- (1) Check the resistance between the terminals of the courtesy switch.

Standard:

Door Lock Latch Position	Terminal No.	Specified Condition
Open-latch position, Half-latch position	3 - 4	Below 1 Ω
Full-latch position, Over-latch position		10 k Ω or higher

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

(c) Check the back door latch switch resistance.

- (1) Check the resistance between the terminals of the latch switch.

Standard:

Door Lock Latch Position	Terminal No.	Specified Condition
Open-latch position, Over-latch position	4 - 5	Below 1 Ω
Half-latch position, Full-latch position		10 k Ω or higher

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.

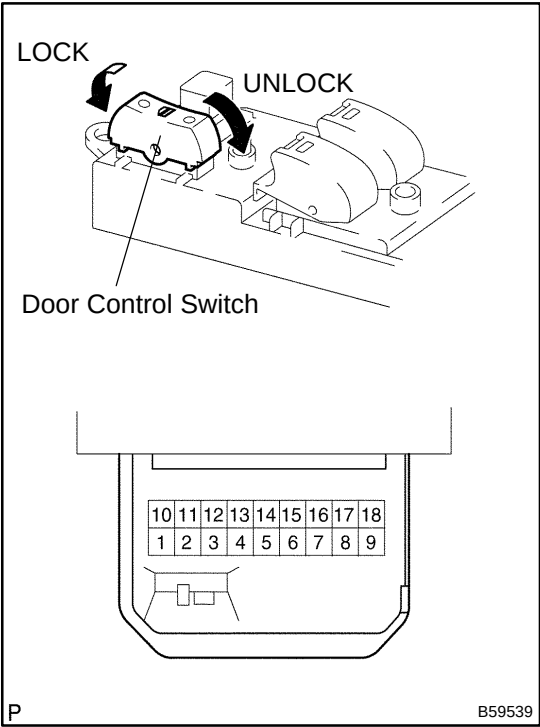
(d) Check the position switch resistance.

- (1) Connect the battery positive (+) lead to connector terminal 1 and the negative (-) lead to connector terminal 2.

Standard:

Door Lock Latch Position	Terminal No.	Specified Condition
Any position other than motor stop position (Motor in operation)	4 - 6	Below 1 Ω
Motor stop position (Gear in original position)		10 k Ω or higher

If the result is not as specified, replace the door lock assy.



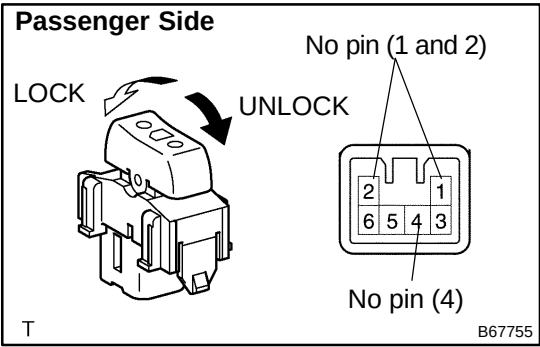
7. INSPECT POWER WINDOW REGULATOR MASTER SWITCH ASSY

(a) Inspect the resistance of the switch.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Switch Position	Specified Condition
1 - 5	Lock	Below 1 Ω
1 - 5, 1 - 8	OFF	10 k Ω or higher
1 - 8	Unlock	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the switch assy.



8. INSPECT DOOR CONTROL SWITCH ASSY

(a) Inspect the resistance of the switch.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Switch Position	Specified Condition
3 - 6	Lock	Below 1 Ω
3 - 5, 3 - 6	OFF	10 k Ω or higher
3 - 5	Unlock	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the switch assy.

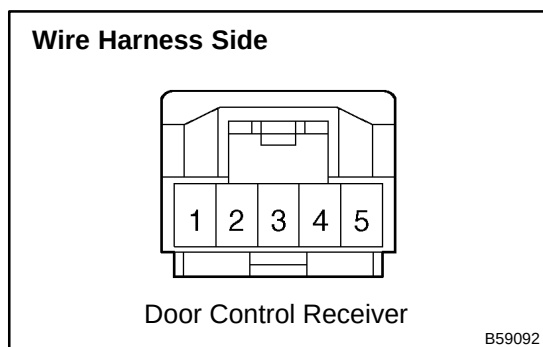
ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

1. CHECK WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROL FUNCTIONS

HINT:

- The switch described in this text is a switch for transmitting signals, which is built into the door control transmitter.
 - All the functions listed below must be checked in the remote control operational area.
- (a) Put the vehicle under the conditions that allow the wireless control function to be operated (See PRE-CAUTION on page 73-9).
 - (b) Check the basic function.
 - (1) Check that all the doors lock when the LOCK switch is pressed.
 - (2) Check that only the driver side door unlocks when the UNLOCK switch is pressed once and the other doors unlock when the UNLOCK switch is pressed again within 3 seconds.
 - (3) Check that the power slide door opens or closes when the power slide door switch is held down for 0.8 seconds or more.
 - (4) Check that the power slide door reverses right when the power slide door switch is pressed while the door is automatically moving (no delay).
 - (5) Check that the power back door opens or closes when the power back door switch is held down for 0.8 seconds or more.
 - (6) Check that the power back door reverses right when the back door switch is pressed while the door is automatically moving (no delay).
 - (7) Check that all the power windows close when the LOCK switch is held down for 2.4 seconds and they stop operation when the switch is released (manual operation).
 - (8) Check that all the power windows open when the UNLOCK switch is held down for 2.4 seconds and they stop operation when the switch is released (manual operation).
 - (c) Check the chattering prevention function.
 - (1) Check that the corresponding operation occurs only once and is not repeated continuously while the switch is held. However, when the switch is operated repeatedly at 1 second intervals, check that the corresponding operation is carried out.
 - (d) Check the automatic locking function.
 - (1) Check that all the doors lock automatically as long as none of the doors have been opened or all the doors have not been locked within approximately 30 seconds after all the doors are unlocked by pressing the UNLOCK switch.
 - (2) Check that the automatic locking function does not operate when any door has been opened or all the doors have been locked within approximately 30 seconds after all the doors are unlocked by pressing the UNLOCK switch.
 - (e) Check the switch operation fail-safe function.
 - (1) Check that the doors can not be locked by the switch while the key is in the ignition key cylinder. However, this does not apply when the system is in the recognition code registration mode.
 - (f) Check the operation stop function when a door is open or not completely closed.
 - (1) Check that the doors are not locked by the switch while any door is open or not completely closed and the wireless door lock buzzer sounds for 10 seconds.
 - (g) Check the repeat function.
 - (1) Check that all the doors attempt to automatically lock once again 1 second after the LOCK switch has been pressed while the movement of the driver side door control knob, which is in the unlocked state, is being restricted.

- (h) Check the hazard warning lamps flashing and warning buzzer sounding functions (answer-back).
- (1) When the LOCK switch is pressed, check that the lamps flash once and the buzzer sounds once, simultaneously with the locking operation of all the doors.
 - (2) When the UNLOCK switch is pressed once, check that the lamps flash twice and the buzzer sounds twice, simultaneously with the unlocking operation of the driver side door.
 - (3) When the UNLOCK switch is pressed again within 3 seconds, check that the lamps flash twice and the buzzer sounds twice, simultaneously with the unlocking operation of all the doors.
 - (4) When the LOCK switch is held down for 2.4 seconds, check that the buzzer sounds once and all the power windows start closing operation.
 - (5) When the UNLOCK switch is held down for 2.4 seconds, check that the buzzer sounds once and all the power windows start opening operation.
 - (6) When the power back door switch is held down for 0.8 seconds or more, check that the lamps flash twice and the buzzer sounds twice, simultaneously with the operation of the power back door.
- (i) Check the remote panic function.
- (1) Check that the horn sounds, the headlights and taillights flash and the interior light remains on (when the light switch is turned to the DOOR position) for 60 seconds by the theft alarm function, when the PANIC switch is held down for 0.8 seconds or more. Also, check that the horn stops sounding and the lights stop flashing when either switch of the transmitter is pressed.



2. CHECK DOOR CONTROL RECEIVER

- (a) Disconnect the receiver connector.
- (b) Check the voltage and resistance between the terminals of the wire harness side connector and the receiver and the body ground.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Condition	Specified Condition
5 (+B) - Body ground	Constant	10 to 14 V
1 (GND) - Body ground	Constant	Below 1 Ω

If the result is not as specified, there may be a malfunction on the wire harness side.

- (c) Reconnect the connector and check the voltage between the terminal and body ground.

Standard:

Terminal No.	Condition	Specified Condition
2 (RDA) - Body ground	No key in ignition key cylinder, all doors closed and each transmitter switch OFF → ON	Below 1 V → Approx. 6 to 7 V → Below 1 V

If the result is not as specified, the receiver may have a malfunction.

KEY REMINDER WARNING SYSTEM

730GN-01

ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

1. CHECK FUNCTION

- (a) Check that the key reminder warning buzzer sounds.
 - (1) With the driver side door closed, insert the key into the ignition key cylinder and then turn the key to LOCK or ACC.
 - (2) Then, check that the buzzer sounds intermittently if the driver side door is opened.
- (b) Check that the key reminder warning buzzer stops.
 - (1) Check that the buzzer stops sounding if any of the following operations are performed while the buzzer is sounding:
 - Close the driver side door (front door courtesy lamp switch is off).
 - Turn the ignition switch ON.
 - Pull out the key from the ignition key cylinder.

POWER DOOR LOCK CONTROL SYSTEM

730GP-01

ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

1. DOOR LOCK FAIL-SAFE

- (a) When a malfunction in the door control switch (manual switch, interlocked with key operation) has been detected, door lock/unlock operation becomes disabled.

2. CHECK ELECTRICAL DOOR LOCK OPERATION

- (a) Check the basic function.
- (1) Check that all doors lock when the door control switch (for manual operation) is turned to LOCK and all doors unlock when turned to UNLOCK.
 - (2) Check that all doors lock when the driver or passenger side door lock key cylinder is turned to LOCK using the key.
 - (3) Check that only the driver side door unlocks when the driver side door lock key cylinder is turned to UNLOCK and all doors unlock when turned to UNLOCK once again within 3 seconds using the key (2-step unlocking function).
- (b) Check the key lock-in prevention function.

NOTICE:

In order to prevent the key from actually being locked-in, the inspection should be made with the driver side door glass open.

- (1) Have the key inserted into the ignition key cylinder.
 - (2) With the driver side door open, check that all doors unlock immediately after the door lock knob for the driver side door is turned to LOCK.
 - (3) With the driver side door open, check that all doors unlock immediately after the door control switch (for manual operation) is turned to LOCK.
 - (4) With the driver side door open, turn the driver side door lock knob to LOCK and hold it for 2 seconds or more and then close the driver side door. Then check that all doors unlock.
- (c) Check the security function.
- (1) Close all doors with the driver side door window open so that the door control switch can be operated from outside the vehicle.
 - (2) Pull out the key, open the driver side door and then close and lock the door without using the key. Under this condition, check that all doors do not unlock when the door control switch (for manual operation) is turned to UNLOCK from outside the vehicle.
 - (3) Pull out the key, close and lock the driver side door by key operation. Under this condition, check that all doors do not unlock when the door control switch (for manual operation) is turned to UNLOCK from outside the vehicle.
 - (4) Pull out the key, close the driver side door and lock the door by wireless door lock operation. Under this condition, check that all doors do not unlock when the door control switch (for manual operation) is turned to UNLOCK from outside the vehicle.

HINT:

Check that the security function is canceled under the following conditions.

- The ignition switch is turned ON.
- The driver side door is unlocked using the key.
- The door control switch (for manual operation) is turned to UNLOCK after the door control knob is turned to UNLOCK manually.
- The doors are unlocked with wireless operation.

- (d) Check the illumination function.
 - (1) Set the room light switch in the DOOR position.
 - (2) With all doors locked, check that all doors unlock when the driver side door lock cylinder is turned to UNLOCK using the key. At the same time, the room light comes on.
 - (3) Check that the room light goes off in approximately 15 seconds if doors have not been opened for a while.
- (e) Check the automatic locking function interlocked with the shift lever.
 - (1) When any door is unlocked with all doors closed and the engine started, check that all doors automatically lock when the shift lever is moved into any position from the P position.
 - (2) When any door is unlocked after all doors automatically lock, check that all doors attempt to automatically lock once again (retry function). The retry function is canceled when any of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - All doors are locked.
 - Any door is opened.
 - The shift lever is moved into the P position.
 - The doors are locked or unlocked by the user.
 - The ignition switch is turned OFF.
 - The engine is stopped.

THEFT DETERRENT SYSTEM

730G7-02

ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

1. OUTLINE OF THEFT DETERRENT SYSTEM

- (a) When the theft deterrent system detects that the vehicle is being tampered with, the system sets off the alarm, causing the horns to sound and the lights to light up or blink in order to alert people around the vehicle to the theft.
- (b) The theft deterrent system has 2 modes; one is active arming mode and the other is passive arming mode. Passive arming mode can be switched ON/OFF by the specified method (See step 4).
- (c) Each mode has 4 states; disarmed state, arming preparation state, armed state, alarm sounding state.
- (1) Disarmed state:
 - The alarm function is not operating.
 - The theft deterrent system is not operating.
 - (2) Arming preparation state:
 - The time until the system goes into the armed state.
 - The theft deterrent system is not operating.
 - (3) Armed state:
 - The theft deterrent system is operating.

Alarm time: 60 ± 5 sec.

- (4) Alarm sounding state:

When the theft deterrent system detects that the vehicle is being tampered with while in the armed state, the system causes the horns to sound and the lights to light up or blink in order to alert people around the vehicle to the theft.

Refer to table below for alarm method and time:

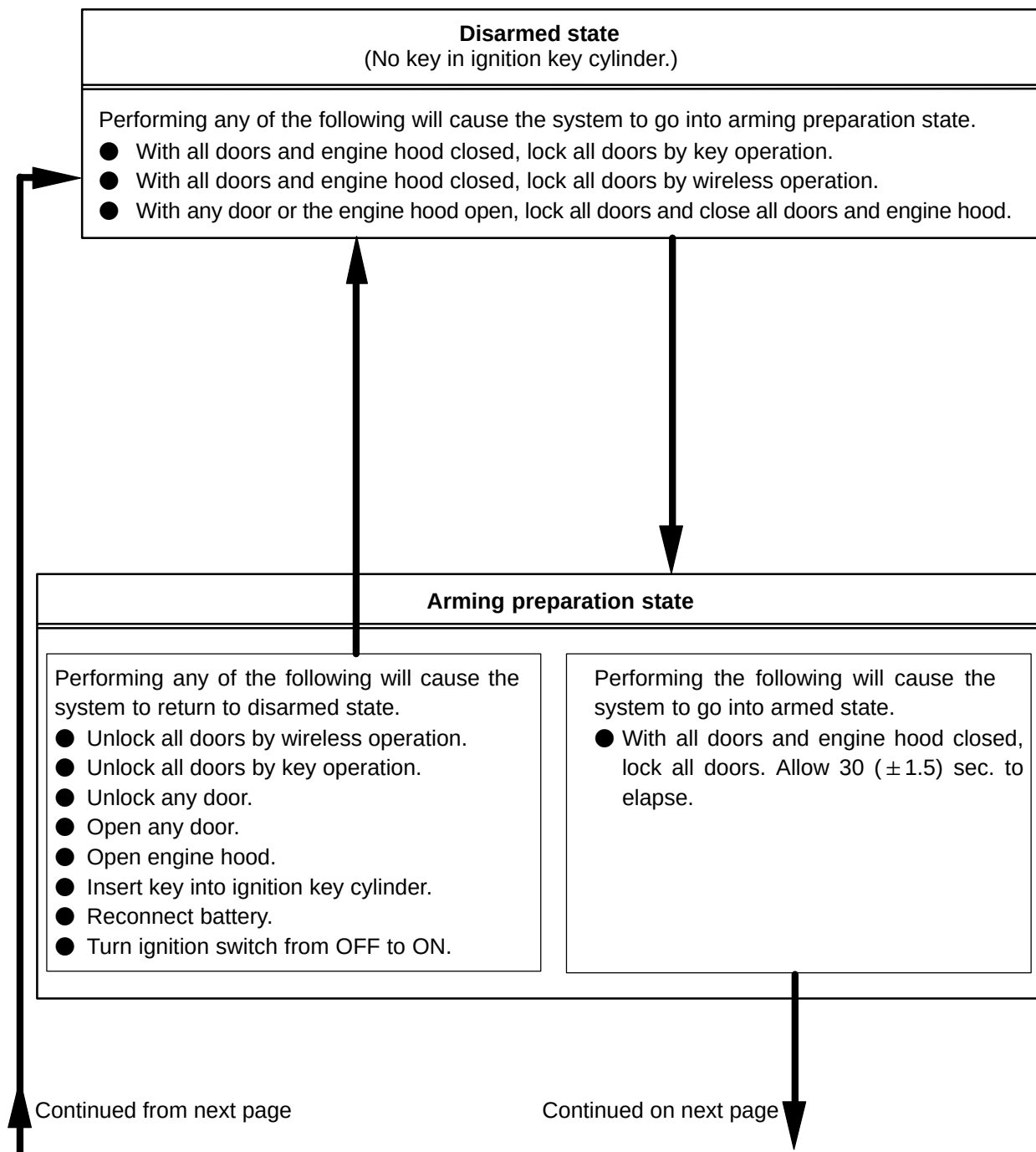
Alarm Method	Headlamp	Blinking (Cycle of 0.4 sec.)
	Taillamp	Blinking (Cycle of 0.4 sec.)
	Hazard Warning Lamp	Blinking (Cycle of flasher relay)
	Room Lamp	Illuminating
	Vehicle Horn	Sounding (Cycle of 0.4 sec.)
	Security Horn	Sounding (Cycle of 0.4 sec.)
Alarm Time	60 ± 5 sec.	

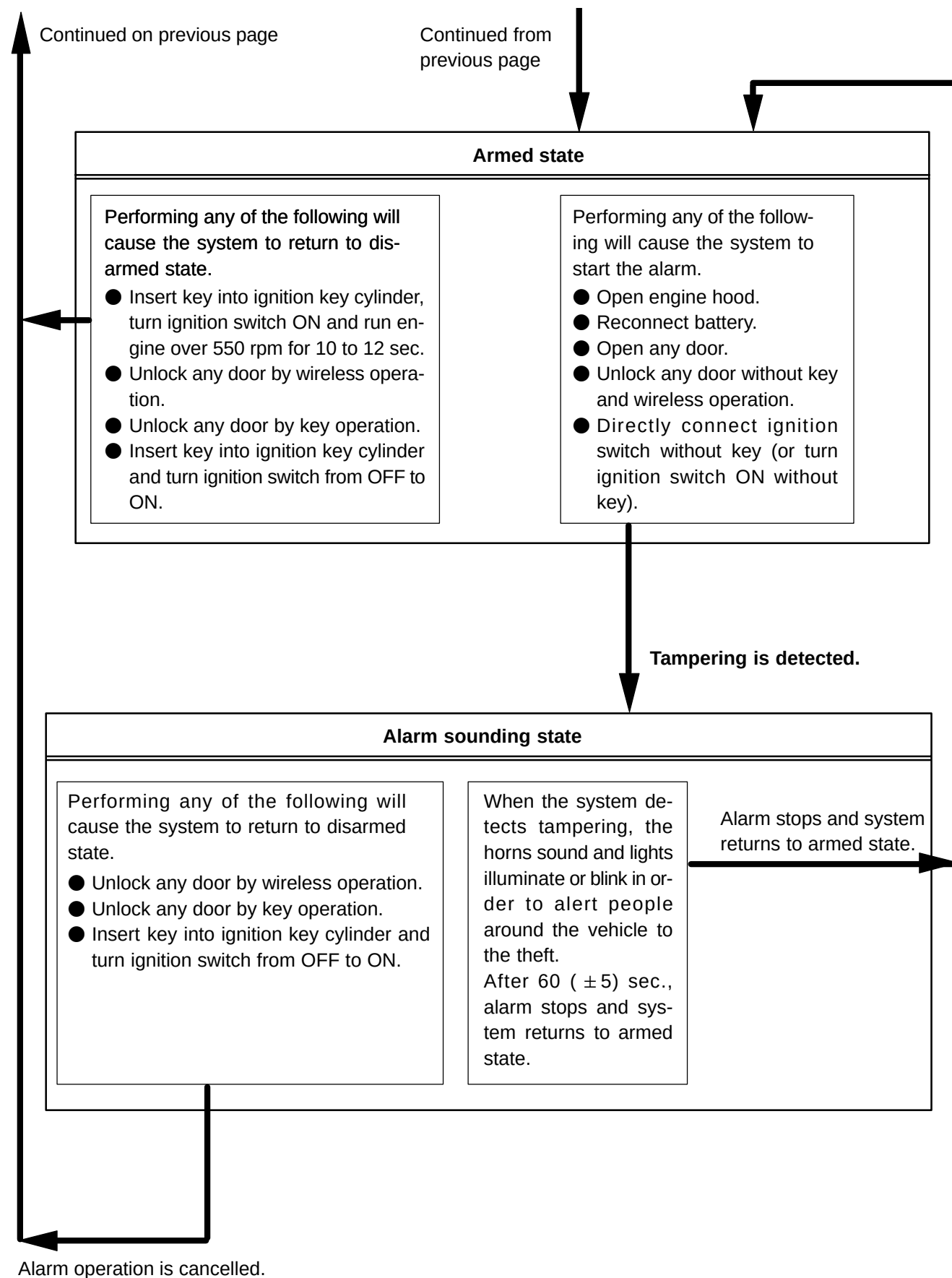
HINT:

If any of the doors is unlocked and there is also no key in the ignition key cylinder during the armed state, a forced door lock signal will be output (See step 5).

2. ACTIVE ARMING MODE

- Active arming mode starts the alarm control immediately after the doors are locked.





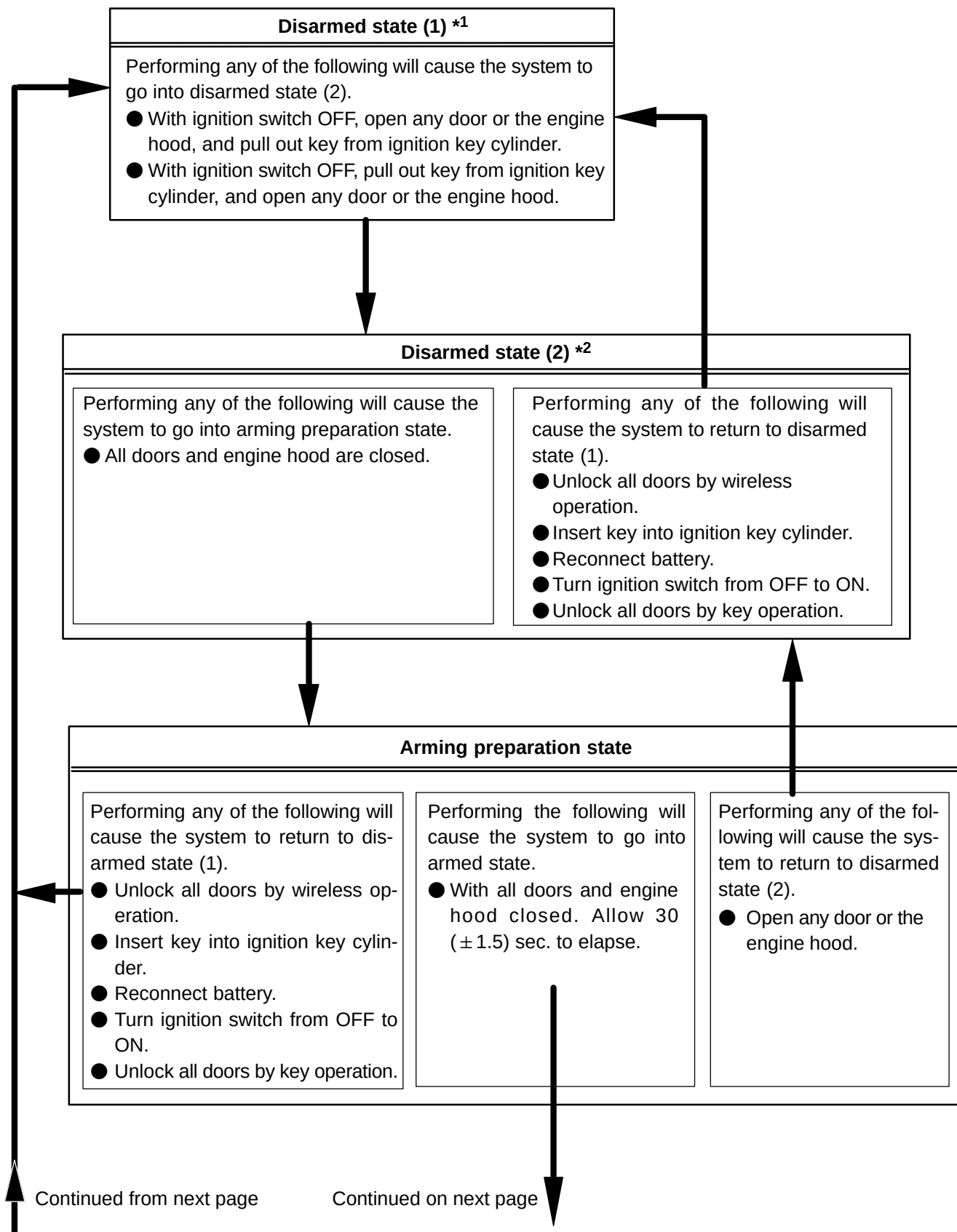
3. PASSIVE ARMING MODE

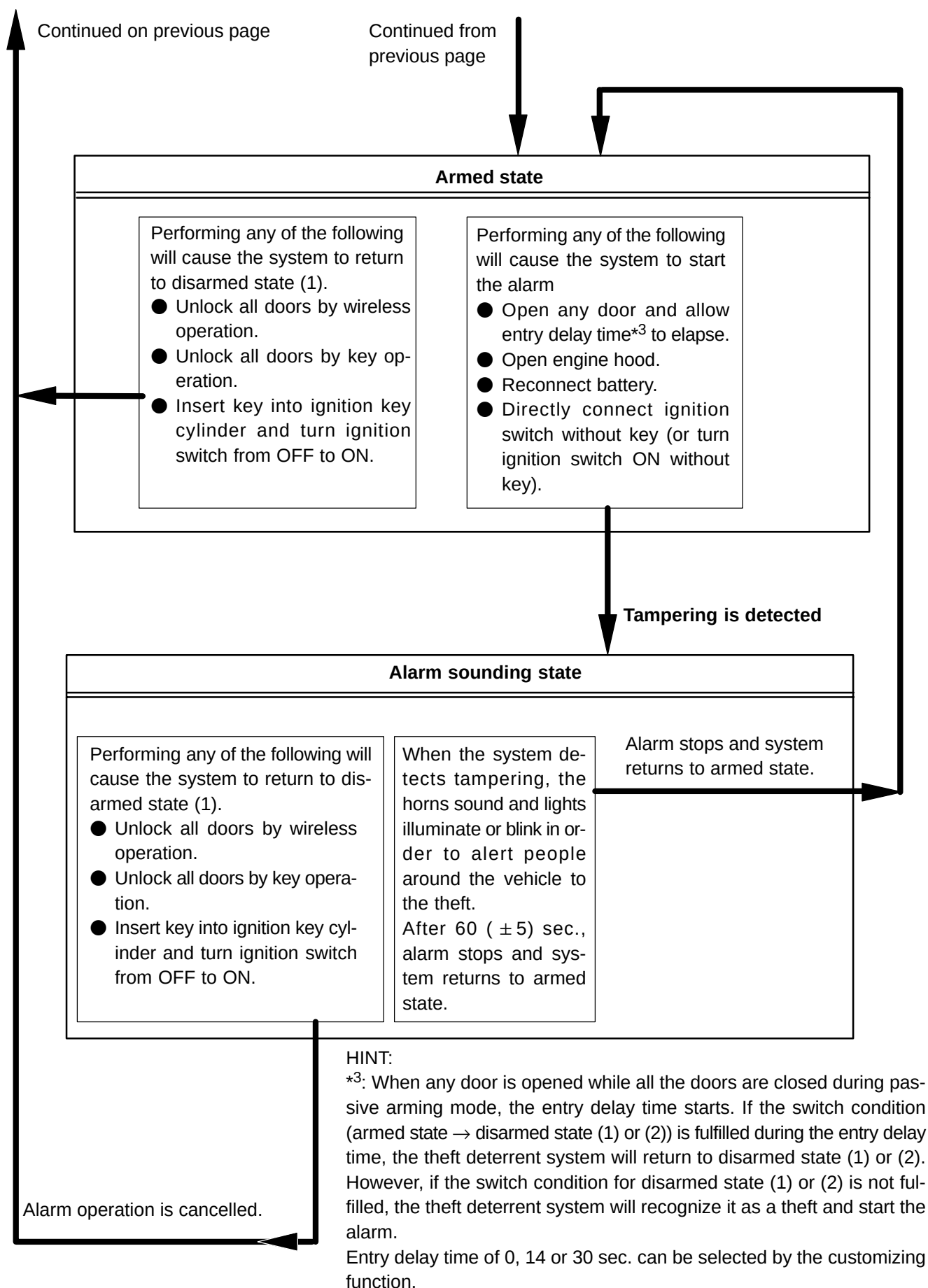
- Passive arming mode can be switched ON/OFF by the specified method (See step 4).
- The alarm is initially set (when shipped from factory) to active arming mode (not passive arming mode).
- During passive arming mode, the theft deterrent system goes into the armed state even if the doors are not locked.
- Passive arming mode starts the alarm control after the key is removed from the ignition key cylinder and the doors are closed.
- Detecting that the doors are unlocked does not set off the alarm during passive arming mode.
- A forced door lock signal is not output during passive arming mode (See step 5).
- When the theft deterrent system detects that the doors are opened during passive arming mode, the alarm is not set off immediately because an entry delay time is set.
- If any of the following conditions is fulfilled during passive arming mode, the theft deterrent system will switch to active arming mode.
 - With all doors and engine hood closed, lock all doors by key operation.
 - With all doors and engine hood closed, lock all doors by wireless operation.
 - With any door or the engine hood open, lock all doors and close all doors and engine hood.

HINT:

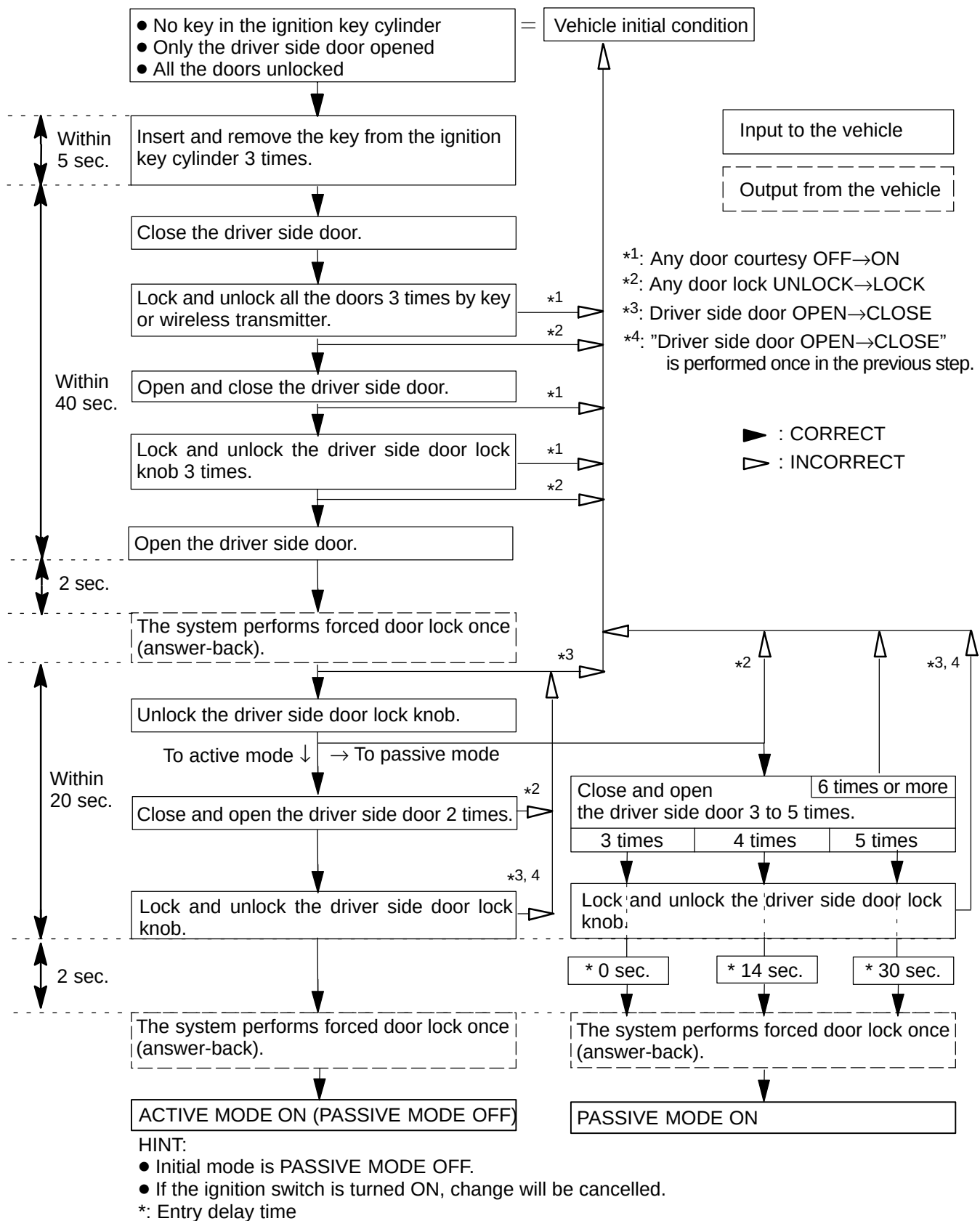
*1: Disarmed state (1) is the normal disarmed state.

*2: Disarmed state (2) is set from either the disarmed state (1) or the arming preparation state.





4. METHOD FOR CHANGING OF PASSIVE MODE (ON OR OFF)



5. FORCED DOOR LOCK CONTROL

- (a) The forced door lock control prevents the vehicle from being tampered with. Immediately after a door is unlocked (alarm starts), the door is forced to lock by a forced door lock signal.

(1) Conditions that force the doors to lock:

When no key is in the ignition key cylinder and 0.4 seconds have elapsed after the previous output of a forced door lock signal, the doors will be forced to lock if any of the following conditions is fulfilled.

- The theft deterrent system is in the armed state of active arming mode.
- All the doors are locked.  Any door is unlocked.
- Any door is unlocked.

6. ALARM MEMORY FUNCTION

- (a) If the alarm is set off (tampering is detected) while the theft deterrent system is armed, the alarm memory function will record it. Whenever you cancel the theft deterrent system, the alarm memory function causes the taillamps to light up for 2 seconds in order to inform you that the alarm has been set off.

(1) Conditions of the alarm memory function that cause the taillamps to light up:

When the theft deterrent system has entered into the alarm sounding state (tampering has been detected) even once, the taillamps will light up for 2 seconds if any of the following conditions is fulfilled.

- Switched to the disarmed state from the armed state during active arming mode.
- Switched to the disarmed state (1) from the armed state during passive arming mode.

HINT:

Active arming mode: See step 2

Passive arming mode: See step 3

7. PANIC ALARM CONTROL

- (a) The panic alarm control makes it possible for you to voluntarily set off the panic alarm by pressing the PANIC switch on the wireless transmitter. However, this control operates independently from the alarm control by the theft deterrent system (switched to the alarm sounding state from the armed state).

(1) Conditions that cause the panic alarm control to set off the panic alarm:

The panic alarm control sets off the panic alarm by pressing the PANIC switch on the wireless transmitter for over 2.4 seconds under the following conditions.

- The ignition switch is OFF.
- The theft deterrent system is not in the alarm sounding state (common to active arming mode and passive arming mode).
- The panic alarm control is not operating (the alarm is not set off).

(2) Conditions that cause the panic alarm control to shut off the alarm:

The panic alarm control shuts off the panic alarm when any of the following conditions is fulfilled during panic alarm operation.

- The ignition switch is turned ON.
- Either of the switches on the wireless transmitter (LOCK/UNLOCK) is pressed.
- The panic alarm ends (60 ± 5 sec. have passed).
- The theft deterrent system switches to the alarm sounding state (common to active arming mode and passive arming mode). However, the alarm is still sounding, because the theft deterrent system has switched to the alarm sounding state. Conditions for canceling the panic alarm are the same as for the alarm control.

HINT:

Active arming mode: See step 2

Passive arming mode: See step 3

8. SECURITY INDICATOR OUTPUT

- (a) The multiplex network body ECU outputs a signal to light up the security indicator, according to the state of the theft deterrent system. However, some of the actual lighting conditions of the security indicator are different from the output signals of the multiplex network body ECU.

Output:

State of Theft Deterrent System*	Security Indicator	
	Output Signals from Body ECU	Actual Lighting Condition
Disarmed state (1), (2)	OFF	OFF (Immobiliser system unset) BLINKING (Immobiliser system set)
Arming preparation state	ON	ON
Armed state	OFF	BLINKING
Alarm sounding state	ON	ON

Blinking cycle:

Time	Security Indicator
0.2 sec.	ON
1.8 sec.	OFF

HINT:

- *: Common to active arming mode and passive arming mode.
- When the immobiliser system is set, the security indicator blinks during the disarmed state and the armed state, due to the output signals from the immobiliser system.

WIRELESS DOOR LOCK CONTROL SYSTEM

730E5-02

PRECAUTION

1. NOTICES WHEN CHECKING

(a) Power door LOCK/UNLOCK function:

The wireless remote control function operates only when the following 3 conditions are satisfied.

- (1) No key is inserted into the ignition key cylinder.
- (2) All the doors are closed.
- (3) The power door lock system operates normally.

HINT:

The UNLOCK function operates even when a door is open.

(b) Power slide door and power back door OPEN function:

The wireless remote control function operates only when the following 4 conditions are satisfied.

- (1) No key is inserted into the ignition key cylinder.
- (2) The power slide door or power back door main switch is ON (switch free: orange paint on the top of the switch appears).
- (3) The slide door or back door is between the fully closed position and the half-open position (When the door is in the fully closed position, the door should be unlocked).
- (4) The power slide door system and power back door system operate normally.

(c) Power slide door and power back door CLOSE function:

The wireless remote control function operates only when the following 4 conditions are satisfied.

- (1) No key is inserted into the ignition key cylinder.
- (2) The power slide door or power back door main switch is ON (switch free: orange paint on the top of the switch appears).
- (3) The slide door or back door is between the half-open position and the fully open position.
- (4) The power slide door system and power back door system operate normally.

(d) Power window OPEN function:

The wireless remote control function operates only when the following 3 conditions are satisfied.

- (1) No key is inserted into the ignition key cylinder.
- (2) Any door is unlocked.
- (3) The power window system operates normally.

(e) Power window CLOSE function:

The wireless remote control function operates only when the following 4 conditions are satisfied.

- (1) No key is inserted into the ignition key cylinder.
- (2) All the doors are closed.
- (3) All the doors are locked.
- (4) The power window system operates normally.

(f) Remote panic function:

The wireless remote control function operates only when the following condition is satisfied.

- (1) The ignition switch is OFF.

HINT:

The key can be inserted, however it must be in the OFF position.

(g) The wireless door lock remote control operational area differs depending on the situation.

- (1) The operational area differs depending on the operators and the ways the transmitter is held.
- (2) In some places, the operational area will be reduced due to the vehicle body shape and the influence of the surrounding environment, or the remote control function will only operate partially.
- (3) Since the transmitter uses faint electric waves, strong electric waves or noise in the frequency used may reduce the operational area or the remote control may not function.

- (4) When the battery weakens, the operational area is reduced or the remote control may not function.

HINT:

If the door control transmitter has been left in a place that is exposed to direct sunlight, such as on the instrument panel, it may cause the battery to weaken or such problems.

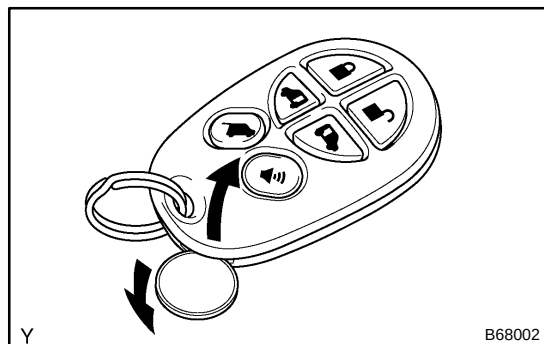
TRANSMITTER BATTERY REPLACEMENT

730GE-01

1. REMOVE TRANSMITTER BATTERY

NOTICE:

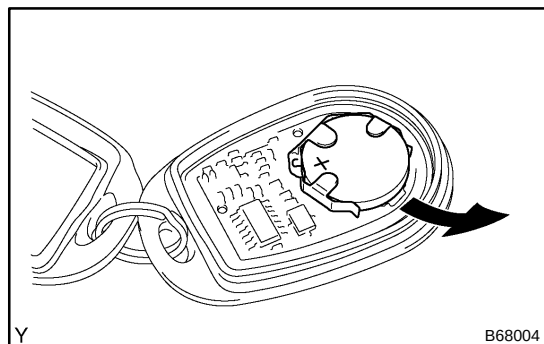
Special caution should be taken for handling each component as they are precision electronic components.



- (a) Using a coin or the equivalent, pry out the transmitter case.

NOTICE:

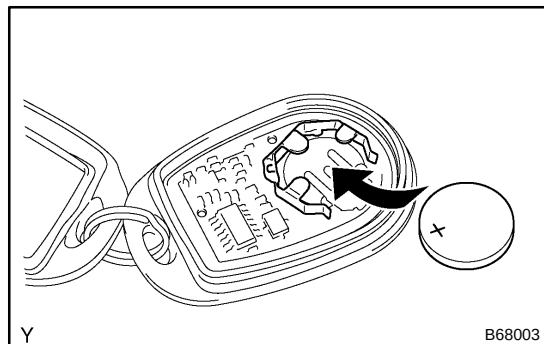
Do not forcibly pry out the case.



- (b) Remove the battery (lithium battery).

NOTICE:

- Do not push the terminals with your finger.
- Prying up the battery (lithium battery) to forcibly remove it will cause deformation of the terminals.
- Do not touch the battery with wet hands. Water may cause unexpected rust.
- Do not touch or move any components inside the transmitter, or it may interfere with the proper operation.



2. INSTALL TRANSMITTER BATTERY

- (a) Install a new battery (lithium battery) with the positive (+) side up, as shown in the illustration.

NOTICE:

- Be sure that the positive side and the negative side of the transmitter battery are faced correctly.
- Be careful not to bend the electrode of the transmitter battery insertion.
- Be careful that no dust or oil adheres to the transmitter case.

- (b) Install the case securely.

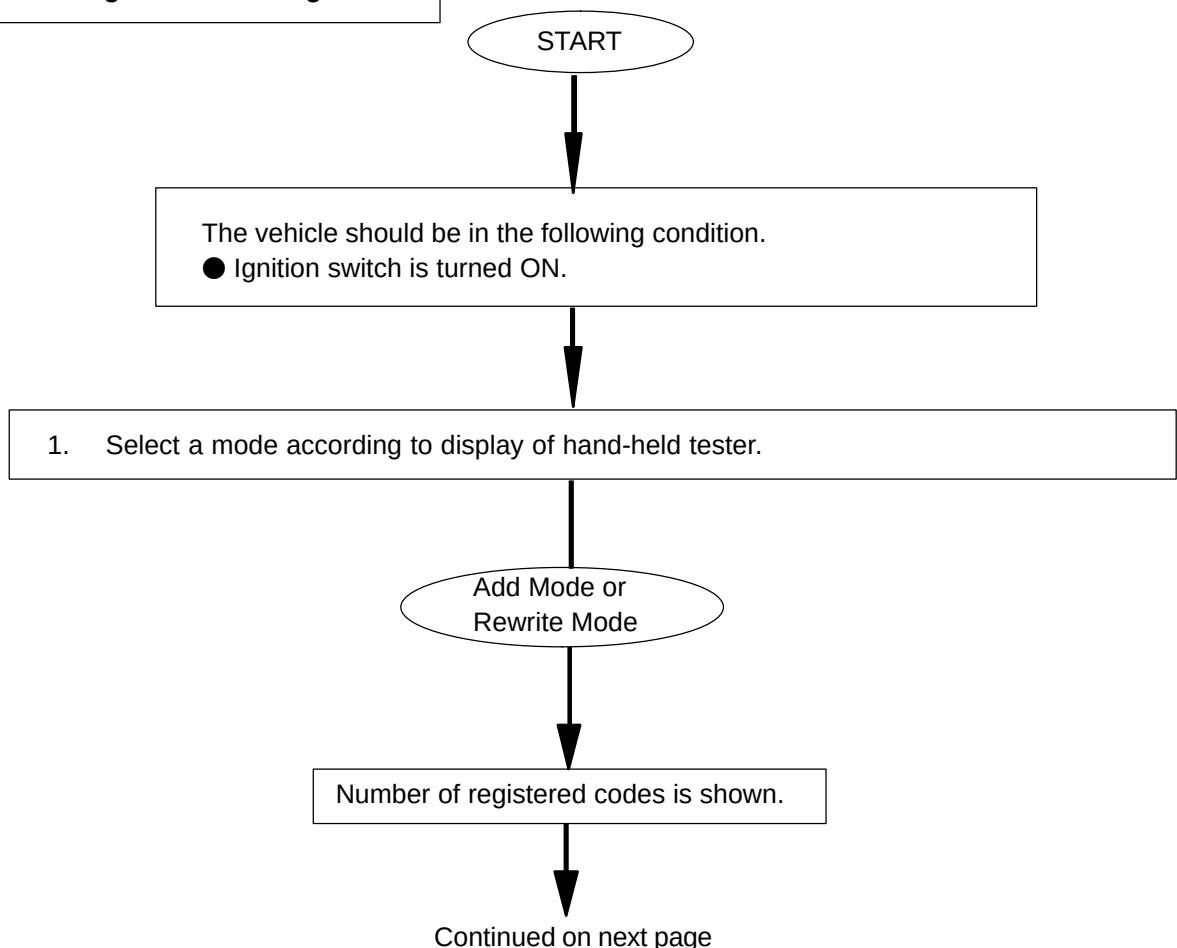
REGISTRATION

HINT:

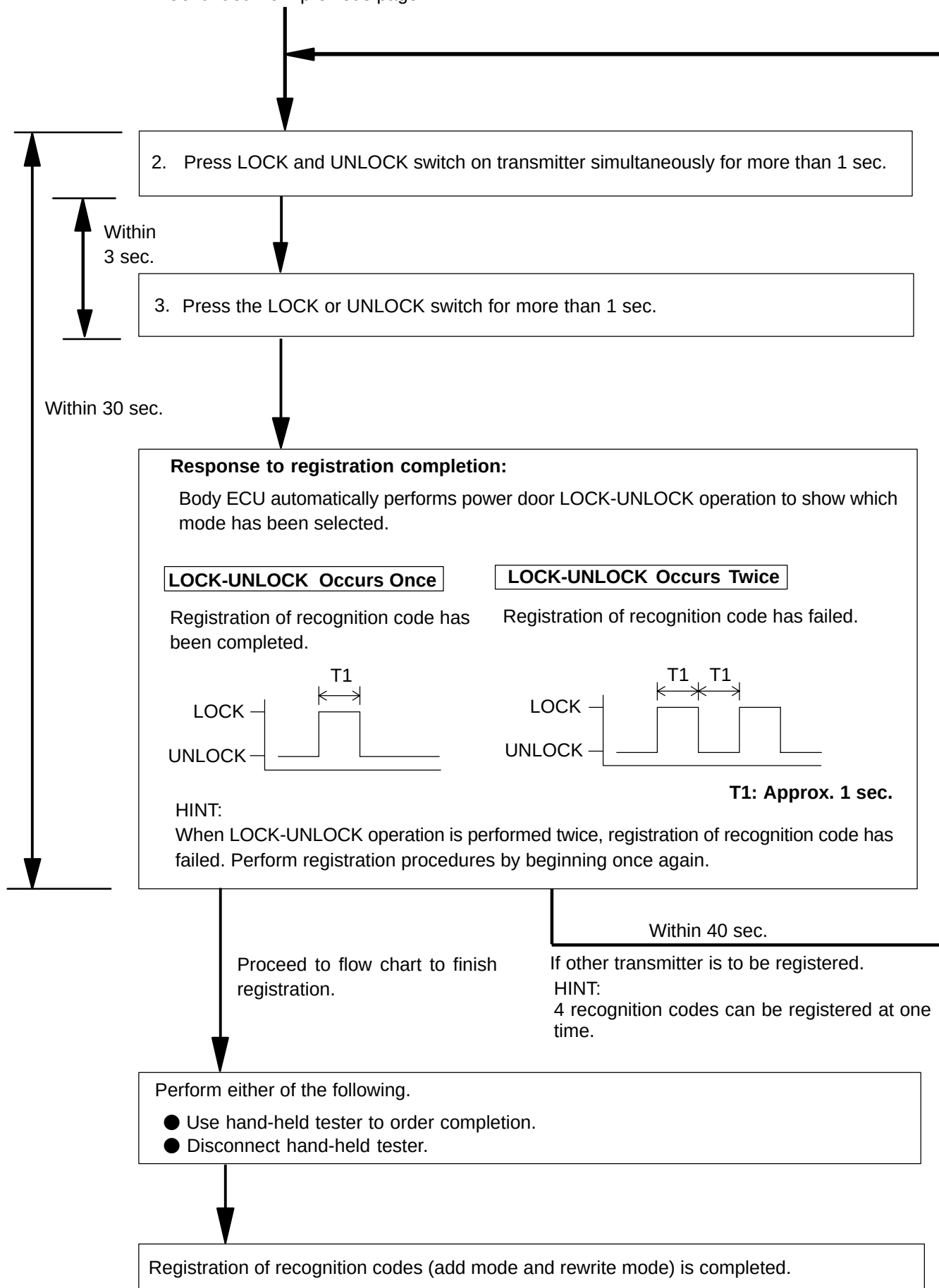
- If replacing the door control transmitter or the door control receiver, register the recognition code.
- The add mode is used to register new recognition codes while still retaining codes already registered. This mode is used when a new transmitter is added. If the number of registered codes exceeds 4, the previously registered codes will be erased in order, starting from the first registered code.
- The rewrite mode is used to erase all the previously registered recognition codes in order to register all new recognition codes. This mode is used when the transmitter or the door control receiver is exchanged for a new one.
- The confirmation mode is used to confirm how many recognition codes have already been registered before an additional registration of the recognition codes.
- The prohibition mode is used to erase all the registered codes and disables the wireless door lock function. This mode is used when the transmitter is lost.
- All the following registration procedures must be performed in order continuously.

1. When using hand-held tester: REGISTER RECOGNITION CODE

Flow Chart of Recognition Code Registration

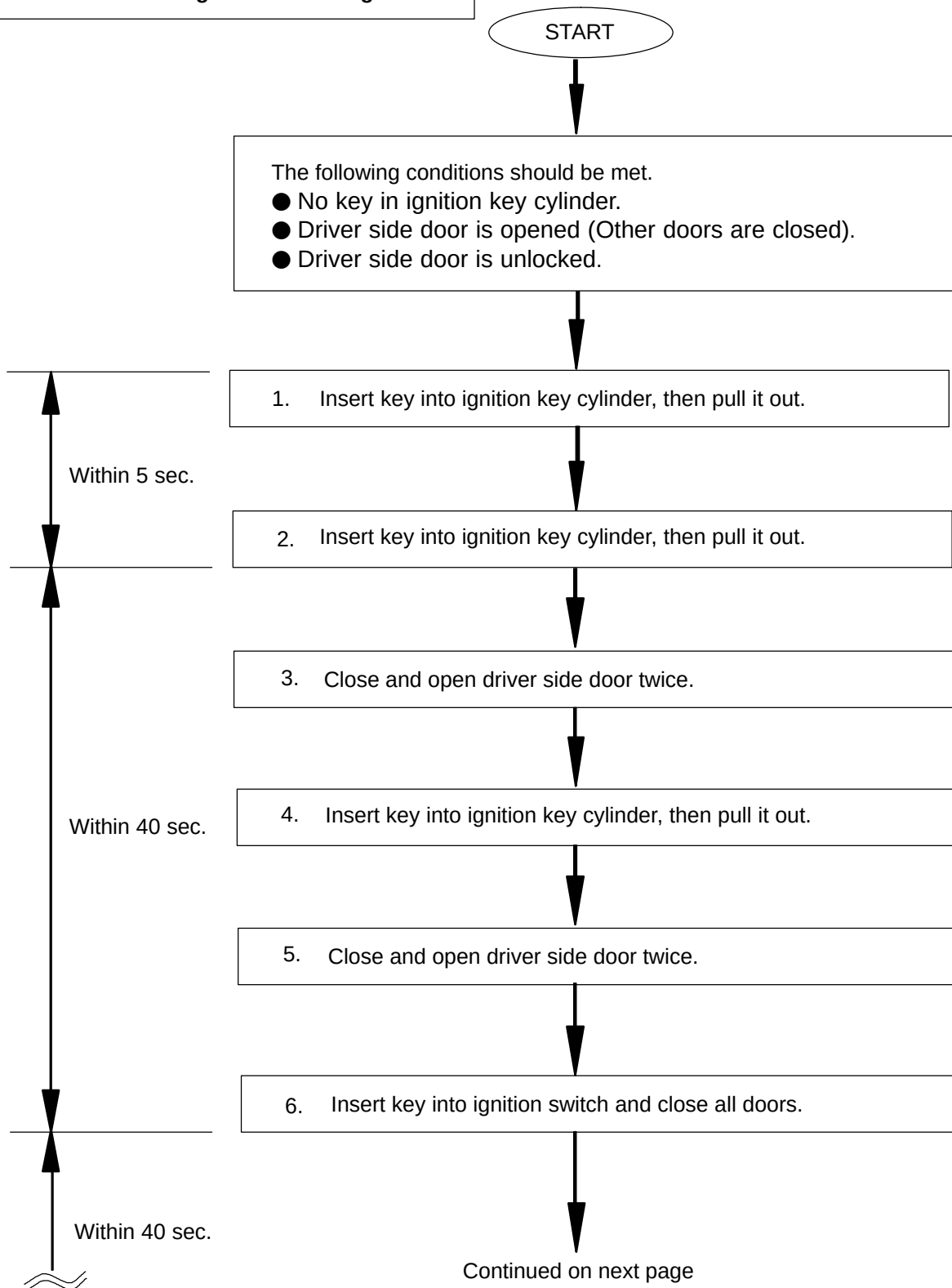


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2. When not using hand-held tester: REGISTER RECOGNITION CODE

Flow Chart of Recognition Code Registration



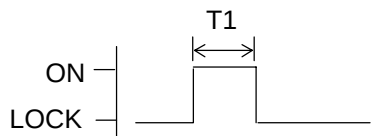
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Mode Selection:

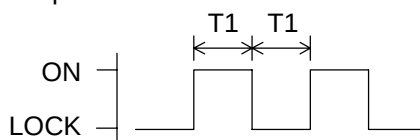
7. Turn ignition switch from LOCK to ON and back to LOCK at approximately 1 second intervals according to the number of times shown below.

Number of ON-LOCK operations of ignition switch:**Add Mode**

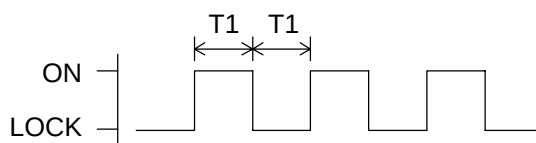
ON-LOCK operation: 1 time

T1: Approx. 1 sec.**Rewrite Mode**

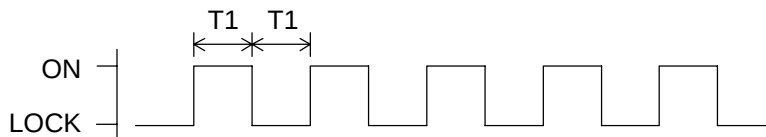
ON-LOCK operation: 2 times

**Confirmation Mode**

ON-LOCK operation: 3 times

**Prohibition Mode**

ON-LOCK operation: 5 times



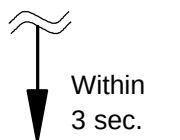
If the number of the ON-LOCK operations of the ignition switch is 0, 4 or 6 or more, there will be no response (power door lock and unlock operation) to show which mode has been selected.

Within 40 sec.

8. Remove key from ignition key cylinder.

Within 3 sec.

Continued on next page



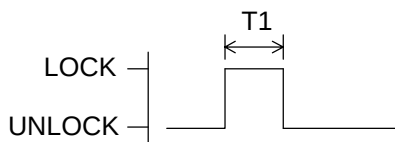
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**Response to selected mode (Power door lock operation):**

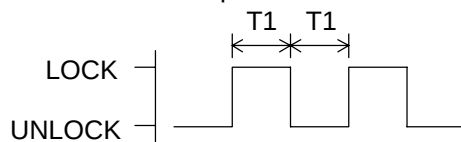
Body ECU automatically performs power door LOCK-UNLOCK operations to inform which mode has been selected.

Add Mode

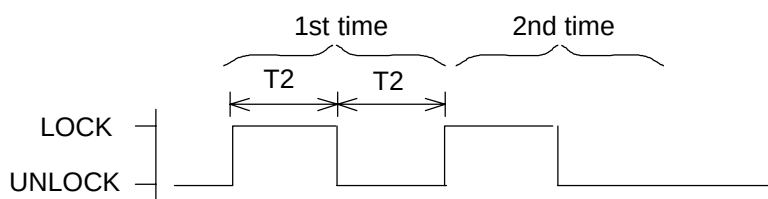
LOCK-UNLOCK operation: 1 time

**T1: Approx. 1 sec.****T2: Approx. 2 sec.****Rewrite Mode**

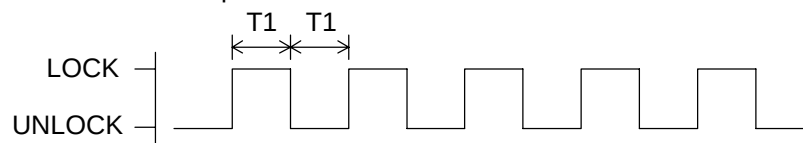
LOCK-UNLOCK operation: 2 times

**Confirmation Mode**

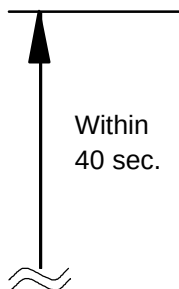
LOCK-UNLOCK operation: The number of registered codes (1 - 5 times)

**Prohibition Mode**

LOCK-UNLOCK operation: 5 times

**HINT:**

- In the confirmation mode, when LOCK-UNLOCK operation is performed twice, the number of registered recognition codes is 2.
- In the confirmation mode, when 0 codes are registered, LOCK-UNLOCK operation is automatically performed 5 times.

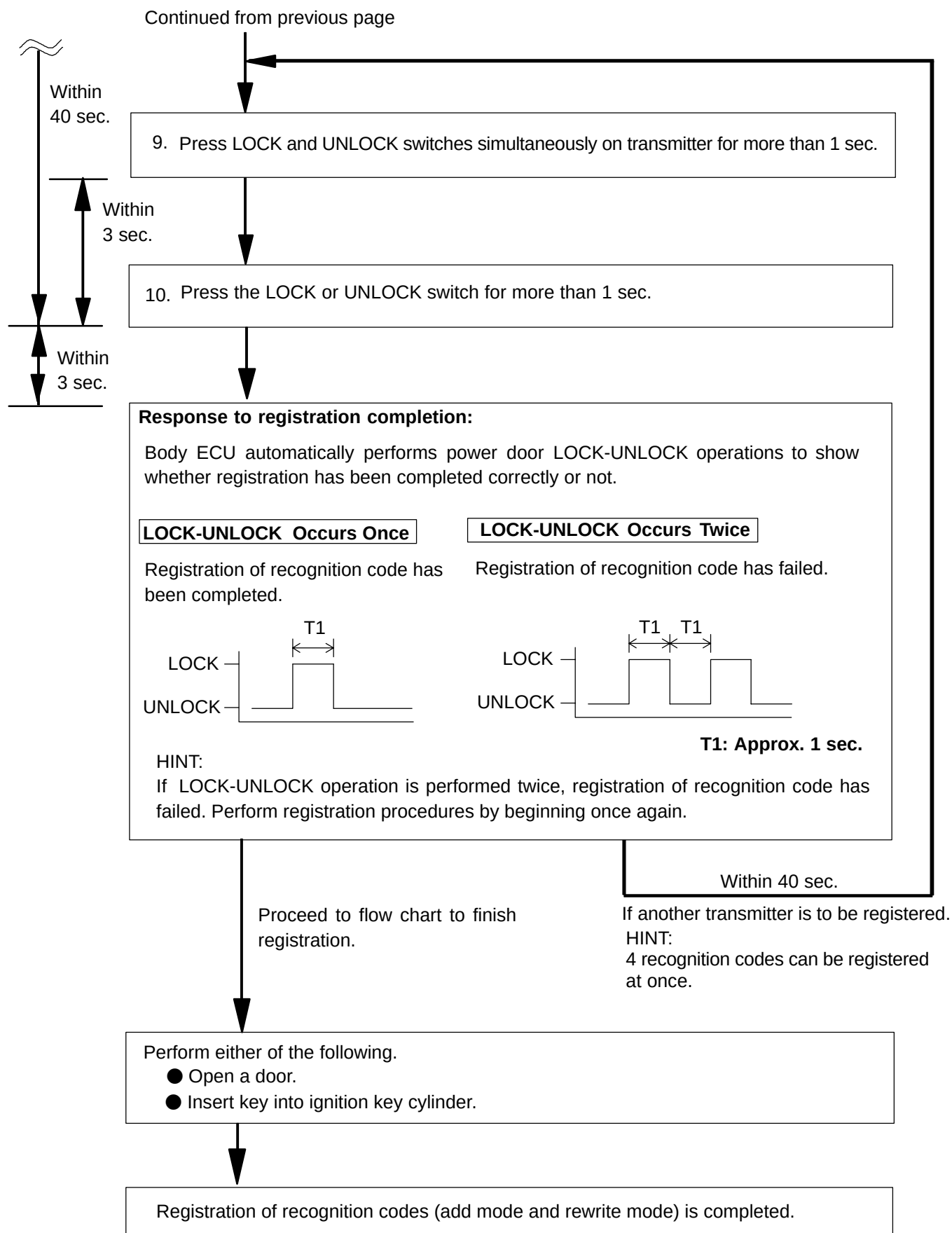


Add Mode or
Rewrite Mode

Confirmation Mode and
Prohibition Mode

Continued on next page

Registration procedures are completed.



ENGINE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM

REGISTRATION

730EO-09

1. DESCRIPTION OF CODE REGISTRATION

(a) When adding master keys and sub-keys (Additional registration).

(1) Register the key code (immobiliser code) in the transponder key ECU.

Target ECU	See Step
Transponder key ECU	3.

(b) When replacing the transponder key ECU (New registration).

(1) Register the key code (immobiliser code) in the transponder key ECU.

Target ECU	See Step
Transponder key ECU	2.

(2) Register the ECU COMMUNICATION ID between the ECM and the transponder key ECU.

Target ECU	See Step
ECM	5.

(c) When replacing the ECM.

(1) Register the ECU COMMUNICATION ID between the ECM and the transponder key ECU.

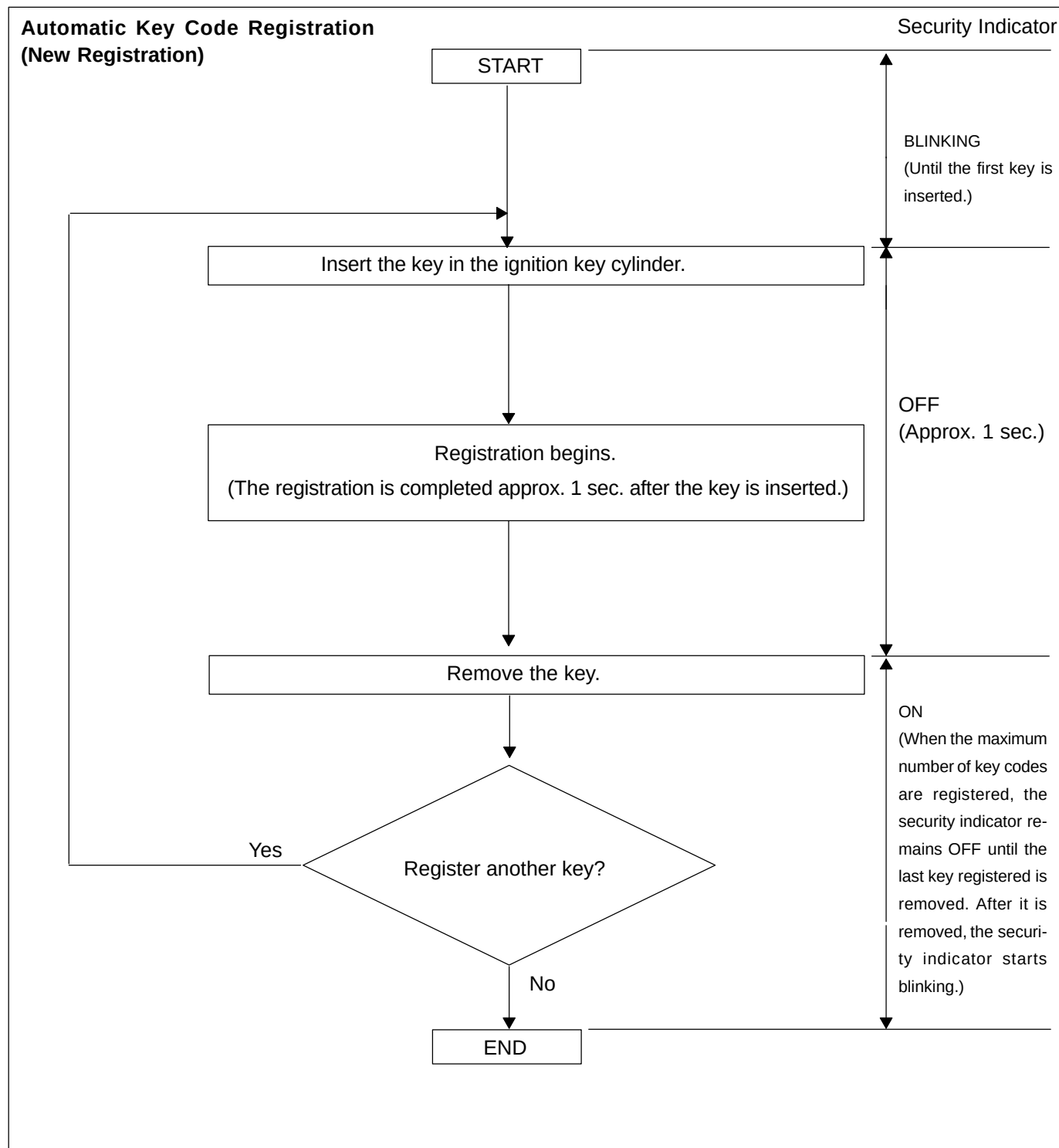
Target ECU	See Step
Transponder key ECU	5.

2. KEY REGISTRATION IN AUTOMATIC REGISTRATION (NEW REGISTRATION)

(a) The new registration of the key codes (immobiliser codes) is made automatically.

HINT:

- When you install a new transponder key ECU, the key codes (immobiliser codes) must be registered.
- A new transponder key ECU starts in the automatic key code registration mode. In this mode, a maximum of 4 key codes for 3 master keys and 1 sub-key can be registered. Since the transponder key ECU can distinguish types of keys, the registration order is not specified.

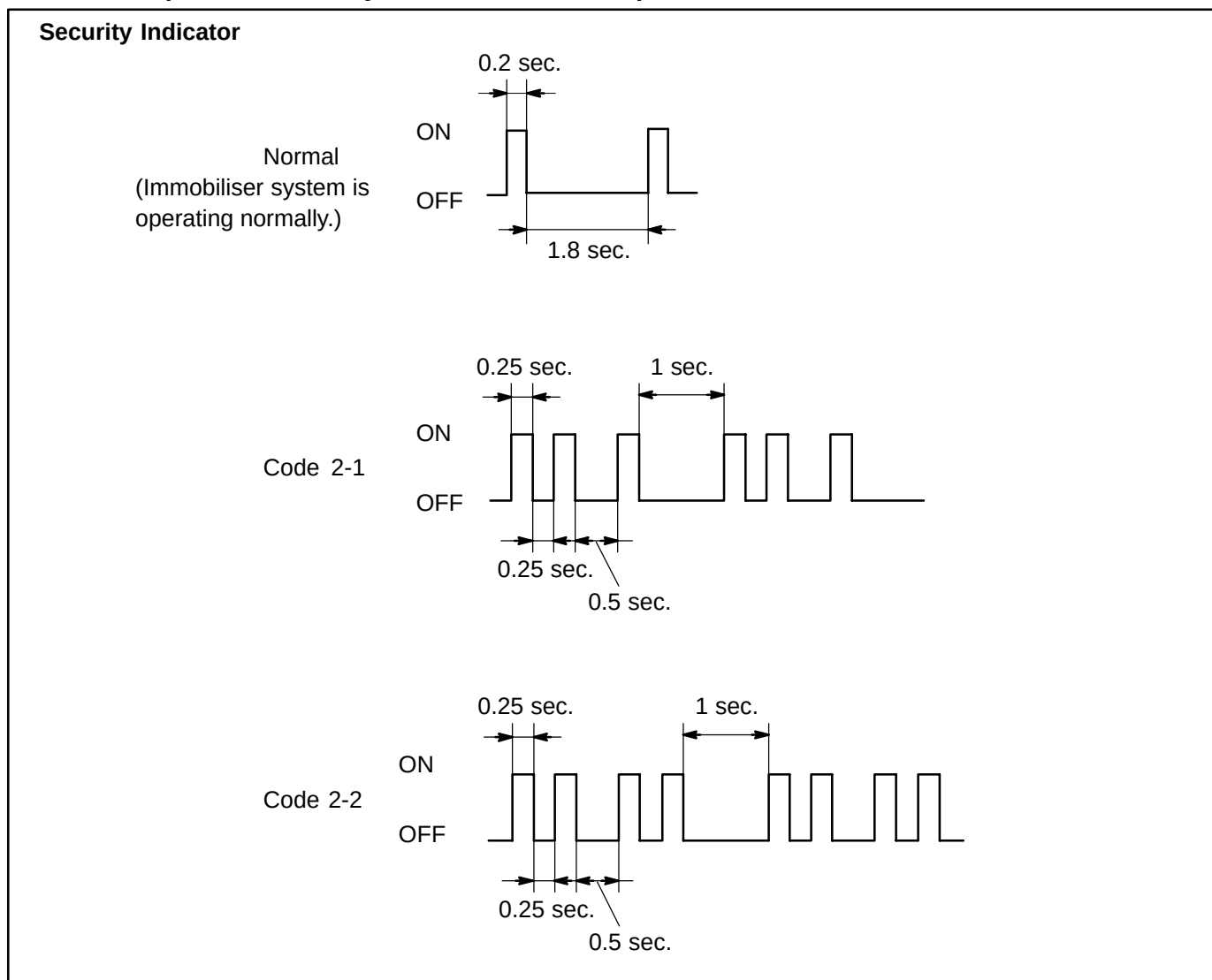


HINT:

- When no key is inserted in the ignition key cylinder in the automatic key code registration mode, the security indicator remains on.
- When the immobiliser system is operating normally and the key is pulled out, the security indicator blinks.

NOTICE:

If the key code registration has failed in the automatic key code registration mode, code 2-1 will be output from the security indicator. Trying to re-register an already registered key will cause code 2-2 to be output when the key is inserted. The output details are shown below.



(b) Finish the automatic key code registration mode.

The automatic key code registration mode can be forced to end when at least 1 key code (immobiliser code) for the master key has been registered.

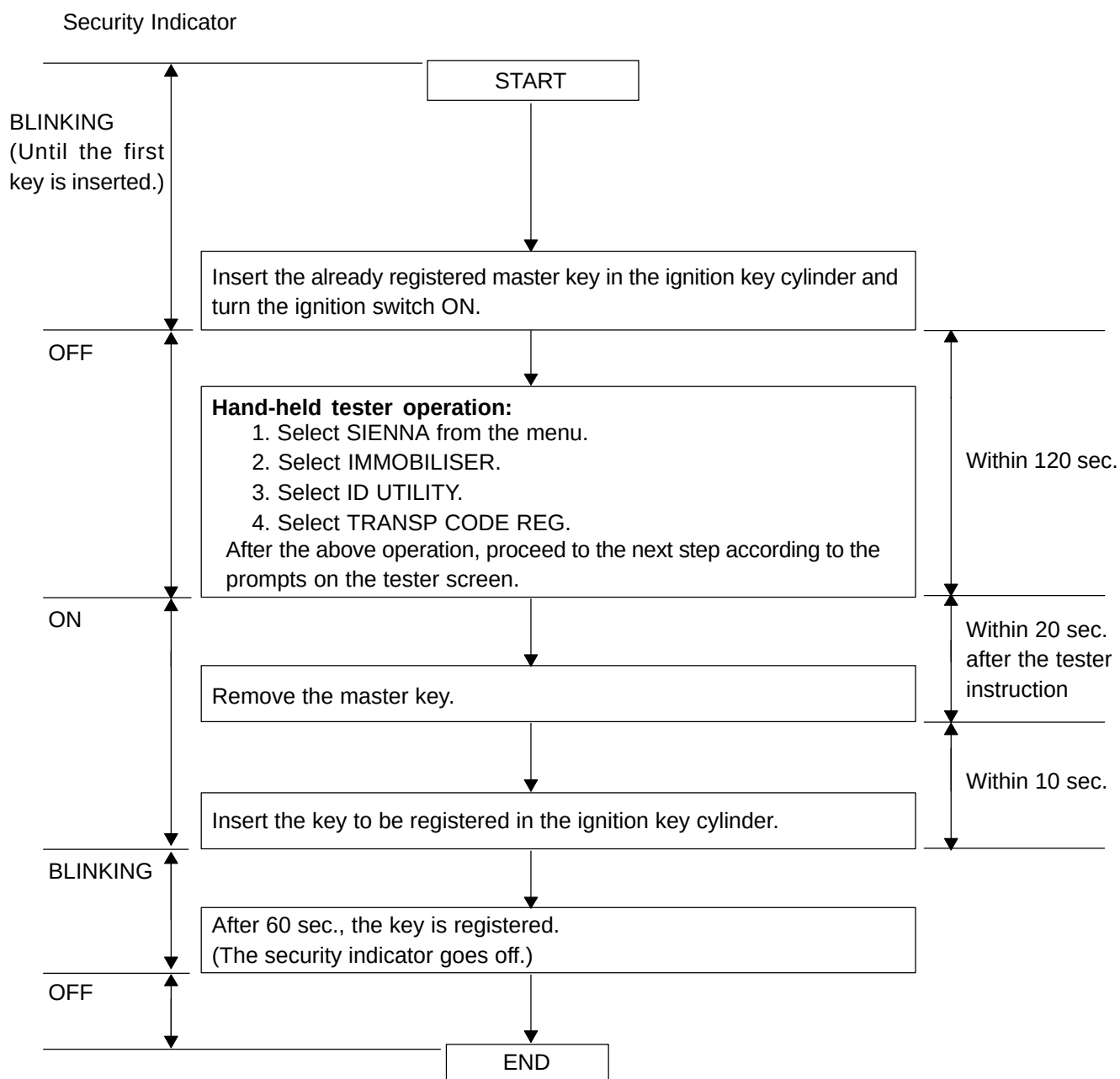
- (1) Turn the ignition switch ON/OFF alternately 5 times within 10 seconds using the already registered master key.

3. REGISTRATION OF ADDITIONAL KEY (ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION)

(a) Register an additional key by using the hand-held tester.

HINT:

- A maximum of 5 master key codes and 3 sub-key codes can be registered.
- Registration mode will end if each step is not completed within the specified time.
- When the ignition cylinder or the key cylinder set is replaced, remove the transmitter module from the original master key. Then install this transmitter module to a new key and use it as master key. If necessary, use this master key to register other keys.

Additional Registration**HINT:**

- A brief outline of procedures for key code registration is shown on this page. For detailed information, please refer to the prompts on the screen of the hand-held tester.
- When the immobiliser system is operating normally and the key is pulled out, the security indicator blinks.

NOTICE:

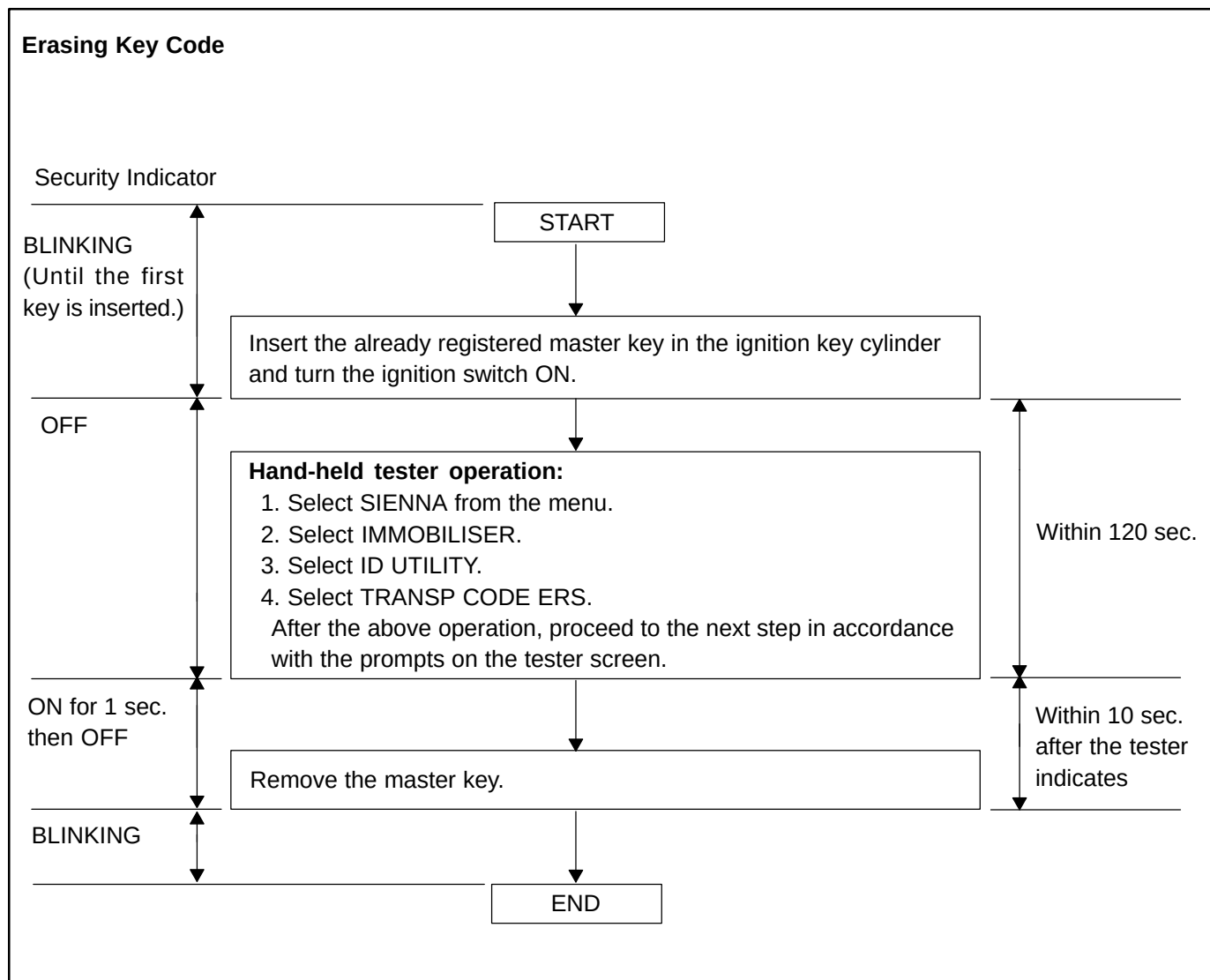
If the key code registration has failed in the automatic key code registration mode, code 2-1 will be output from the security indicator. Trying to re-register an already registered key will cause code 2-2 to be output when the key is inserted. The output details are shown in step 2 (New Registration).

4. ERASURE OF KEY CODE

(a) Erase key codes by using the hand-held tester.

HINT:

- All key codes are erased except for the master key which is used for erasing the key codes. In order to use a key for which the code has been erased, it is necessary to register the key code again.
- Registration operation will be cancelled if each step is not completed within the specified time.



HINT:

- A brief outline of procedures for key code registration is shown on this page. For detailed information, please refer to the prompts on the screen of the hand-held tester.
- When the immobiliser system is operating normally and the key is pulled out, the security indicator blinks.

5. ECU COMMUNICATION ID REGISTRATION

NOTICE:

- **The ECU communication ID should be registered when the transponder key ECU and/or the ECM is replaced in order to match the ECM COMMUNICATION ID.**
 - **The engine cannot be started unless the ECM COMMUNICATION ID matches.**
- (a) Register the ECU communication ID.
- (1) After the transponder key ECU and/or the ECM is replaced, turn the ignition switch ON (the engine is not running).
 - (2) Short the TC and CG terminals of the DLC3 and leave it as is for 30 minutes.
 - (3) Check that the engine starts.