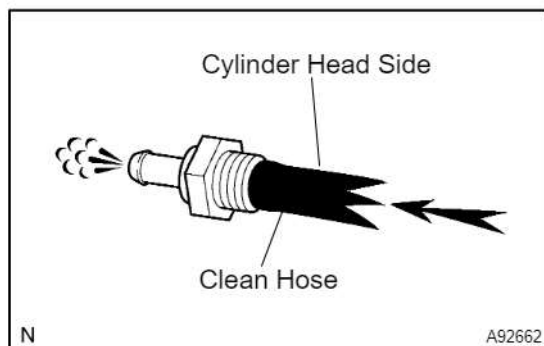


INSPECTION

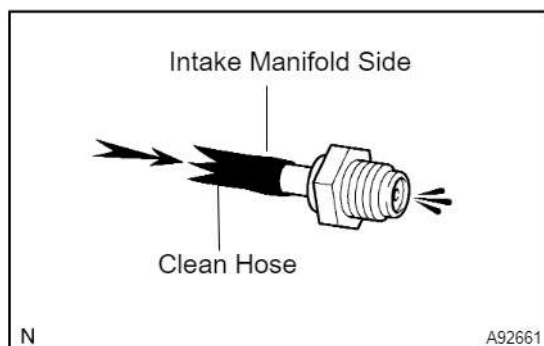


1. INSPECT VENTILATION VALVE SUB-ASSY

- (a) Install a clean hose to the ventilation valve.
- (b) Check ventilation valve operation.
 - (1) Blow air into the cylinder head side, and check that air passes through easily.

CAUTION:

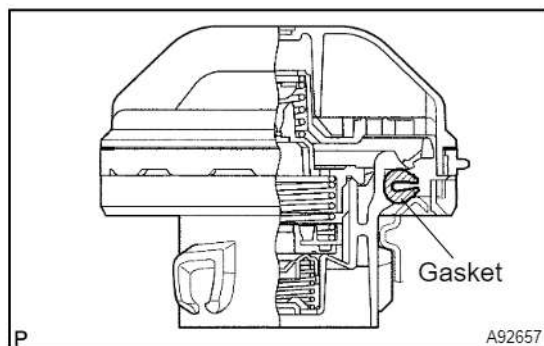
Do not suck air through the valve. Petroleum substances inside the valve are harmful.



- (2) Blow air into the intake manifold side, and check that air passes through with difficulty.

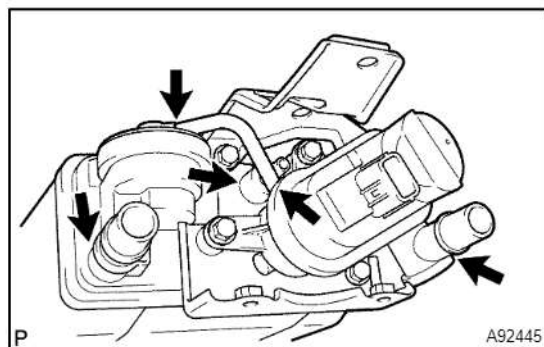
If operation is not as specified, replace the ventilation valve.

- (c) Remove the hose from the ventilation valve.



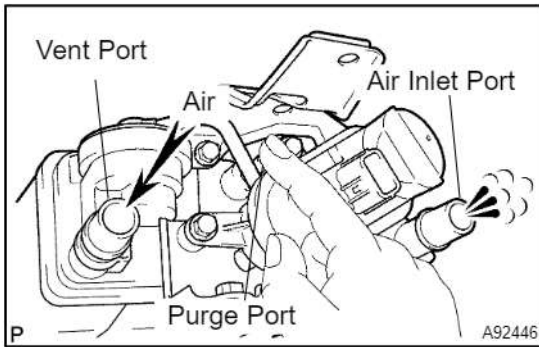
2. INSPECT FUEL TANK CAP ASSY

- (a) Visually check if the cap and gasket are deformed or damaged.
- If necessary, repair or replace the cap and/or gasket.



3. INSPECT CHARCOAL CANISTER ASSY

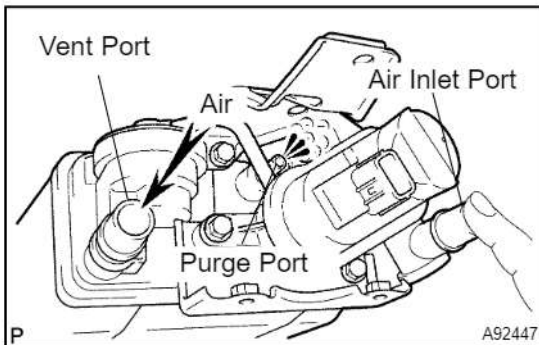
- (a) Visually check the charcoal canister for cracks or damage.
- If cracks or damage is found, replace the charcoal canister assy.



(b) Check charcoal canister operation.

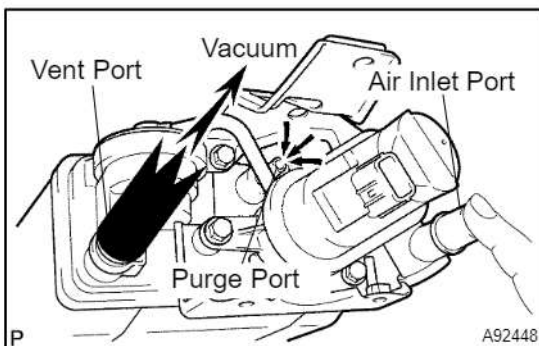
- (1) While holding the purge port closed, blow air (0.39 kPa, 4.0 gf/cm², 0.06 psi) into the vent port, and check that air flows from the air inlet port.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



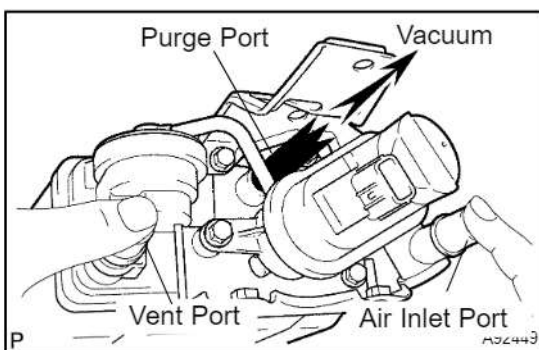
- (2) While holding the air inlet port closed, blow air (0.39 kPa, 4.0 gf/cm², 0.06 psi) into the vent port, and check that air flows from the purge port.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



- (3) While holding the air inlet port closed, apply vacuum (3.43 kPa, 25.7 gf/cm², 1.01 psi) to the vent port, and check that air is sucked in from the purge port.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



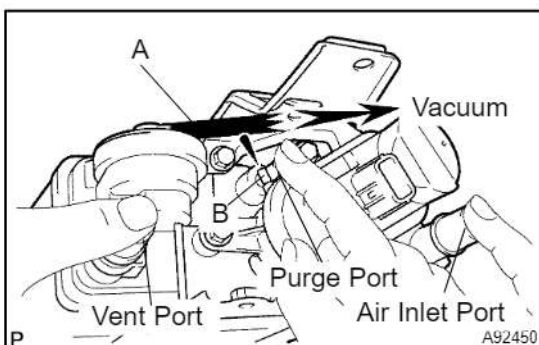
(c) Check the air tightness.

- (1) While holding the vent and air inlet ports closed, apply vacuum (3.43 kPa, 25.7 gf/cm², 1.01 psi) to the purge port, and check that the vacuum is maintained for 1 minute.

HINT:

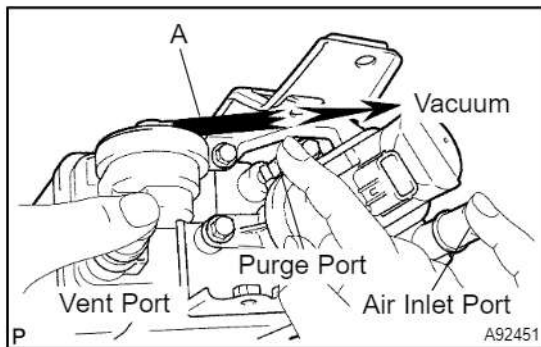
In order to maintain air tightness, the check should be performed while holding the CCV terminal port closed.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



(d) Check the diaphragm.

- (1) Remove the air hose between ports A and B.
- (2) While holding the vent, purge and air inlet ports closed, apply vacuum (1.42 kPa, 11 mmHg, 0.42 in.Hg) into port A, and check that air is sucked in from port B.

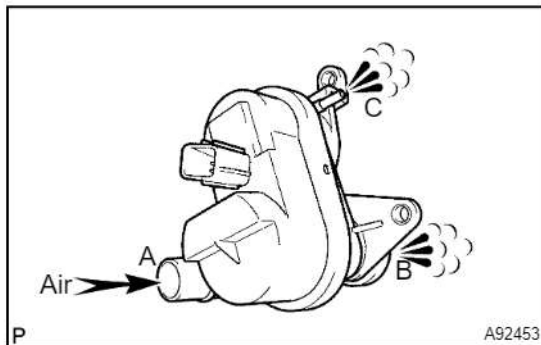


- (3) While holding the vent, purge and air inlet ports closed, apply vacuum (1.42 kPa, 11 mmHg, 0.42 in.Hg) into port A, and measure how long it takes for vacuum to drop.

Vacuum drop time: 10 seconds or more

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.

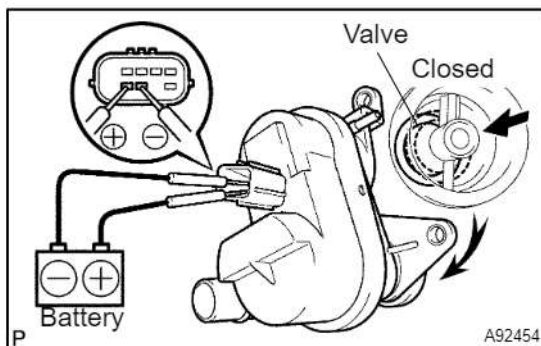
- (4) Reinstall the air hose between ports A and B.



- (e) Check pump module operation.

- (1) Check that air flows from port A to ports B and C.

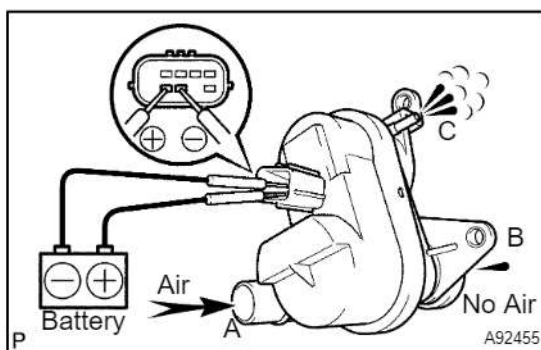
If the result is not as specified, replace the pump module.



- (2) Apply battery positive voltage across the terminals.

- (3) Check that the valve is closed.

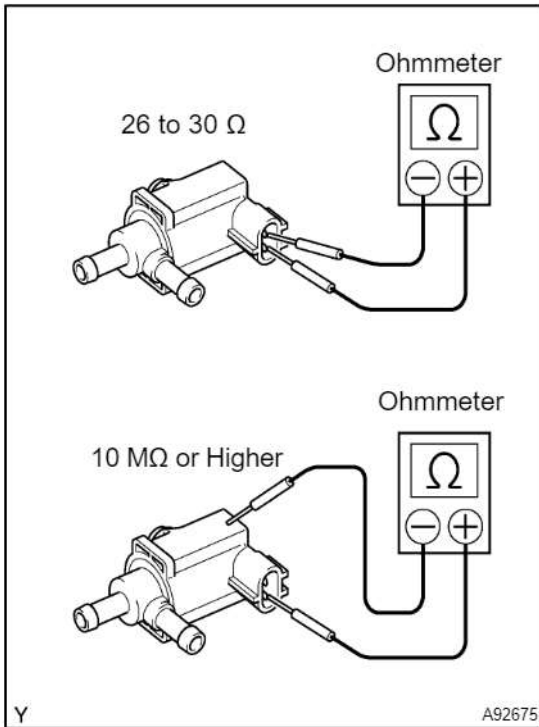
If the result is not as specified, replace the pump module.



- (4) Check that air does not flow from port A to port B.

- (5) Check that air flows from port A to port C.

If the result is not as specified, replace the pump module.



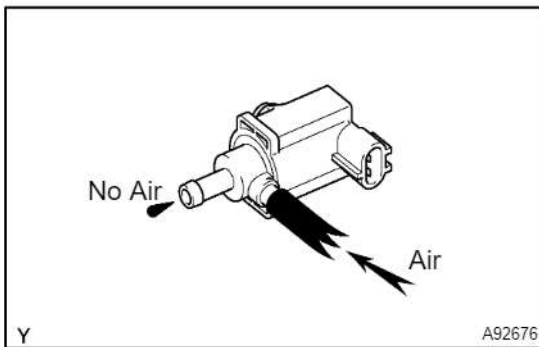
4. INSPECT VACUUM SWITCHING VALVE ASSY FOR EVAP

- (a) Measure the VSV resistance between the terminals.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
1 - 2	26 to 30 Ω at 20°C (68°F)
1 - Body ground 2 - Body ground	10 M Ω or higher

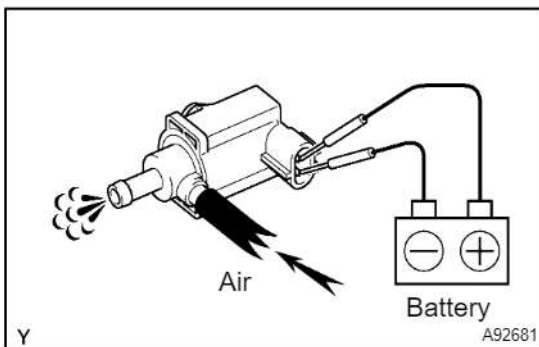
If the resistance is not as specified, replace the VSV assy.



- (b) Check VSV operation.

- (1) Check that air does not flow from the port as shown in the illustration.

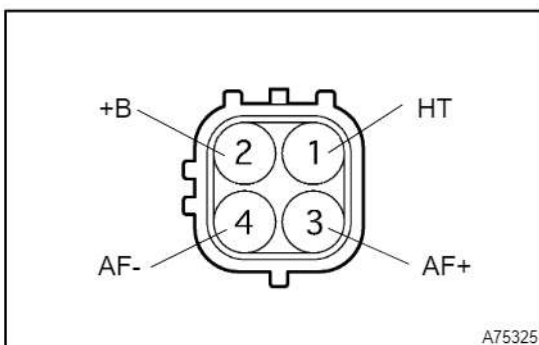
If the result is not as specified, replace the VSV assy.



- (2) Apply battery positive voltage across the terminals.

- (3) Check that air flows from the ports.

If the result is not as specified, replace the VSV assy.



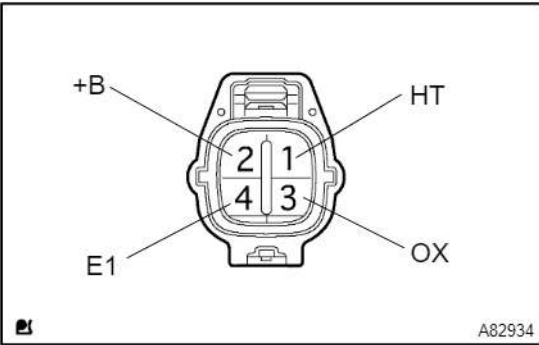
5. INSPECT A/F SENSOR (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

- (a) Measure the resistance between terminals 1 (HT) and 2 (+B).

Standard:

Condition	Specified Condition
20°C (68°F)	0.8 to 1.4 Ω
800°C (1,472°F)	1.8 to 3.2 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the sensor.



6. INSPECT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

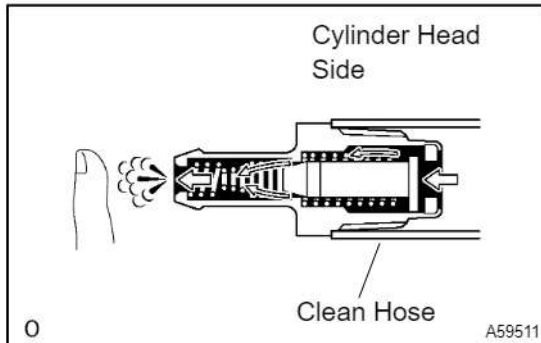
- (a) Measure the resistance between terminals 1 (HT) and 2 (+B).

Standard:

Condition	Specified Condition
20°C (68°F)	11 to 16 Ω
800°C (1,472°F)	23 to 32 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the sensor.

INSPECTION

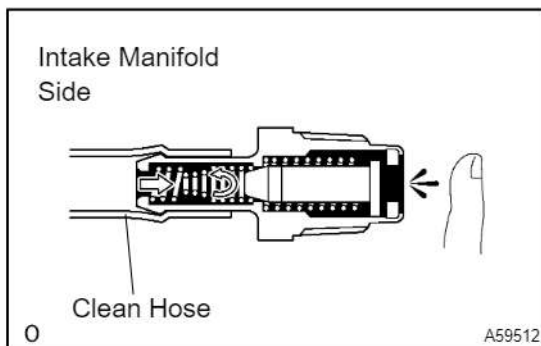


1. INSPECT VENTILATION VALVE SUB-ASSY

- (a) Install a clean hose to the ventilation valve.
- (b) Check ventilation valve operation.
 - (1) Blow air into the cylinder head side, and check that air passes through easily.

CAUTION:

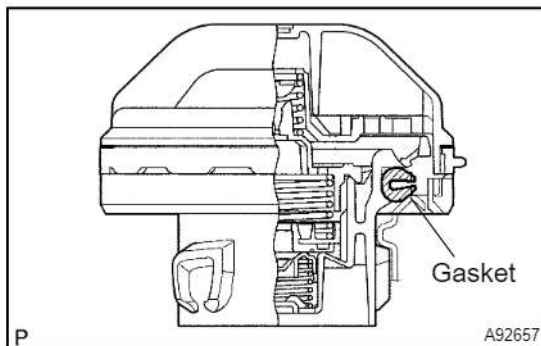
Do not suck air through the valve. Petroleum substances inside the valve are harmful.



- (2) Blow air into the intake manifold side, and check that air passes through with difficulty.

If the result is not as specified, replace the ventilation valve.

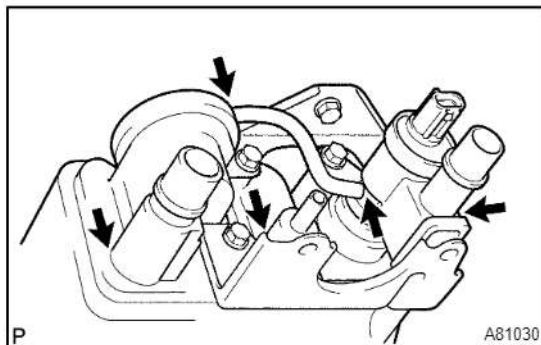
- (c) Remove the hose from the ventilation valve.



2. INSPECT FUEL TANK CAP ASSY

- (a) Visually check if the cap and/or gasket are deformed or damaged.

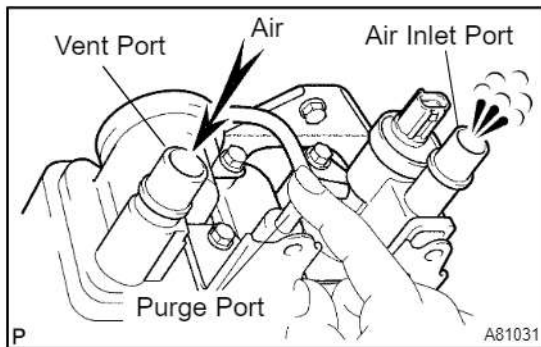
If necessary, repair or replace the cap and/or gasket.



3. INSPECT CHARCOAL CANISTER ASSY

- (a) Visually check the charcoal canister for cracks or damage.

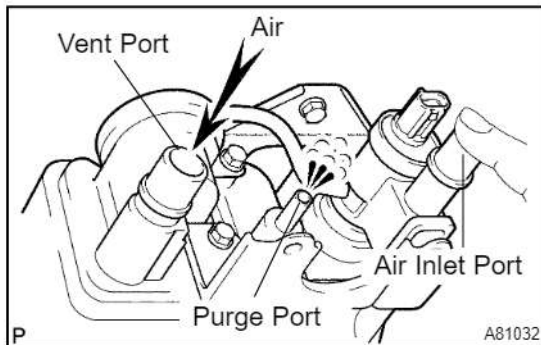
If cracks or damage is found, replace the charcoal canister assy.



(b) Check the charcoal canister operation.

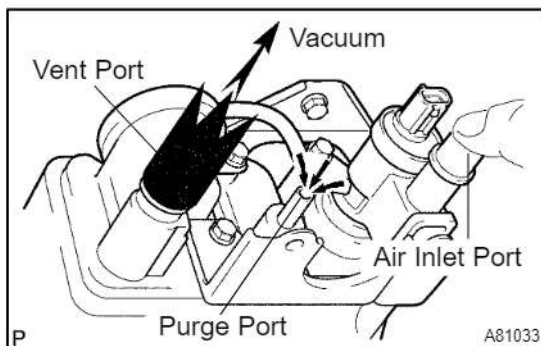
- (1) While holding the purge port closed, blow air (0.39 kPa, 4.0 gf/cm², 0.06 psi) into the vent port, and check that air flows from the air inlet port.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



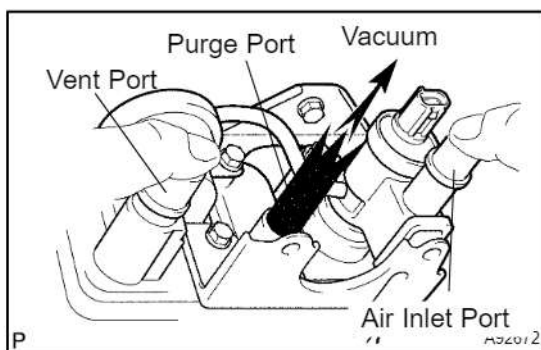
- (2) While holding the air inlet port closed, blow air (0.39 kPa, 4.0 gf/cm², 0.06 psi) into the vent port, and check that air flows from the purge port.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



- (3) While holding the air inlet port closed, apply vacuum (3.43 kPa, 25.7 gf/cm², 1.01 psi) to the vent port, and check that air is sucked in from the purge port.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



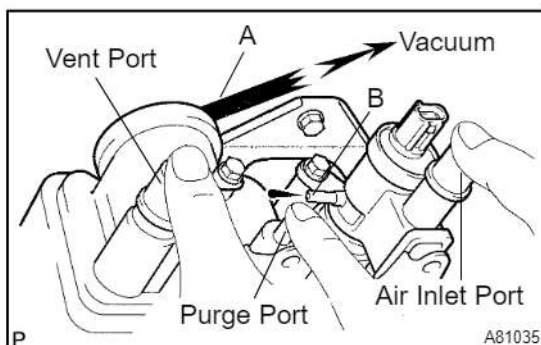
(c) Check air tightness.

- (1) While holding the vent and air inlet ports closed, apply vacuum (3.43 kPa, 25.7 gf/cm², 1.01 psi) to the purge port, and check that the vacuum is maintained for 1 minute.

HINT:

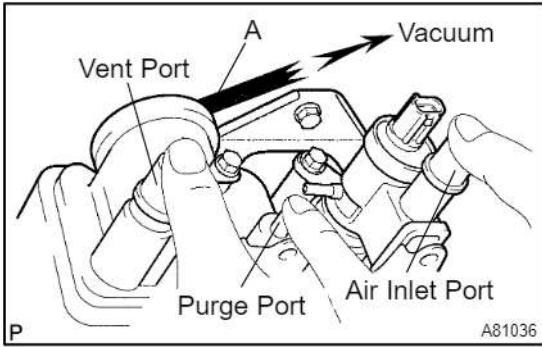
In order to maintain air tightness, the check should be performed while holding the CCV terminal port closed.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



(d) Check the diaphragm.

- (1) Remove the air hose between ports A and B.
- (2) While holding the vent, purge and air inlet ports closed, apply vacuum (1.42 kPa, 11 mmHg, 0.42 in.Hg) into port A, and check that air is sucked in from port B.

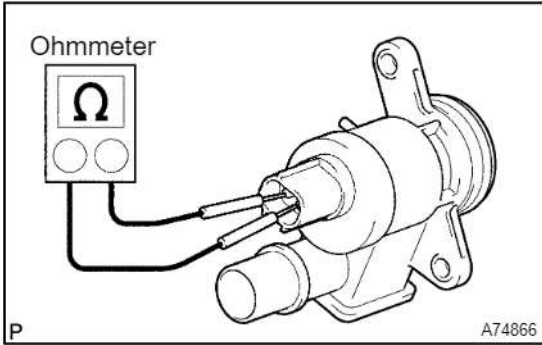


- (3) While holding the vent, purge and air inlet ports closed, apply vacuum (1.42 kPa, 11 mmHg, 0.42 in.Hg) into port A, and measure how long it takes for vacuum to drop.

Vacuum drop time: 10 seconds or more

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.

- (4) Reinstall the air hose between ports A and B.

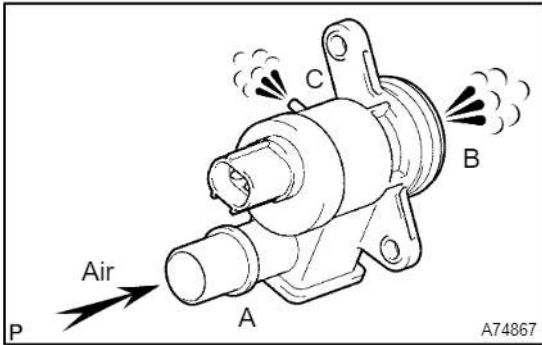


- (e) Measure the VSV resistance for CCV between the terminals.

Standard:

Condition	Specified Condition
20°C (68°F)	25 to 30 Ω
100°C (212°F)	32 to 40 Ω

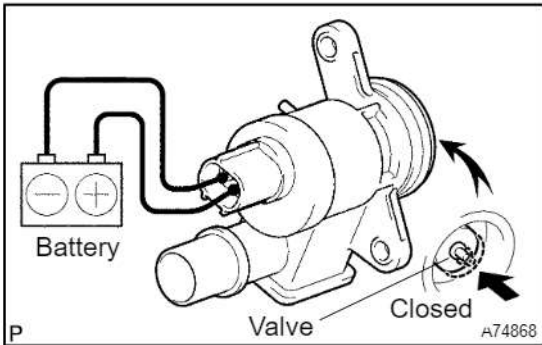
If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister.



- (f) Check VSV operation for CCV.

- (1) Check that air flows from port A to ports B and C.

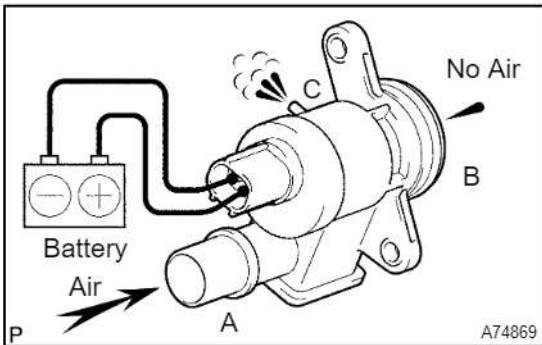
If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



- (2) Apply battery positive voltage across the terminals.

- (3) Check that the valve is closed.

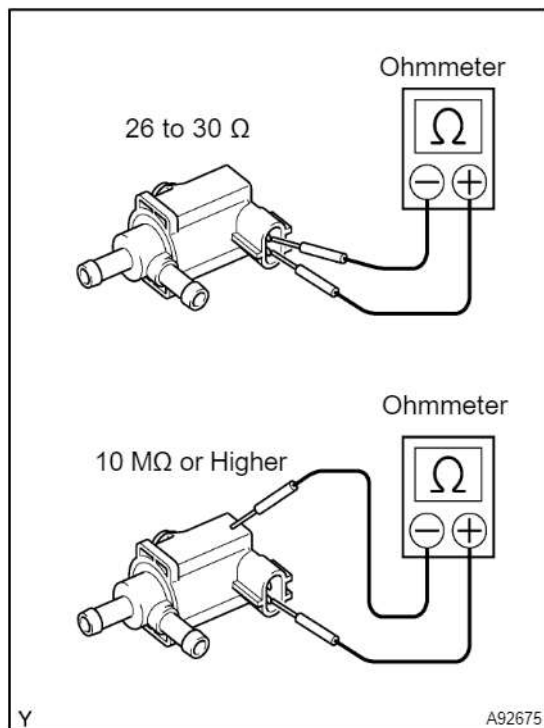
If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



- (4) Check that air does not flow from port A to port B.

- (5) Check that air flows from port A to port C.

If the result is not as specified, replace the charcoal canister assy.



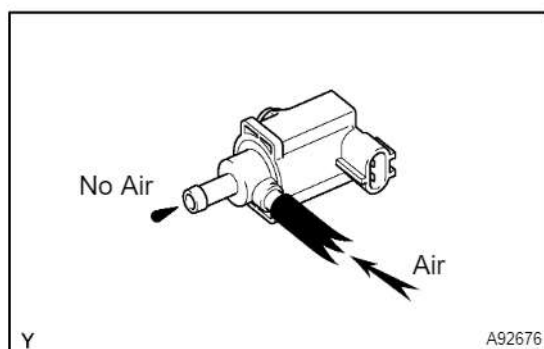
4. INSPECT VACUUM SWITCHING VALVE ASSY FOR EVAP

- (a) Measure the VSV resistance.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
1 - 2	26 to 30 Ω at 20°C (68°F)
1 - Body ground 2 - Body ground	10 M Ω or higher

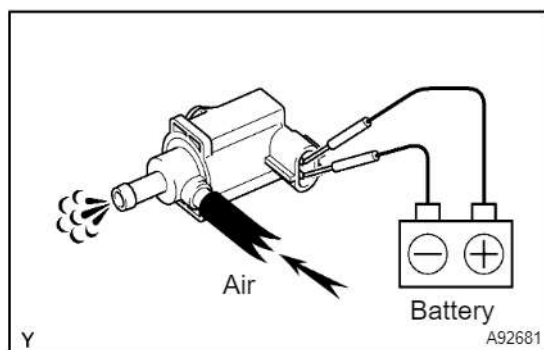
If the resistance is not as specified, replace the VSV assy.



- (b) Check VSV operation.

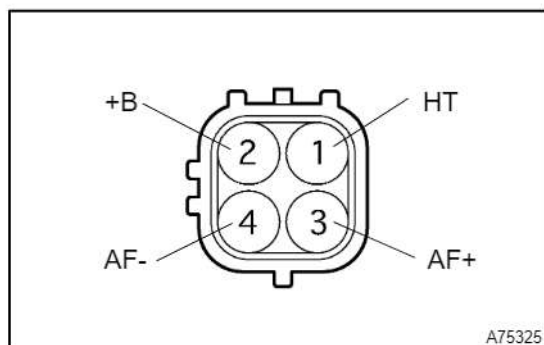
- (1) Check that air does not flow from the port as shown in the illustration.

If the result is not as specified, replace the VSV assy.



- (2) Apply battery positive voltage across the terminals.
(3) Check that air flows from the port as shown in the illustration.

If the result is not as specified, replace the VSV assy.



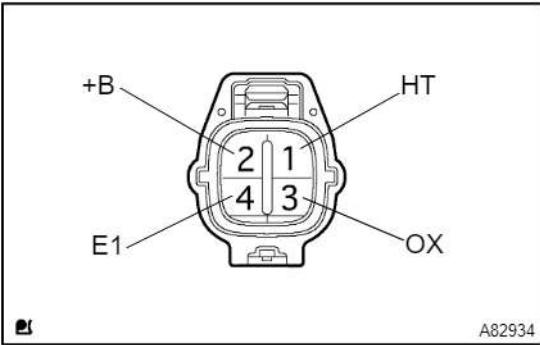
5. INSPECT A/F SENSOR (BANK 1, 2 SENSOR 1)

- (a) Measure the resistance between terminals 1 (HT) and 2 (+B) and 1 (HT) and 4 (AF-).

Standard:

Tester Connection	Condition	Specified Condition
1 (HT) - 2 (+B)	20°C (68°F)	1.8 to 3.4 Ω
1 (HT) - 4 (AF-)	-	10 k Ω or higher

If the result is not as specified, replace the sensor.



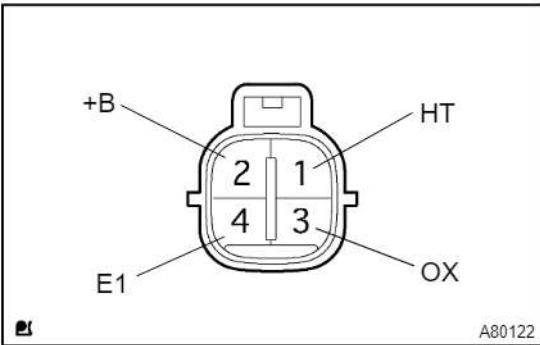
6. INSPECT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

- (a) Measure the resistance between terminals 1 (HT) and 2 (+B).

Standard:

Condition	Specified Condition
20°C (68°F)	11 to 16 Ω
800°C (1,472°F)	23 to 32 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the sensor.



7. INSPECT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

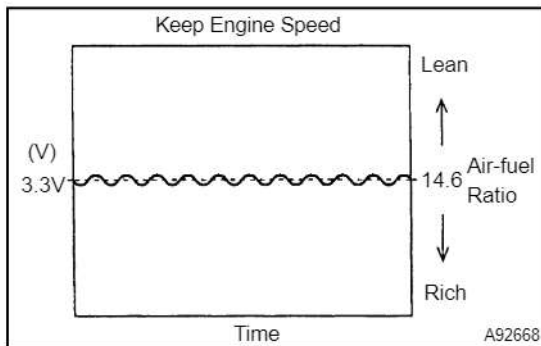
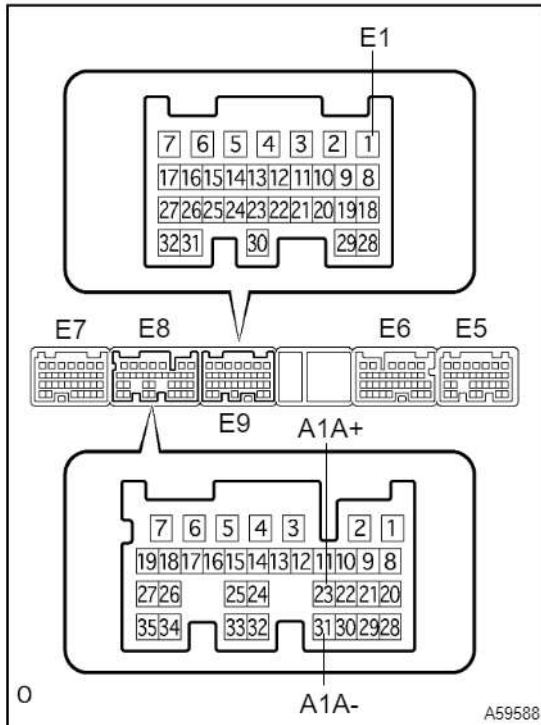
- (a) Measure the resistance between terminals 1 (HT) and 2 (+B).

Standard:

Condition	Specified Condition
20°C (68°F)	11 to 16 Ω
800°C (1,472°F)	23 to 32 Ω

If the result is not as specified, replace the sensor.

ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION



1. INSPECT AIR-FUEL RATIO COMPENSATION SYSTEM

- (a) Measure the voltage between the terminals of the ECM connectors.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Condition	Specified Condition
E8-23 (A1A+) - E9-1(E1)	Ignition switch ON	3.3 V
E8-31 (A1A-) - E9-1(E1)	Ignition switch ON	2.9 V

NOTICE:

Connect test leads to the connector's backside. The connectors should not be disconnected from the ECM.

HINT:

Voltage between the terminals of the ECM is kept constant regardless of the voltage of the A/F sensor.

- (b) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
 (c) Select "DATA MONITOR". Then select "A/FS B1 S1", and "O2S B1 S2" to display the monitors.
 (d) Warm up the A/F sensor with the engine speed at 2,500 rpm for approximately 2 minutes.

- (e) Keep the engine speed at 2,500 rpm and confirm that the display of "A/FS B1 S1" is as shown in the illustration.

HINT:

- The illustration may slightly differ from the display on the hand-held tester.
 - Only the hand-held tester displays the waveform of the A/F sensor.
- (f) Confirm that the display of "O2S B1 S2" changes between 0 to 1 V with the engine speed at 2,500 rpm.

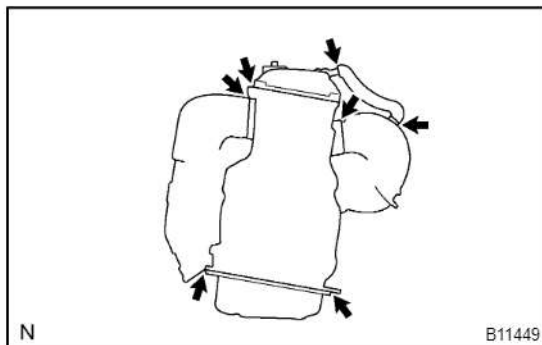
2. INSPECT FUEL CUT OFF/RESTART RPM

- (a) Increase the engine speed to at least 3,500 rpm.
 (b) Use a sound scope to check for the injector operating noise.
 (c) When the accelerator pedal is released, injector operating noise stops momentarily and then resumes.

Standard:

Item	Specified Condition
Fuel cut off rpm	2,500 rpm
Fuel injector restart rpm	1,400 rpm

If the result is not as specified, check for DTCs. If a DTC is present, follow the repair procedures according to the DTC.

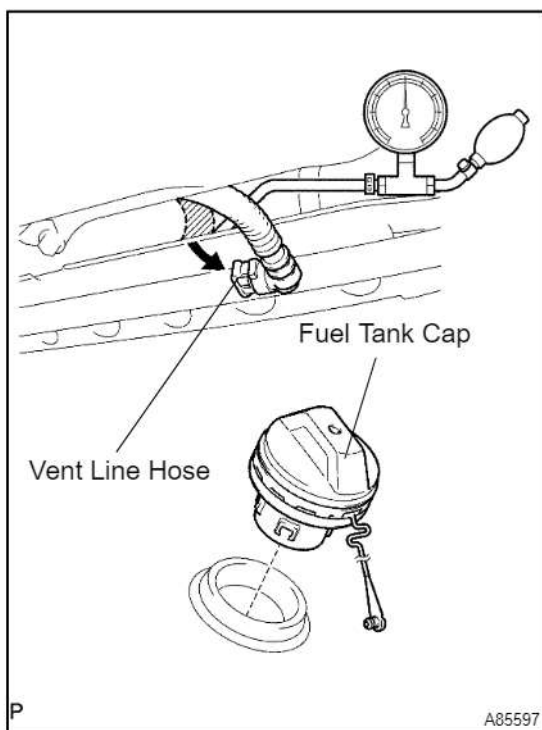


3. VISUALLY INSPECT HOSES, CONNECTIONS AND GASKETS

- (a) Check for cracks, leaks or damage.

HINT:

Removal or problems with the engine oil dipstick, oil filler cap, PCV hose and other components may cause the engine to run improperly. Disconnection, looseness or cracks in the parts of the air induction system between the throttle body and cylinder head will allow air suction and cause the engine to run improperly. Be sure to check the areas indicated by the arrow marks. If necessary, replace any damaged parts.



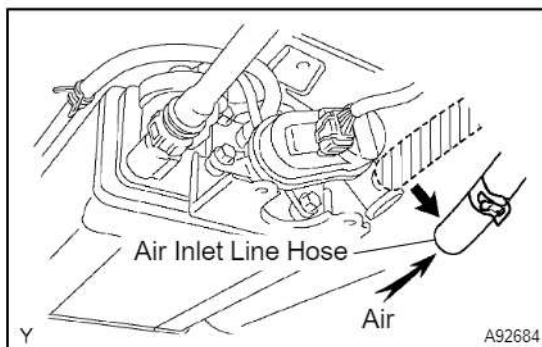
4. INSPECT FUEL CUTOFF VALVE AND FILL CHECK VALVE

- (a) Disconnect the vent line hose from the fuel tank (see page 12-11).
- (b) Connect the pressure gauge to the fuel tank.
- (c) Fill the fuel tank with fuel.
- (d) Apply pressure of 4 kPa (41 gf/cm², 0.58 psi) to the vent port of the fuel tank.

HINT:

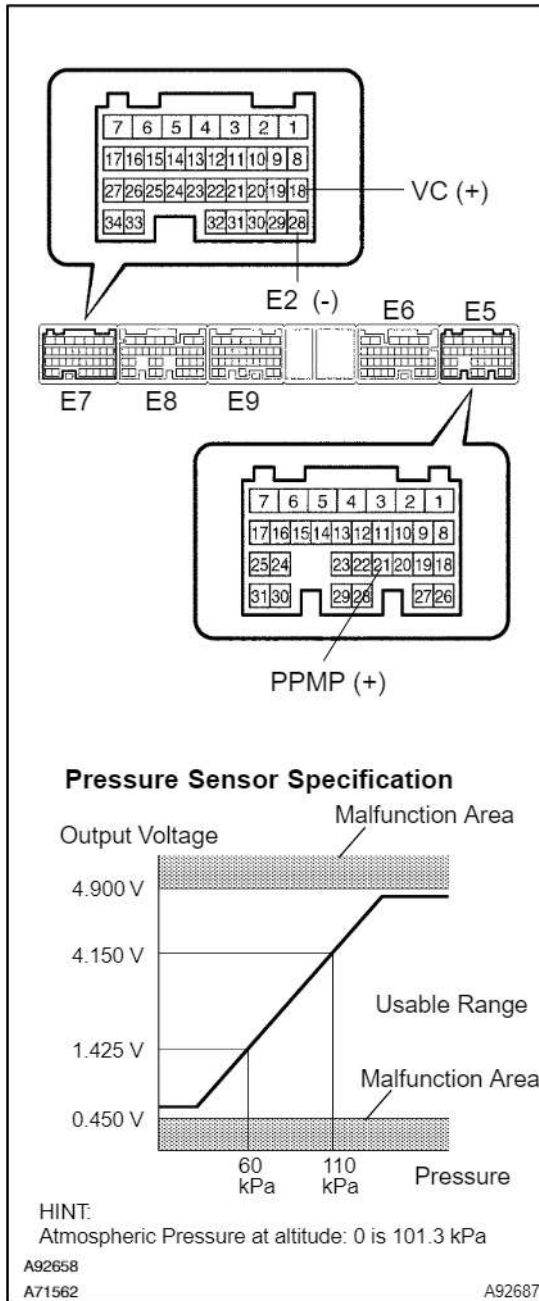
It is necessary to check the amount of fuel in the fuel tank. When the fuel tank is full, the float valve of the fill check valve is closed and no air can pass through.

- (e) Remove the fuel tank cap, and check that pressure drops. If pressure does not drop, replace the fuel tank assembly.
- (f) Reconnect the vent line hose to the fuel tank.



5. CHECK AIR INLET LINE

- (a) Disconnect the air inlet line hose from the charcoal canister.
- (b) Check that air can flow freely into the air inlet line. If air cannot flow freely into the air inlet line, repair or replace it.
- (c) Reconnect the air inlet line hose to the charcoal canister.



6. INSPECT PUMP MODULE (PRESSURE SENSOR)

- (a) Measure the power source voltage of the ECM connectors.

Standard

Tester Connection	Condition	Specified Condition
E7-18 (VC) - E7-28 (E2)	Ignition switch ON	4.5 to 5.5 V

If the voltage is not as specified, replace the ECM.

- (b) Measure the power output of the ECM connectors.

- (1) Remove the fuel tank cap.

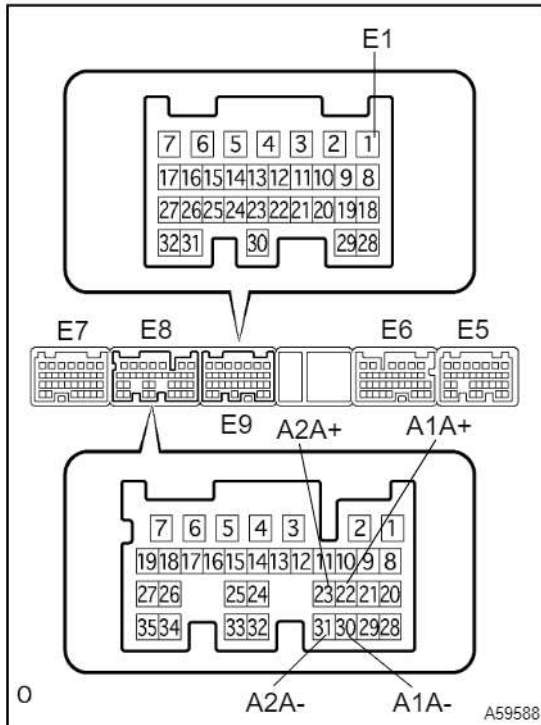
Standard

Tester Connection	Condition	Specified Condition
E5-21 (PPMP) - E7-28 (E2)	Ignition switch ON	1.425 to 4.150 V

If the voltage is not as specified, replace the ECM.

- (2) Install the fuel tank cap.

ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION



1. INSPECT AIR-FUEL RATIO COMPENSATION SYSTEM

- (a) Measure the voltage between the terminals of the ECM connectors.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Condition	Specified Condition
E8-22 (A1A+) - E9-1(E1)	Ignition switch ON	3.3 V
E8-30 (A1A-) - E9-1(E1)	Ignition switch ON	3.0 V
E8-23 (A2A+) - E9-1(E1)	Ignition switch ON	3.3 V
E8-31 (A2A-) - E9-1(E1)	Ignition switch ON	3.0 V

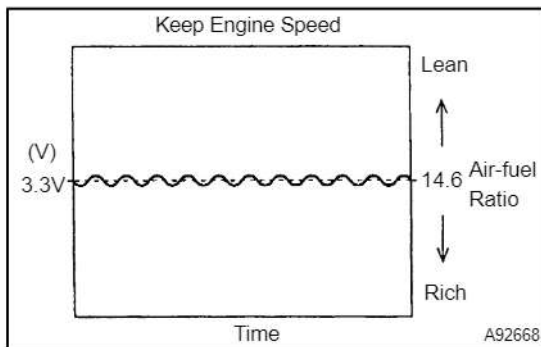
NOTICE:

Connect test leads to the connector's backside. The connectors should not be disconnected from the ECM.

HINT:

Voltage between the terminals of the ECM is kept constant regardless of the voltage of the A/F sensor.

- (b) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (c) Select "DATA MONITOR". Then select "A/FS B1 S1", "A/FS B2 S1" and "O2S B1 S2" to display the monitors.
- (d) Warm up the A/F sensor with the engine speed at 2,500 rpm for approximately 2 minutes.



- (e) Keep the engine speed at 2,500 rpm and confirm that the displays of "A/FS B1 S1" and "A/FS B2 S1" are as shown in the illustration.

HINT:

- The illustration may differ slightly from the display on the hand held tester.
 - Only the hand-held tester displays the waveform of the A/F sensor.
- (f) Confirm that the display of "O2S B1 S2" changes between 0 to 1 V with the engine speed at 2,500 rpm.

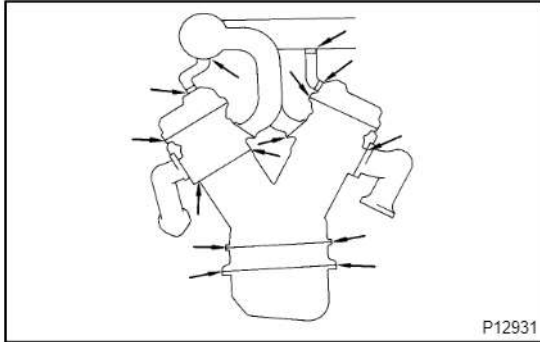
2. INSPECT FUEL CUT OFF/RESTART RPM

- (a) Increase the engine speed to at least 3,500 rpm.
- (b) Use a sound scope to check for the injector operating noise.
- (c) When the accelerator pedal is released, injector operating noise stops momentarily and then resumes.

Standard:

Item	Specified Condition
Fuel cut off rpm	2,500 rpm
Fuel injector restart rpm	1,400 rpm

If the result is not as specified, check for DTCs. If a DTC is present, follow the repair procedures according to the DTC.

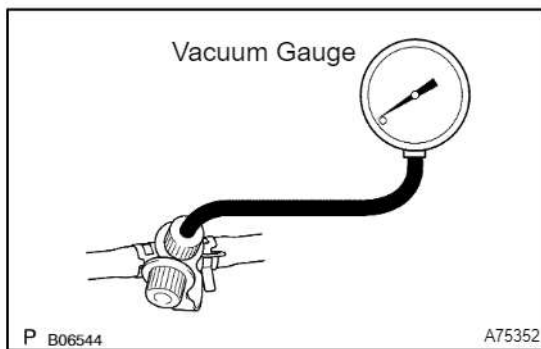


3. VISUALLY INSPECT HOSES, CONNECTIONS AND GASKETS

- (a) Check for cracks, leaks or damage.

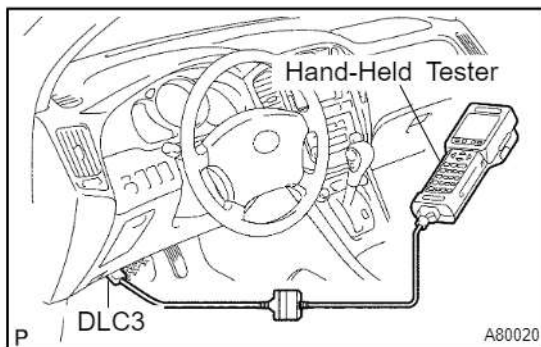
HINT:

Removal or problems with the engine oil dipstick, oil filler cap, PCV hose and other components may cause the engine to run improperly. Disconnection, looseness or cracks in the parts of the air induction system between the throttle body and cylinder head will allow air suction and cause the engine to run improperly. Be sure to check the areas indicated by the arrow marks. If necessary, replace any damage parts.

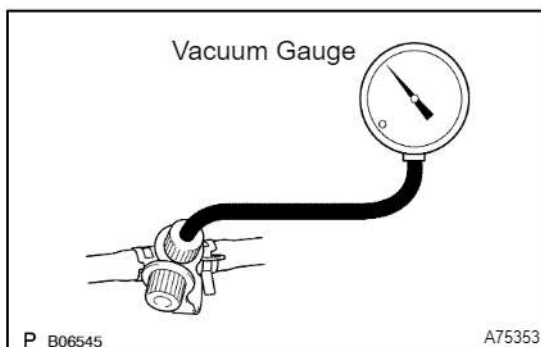


4. Using hand-held tester: INSPECT EVAP SYSTEM LINE

- (a) Warm up and stop the engine.
(1) Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
(b) Install a vacuum gauge (EVAP control system test equipment vacuum gauge) to the EVAP service port on the purge line.



- (c) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
(d) Start the engine.
(e) Turn the hand-held tester main switch ON.
(f) Use the ACTIVE TEST mode on the hand-held tester to operate the VSV for EVAP.



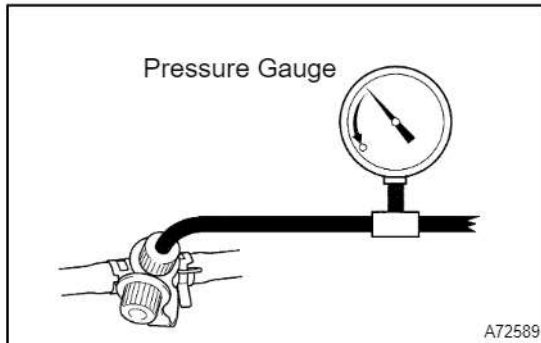
- (g) Check the vacuum while the engine is idling.
Standard:
Maintain at 0.368 to 19.713 in.Hg (5 to 268 in.Aq) for over 5 seconds.

HINT:

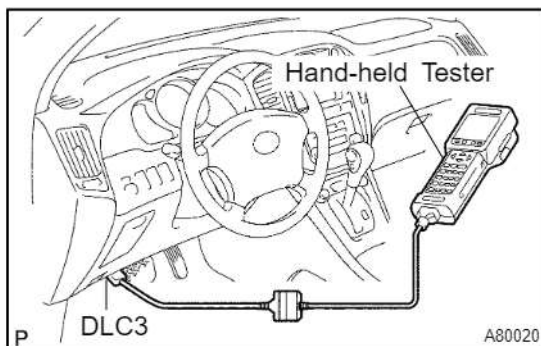
If the vacuum does not change, the hose connecting the VSV to the service port has come loose or is blocked, or the VSV is malfunctioning.

- (h) Stop the engine.
(i) Disconnect the hand-held tester from the DLC3.

- (j) Disconnect the vacuum gauge from the EVAP service port on the purge line.



- (k) Connect a pressure gauge to the EVAP service port on the purge line.



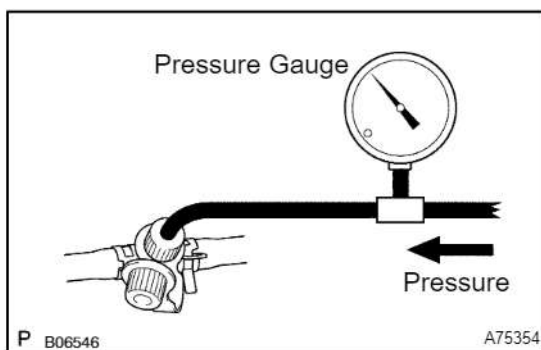
- (l) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
 (m) Turn the ignition switch ON.
 (n) Turn the hand-held tester main switch ON.
 (o) Use the ACTIVE TEST mode on the hand-held tester to operate the VSV for CCV.

NOTICE:

In step (m), the ignition switch should be ON, but the engine should not be running.

HINT:

If the check is not completed within 10 minutes, the VSV for CCV will be reset and close automatically.



- (p) Check the pressure.
 (1) Add 13.5 to 15.5 in.Aq of pressure from the EVAP service port.

Standard:

2 minutes after the pressure is added, the gauge should still read over 7.7 to 8.8 in.Aq.

HINT:

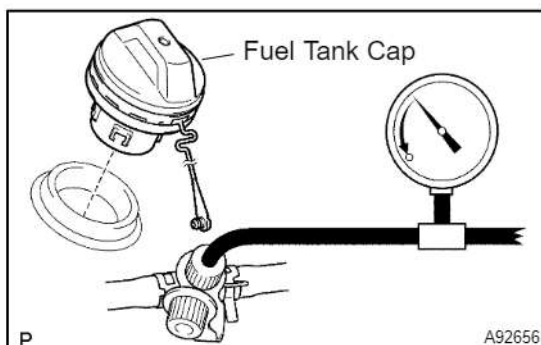
If you cannot add pressure, the hose connecting the VSV for EVAP canister fuel tank has become disconnected or the VSV is open.

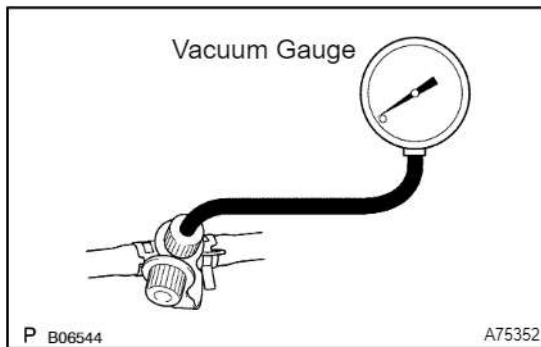
- (2) Check if the pressure decreases when the fuel tank cap is removed while adding pressure.

HINT:

If the pressure does not decrease when the fuel tank cap is removed, the hose connecting the service port to the fuel tank is blocked.

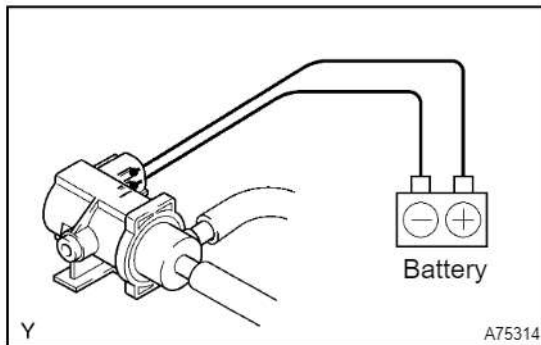
- (q) Turn the ignition switch OFF.
 (r) Disconnect the hand-held tester from the DLC3.



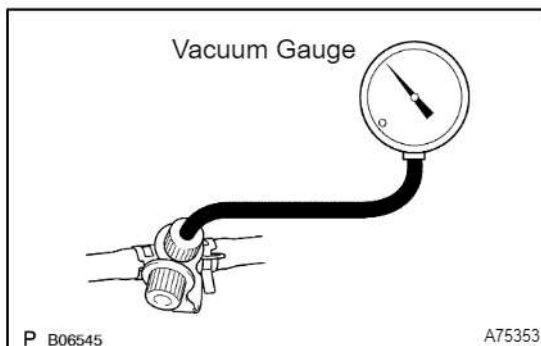


**5. Not using hand-held tester:
INSPECT EVAP SYSTEM LINE**

- (a) Warm up and stop the engine.
 - (1) Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
- (b) Install a vacuum gauge (EVAP control system test equipment vacuum gauge) to the EVAP service port on the purge line.



- (c) Disconnect the VSV connector for EVAP.
- (d) Connect the battery's positive (+) and negative (-) leads to the VSV terminals for EVAP.
- (e) Start the engine.

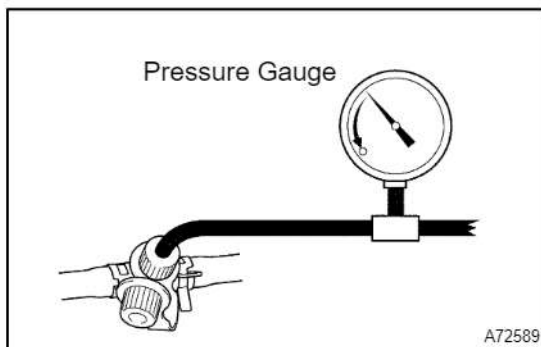


- (f) Check the vacuum while the engine is idling.
Standard:
Maintain at 0.368 to 19.713 in.Hg (5 to 268 in.Aq) for over 5 seconds.

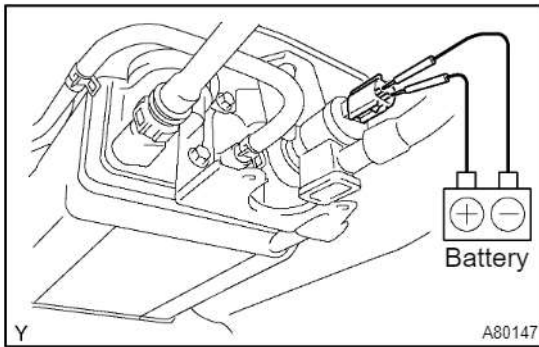
HINT:

If the vacuum does not change, the hose connecting the VSV to the service port has come loose or is blocked, or the VSV is malfunctioning.

- (g) Stop the engine.
- (h) Disconnect the battery's positive (+) and negative (-) leads from the VSV terminals for EVAP.
- (i) Reconnect the VSV connector for EVAP.
- (j) Disconnect the vacuum gauge from the EVAP service port on the purge line.



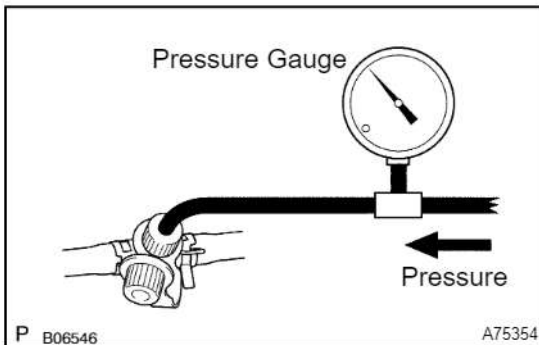
- (k) Connect a pressure gauge to the EVAP service port on the purge line.



- (l) Disconnect the VSV connector for CCV.
- (m) Connect the battery's positive (+) and negative (-) leads to the VSV terminals for CCV.

NOTICE:

Incorrect electrode connection causes damage to the VSV. Pay due attention when connecting the lead wire.



- (n) Check the pressure.
- (1) Add 13.5 to 15.5 in.Aq of pressure from the EVAP service port.

Standard:

2 minutes after the pressure is added, the gauge should still read over 7.7 to 8.8 in.Aq.

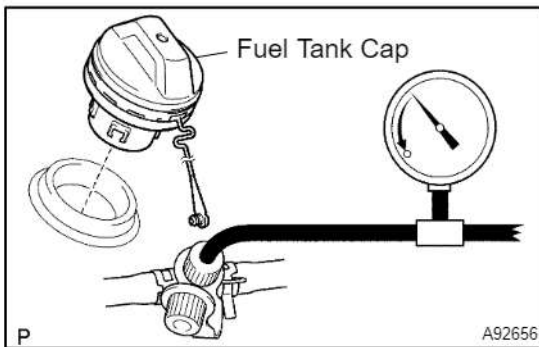
HINT:

If you cannot add pressure, the hose connecting the VSV for EVAP canister fuel tank has become disconnected or the VSV is open.

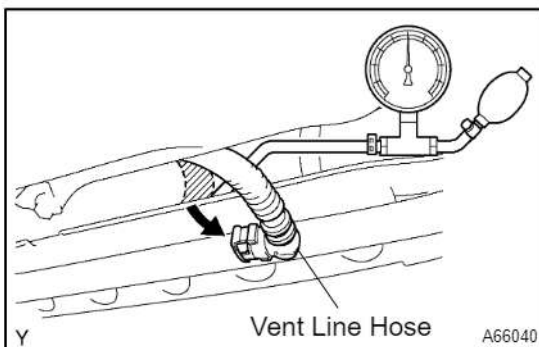
- (2) Check if the pressure decreases when the fuel tank cap is removed while adding pressure.

HINT:

If the pressure does not decrease when the fuel tank cap is removed, the hose connecting the service port to the fuel tank is blocked.

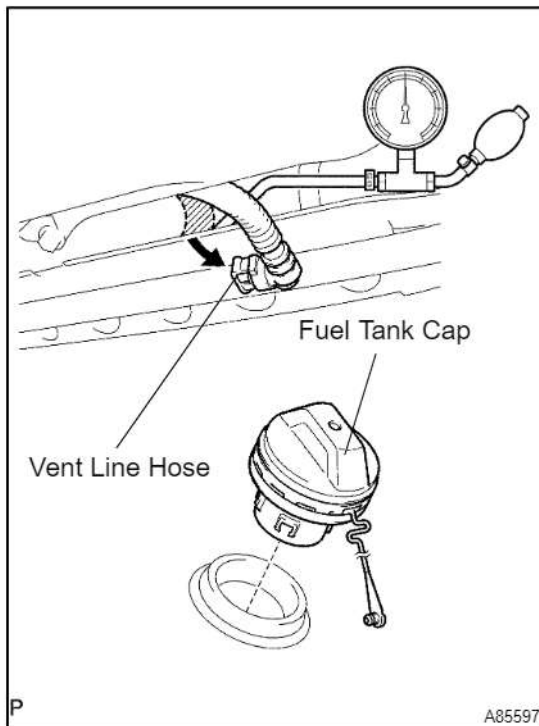


- (o) Disconnect the battery's positive (+) and negative (-) leads from the VSV terminals for CCV.
- (p) Reconnect the VSV connector for CCV.
- (q) Disconnect the pressure gauge from the EVAP service port on the purge line.



6. CHECK AIR TIGHTNESS IN FUEL TANK AND FILLER PIPE

- (a) Disconnect the vent line hose from the fuel tank (see page [12-28](#)).
 - (b) Connect the pressure gauge to the fuel tank.
 - (c) Apply pressure to the fuel tank to create an internal pressure of 4 kPa (41 gf/cm², 0.58 psi).
 - (d) Check that the internal pressure of the fuel tank is maintained for 1 minute.
 - (e) Check the connected portions of each hose and pipe.
 - (f) Check the installed parts on the fuel tank.
- If malfunctions, damage or other problems are found, replace the fuel tank and filler pipe.
- (g) Reconnect the vent line hose to the fuel tank.



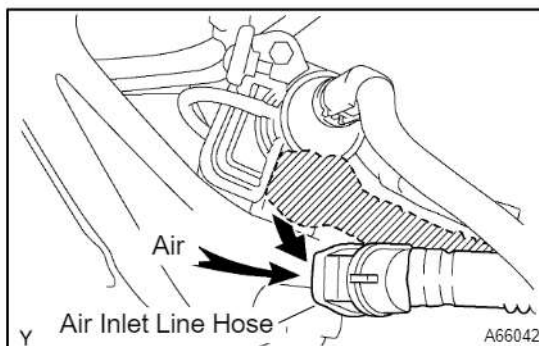
7. INSPECT FUEL CUTOFF VALVE AND FILL CHECK VALVE

- Disconnect the vent line hose from the fuel tank (see page 12-28).
- Connect the pressure gauge to the fuel tank.
- Fill the fuel tank with fuel.
- Apply pressure of 4 kPa (41 gf/cm², 0.58 psi) to the vent port of the fuel tank.

HINT:

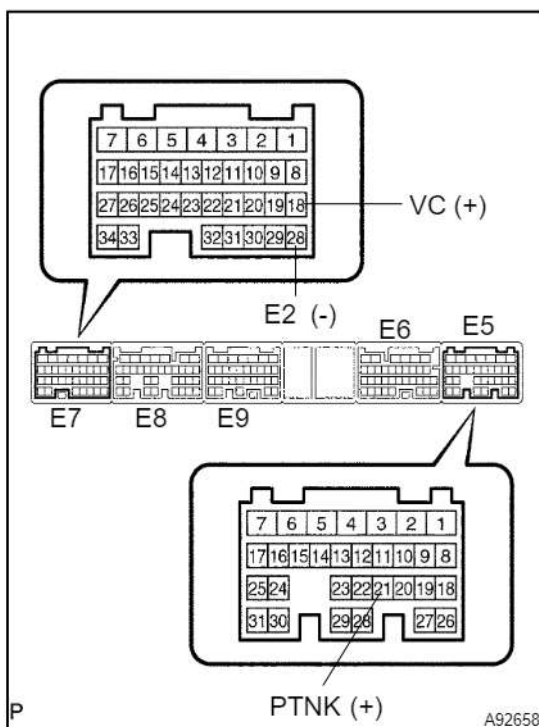
It is necessary to check the amount of fuel in the fuel tank. When the fuel tank is full, the float valve of the fill check valve is closed and no air can pass through.

- Remove the fuel tank cap, and check that pressure drops. If pressure does not drop, replace the fuel tank assembly.
- Reconnect the vent line hose to the fuel tank.



8. CHECK AIR INLET LINE

- Disconnect the air inlet line hose from the charcoal canister.
- Check that air can flow freely into the air inlet line. If air cannot flow freely into the air inlet line, repair or replace it.
- Reconnect the air inlet line hose to the charcoal canister.



9. INSPECT VAPOR PRESSURE SENSOR

- Measure the power source voltage of the ECM connectors.

Standard

Tester Connection	Condition	Specified Condition
E7-18 (VC) - E7-28 (E2)	Ignition switch ON	4.5 to 5.5 V

If the voltage is not as specified, replace the ECM.

- Measure the power output of the ECM connectors.

- Remove the fuel tank cap.

Standard

Tester Connection	Condition	Specified Condition
E5-21 (PTNK) - E7-28 (E2)	Ignition switch ON	3.0 to 3.6 V

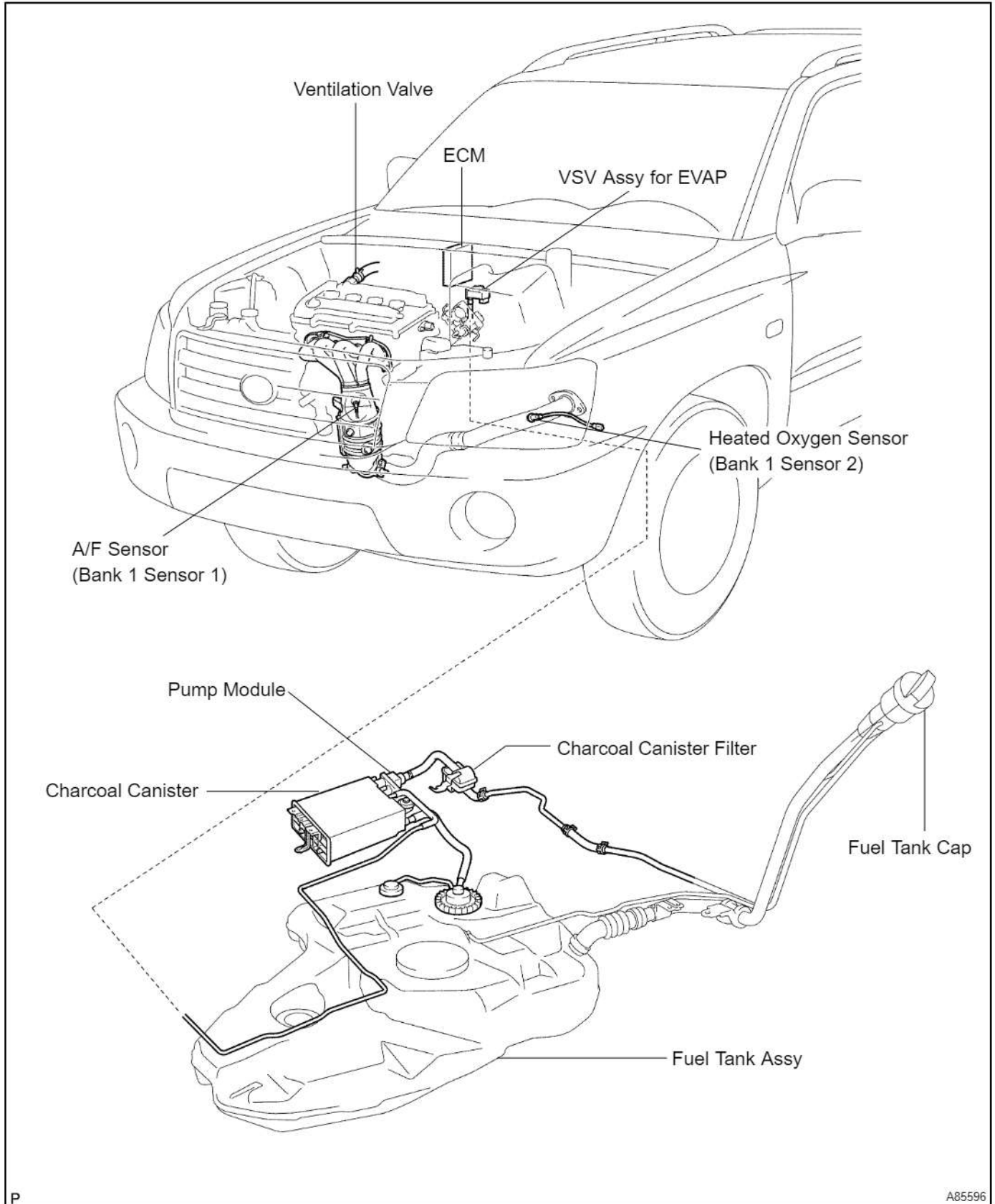
If the voltage is not as specified, replace the ECM.

- Reinstall the fuel tank cap.

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (2AZ-FE)

LOCATION

120BH-02



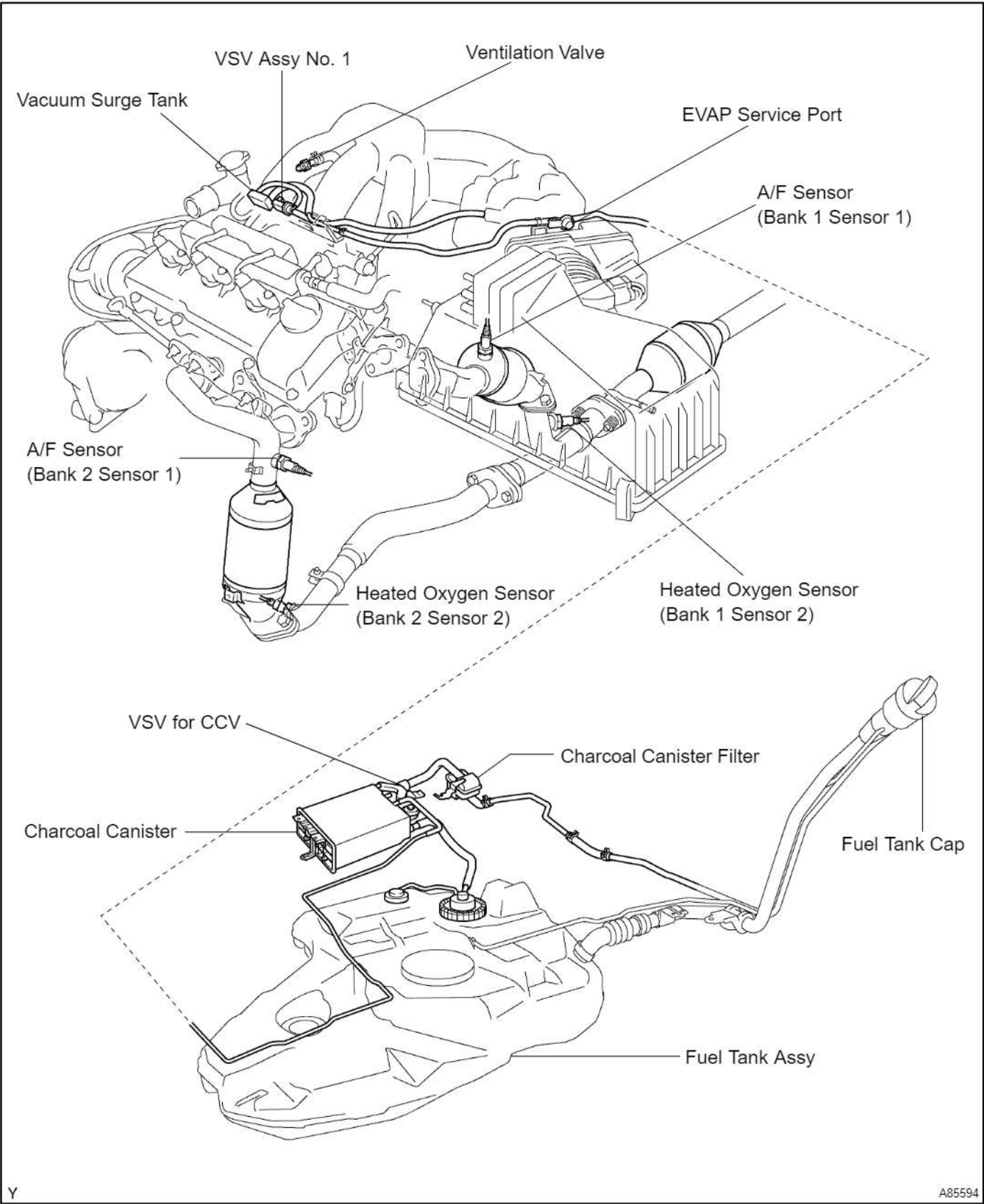
P

A85596

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (3MZ-FE)

LOCATION

1208M-02

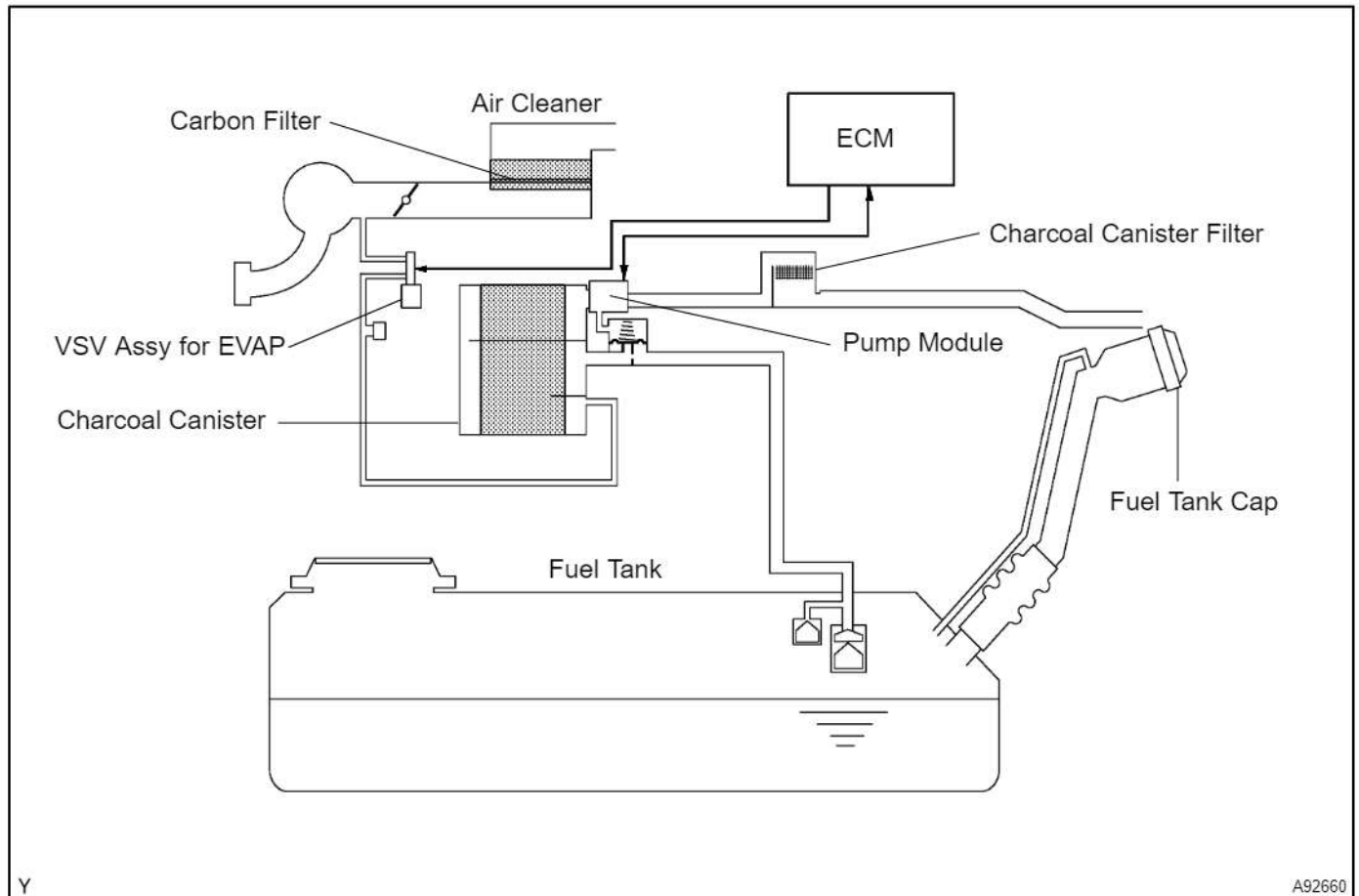


Y

A85594

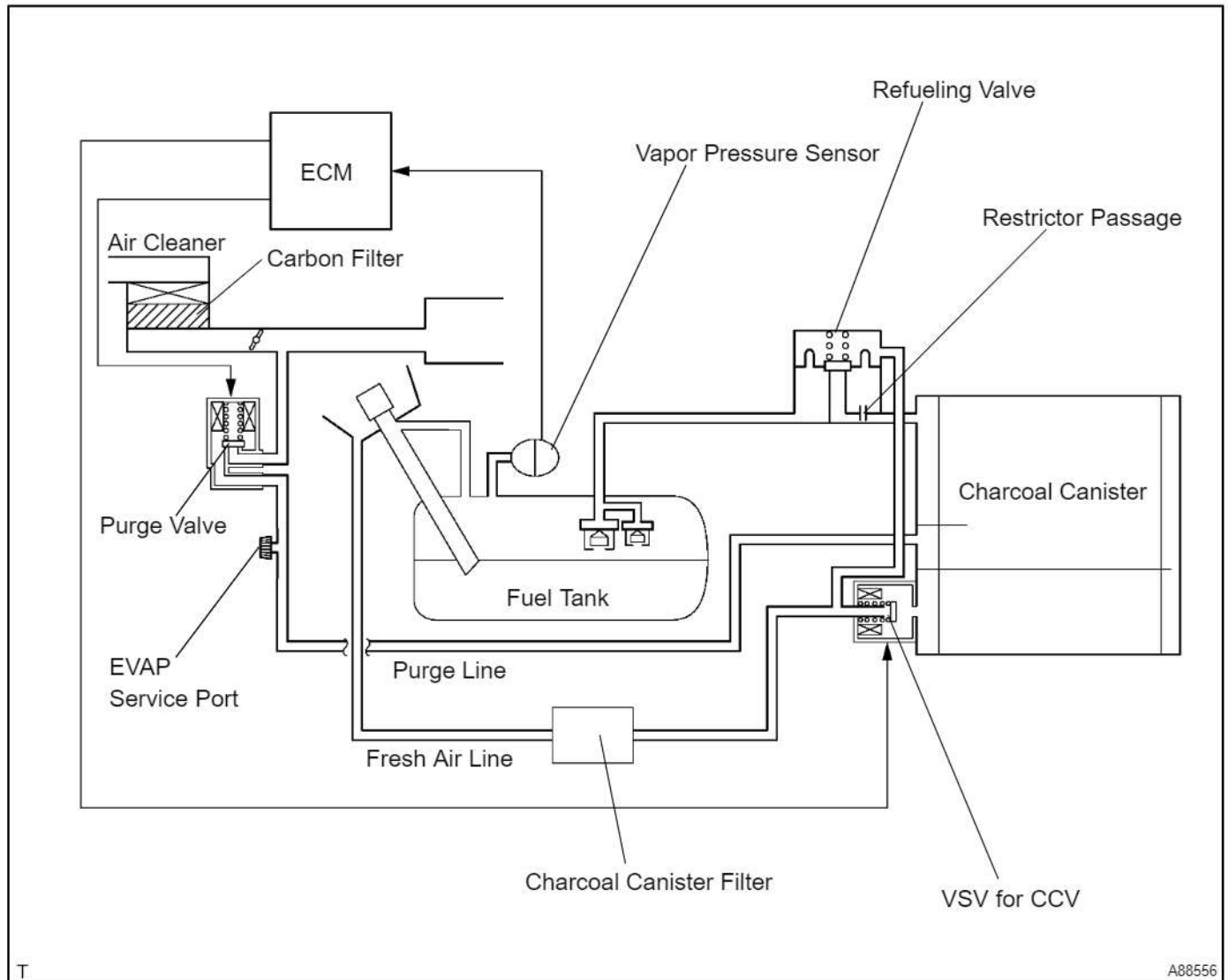
SYSTEM DIAGRAM

The emission control system is determined by the ECM based on signals from various sensors.



SYSTEM DIAGRAM

The emission control system is determined by the ECM based on signals from various sensors.



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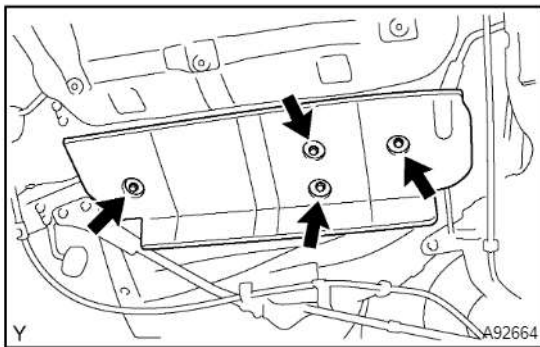
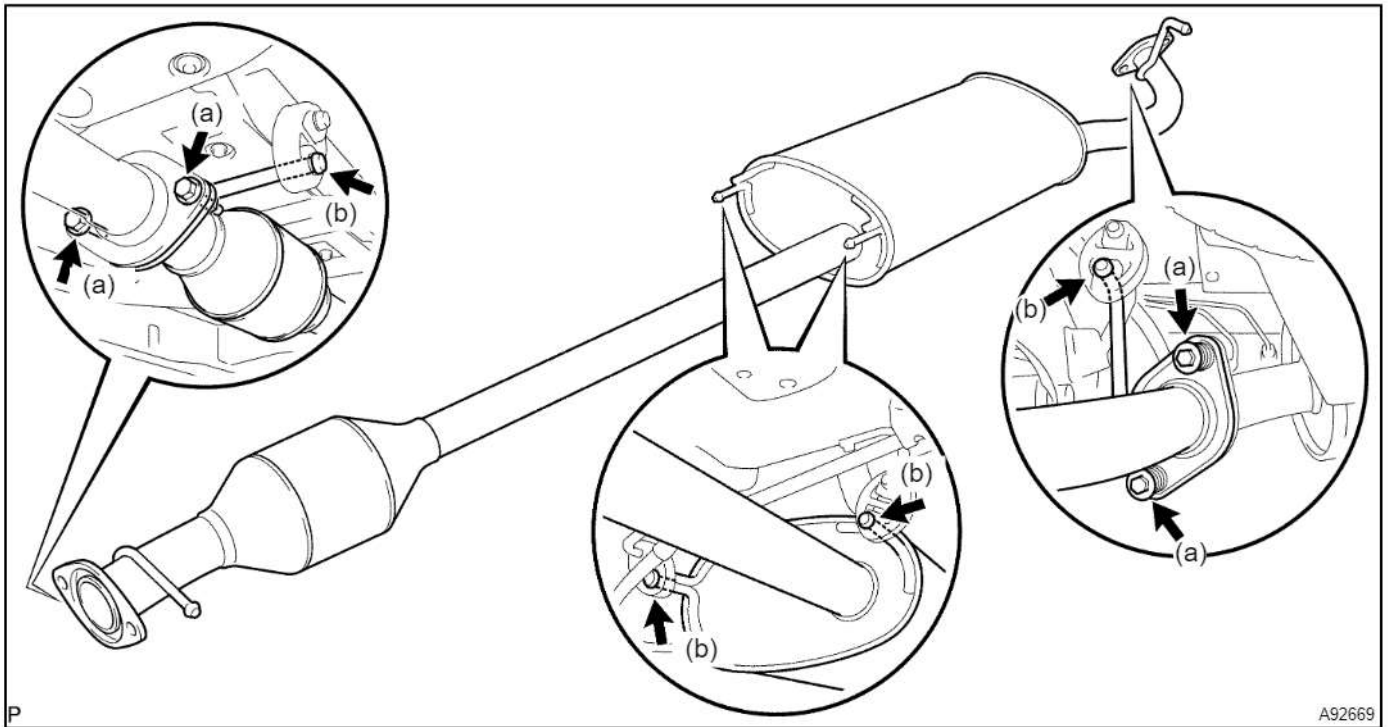
A88556

CHARCOAL CANISTER ASSY (2AZ-FE)

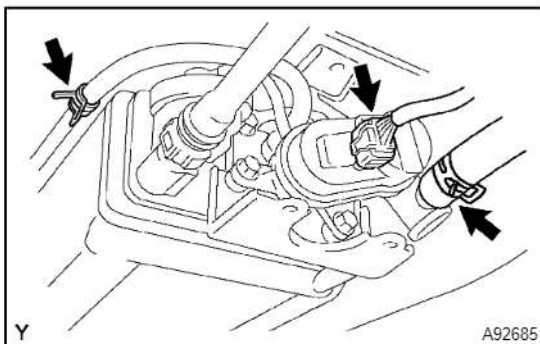
REPLACEMENT

120E4-01

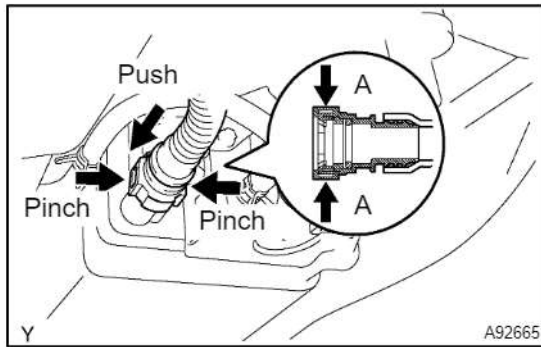
1. **REMOVE EXHAUST PIPE ASSY CENTER**
 - (a) Remove the 4 bolts and 2 compression springs.
 - (b) Remove the exhaust pipe center from the 4 exhaust pipe supports.
 - (c) Remove the 2 gaskets from the exhaust pipe front and exhaust pipe center.



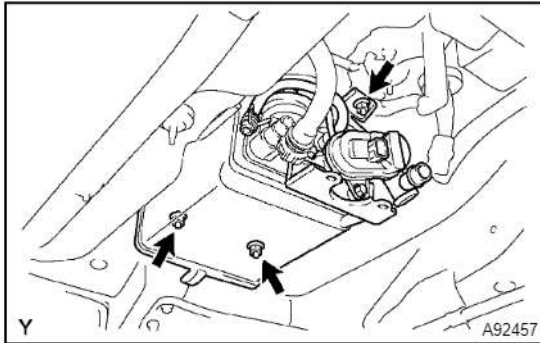
2. **REMOVE FRONT FLOOR HEAT INSULATOR NO.3**
 - (a) Remove the 4 bolts and heat insulator.



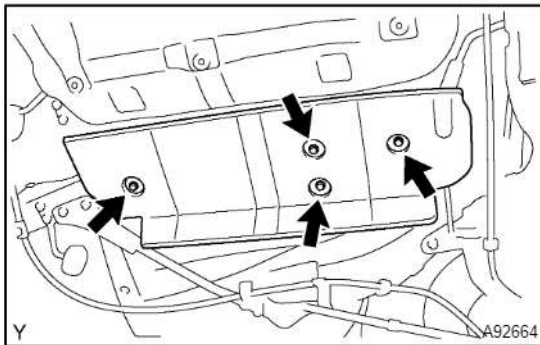
3. **REMOVE CHARCOAL CANISTER ASSY**
 - (a) Disconnect the pump module connector.
 - (b) Disconnect the fuel emission hose.
 - (c) Disconnect the air inlet line hose.



- (d) Disconnect the fuel tank vent hose.
- (1) Push the connector deeply into the charcoal canister to release the locking tab.
 - (2) Pinch portion A.
 - (3) Pull out the connector.



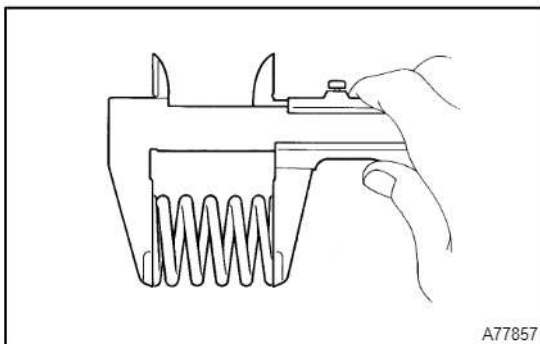
- (e) Remove the 3 nuts and charcoal canister.
- 4. INSTALL CHARCOAL CANISTER ASSY**
- (a) Install the charcoal canister with the 3 nuts.
Torque: 5.5 N·m (56 kgf·cm, 49 in·lbf)



- 5. INSTALL FRONT FLOOR HEAT INSULATOR NO.3**
- (a) Install the heat insulator with the 4 nuts.
Torque: 4.9 N·m (50 kgf·cm, 43 in·lbf)

6. INSTALL EXHAUST PIPE ASSY CENTER

- (a) Install the exhaust pipe center to the 4 exhaust pipe supports.
- (b) Install a new gasket and the pipe center to the pipe front with the 2 bolts.
Torque: 56 N·m (571 kgf·cm, 41 ft·lbf)



- (c) Using a vernier caliper, measure the free length of the compression spring.
Minimum length:
40.5 mm (1.594 in.) for center to tail
 If the free length is less than minimum, replace the compression spring.
- (d) Install a new gasket and the pipe center to the pipe tail with the 2 bolts and 2 compression springs.
Torque: 48 N·m (489 kgf·cm, 35 ft·lbf)

7. CHECK FOR EXHAUST GAS LEAKS

If gas is leaking, tighten the areas necessary to stop the leak.
If damaged, replace it.

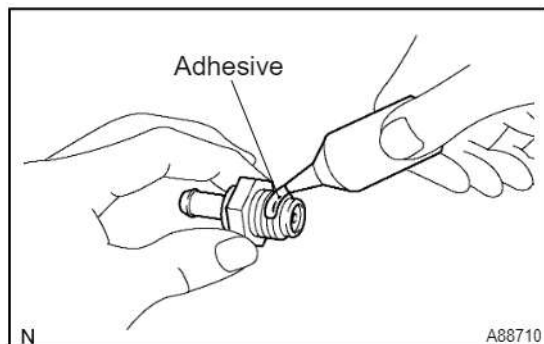
VENTILATION VALVE SUB-ASSY (2AZ-FE)

1208Q-04

REPLACEMENT

1. REMOVE VENTILATION VALVE SUB-ASSY

- (a) Disconnect the ventilation hose from the ventilation valve.
- (b) Remove the ventilation valve.



2. INSTALL VENTILATION VALVE SUB-ASSY

- (a) Install the ventilation valve.
 - (1) Apply adhesive to 2 or 3 threads.
Adhesive:
Part No. 08833-00070, THREE BOND 1324 or equivalent
 - (2) Install the ventilation valve.
Torque: 19 N·m (193 kgf·cm, 14 ft·lbf)
- (b) Connect the ventilation hose to the ventilation valve.

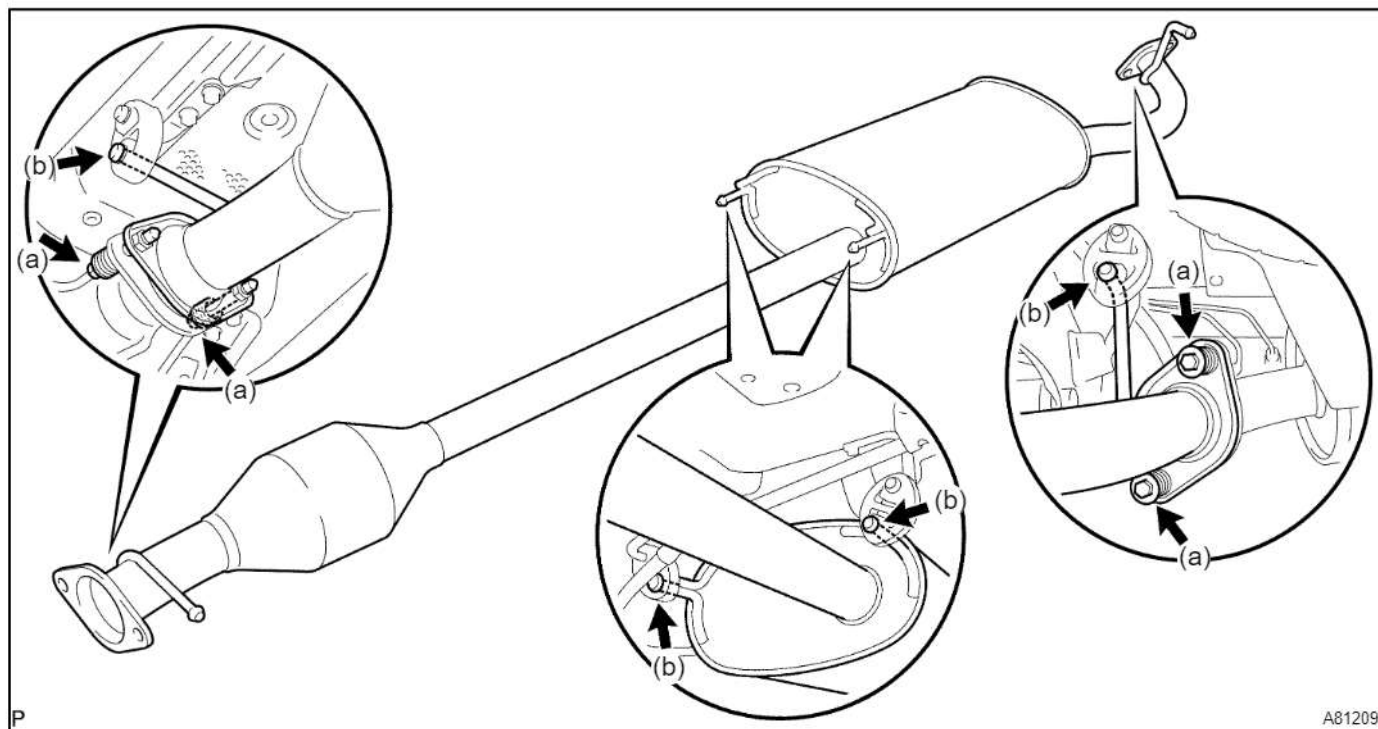
CHARCOAL CANISTER ASSY (3MZ-FE)

REPLACEMENT

120E7-01

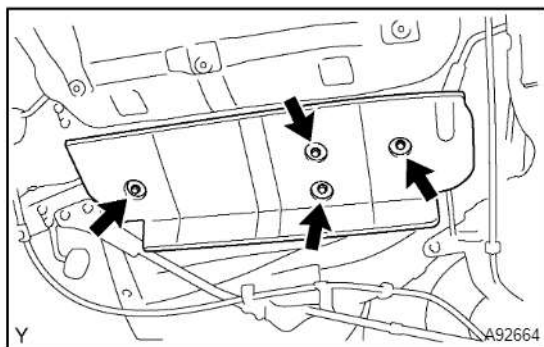
1. REMOVE EXHAUST PIPE ASSY CENTER

- (a) Remove the 4 bolts and 4 compression springs.
- (b) Remove the exhaust pipe center from the 4 exhaust pipe supports.
- (c) Remove the 2 gaskets from the exhaust pipe front No. 3 and the exhaust pipe center.



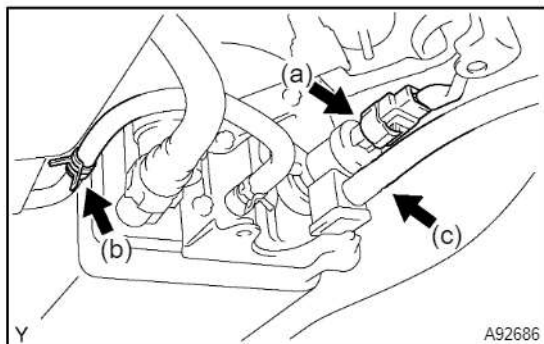
2. REMOVE FRONT FLOOR HEAT INSULATOR NO.3

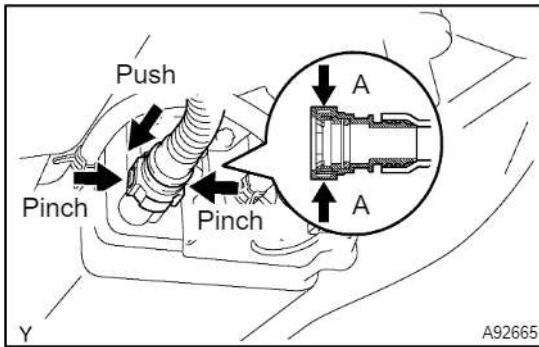
- (a) Remove the 4 bolts and heat insulator.



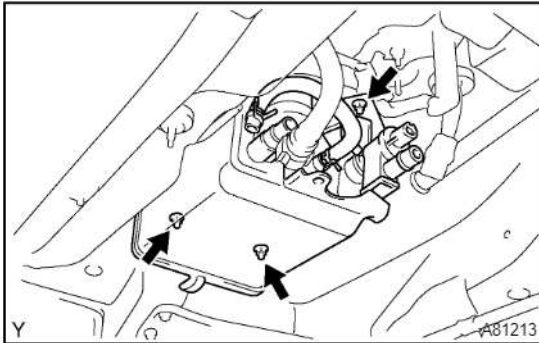
3. REMOVE CHARCOAL CANISTER ASSY

- (a) Disconnect the VSV connector for CCV.
- (b) Disconnect the fuel emission hose.
- (c) Disconnect the air inlet line hose.





- (d) Disconnect the fuel tank vent hose.
- (1) Push the connector deeply into the charcoal canister assy to release the locking tab.
 - (2) Pinch portion A.
 - (3) Pull out the connector.

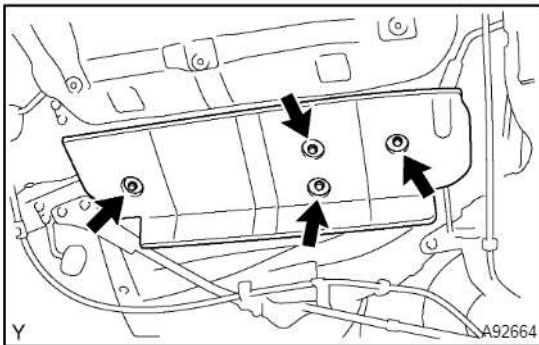


- (e) Remove the 3 nuts, and then remove the charcoal canister.

4. INSTALL CHARCOAL CANISTER ASSY

- (a) Install the charcoal canister with the 3 nuts.

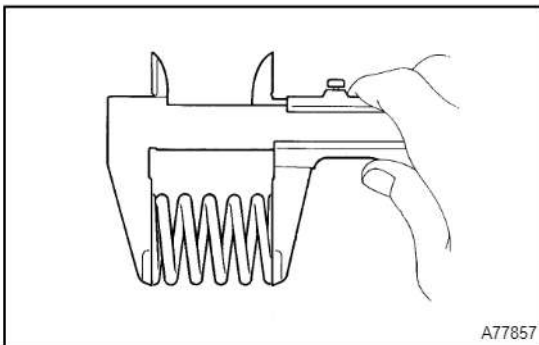
Torque: 5.5 N·m (56 kgf·cm, 49 in·lbf)



5. INSTALL FRONT FLOOR HEAT INSULATOR NO.3

- (a) Install the heat insulator with the 4 nuts.

Torque: 4.9 N·m (50 kgf·cm, 43 in·lbf)



6. INSTALL EXHAUST PIPE ASSY CENTER

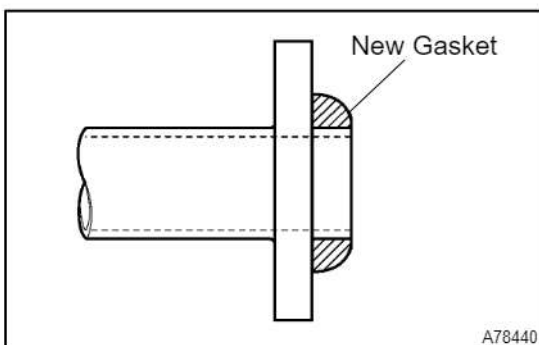
- (a) Using a vernier caliper, measure the free length of the compression spring.

Minimum length:

41.5 mm (1.634 in.) for center to front No. 3

40.5 mm (1.594 in.) for center to tail

If the free length is less than minimum, replace the compression spring.



- (b) Install 2 new gaskets to the exhaust pipe front No. 3 and the exhaust pipe center as shown in the illustration.
 - (c) Install the exhaust pipe center to the 4 exhaust pipe supports.
 - (d) Install the 4 compression springs and 4 bolts.
- Torque: 48 N·m (489 kgf·cm, 35 ft·lbf)**

7. CHECK EXHAUST LEAKAGE

If gas is leaking, tighten the areas necessary to stop the leak.
If damaged, replace it.

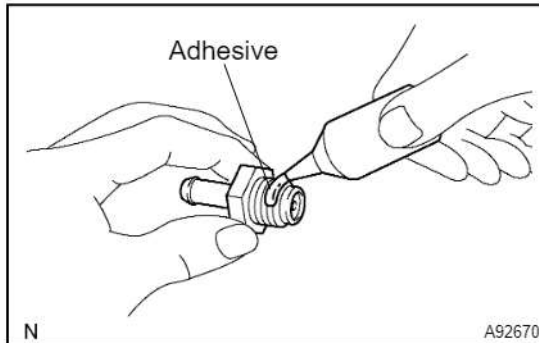
VENTILATION VALVE SUB-ASSY (3MZ-FE)

120BR-04

REPLACEMENT

1. REMOVE VENTILATION VALVE SUB-ASSY

- (a) Disconnect the ventilation hose from the ventilation valve.
- (b) Remove the ventilation valve.



2. INSTALL VENTILATION VALVE SUB-ASSY

- (a) Install the ventilation valve.
 - (1) Apply adhesive to 2 or 3 threads.
Adhesive:
Part No. 08833-00070, THREE BOND 1324 or equivalent
 - (2) Install the ventilation valve.
Torque: 19 N·m (193 kgf·cm, 14 ft·lbf)
- (b) Connect the ventilation hose to the ventilation valve.